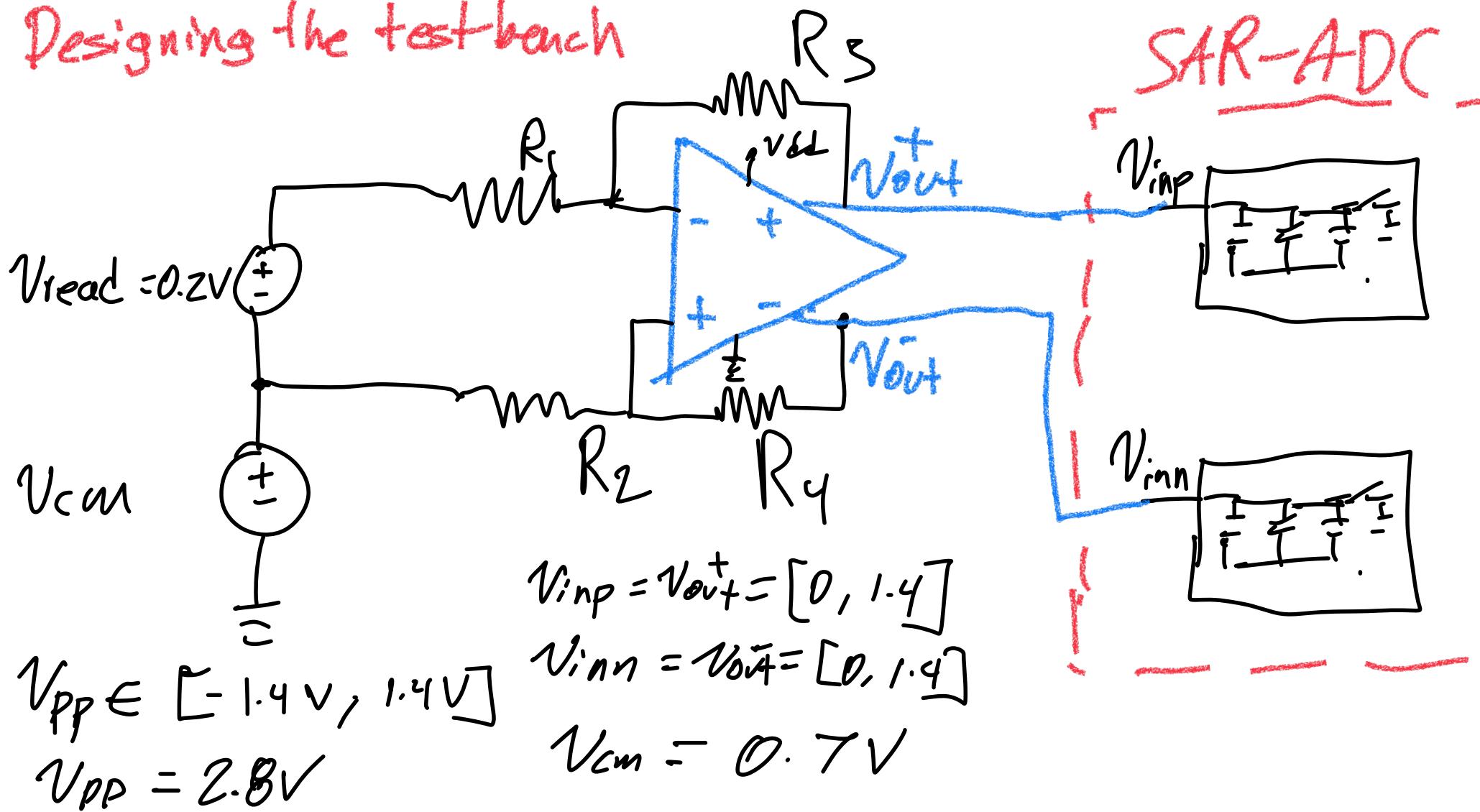


Associative Proc.

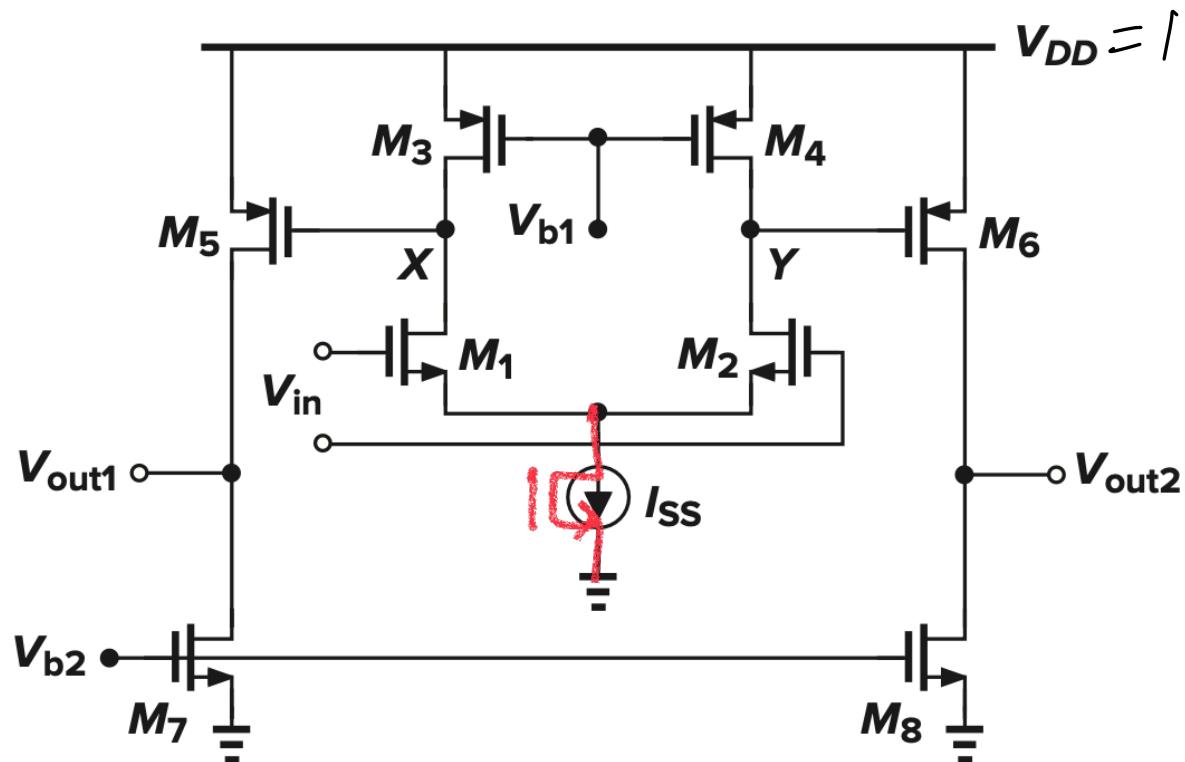
Activity Report

Alejandro Juárez Lora, December 4, 2023

Designing the test bench



Two stage opamp



$$V_{\text{SS}} = 0$$

$$V_{\text{PP}} = 2.8\text{V}$$

(from the ADC)

$$P_{\text{budget}} = 1\text{mW} \text{ (Proposed)}$$

$$|V_{\text{th},p}| = V_{\text{th},n} = 0.65\text{V}$$

(from Sky 130)

Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

Computing Overdrive voltages

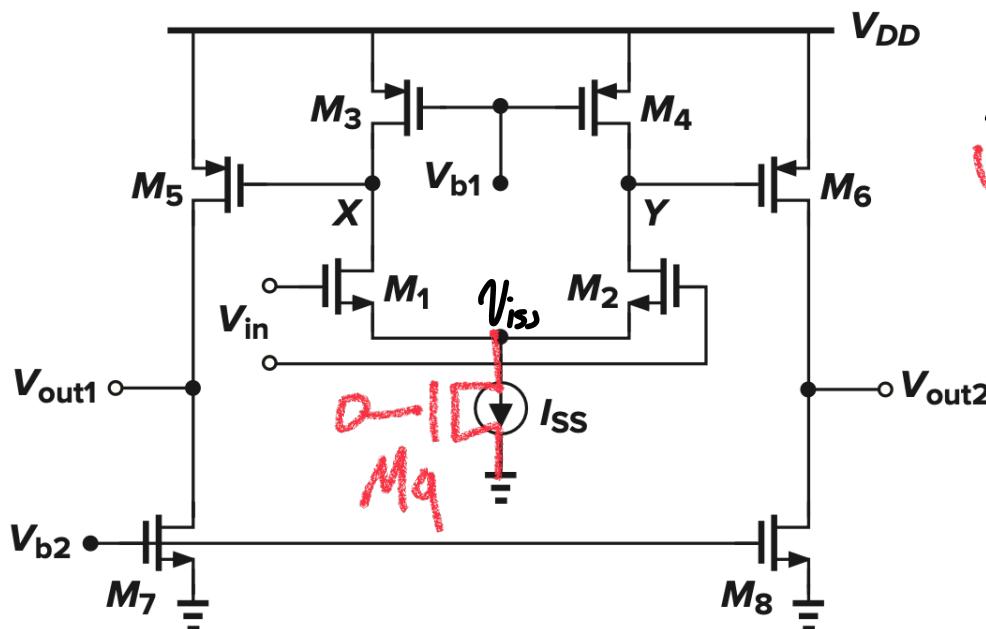


Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

Voltage at inner branch

$$V_{DD} = V_{ODS} + V_x + V_{ODI} + V_{ODQ}$$

$$\text{with } V_x = 0.1 \quad V_{PP} = 0.28$$

$$V_{ODI} + V_{ODS} + V_{ODQ} = 1.8V - 0.28$$

$$\sqrt{\text{in branch}} = 1.52V$$

$$\text{Assigning } V_{ODQ} = (0.2) \cdot 1.52 = 0.3V$$

$$V_{ODS} = (0.55) \cdot 1.52 = 0.83V$$

$$V_{ODI} = (0.25) \cdot 1.52 = 0.38V$$

Computing Overdrive voltages

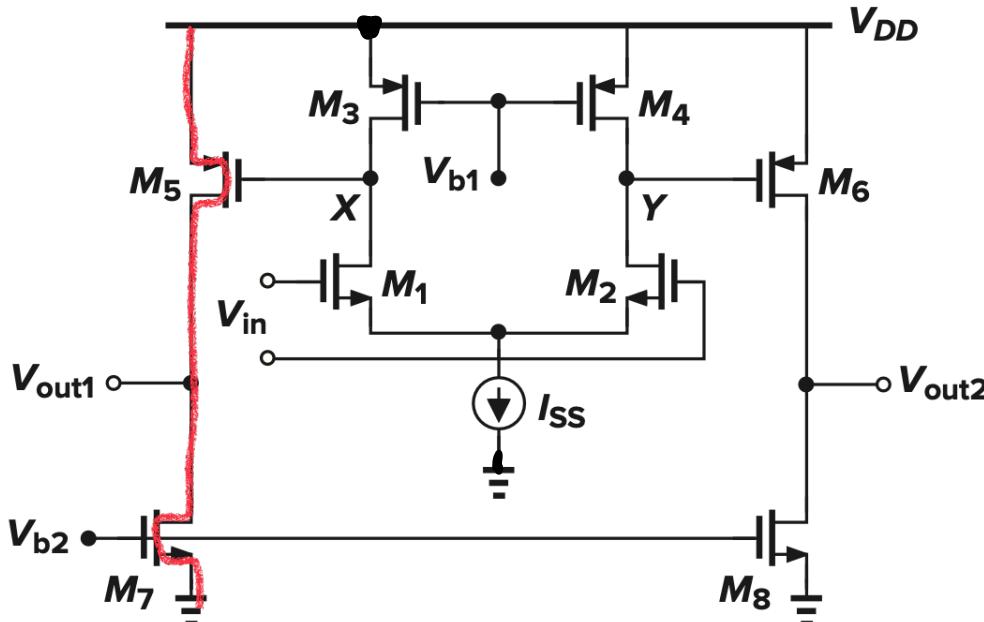


Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

Voltage at outer branch

$$V_{DD} - V_{SS} = V_{OPI} + V_{OVI} + V_{OD}$$

$$\therefore (V_{DD1} + V_{DD2}) = V_{DD} - V_{SS} - V_{out1}$$

Setting $V_{out1} = 0.5 V_{pp} = 1.4 V$

$$N_{0PS} + N_{0D7} = 1.8 - 0 - 1.4 = 0.9$$

Assigning

$$[V_{DD5}] = (Y_4) \cdot 0.4 = \underline{0.1V}$$

$$V_{ODT} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot 0.4 = 0.31$$

Computing Bias voltages

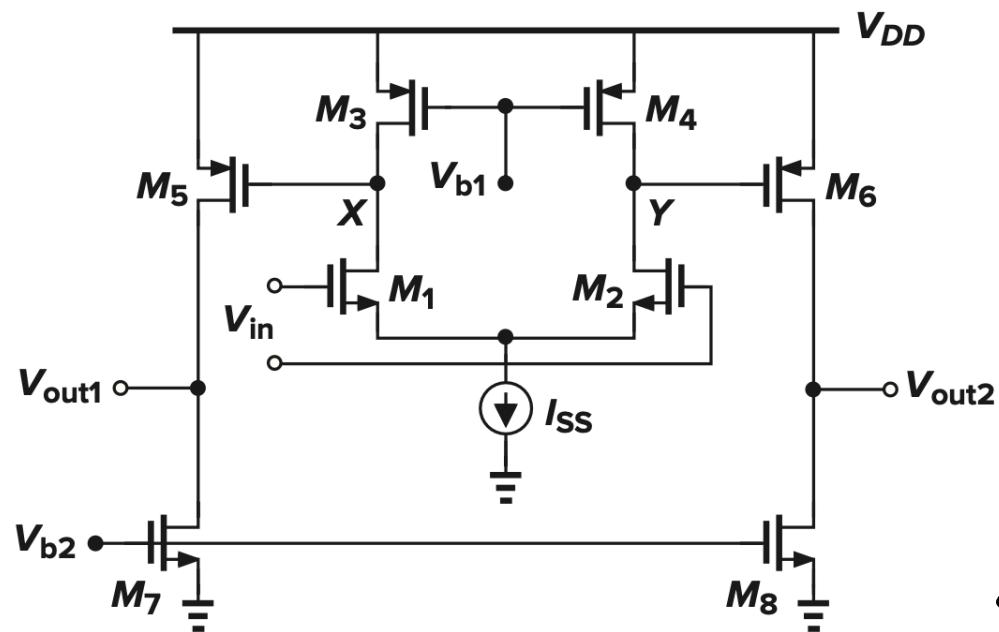


Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

$$V_{b1} = V_{dd} + V_{ss} - (V_{OD3} + V_{th4P}) \\ = 1.8V + 0V - (0.83V + 0.65V)$$

