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- ① (i) For ignition and high burn there are two pr criteria
- a) $\rho r > 0.3 \text{ g/cm}^2$ for a hot spot
 - b) $\rho r > 3.0 \text{ g/cm}^2$ for a whole fuel blob

(ii) compression = 50 times

$$\rho_0 = 0.22 \text{ g/cm}^3,$$

$$\rho' = 50 \times 0.22 = \underline{11 \text{ g/cm}^3}$$

$$\text{From } f_b = \frac{\rho r}{7 + \rho r} \Rightarrow \rho' r = \frac{7 \times f_b}{1 - f_b}$$

$$\rho' r = \frac{7 \times 0.33}{1 - 0.33} = \underline{3.449 \text{ g/cm}^2}$$

$$r = 3.449 / 11 = \underline{0.3135 \text{ cm}}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi (0.3135)^3 = \underline{0.129 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$M = \rho' \cdot V = 11 \times 0.129 = \underline{1.420 \text{ g}}$$

$$W_{\text{released}} = f_b \times Q \times m =$$

$$= 0.33 \times 3.3 \times 10^{11} \times 1.420 = 1.55 \times 10^{11} \text{ J} = \underline{155 \text{ GJ}}$$

For compression = 2,000 times

$$\rho' = 2,000 \times 0.22 = \underline{440 \text{ g/cm}^3}$$

$$r = 3.449 / 440 = \underline{0.00784 \text{ g}}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi (0.00784)^3 = \underline{2.02 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$\text{m} = \rho' \times V = 440 \times 2.02 \times 10^{-6} = \underline{8.88 \times 10^{-4} \text{ g}}$$

$$W_{\text{released}} = 0.33 \times 3.3 \times 10^{11} \times 8.88 \times 10^{-4} = \underline{96 \text{ MJ}}$$

For a hot spot pr criteria
is $\rho r > 0.3 \text{ g/cm}^2$

$$r = 0.3 / 100 = \underline{3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi \times (3 \times 10^{-3})^3 = \underline{1.13 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$m = \rho V = 100 \times 1.13 \times 10^{-7} = \underline{1.13 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g}}$$

$$W_{\text{req}} = 100 \times 10^6 \times 1.13 \times 10^{-5} = \underline{1.13 \times 10^4 \text{ J}} \\ = \underline{11.3 \text{ KJ}}$$

(2)

Total mass of fusion fuel

$$m_f = \frac{1 \text{ GJ}}{(3.3 \times 10^{11} \times 60\%)} = 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g} = \underline{5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg}}$$

Mass of TNT fuel

$$m_{\text{TNT}} = 1 \text{ GJ} / 4.6 \text{ MJ} = \underline{217.4 \text{ kg}}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m^2 v^2}{m} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{p^2}{m} \Rightarrow p = \sqrt{2mE}$$

$$p_f = \sqrt{2 \times 5 \times 10^{-6} \times 10^9} = \underline{100 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}$$

$$p_{\text{TNT}} = \sqrt{2 \times 217.4 \times 10^9} = \underline{6.6 \times 10^5 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}$$

$$p_{\text{TNT}} / p_f = 6.6 \times 10^5 / 100 = \underline{6,600 \text{ times}}$$

$$\frac{p_{\text{TNT}}}{p_f} = \frac{\sqrt{2m_{\text{TNT}}E}}{\sqrt{2m_fE}} = \sqrt{\frac{m_{\text{TNT}}}{m_f}} = \sqrt{\frac{217.4}{5 \times 10^{-6}}} = \underline{6,600 \text{ times}}$$