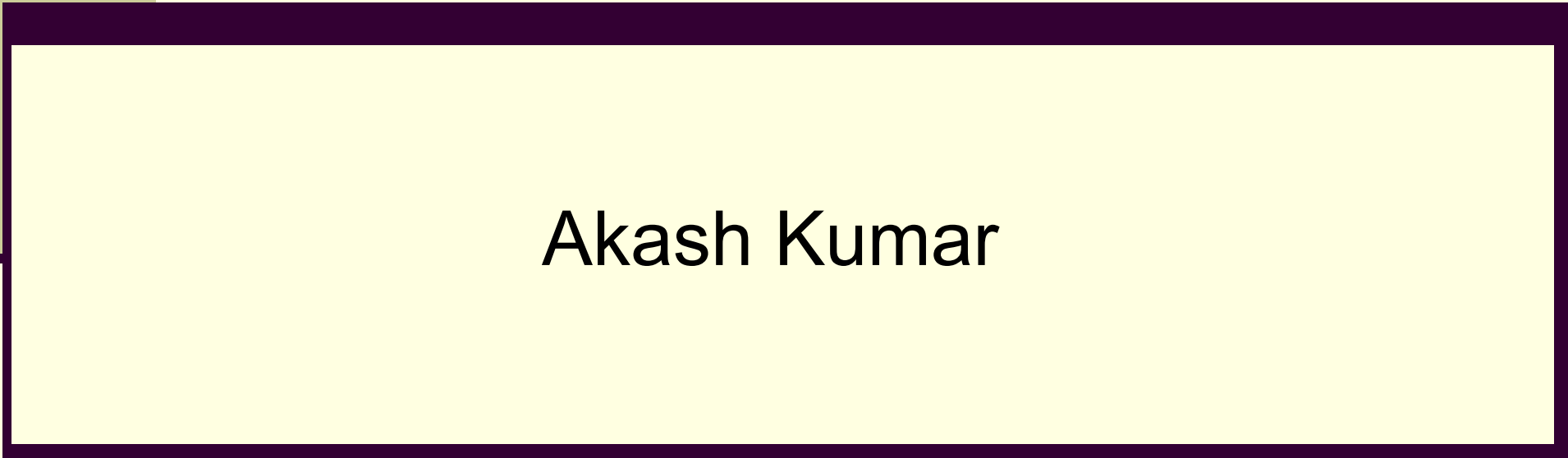




# EE 4218

## AES Major Project Briefing



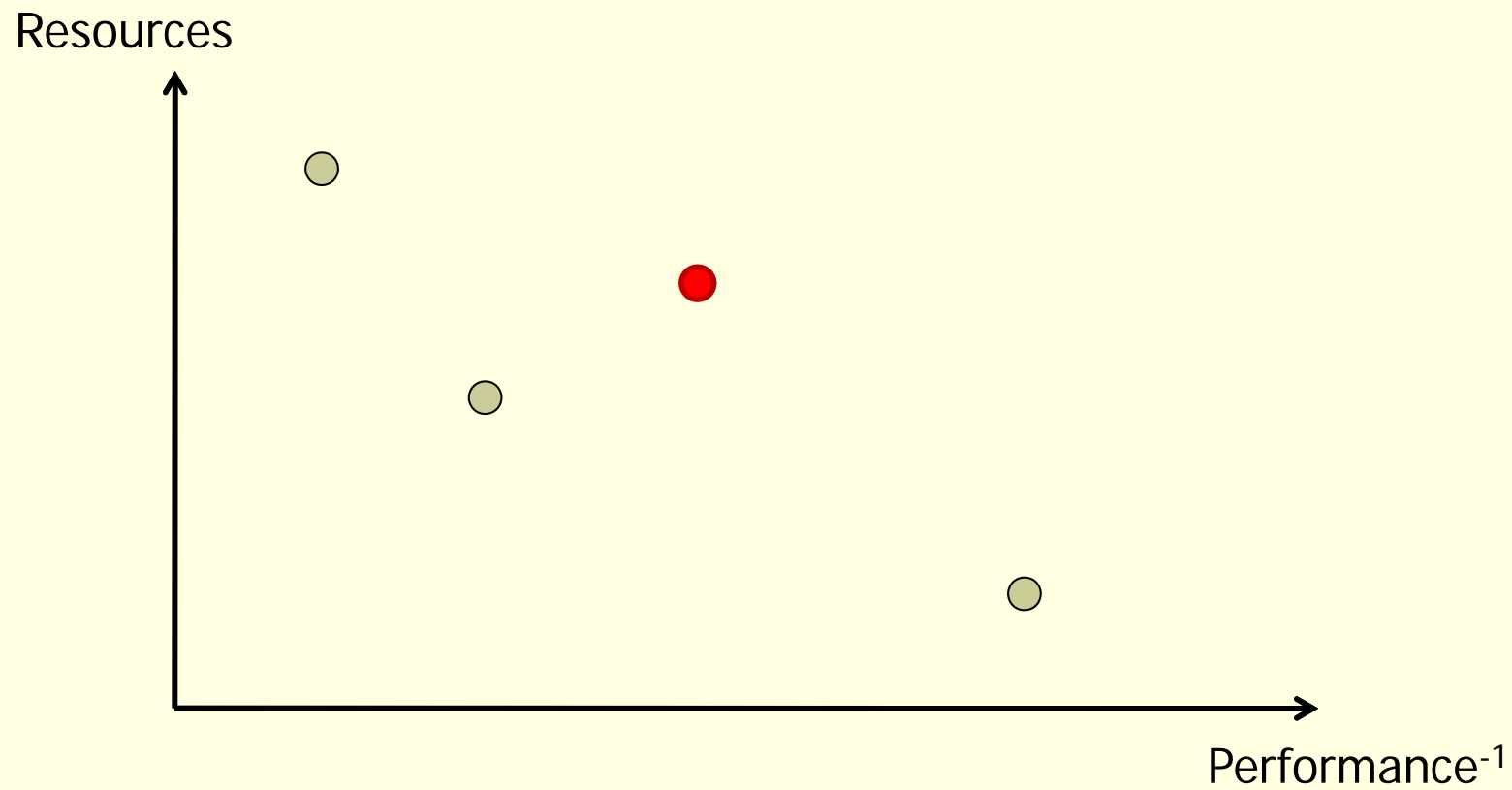
Akash Kumar

# Project Guidelines

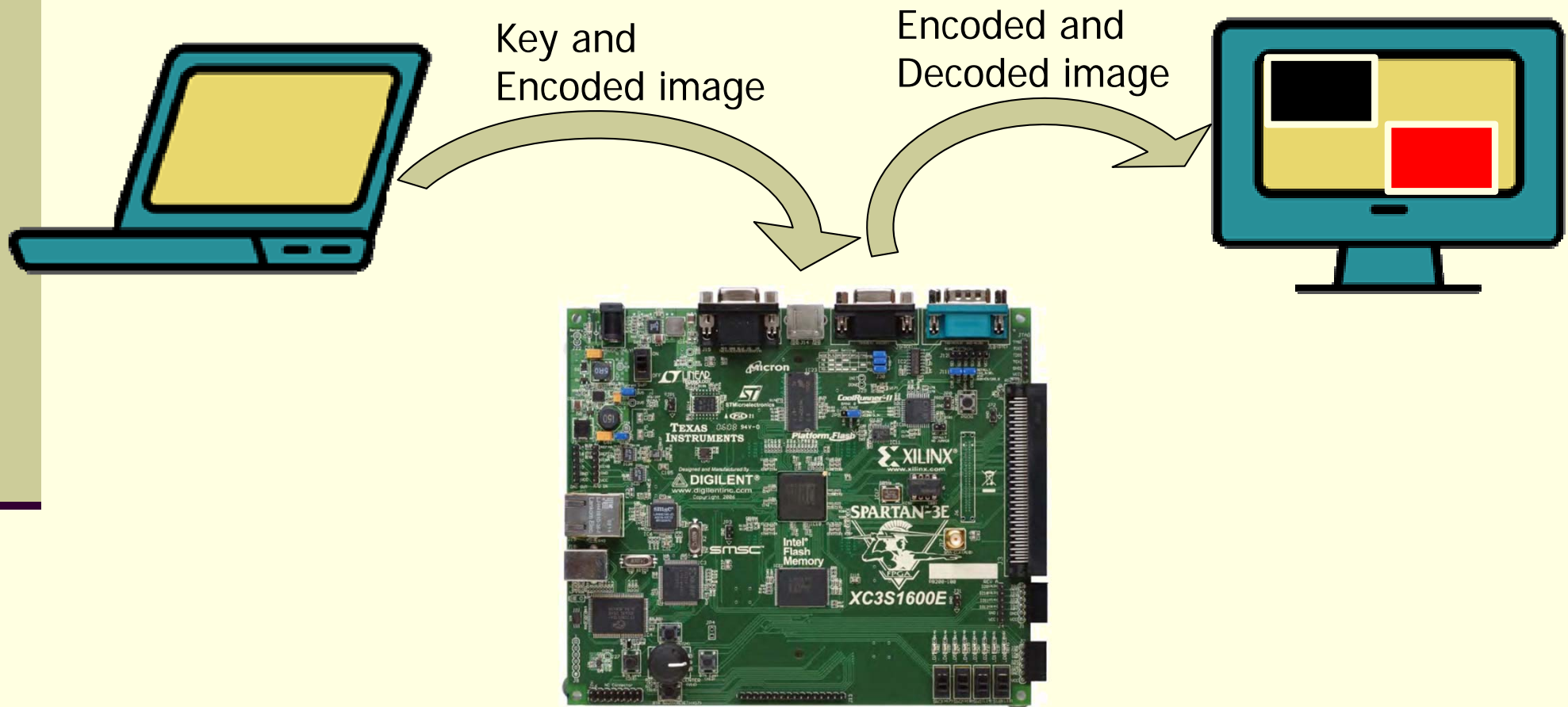
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- Work in pairs
- Develop a 128-bit AES **decryption** engine
  - In C language running on ARM-based platform on FPGA
  - In VHDL running on FPGA
- While one C-implementation is sufficient, multiple VHDL alternatives (**at least two**) should be explored in terms of area and timing
- HLS (High-level Synthesis) can be a good point
- Measure speed-ups
- Plot all implementations on a Pareto curve

