

Assignment 2

- a) Number particles entering the torus per second.

$$n_{\text{torus}} = \frac{1 \text{ MW}}{100 \text{ KeV}} = \frac{1 \cdot 10^6 \text{ J/sec}}{1 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 1.602 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ J}} \\ = \underline{6.242 \times 10^{19}} \text{ particles/second}$$

- b) Number ionised particles equation

$$\frac{d\dot{n}_0(z)}{dz} = -N\dot{n}_0(z)\sigma_{01}$$

Solving the equation

$$\int_{z_1}^{z_2} \frac{d\dot{n}_0(z)}{dz} dz = - \int_{z_1}^{z_2} N\sigma_{01} dz$$

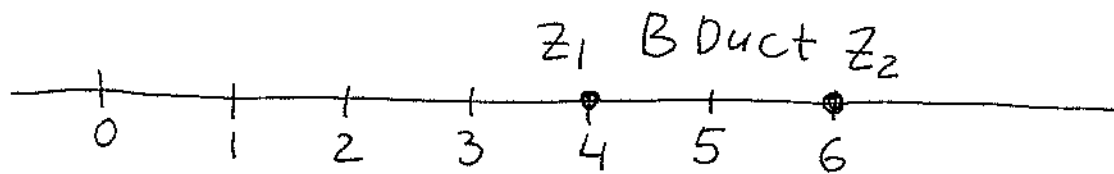
$$\ln \dot{n}(z_2)/\dot{n}(z_1) = -N\sigma_{01}(z_2 - z_1)$$

$$(1) \boxed{\dot{n}_0(z_2) = \dot{n}_0(z_1) \exp \{-N\sigma_{01}(z_2 - z_1)\}}$$

z_1 is a point where a particle starts being ionised, z_2 - finish.

b) i) From equ. (1) we can find $\dot{n}_0(z_1)$

$$\dot{n}_0(z_1) = \dot{n}_0(z_2) / \{ \exp(-N \sigma_{01}(z_2 - z_1)) \}$$



We will calculate number particles entering B Duct

$$\dot{n}_0(\text{B Duct}) = \dot{n}_0(\text{torus}) / \exp \{ -N \sigma_{01}(z_2 - z_1) \}$$

$$= 6.242 \times 10^{19} / \exp(-5.3 \times 10^{17} \times 1.55 \times 10^{-20} \times (6-3))$$

$$\left\{ \text{density } N = 2.65 \times 10^{20} \times 0.002 = 5.3 \times 10^{17} \frac{\text{p}}{\text{m}^3} \right\}$$

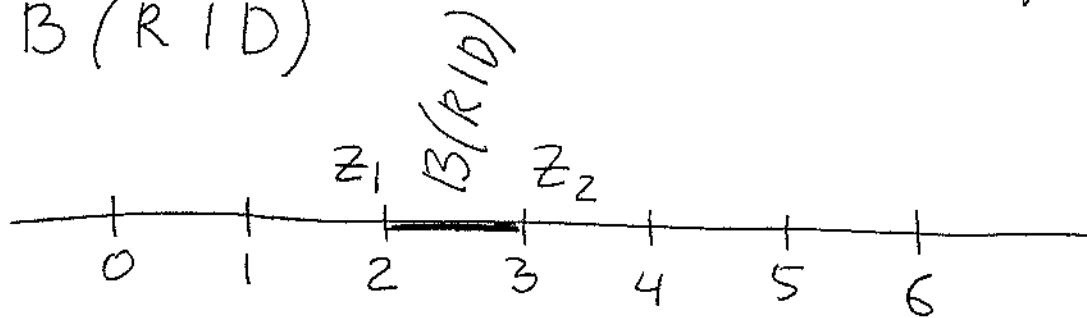
$$= 6.242 \times 10^{19} / \exp(-2.465 \times 10^{-2}) =$$