$$V_{b1} = \underline{0.3139V}$$

$$V_{b2} = V_{dd} + V_{ss} - (V_{OD5} + V_{OD7} \\ + V_{th4N})$$

$$V_{b2} = \underline{0.75V}$$

Assigning currents

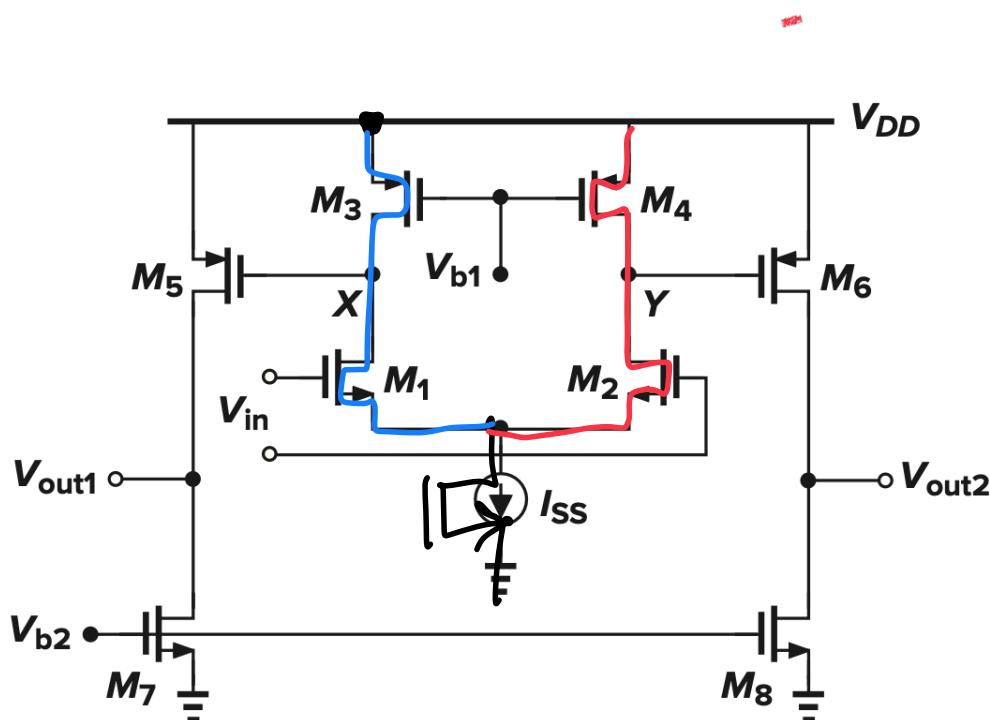


Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

$$\text{Current in } M_8 = I_{\text{left}} + I_{\text{right}}$$

Getting the available current

$$I_{\text{budget}} = \frac{10 \text{ mV}}{1.8 \text{ V}} = 5.5 \text{ mA}$$

Assigning bias current equally to M_1, M_2

$$I_{M_1-M_2} = \frac{I_{\text{budget}}}{8} = 69.4 \text{ nA}$$

$$\geq 2 \cdot (69.4 \text{ nA})$$

$$= 138.8 \text{ nA}$$

Computing Sizes

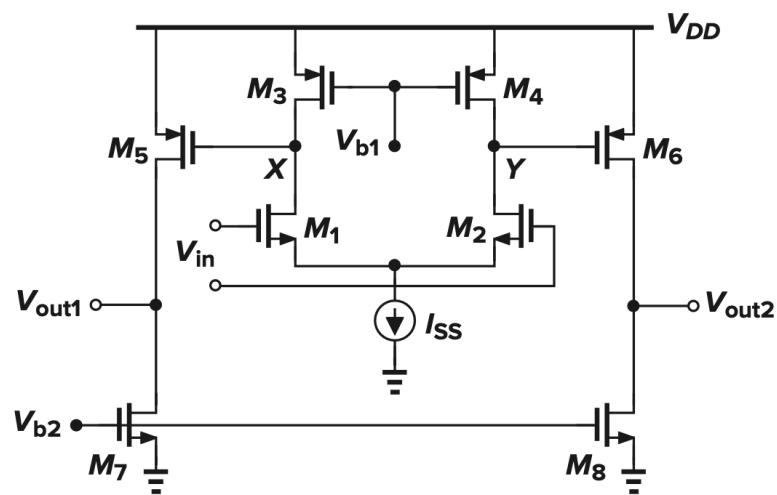


Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

$$I_P = \frac{1}{2} N_P C_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L} \right) \left(\frac{V_{gs} - V_{th}}{V_{DD}} \right)^2$$

$$S = \frac{W}{L} = \frac{2 I_D}{\mu_n C_{ox} V_{DD}^2}$$

with Sky 13D param

$$\mu_n = 0.03186 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{V}}} \quad N_P = 0.01 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{V}}}$$

$$C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t_{ox}} = \frac{3.45 \times 10^{-11}}{4.148 \times 10^{-9}} = 8.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F/m}^2$$

$$N_n C_{ox} = 265 e^{-6}$$

$$N_p C_{ox} = 83.2 e^{-6}$$

Exploring options

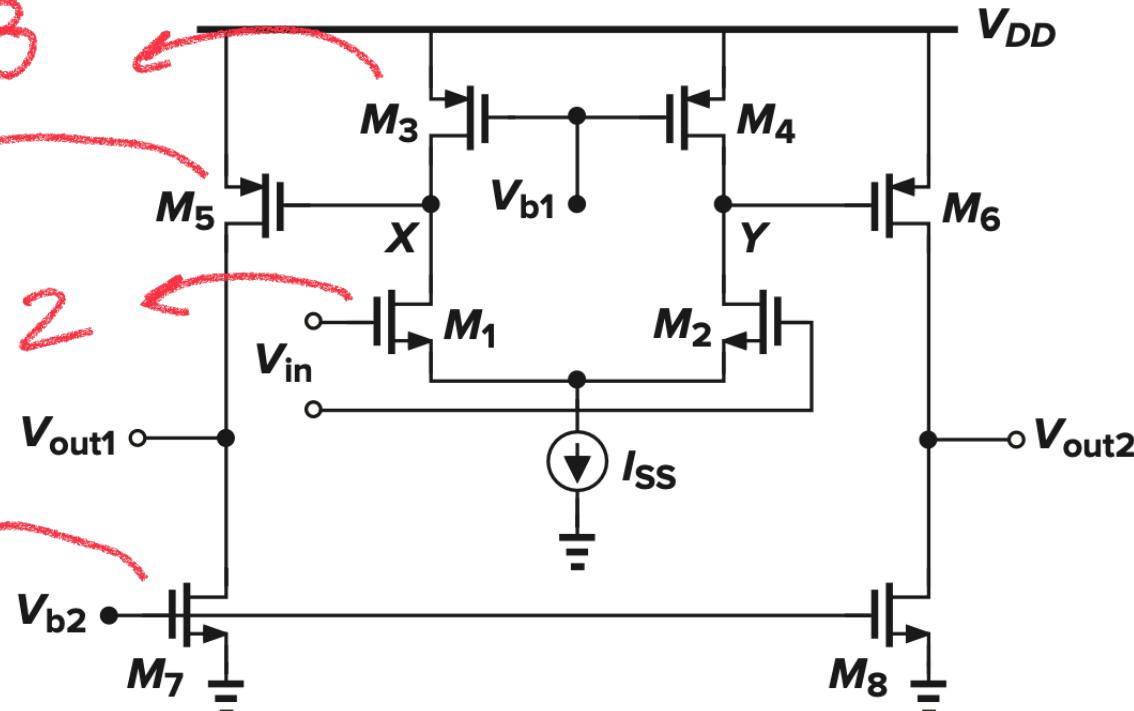
$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{w}{l} = \frac{2I_D}{\mu_0(C_OX) V_{DD}^2}$$