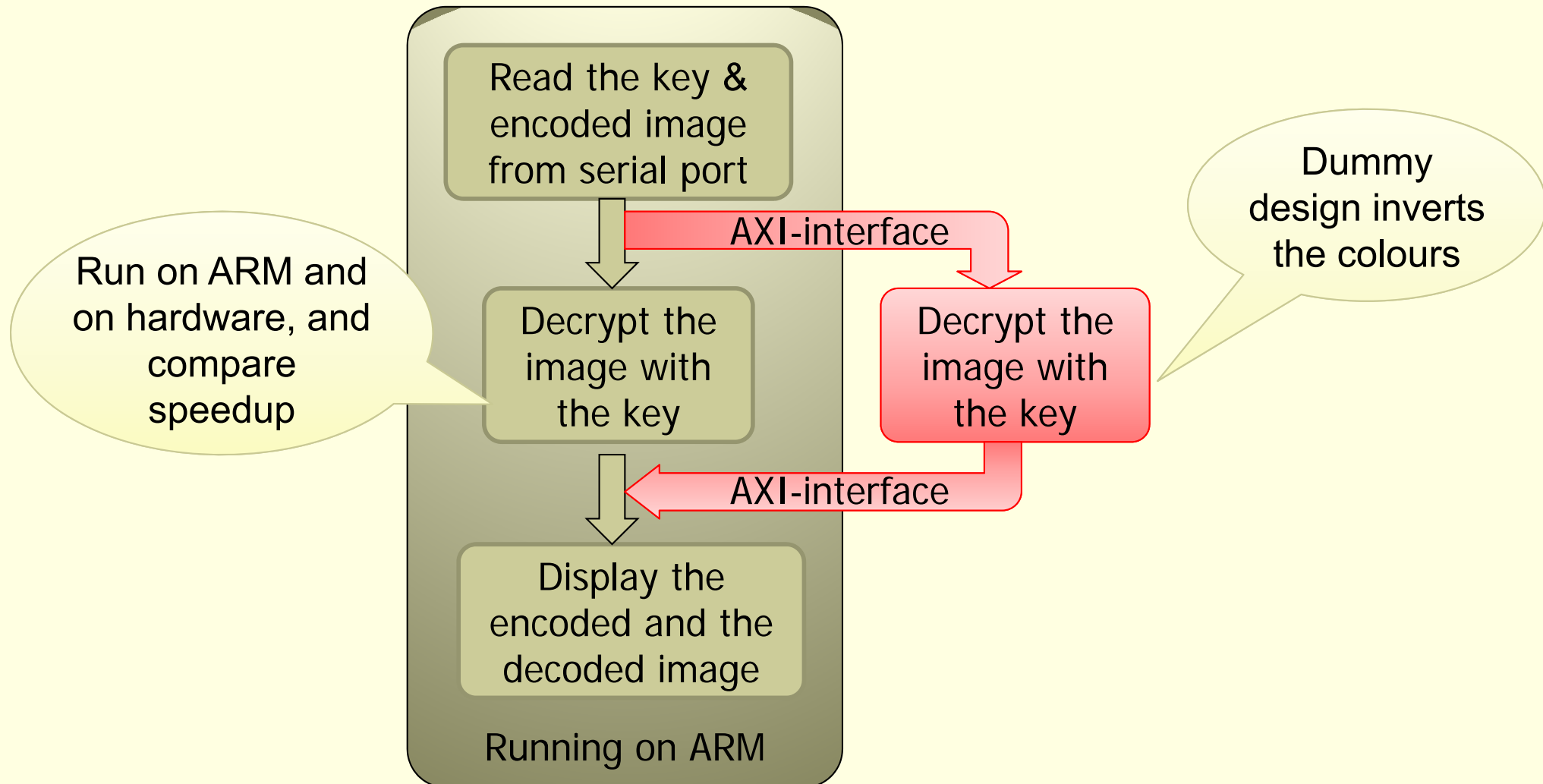
# Pareto Curve



# Project Implementation



# ARM-based Design



# What is Provided!

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- A very useful wiki page:  
<http://wiki.nus.edu.sg/display/ee4218>
  - Links to resources
  - Updates
  - FAQs
- Use Lab3 as the basis

# ADVANCED ENCRYPTION STANDARD

# Sources

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- **Cryptography and Network Security** by **Behrouz A. Forouzan**, 2008, (book and slides) Mc Graw Hill.
- AES Wiki page:  
[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Advanced\\_Encryption\\_Standard](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Advanced_Encryption_Standard)
- Flash animation by Enrique Zabala (very useful):  
[http://www.cs.bc.edu/~straubin/cs381-05/blockciphers/rijndael\\_ingles2004.swf](http://www.cs.bc.edu/~straubin/cs381-05/blockciphers/rijndael_ingles2004.swf)

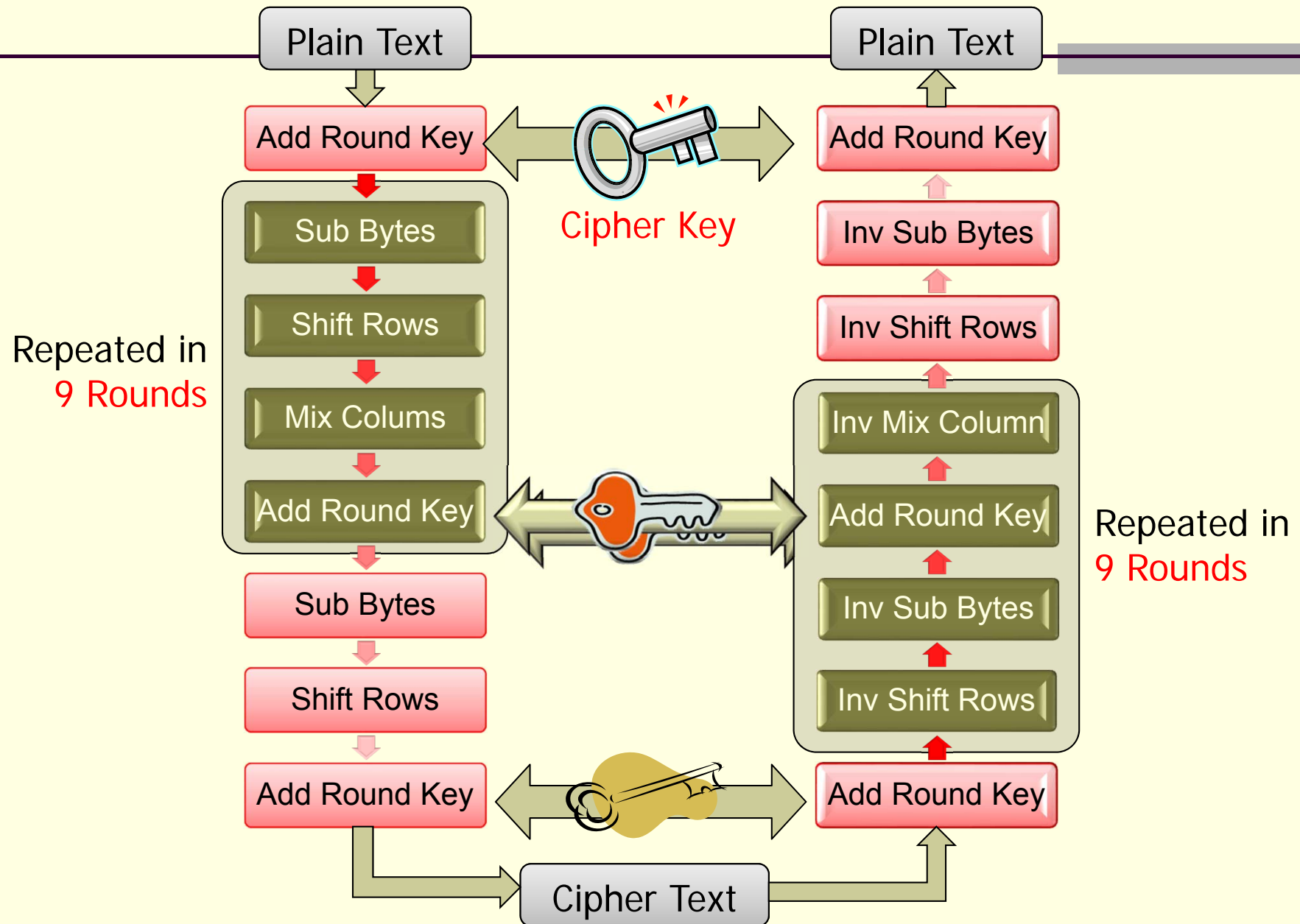


# Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

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- AES is a symmetric-key encryption standard adopted by the U.S. government
- Developed by two Belgian cryptographers – Vincent **Rijmen** and John **Daemen**: also known as Rijndael
- Standard has three key-sizes – 128, 192, 256 bits
- For the project, use **key-size** of **128 bits**
- **Block size** is also **128 bits (16 = 4x4 bytes)**
- AES ciphers used worldwide.