$$= 6.242 \cdot 10^{19} / (0.976) =$$

$$= \underline{6.395 \times 10^{19}} \text{ particles / second}$$

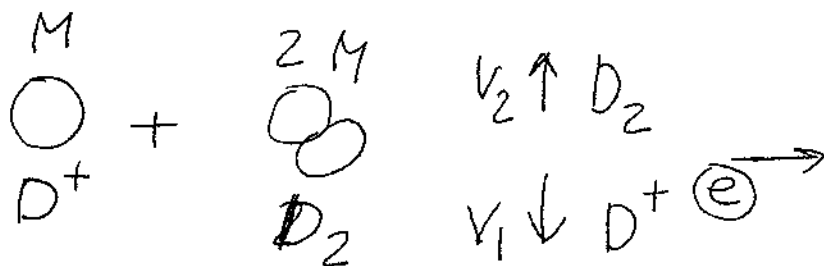
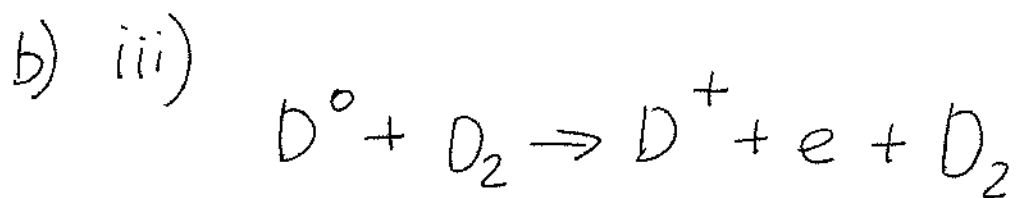
entering Drift Duct.

b)ii) Now as long as we know number of particles entering B(Duct) we can calculate number of particles entering B(RID)



$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{n}_0(BRID) &= \dot{n}_0(B_{Duct}) / \exp(-N \cdot 0.6(z_2 - z_1)) \\
 &= 6.395 \times 10^{19} / \exp(-2.65 \times 10^{20} \times 0.015 \times 1) \\
 &\quad 1.55 \times 10^{-20} \\
 &= 6.395 \times 10^{19} / \exp(-0.0616) = \\
 &= \underline{6.801 \times 10^{19}} \text{ particles entering} \\
 &\quad B(RID) \text{ per second.}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) iii)



$$\begin{cases} M V_1 = 2 M V_2 & \text{momentum} \\ \frac{M V_1^2}{2} + \frac{(2M) V_2^2}{2} = \frac{M V_0^2}{2} & \text{energy conservation} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} V_1 = 2 V_2 \\ \frac{M (2 V_2)^2}{2} + \frac{(2M) V_2^2}{2} = \frac{M V_0^2}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{M}{2} 4 V_2^2 + \frac{M}{2} 2 V_2^2 = \frac{M}{2} V_0^2 \\ V_1 = 2 V_2 \end{cases}$$

$$6 V_2^2 = V_0^2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} V_2 = \frac{V_0}{\sqrt{6}} \\ V_1 = 2 V_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} V_1 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} V_0 \\ V_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} V_0 \end{cases}$$

$$E_{b_2} = (2M) \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} V_0 \right)^2 = \frac{1}{3} E_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{b^+} &= (M) \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} M V_0^2 \\ &= \frac{2}{3} E_0 \end{aligned}$$

where $E_0 = \frac{M}{2} V_0^2$ - energy of D^+

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Total energy of } D^+ \text{ entering B(RID)} \\ &= (6.801 - 6.242) \cdot 10^{19} \cdot 10^5 \text{ eV} = \\ &= 0.558 \cdot 10^{19} \cdot 10^5 \cdot 1.602 \cdot 10^{-19} = \\ &= 0.089 \cdot 10^6 \text{ W} = 89 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Power loading on the plates} = \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \cdot 89 \text{ kW} \approx \underline{\underline{29.3 \text{ kW}}} \end{aligned}$$

c) ii) \dot{n}^+ ions,
 \dot{n}^0 neutralised ions
 \dot{n}^x not neutralised ions.

$$\dot{n}^+ = \dot{n}^0 + \dot{n}^x \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{n}^x = \dot{n}^+ - \dot{n}^0 = \frac{\dot{n}^0}{\left(\frac{\dot{n}^0}{\dot{n}^+}\right)} - \dot{n}^0 =$$

$$= \dot{n}^0 \left(\frac{1}{\left(\frac{\dot{n}^0}{\dot{n}^+}\right)} - 1 \right)$$

Not neutralised ions

$$\dot{n}^x = \dot{n}^0 \left(\frac{1}{(\dot{n}^0/\dot{n}^+)} - 1 \right)$$

$$\dot{n}^x = 6.801 \times 10^{19} \left(\frac{1}{0.4604} - 1 \right) =$$

$$= \underline{7.983 \times 10^{19}} \text{ ions are not neutralised per second}$$

Check

ions neutralised

ions not neutralised

total ions

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6.80 \cdot 10^{19} \\
 + 7.98 \cdot 10^{19} \\
 \hline
 14.77 \cdot 10^{19}
 \end{array}$$

c) iii)

Total energy of ions =

$$= 14.77 \times 10^{19} \cdot 100 \text{ KeV} =$$

$$= 14.77 \times 10^{19} \times 10^5 \text{ eV} \times 1.602 \times 10^{-19} =$$

$$= 2.36 \text{ MW} - \text{input}$$

1 MW - output

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{1 \text{ MW}}{2.36 \text{ MW}} = \frac{0.423 \text{ times}}{}$$

$$\approx 42\%$$