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**Programming 3**  
**Program # 1 Circle Calculations**  
**Pseudocode**

**Display program purpose:** This program determines the diameter, circumference, and radius with a given 'step value'.

**Display results:** Using userInput(), calculations(int input), diameter(int input), circumference(int input), area(int input), blankLineForLineTen(), the program will display a table of the radius, diameter, circumference and area with range of radiuses going from 0-50 (Including 0 and 50).

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Main(void)

Call the function userInput() and assign it to variable input of type int;

Call function calculations(input) passing the argument input previously declared;

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Function – int userInput(): Validates input user and returns validated value

Initialize variable input;

Print to the user a welcome statement explaining what this program will do;

Do

Print the user to enter an integer radius step in the range 1-9;

Scan the input of the user as an integer;

While

The input from the user is lower than the constant LOWEST\_USER\_INPUT (LOWEST\_USER\_INPUT=1) or higher than the constant HIGHER\_USER\_INPUT (HIGHER\_USER\_INPUT=9);

return input;

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Function – void calculations (int input): Assigns calculations for diameter, circumference, and area.

Initialize a new variable called radius to 0 as a float;

Initialize a new variable called counter to 0 as an int;

Print(“ Radius Diameter Circumference Area”);

Print(“ \_\_\_\_\_”);

Do

Print calculations of Radius, Diameter, Circumference, and Area with 3 decimal precision and right-handed aligned;

Add input to the radius;

Execute method blankLineForLineTen(counter);

Increment counter by 1;

While

Radius is lower than the HIGHEST\_RADIUS\_VALUE  
(HIGHEST\_RADIUS\_VALUE=50);

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Function – float calculateDiameter (float radius): Calculate diameter with provided formula on documentation.

Diameter is equal to radius times two (Review documentation to know from where this formula was obtained);

Return Diameter;

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Function – float calculateCircumference (float radius): Calculate circumference with provided formula in the documentation.

Circumference is equal to two times Pi times radius (Review documentation to know from where this formula was obtained);

Return Circumference;

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Function – float calculateArea (float radius): Calculate area with provided formula in documentation.

Area is equal to  $\text{Pi} * \text{radius} * \text{radius}$  (Review documentation to know from where this formula was obtained);

Return area;

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Function – void blankLineForLineTen(int counter)

If the counter is not equal to the constant `ITERATION_)_START_POINT` and the counter is the modulus of the counter by the constant `ITERATION_BLANK_LINE` equal to 0 then print a blank line