# Encryption and Decryption



# Plain Text (Data) Generation

$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$	$b_5$	$b_6$	$b_7$
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

1 byte = 8 bits

$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$
-------	-------	-------	-------

1 Word = 4 bytes

$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$	$b_5$	$b_6$	$b_7$	$b_8$	$b_9$	$b_{10}$	$b_{11}$	$b_{12}$	$b_{13}$	$b_{14}$	$b_{15}$
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

1 Block = 4 words

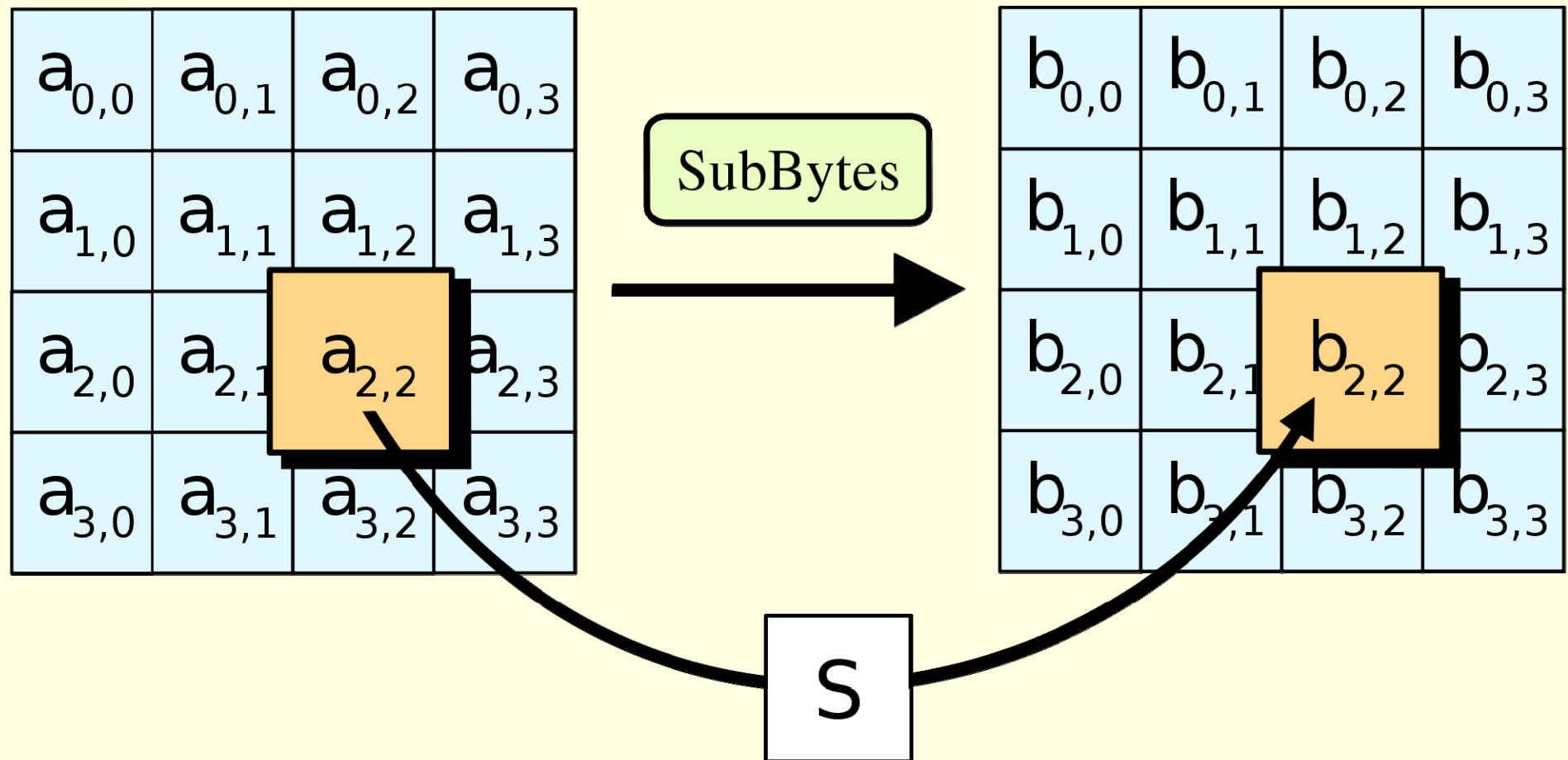
$b_0$	$b_4$	$b_8$	$b_{12}$
$b_1$	$b_5$	$b_9$	$b_{13}$
$b_2$	$b_6$	$b_{10}$	$b_{14}$
$b_3$	$b_7$	$b_{11}$	$b_{15}$

