

- SHOW THAT GAUSSIAN KERNEL IS PSD (POSITIVE SEMI-DEFINITIVE)

FOCUS ON 1D CASE:

$$K_s(x, y) = \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2s} (x-y)^2 \right)$$

WORK WITH A SCALED VERSION

$$\tilde{K}_s(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi s}} \cdot K_s(x, y) = \underbrace{N(y | x, s)}_{\text{GAUSSIAN DENSITY WITH MEAN } x \text{ AND VARIANCE } s}$$

WE USE THE GAUSSIAN PROPERTY

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} N(z | x_i, s/2) N(z | x_j, s/2) dz =$$

$$= N(x_i | x_j, s) = \tilde{K}_s(x_i, x_j)$$

THE KERNEL $\tilde{K}_s(x, y)$ IS POSITIVE SEMI-DEFINITE IF

$$a^T K a \geq 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sum_{i,j} a_i a_j \tilde{K}_s(x_i, x_j) = \sum_{i,j} a_i a_j N(x_i | x_j, s) =$$

$$= \sum_{i,j} a_i a_j \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} N(z | x_i, s/2) N(z | x_j, s/2) dz =$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{i,j} a_i a_j N(z | x_i, s/2) N(z | x_j, s/2) dz =$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\sum_i a_i N(z | x_i, s/2) \right]^2 dz \geq 0$$