ALEJANDRO SANTORUM VARELA TAREA 4 EXTRA - MNEDO En la tarea 2 hemos calculado la expresión de of(tn,yn;h): $\Phi_{\ell}(t_n,y_n;h) = f(t_n + (1-\theta)h, y_n + (1-\theta)h\Phi_{\ell}(t_n,y_n;h))$ Comprobemos las tres propiedades de las hipótesis Hxw: i) ϕ_{ℓ} es continua : esto es directo, ja que f(t,j) es continua. (i) $\exists h_0, L: \| \varphi_{\xi}(t_n, y_n; h) - \varphi_{\xi}(t_n, \hat{y_n}; h) \| \leq L \| y_n - \hat{y_n} \|$ si $0 < h < h_0$ $\| \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, \hat{y}_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h)) \| = \| f(t_{n} + (1-\theta)h, y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \phi_{\xi}(t_{n},$ $- f(t_n + (1-\theta)h, \hat{y}_n + (1-\theta)h \phi_p(t_n, \hat{y}_n; h)) \| \leq con resp. 2 \leq vanishly$ $\leq L_{f} \| y_{n} + (1-\theta)h \Phi_{f}(t_{n},y_{n};h) - \hat{y}_{n} - (1-\theta)h \Phi_{f}(t_{n},\hat{y}_{n};h) \| \stackrel{\text{des.}}{\leq} triang.$ $\leq L_{f}\left(\|y_{n}-\hat{y_{n}}\|+(1-\theta)h\|\Phi_{f}(t_{n},y_{n};h)-\Phi_{f}(t_{n},\hat{y_{n}};h)\|\right) \implies$ $\Rightarrow \left[1 - L_{\ell}(1-\theta)h\right] \| \varphi_{\ell}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) - \varphi(t_{n}, \hat{y_{n}}; h) \| \leq L_{\ell} \| y_{n} - \hat{y_{n}} \| \Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow \| \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, y_{n}; h) - \phi_{\xi}(t_{n}, \hat{y}_{n}; h) \| \leq \left[1 - L_{\xi}(1-\theta)h \right]^{-1} L_{\xi} \| y_{n} - \hat{y}_{n} \|$ Además, necesitamos que $1 - L_{p}(1-\theta)h > 0 \Longrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow 1 > L(1-\theta)h \Longrightarrow h < (L(1-\theta))^{-1} = h_{0}$

iii) Si $f=0 \implies \phi_f=0$: trivial, ya que $\phi_f=f$.