1 State = 1 block



Starting  
point for AES  
Encryption

# Substitute Bytes



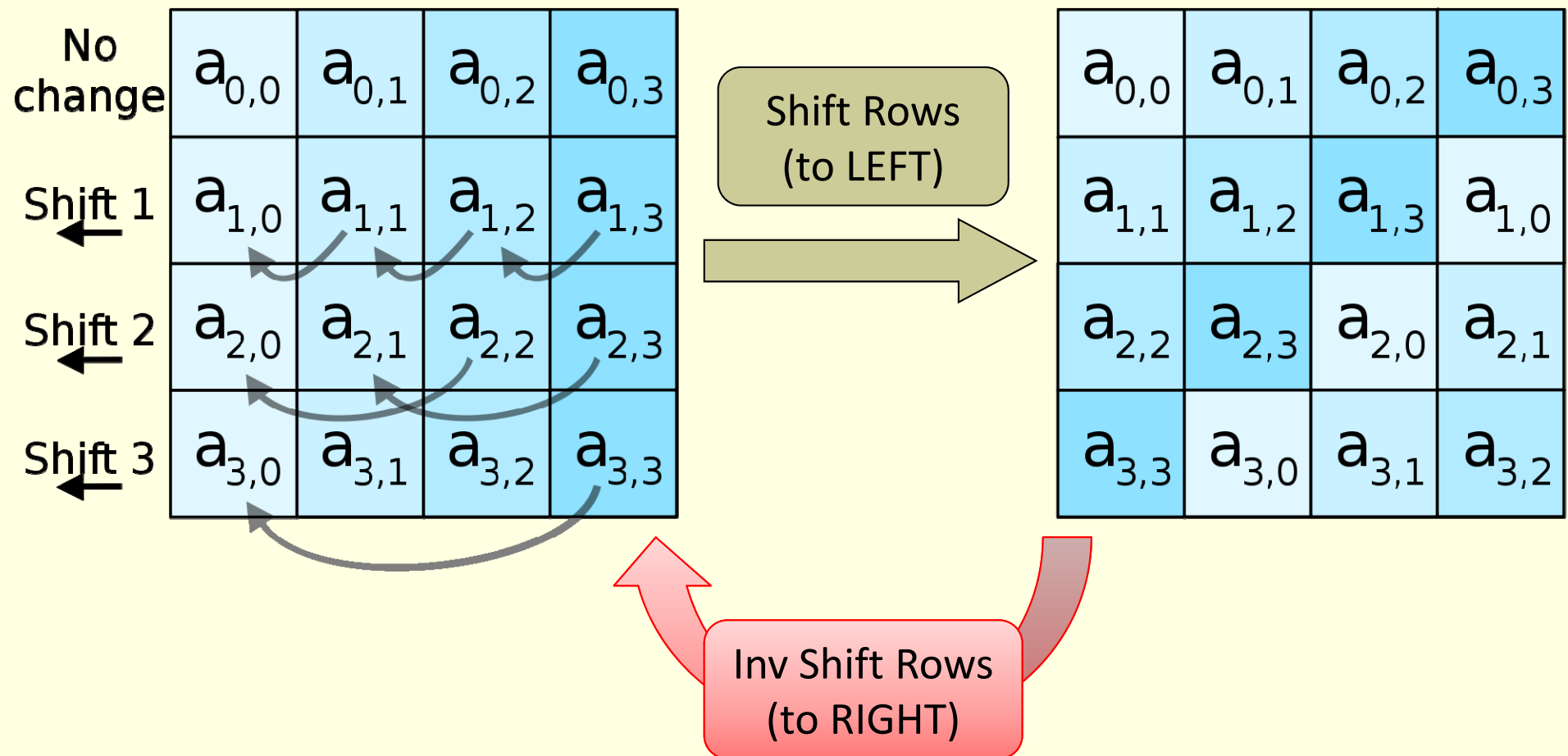
# Substitution Box

0x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	c	d	e	f
0	63	7c	77	7b	f2	6b	6f	c5	30	1	67	2b	fe	d7	ab	76
10	ca	82	c9	7d	fa	59	47	f0	ad	d4	a2	af	9c	a4	72	c0
20	b7	fd	93	26	36	3f	f7	cc	34	a5	e5	f1	71	d8	31	15
30	4	c7	23	c3	18	96	5	9a	7	12	80	e2	eb	27	b2	75
40	9	83	2c	1a	1b	6e	5a	a0	52	3b	d6	b3	29	e3	2f	84
50	53	d1	0	ed	20	fc	b1	5b	6a	cb	be	39	4a	4c	58	cf
60	d0	ef	aa	fb	43	4d	33	85	45	f9	2	7f	50	3c	9f	a8
70	51	a3	40	8f	92	9d	38	f5	bc	b6	da	21	10	ff	f3	d2
80	cd	0c	13	ec	5f	97	44	17	c4	a7	7e	3d	64	5d	19	73
90	60	81	4f	dc	22	2a	90	88	46	ee	b8	14	de	5e	0b	db
a0	e0	32	3a	0a	49	6	24	5c	c2	d3	ac	62	91	95	e4	79
b0	e7	c8	37	6d	8d	d5	4e	a9	6c	56	f4	ea	65	7a	ae	8
c0	ba	78	25	2e	1c	a6	b4	c6	e8	dd	74	1f	4b	bd	8b	8a
d0	70	3e	b5	66	48	3	f6	0e	61	35	57	b9	86	c1	1d	9e
e0	e1	f8	98	11	69	d9	8e	94	9b	1e	87	e9	ce	55	28	df
f0	8c	a1	89	0d	bf	e6	42	68	41	99	2d	0f	b0	54	bb	16