$S_3 = 2.38$

$S_5 = 166.8$

$S_1 = 3.62$

$S_7 = 5.81$



$S_1 = S_2$

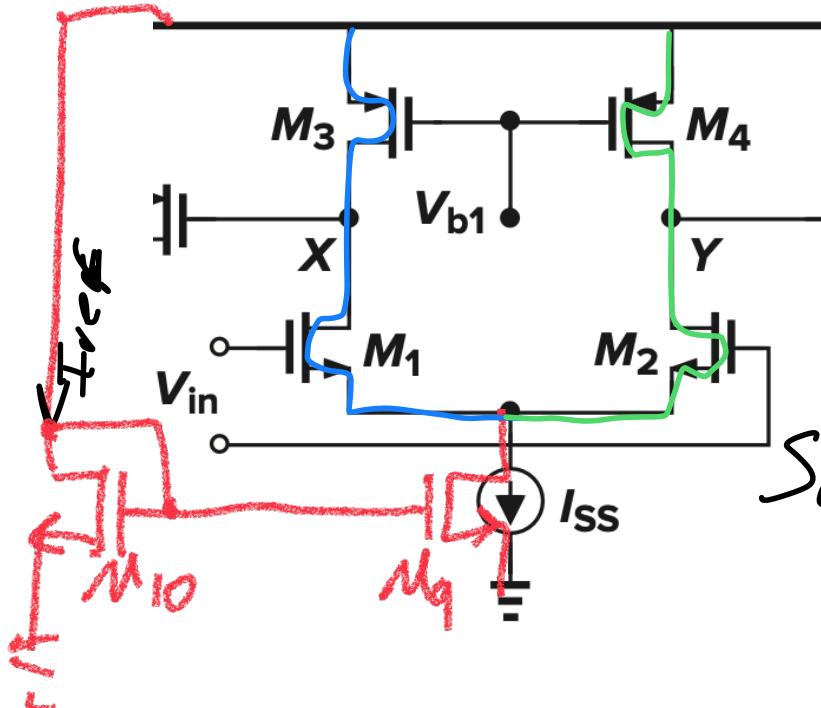
$S_3 = S_4$

$S_5 = S_6$

$S_7 = S_8$

Figure 9.23 Simple implementation of a two-stage op amp.

Designing the current mirror



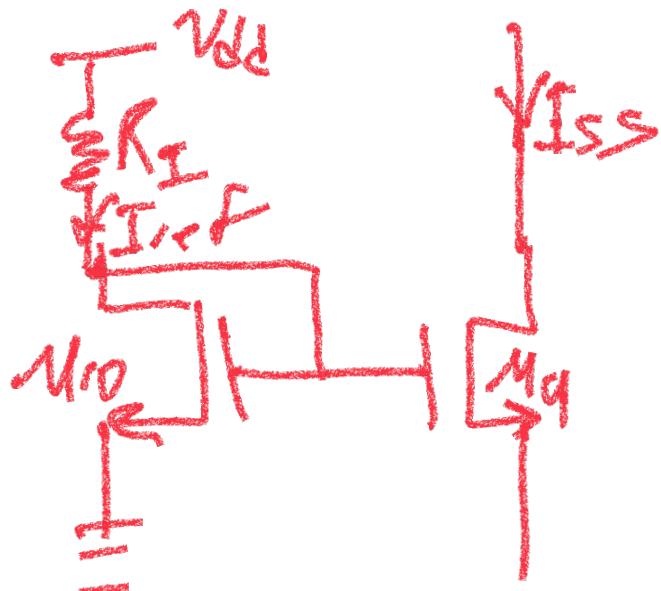
$$I_{ss} = I_{Mq} = I_{left} + I_{right}$$

$$= 138 \mu A$$

With $V_{ODq} = 0.3V$

$$S_g = \frac{2 I_D}{N_n C_{ox} V_{OP}^2} = \frac{2 I_{ss}}{N_n C_{ox} V_{OP}^2} = 11.33$$

Designing the current mirror



with

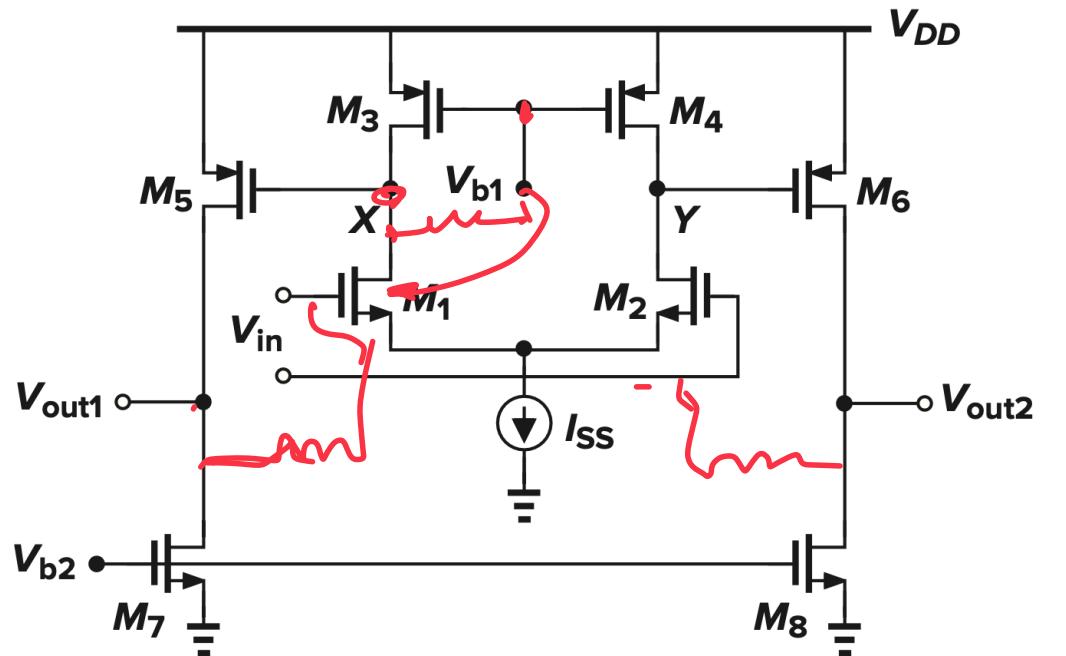
$$I_{SS} = \frac{(w/L)_q}{(w/L)_{10}} I_{ref} \quad I_{ref} = \frac{V_{dd}}{R_1}$$

$$(w/L)_{10} = \frac{(w/L)_q I_{ref}}{I_{SS}} = \frac{S_q \cdot V_{dd}}{R_1 \cdot I_{Mq}}$$

