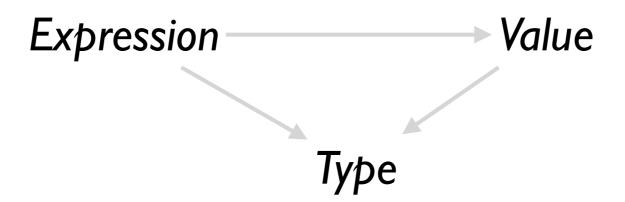
CS 162 Programming languages

Lecture 5: Datatypes

Yu Feng Winter 2020

ML's holy grail



- Simple
- Variables
- Functions

Building datatypes

Three key ways to build complex types/values

- "Each-of" types:
 - Value of T contains value of T1 and a value of T2
- "One-of" types:
 - Value of T contains value of T1 or a value of T2
- "Recursive"
 - Value of T contains (sub)-value of same type T

One-of types

We've defined a "one-of" type named attrib
Elements are one of:

- string
- int
- int*int*int
- float
- bool

```
type attrib =
  Name of string
| Age of int
| DOB of int*int*int
| Address of string
| Height of real
| Alive of bool
| Phone of int*int
| Email of string;
```

Test & Take whats in box?



Is it a ... string? or an int? or ...

Check the TAG!

Whats in the box

```
type attrib =
  Name of string
| Age of int
| DOB of int*int*int
| Address of string
| Height of real
| Alive of bool
| Phone of int*int
| Email of string;
```

```
match e with
| Name s -> printf "%s" s
| Age i -> printf "%d" i
| DOB(d,m,y) -> printf "%d/%d/%d" d m y
| Address s -> printf "%s" s
| Height h -> printf "%f" h
| Alive b -> printf "%b" b s
| Phone(a,r) -> printf "(%d)-%d" a r
```

Pattern-match expression: check if e is of the form ...

- On match:
 - value in box bound to pattern variable
 - matching result expression is evaluated
- Simultaneously test and extract contents of box

Beware to handle all tags!

```
# match (Name "Bob") with
| Age i -> Printf.printf "%d" I
| Email s -> Printf.printf "%s" s ;;

Exception: Match Failure!!
```

None of the cases matched the tag (Name) Causes nasty Run-Time Error!

Compiler to rescue!

```
# # let printAttrib a = match a with
| Name s -> Printf.printf "%s" s
| Age i -> Printf.printf "%d" I
| DOB (d,m,y) -> Printf.printf "%d / %d / %d" d m y
| Address addr -> Printf.printf "%s" addr
| Height h -> Printf.printf "%f" h
| Alive b -> Printf.printf "%b" b
| Email e -> Printf.printf "%s" e
;;
Warning P: this pattern-matching is not
exhaustive.Here is an example of a value that is
not matched:Phone (_, _)
```

Compile-time checks for: missed cases: ML warns if you miss a case!

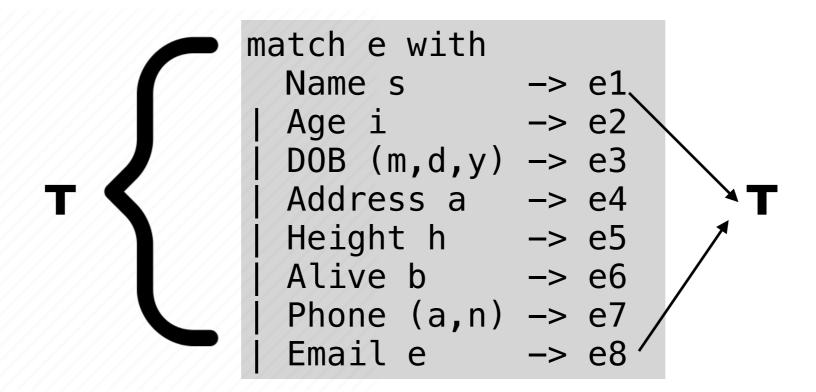
match-with is an Expression

```
match e with
    C1 x1 -> e1
    C2 x2 -> e2
    ...
    Cn xn -> en
```

Type Rule

- e1, e2,...,en must have same type T
- Type of whole expression is T

match-with is an Expression



Type Rule

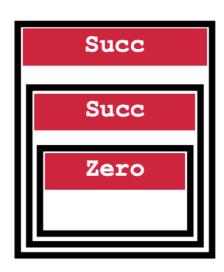
- e1, e2,...,en must have same type T
- Type of whole expression is T

Recursive types

type nat = Zero | Succ of nat

What are values of nat?
One nat contains another!

nat = recursive type



plus: nat*nat -> nat

```
type nat =

Base pattern

| Zero

Inductive pattern
| Succ of nat
```

```
let rec plus n m =
match m with

Base pattern

| Zero -> n Base expression
| Succ m' -> Succ (plus n m')
```

Inductive expression

List datatype

```
type int_list =
  Nil
| Cons of int * int_list
```

Lists are a derived type: built using elegant core!

- Each-of
- 2. One-of
- 3. Recursive

```
:: is just a syntactic sugar for "Cons"
[] is a syntactic sugar for "Nil"
```

List function: length

```
let rec len l =
    match l with
Base pattern | Nil -> 0 Base expression
Inductive pattern | Cons(h,t) -> 1 + (len t)
```

Inductive expression

List function: list_max

<u>let</u> max x y = if x > y then x else y;;

TODOs by next lecture

- Hw1 will be due next week
- Hw2 is out
- Come to the discussion session if you have questions