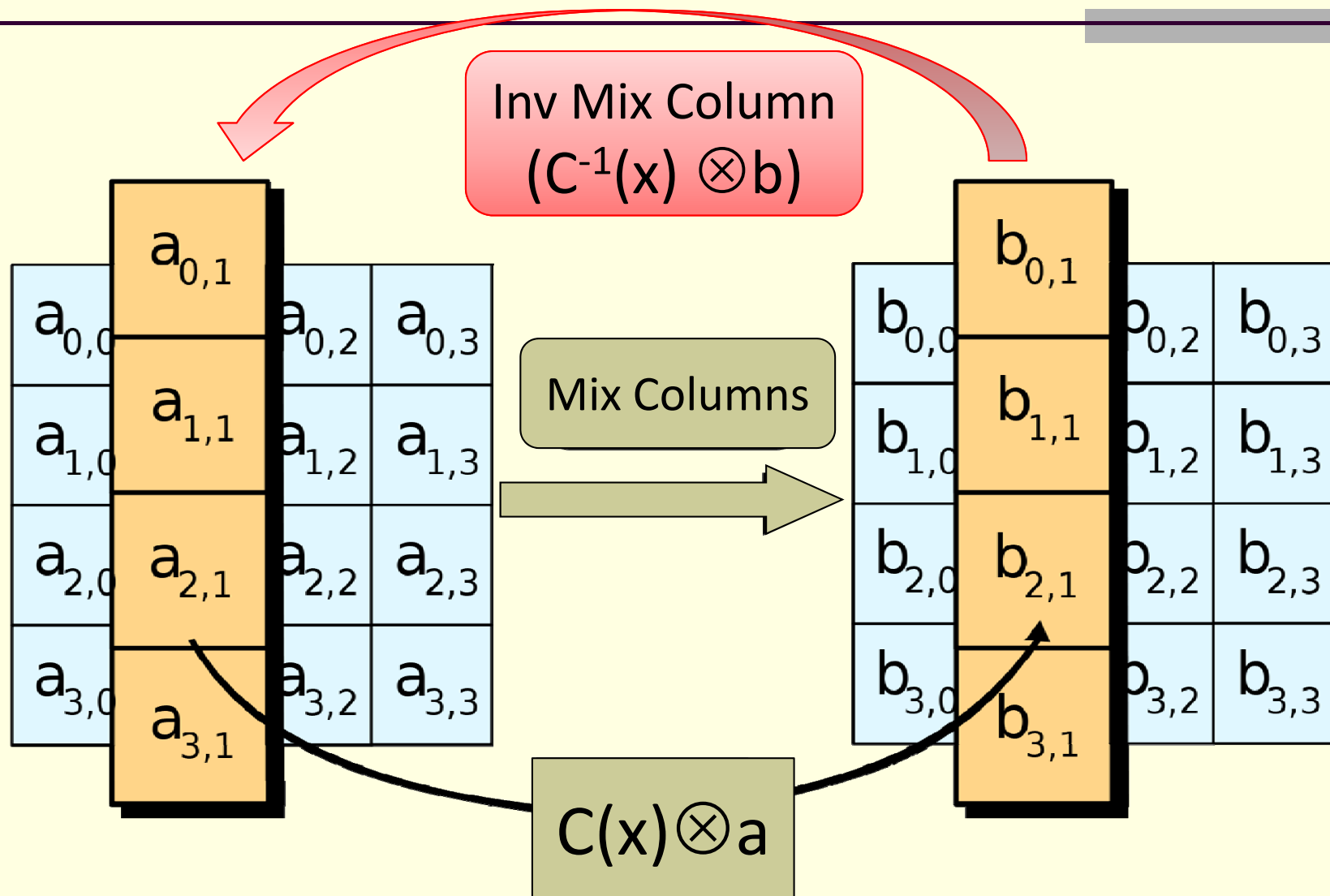
# Inverse – Substitution Box

0x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	c	d	e	f
0	52	9	6a	d5	30	36	a5	38	bf	40	a3	9e	81	f3	d7	fb
10	7c	e3	39	82	9b	2f	ff	87	34	8e	43	44	c4	de	e9	cb
20	54	7b	94	32	a6	c2	23	3d	ee	4c	95	0b	42	fa	c3	4e
30	8	2e	a1	66	28	d9	24	b2	76	5b	a2	49	6d	8b	d1	25
40	72	f8	f6	64	86	68	98	16	d4	a4	5c	cc	5d	65	b6	92
50	6c	70	48	50	fd	ed	b9	da	5e	15	46	57	a7	8d	9d	84
60	90	d8	ab	0	8c	bc	d3	0a	f7	e4	58	5	b8	b3	45	6
70	d0	2c	1e	8f	ca	3f	0f	2	c1	af	bd	3	1	13	8a	6b
80	3a	91	11	41	4f	67	dc	ea	97	f2	cf	ce	f0	b4	e6	73
90	96	ac	74	22	e7	ad	35	85	e2	f9	37	e8	1c	75	df	6e
a0	47	f1	1a	71	1d	29	c5	89	6f	b7	62	0e	aa	18	be	1b
b0	fc	56	3e	4b	c6	d2	79	20	9a	db	c0	fe	78	cd	5a	f4
c0	1f	dd	a8	33	88	7	c7	31	b1	12	10	59	27	80	ec	5f
d0	60	51	7f	a9	19	b5	4a	0d	2d	e5	7a	9f	93	c9	9c	ef
e0	a0	e0	3b	4d	ae	2a	f5	b0	c8	eb	bb	3c	83	53	99	61
f0	17	2b	4	7e	ba	77	d6	26	e1	69	14	63	55	21	0c	7d