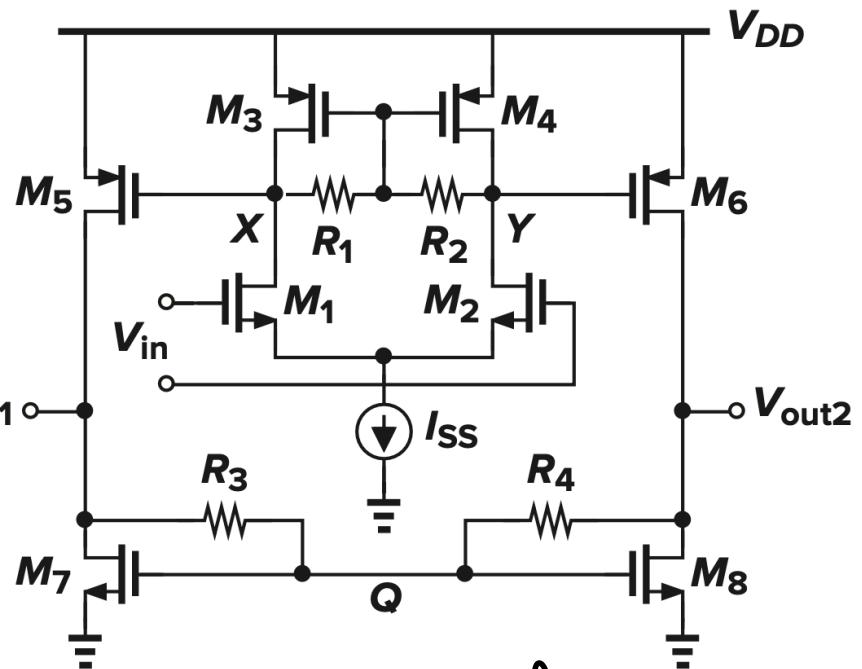
$$(w/L)_{10} = \frac{11.39 \cdot (1.8V)}{1k\Omega \cdot 138NA} = 146.86$$

Proposed

No feedback

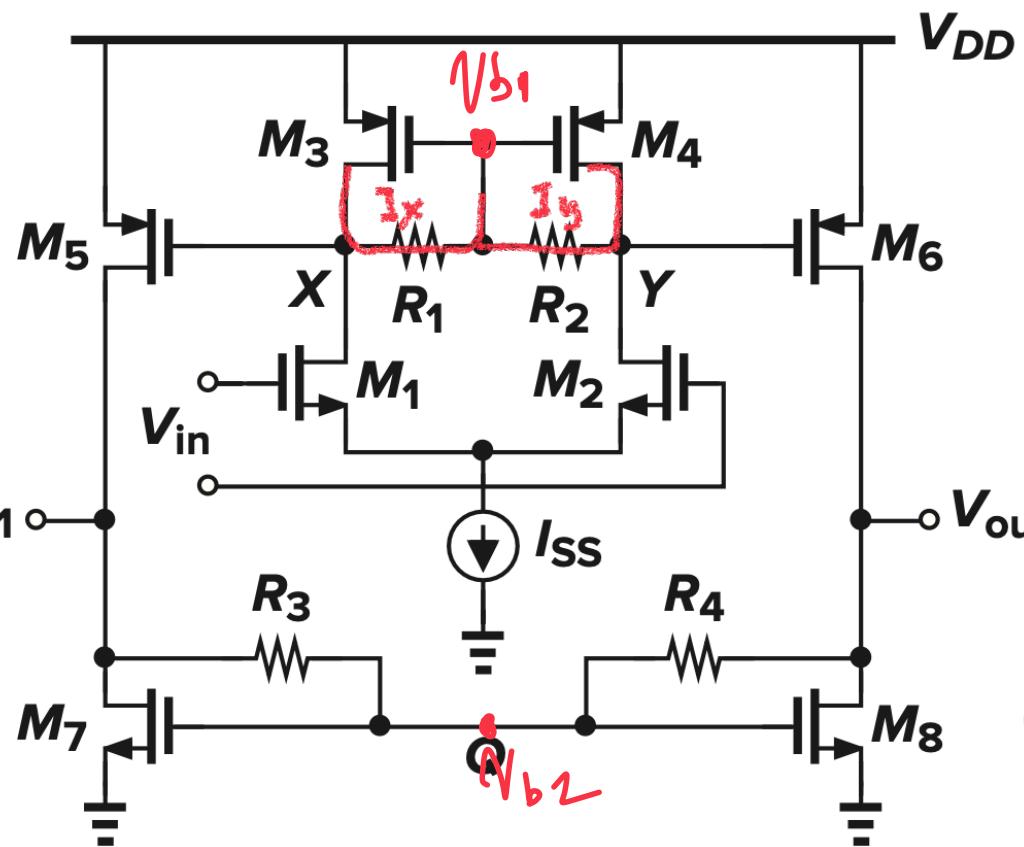


Feedback



- R_1 and R_2 provide feedback for first stage
- R_3 and R_4 provide feedback for second stage
- R_1 and R_2 adjust V_{gs3q} until $|I_{DS1}| = |I_{DS2}| = \frac{I_{ss}}{2}$
- R_3 and R_4 adjust V_{gs4q} until $|I_{DS3}| = |I_{DS4}| = \frac{I_{ss}}{2}$

Feedback



$$V_{b_1} = I_x \cdot R_1 + I_y \cdot R_2$$

Setting $R_1 = R_2 = R_{1,2}$

$$V_{b_1} = (I_x + I_y) R_{1,2}$$

As $I_x \propto I_y$ and $V_{b_1} = 0.29V$

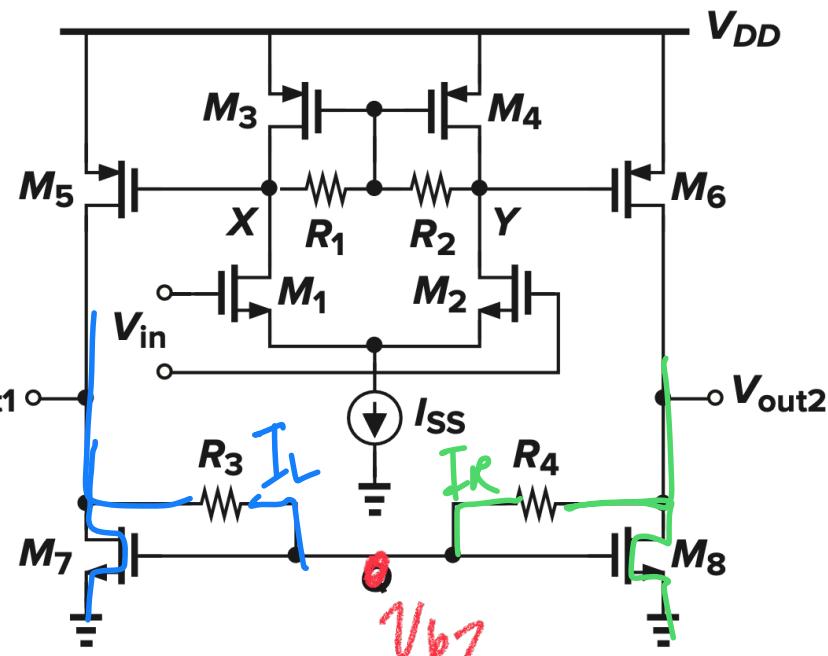
$$I_y = I_x = \frac{I_{ss}}{2} = \frac{2.5 \text{ mA}}{2}$$

Then

$$V_{b_1} = \left(\frac{I_{ss}}{2} \right) R_{1,2}$$

$$R_{1,2} = \frac{2V_{b_1}}{I_{ss}} - \frac{2V_{b_1}}{I_{Mg}} = 4.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Feedback



$$V_{b2} = I_L \cdot R_3 + I_R \cdot R_4$$

Setting $R_3 = R_4 = R_3$

$$V_{b1} = (I_L + I_R) R_3$$

$$I_L = \frac{V_{out1}}{R_3} = I_R = \frac{V_{out2}}{R_4}$$

As $V_{out1} \propto \frac{1}{V_{out2}}$ and $V_{b2} = 0.75V$

When $V_{out1} = 1.4$, $V_{out2} = 0$

$$V_{b2} = I_L R_3 + I_R \cdot R_4$$

With V_{OP_i} , I_i , $L = 0.5 \mu m$, we can obtain g_m with

$$g_m = 2 \left(\frac{I_d}{V_{GS} - V_{TH}} \right) \quad V_{OP} = V_{GS} - V_{TH}$$

$$g_{m1} = 360 \Omega^{-1} \quad g_{m3} = 720 \Omega^{-1} \quad g_{m5} = 81.81 \Omega^{-1}$$