# Shift Rows/ Inverse Shift Rows



# Mix Columns/ Inverse Mix Columns





# Mix Columns/ Inverse Mix Columns

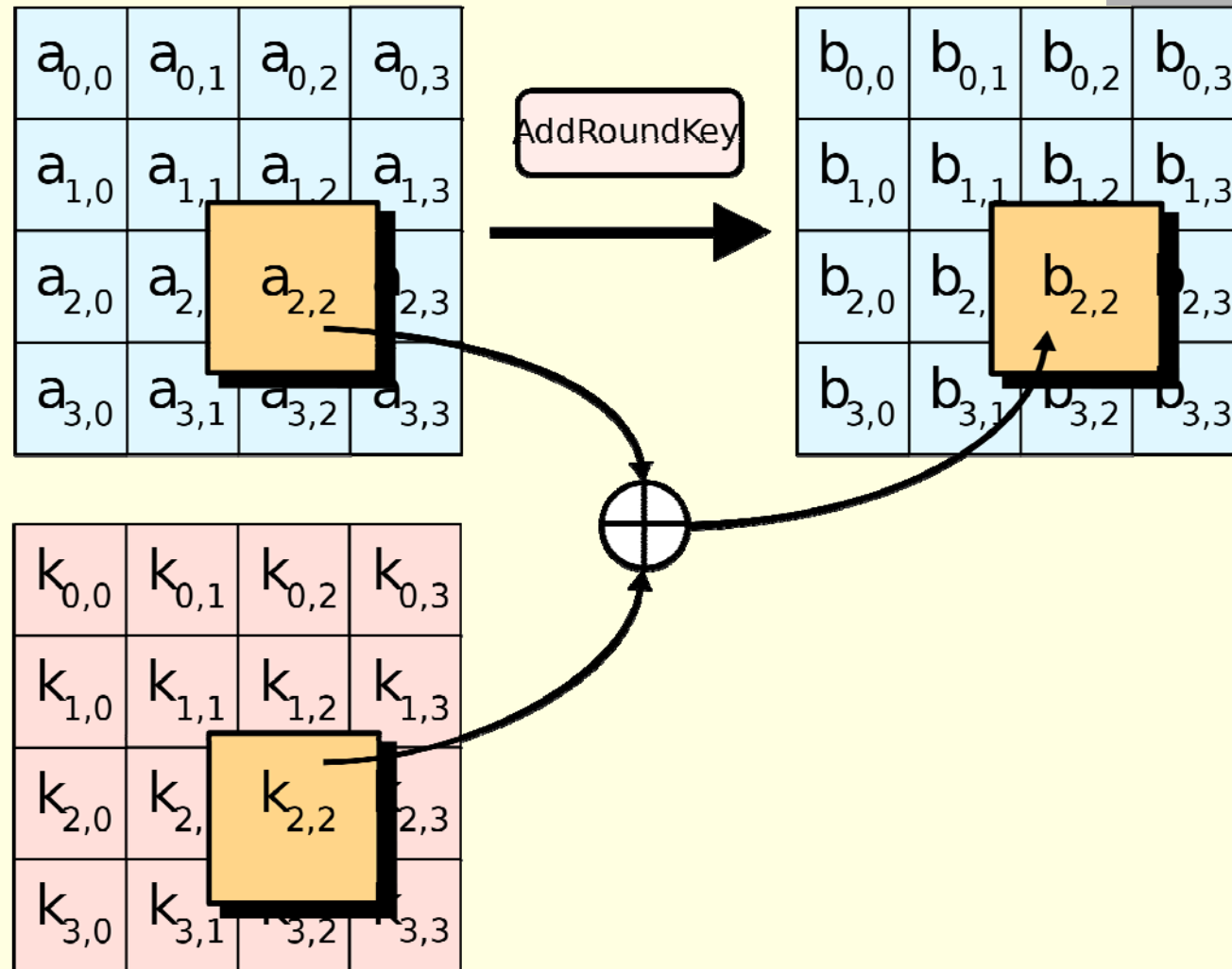
$$B = C \times A = \begin{bmatrix} 02 & 03 & 01 & 01 \\ 01 & 02 & 03 & 01 \\ 01 & 01 & 02 & 03 \\ 03 & 01 & 01 & 02 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x + 3y + z + t \\ x + 2y + 3z + t \\ x + y + 2z + 3t \\ 3x + y + z + 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0E & 0B & 0D & 09 \\ 09 & 0E & 0B & 0D \\ 0D & 09 & 0E & 0B \\ 0B & 0D & 09 & 0E \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} \times B = C^{-1} \times C \times A = A$$

Inverse Mix Column

# Add Round Keys



# Add Round Keys

- Bit-wise add is essentially an XOR operation
- XOR operation

A	B	Z
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

$$A \oplus K = B$$

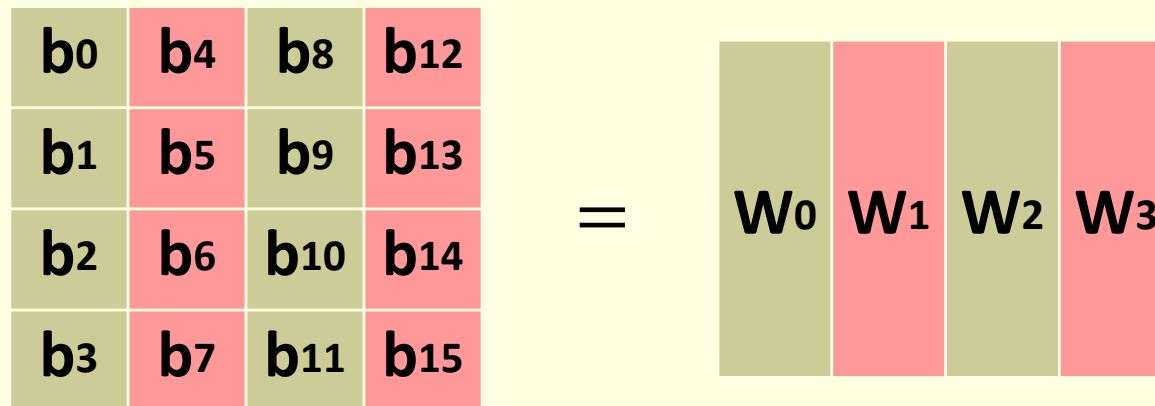
$$B \oplus K = A \oplus K \oplus K = A \oplus 0 = A$$

- Therefore, adding round key two times returns original value (so long as the key is the same)