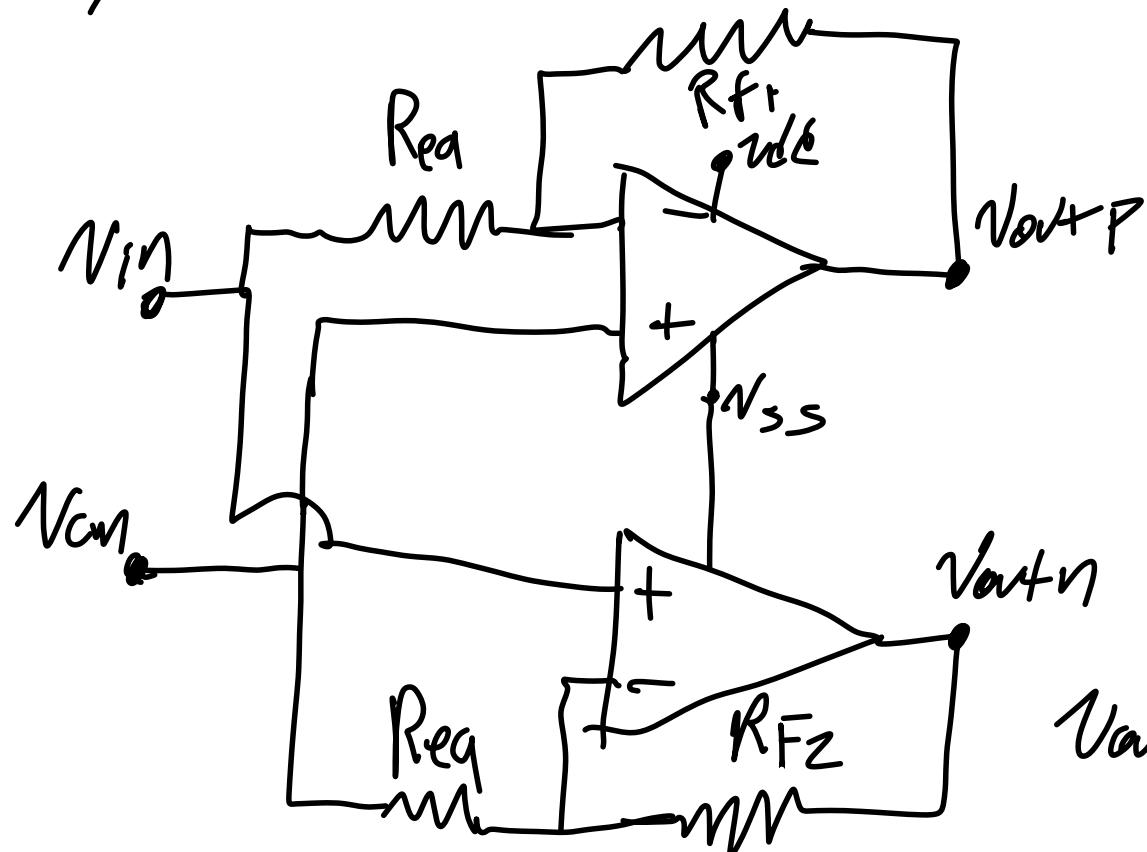
$$g_{m7} = 245 \Omega^{-1}$$

Also χ has to be derived!

$$r_o = \frac{1}{2|I_D|} \quad A_V = g_{m1} g_{m7} (r_{oN} || r_{oP})^2$$

From Ruchan: $\lambda_n = 0.1\%$ $\lambda_P = 0.2\%$ $A_V \approx 1010$

Or, we can use two single stage opamps



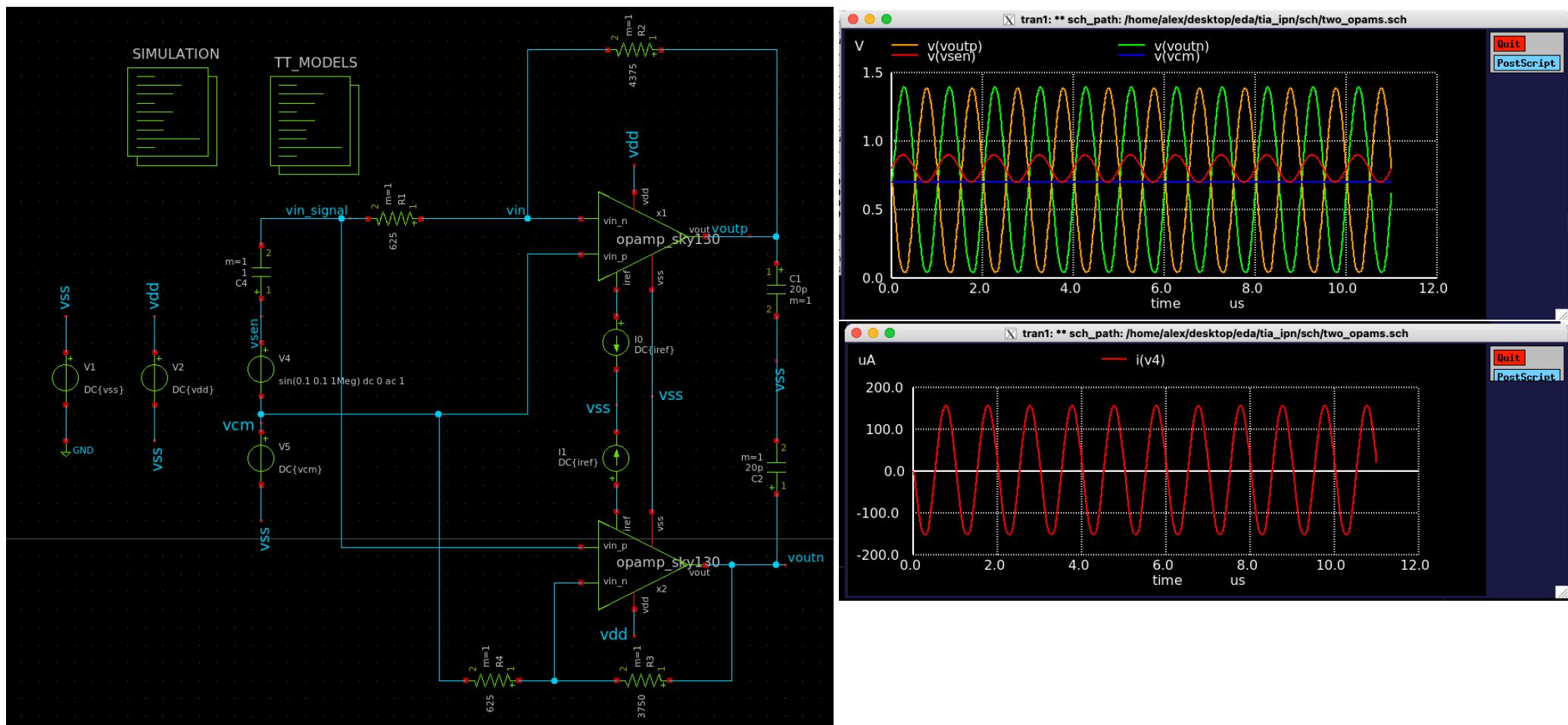
$$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{R_{M1}} + \frac{1}{R_{M2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_{M16}}$$

$$Req = \frac{V_{read}}{I_{read}} = \frac{0.2V}{0.32mA}$$

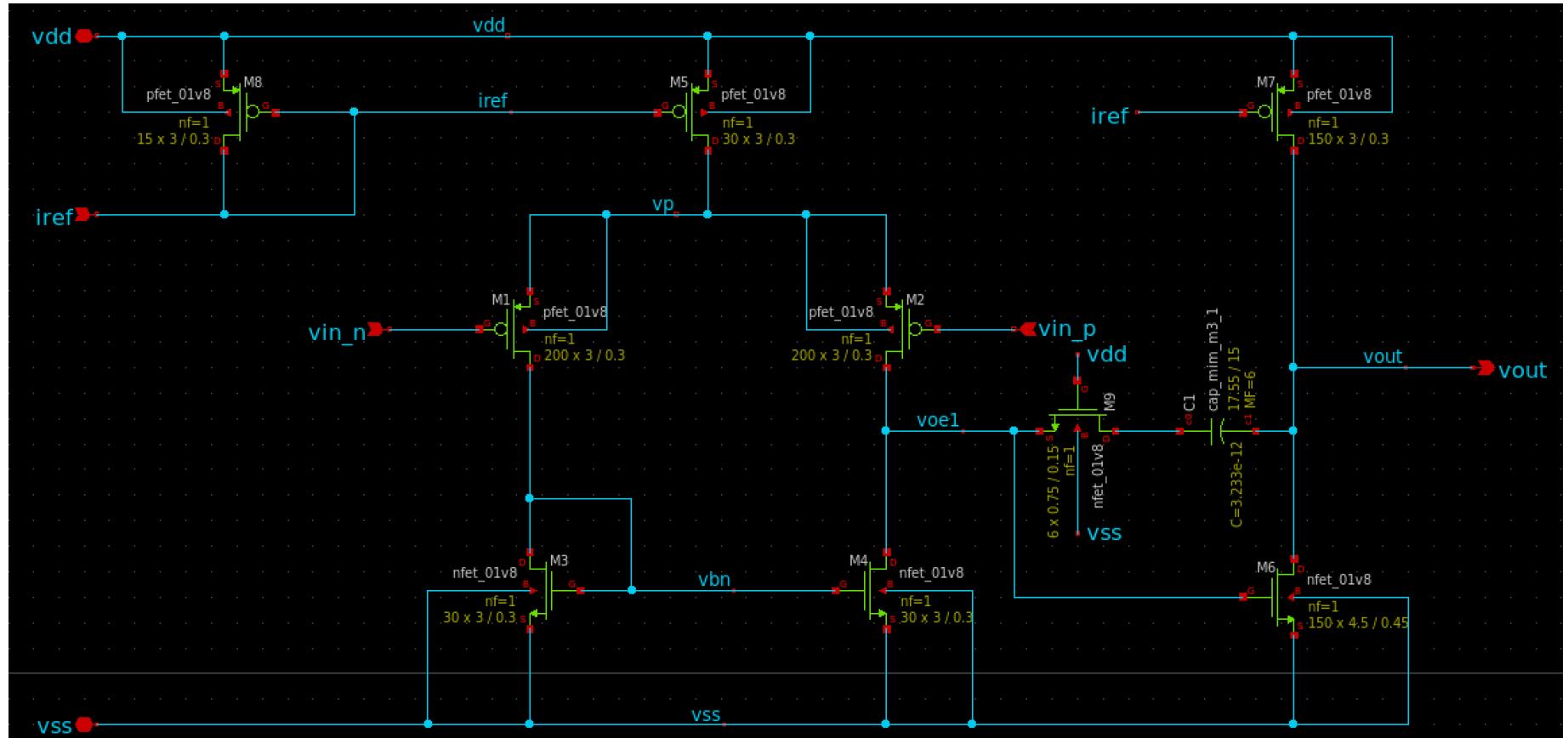
$$Req = 625 \Omega$$

$$V_{out}^+ = -\left(\frac{R_{F1}}{Req}\right) \cdot V_{in}$$

Schematic of the TIA, v2

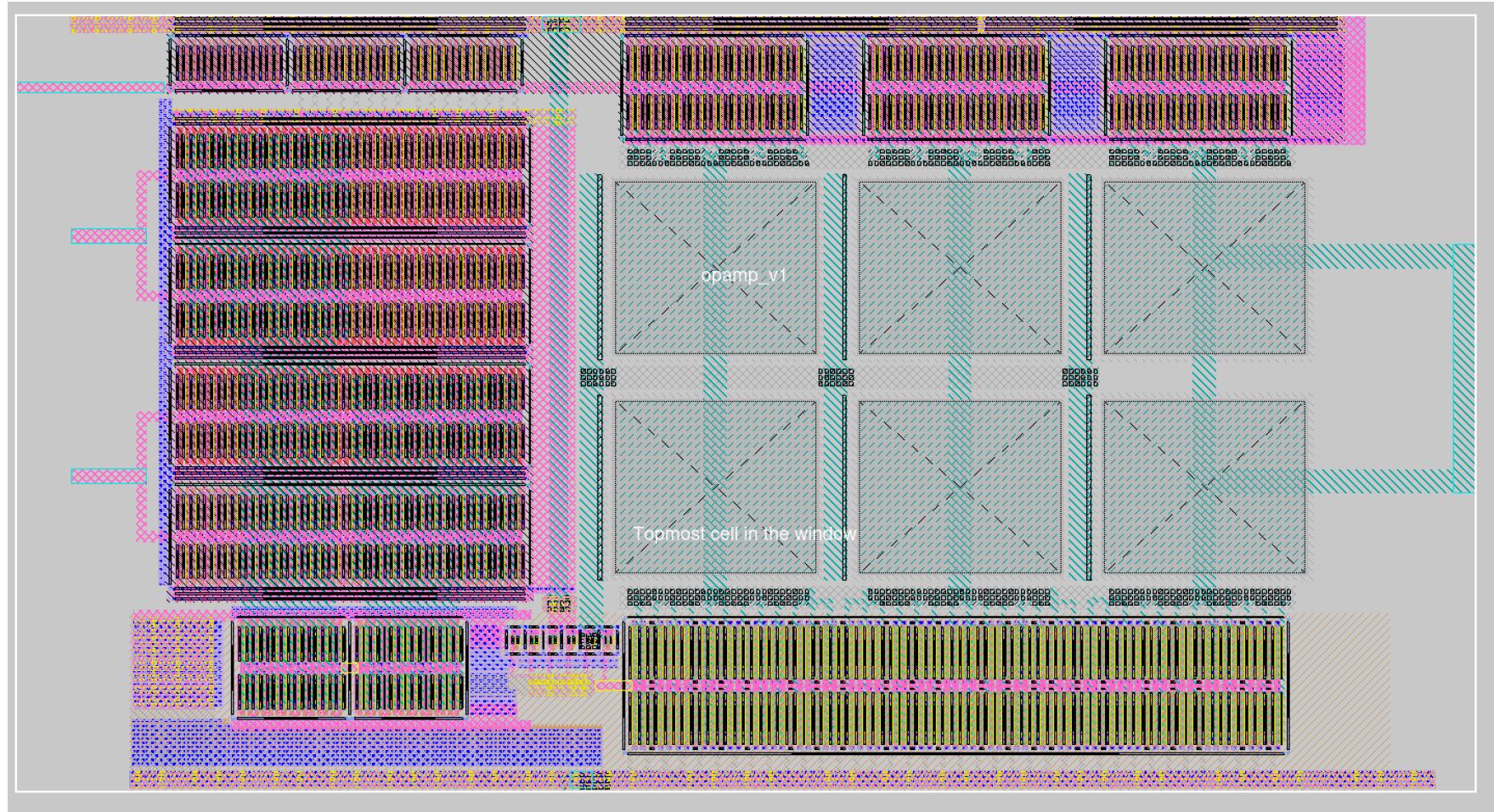


Schematic of the OPAMP



https://github.com/JuliaAlva/caravel_fulgor_opamp/tree/master

Layout of the OPAMP



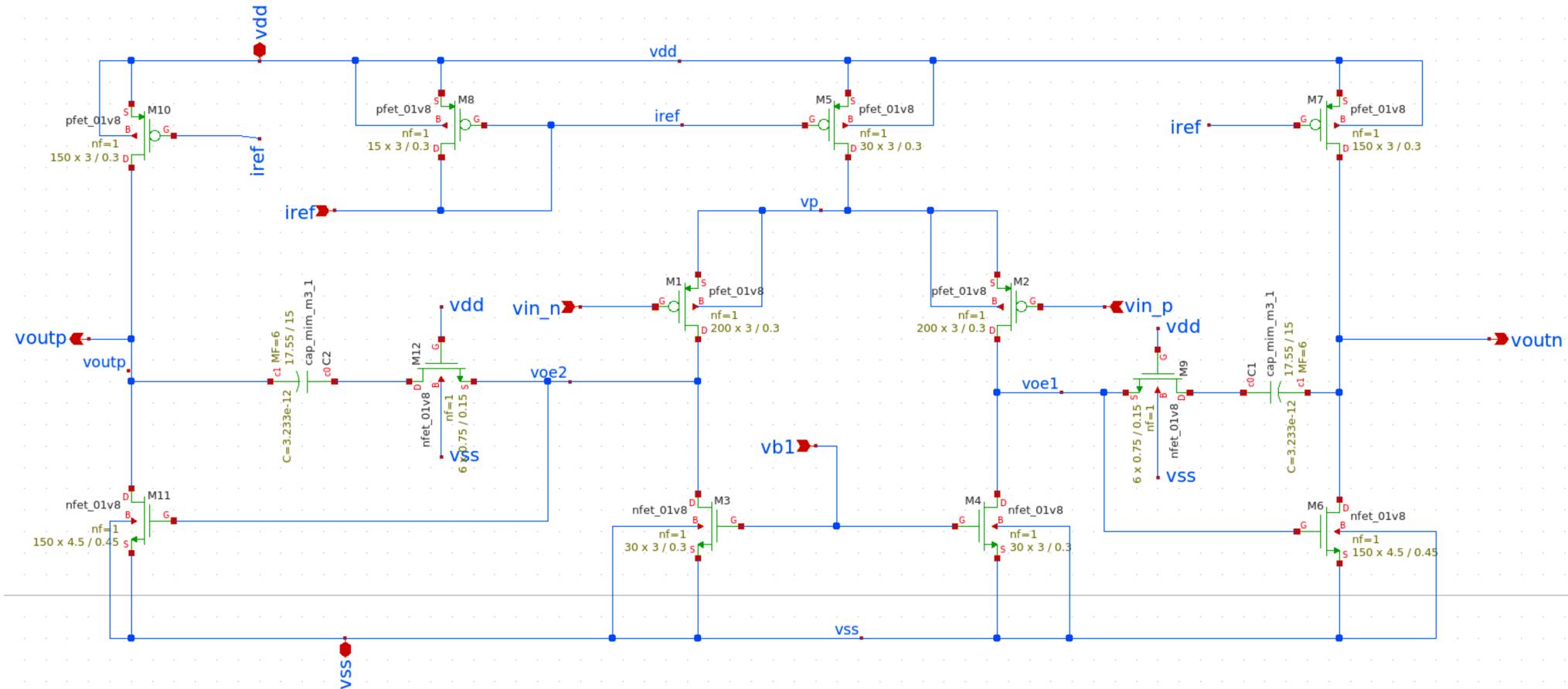
Post layout simulation of the OpAmps in the TIA tb



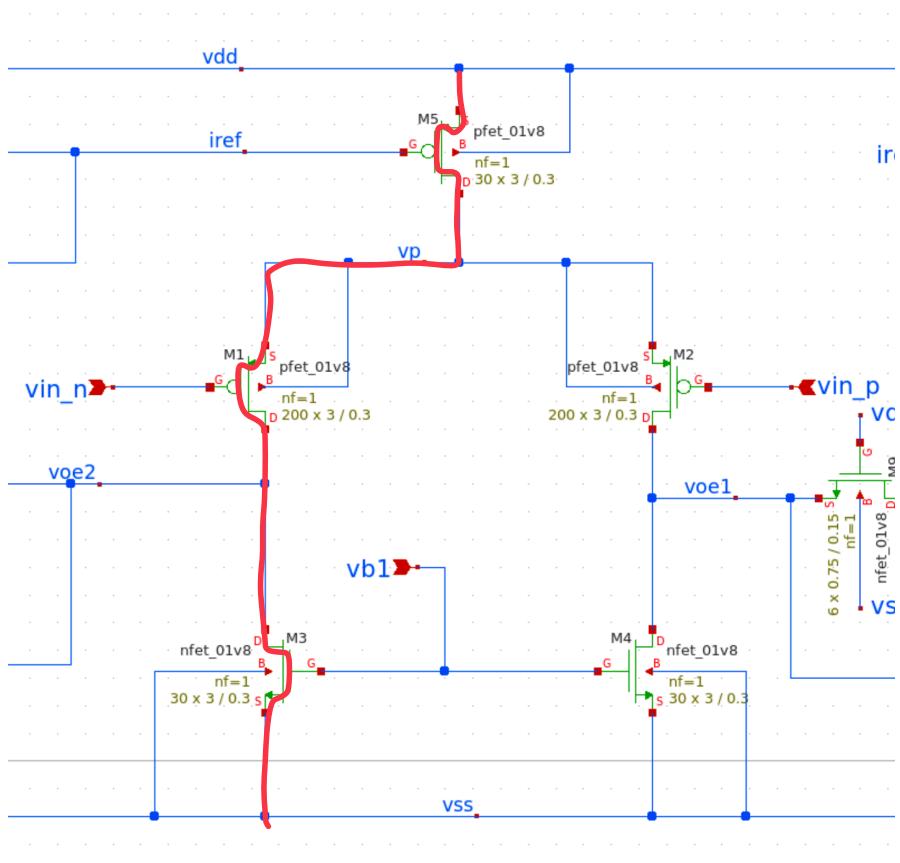
* SPICE3 file created from opamp_flatten.ext - technology: sky130A

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X1 vout.t117 voe1.t237 vss.t266 vss.t206 sky130_fd_pr_nfet_01v8 ad=0.6525 pd=4.79 as=0.6525 ps=4.79 w=4.5 l=0.45
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```

Schematic of the modified OPAMP



Finding v_{b1}



$$\begin{aligned} V_{DD} - V_{SS} &= V_{ODS} + V_{OD1} \\ &+ V_{OEZ} + V_{OD3} \end{aligned}$$

with $V_{b1} = V_{GS3}$ and $V_{DD} = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} 8 &= V_{GS5} - V_{THP} + V_{GS1} - V_{THP} \\ &+ V_{OEZ} + V_{GS3} - V_{THN} \end{aligned}$$

$$8 =$$

$$V_{Hn} = 0.769 \quad \checkmark$$

$\approx 0.75 \quad \checkmark$

$$G_{\text{m,n}} = 0.4253 \times 10^{-3}$$