# KEY EXPANSION

# Key Expansion

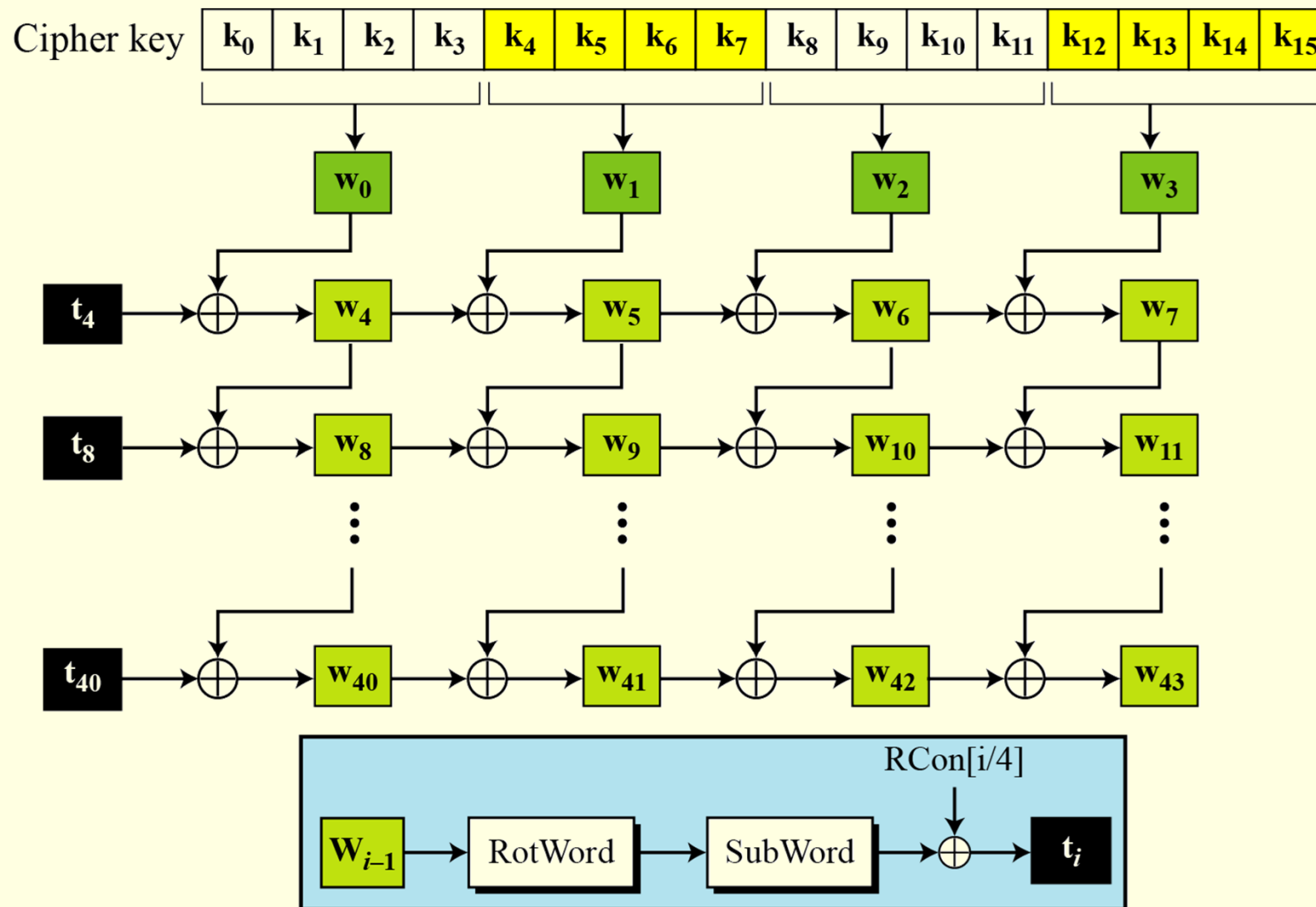
- 11 different keys needed in total
- First one is the **cipher key**
  - Other ten generated from cipher key
- 128-bit AES = 16-byte AES i.e. 16 byte KEY



# Key Expansion

Round	Key
Pre-round	w0 w1 w2 w3
Round 1	w4 w5 w6 w7
Round 2	...
Round 3	...
Round 4	...
Round 5	...
Round 6	...
Round 7	...
Round 8	...
Round 9	...
Round 10	w40 w41 w42 w43

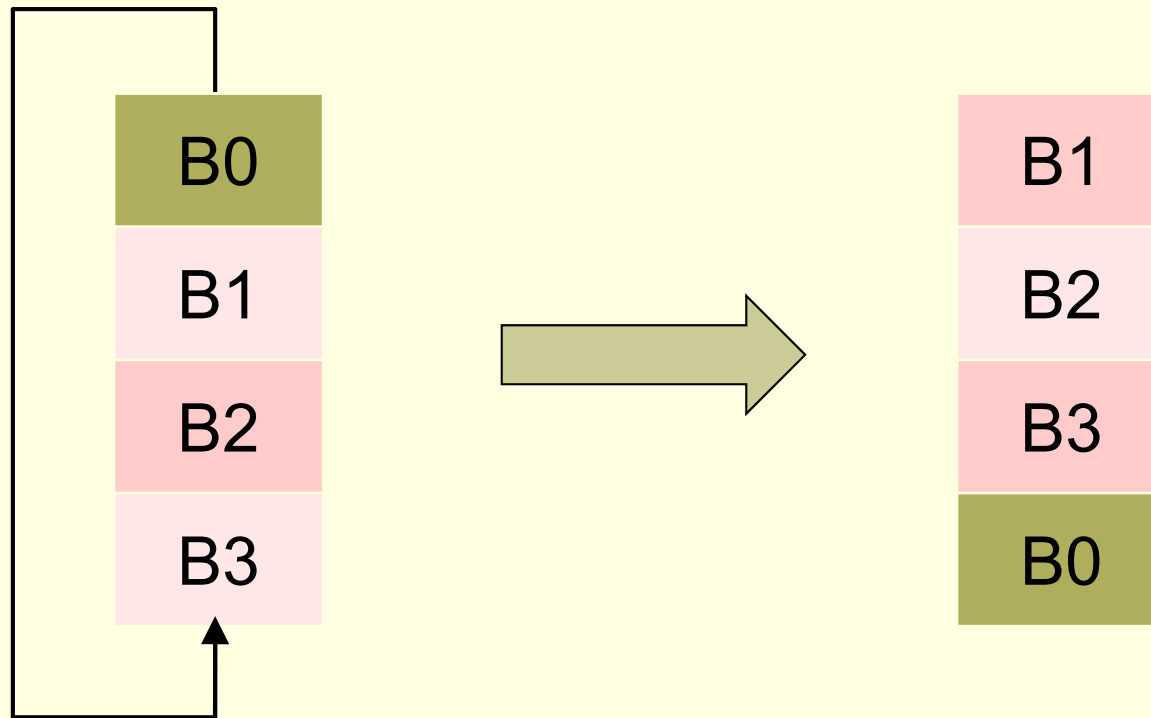
# Key Expansion



Making of  $t_i$  (temporary) words  $i = 4 N_r$

# Rotate Word & Substitute Word

- RotWord: Rotates the four bytes in a word by one byte



- SubWord: substitute individual bytes by subByte



# Round Constants

- In each round a different word is added (XOR'ed)

R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10
01	02	04	08	10	20	40	80	1B	36
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

# Observations

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- Note that for decryption the keys are needed in reverse order
- Key schedule generation can be pipelined – note the dependencies in Slide 23
- See if there is any potential of hardware reuse
- You may want to test your design with test vectors provided in official AES standard – available on the EE4218 Project Wiki