



1

Software Components and RTE

Get familiar with DaVinci Developer, design Software Components, and connect them via ports. Create the Runnables that will contain your code. Have a first look at DaVinci Configurator Pro to configure the OS.

Generate the BSW configuration and fill the runnable skeletons with your code.

The target of this first exercise is to generate the RTE and test the result via a breakpoint in Visual Studio.

Exercise 1 – Software Components



Exercise steps

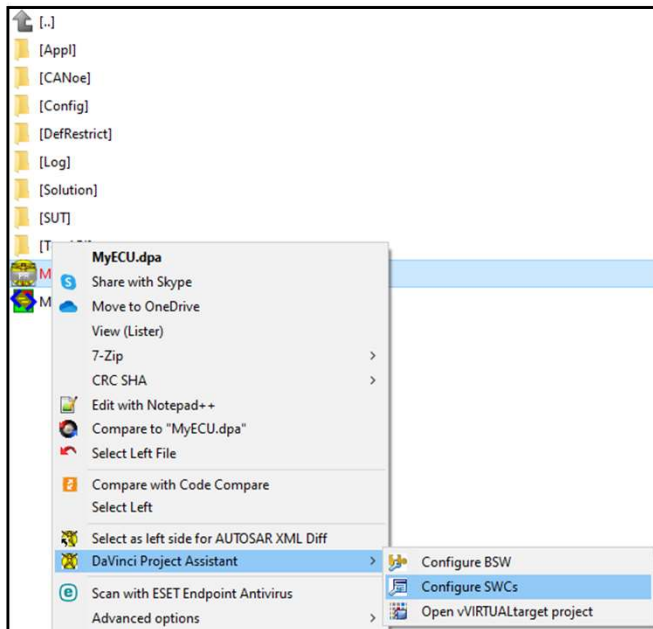
1. Design Software Components, Ports, Data Elements, Connections
2. Create Runnables and Tasks
3. Configure BSW
4. Generate BSW, implement SWC functionality and test it

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Open **DaVinci Developer**

Right click on `_E1_SoftwareComponents\ MyECU.dpa`,
select DaVinci Project Assistant->Configure SWCs



Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

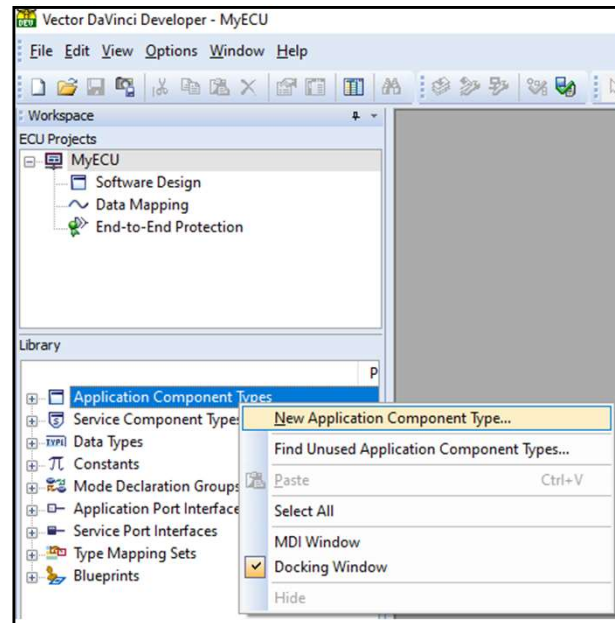
Create following Application Component Types:

- › Name: **CtCoApplication**
- › Type: Composition

- › Name: **CtApMySwc**
- › Type: Application
- › Support Multiple Instantiation: OFF

- › Name: **CtSaDoor**
- › Type: SensorActuator
- › Support Multiple Instantiation: ON

- › Name: **CtSaInteriorLight**
- › Type: SensorActuator
- › Support Multiple Instantiation: ON



Component Types which may be instantiated more than once in an ECU should have **Support Multiple Instantiation** set to **On**.

The Component Type **CtApMySwc** will only be instantiated once in the ECU because it contains the application algorithm.

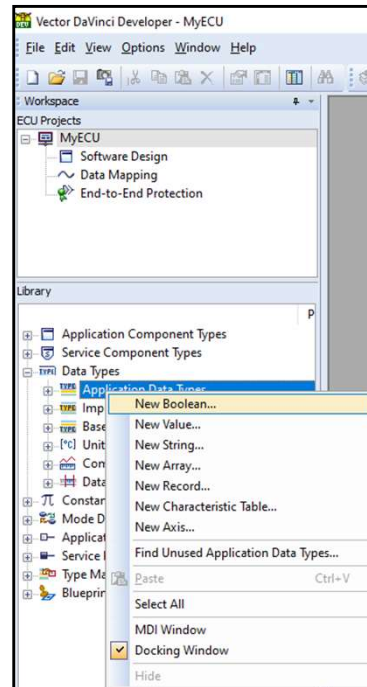
Other component types may exist more than once (i.e., four doors, two interior lights).

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Create an **Application Data Type** (in the Developer Library;
(see right))

- › **AdtDoorState** as New Boolean Type
- › **AdtLightState** as New Boolean Type



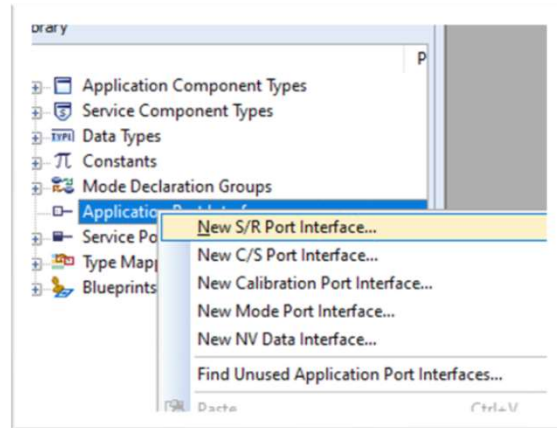
Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Create following Application S/R Port Interfaces:

- › Name: **PiDoorState**
- › Data Element Name: **DeDoorState**
- › Data Element Type: **AdtDoorState**

- › Name: **PiLightState**
- › Data Element Name: **DeLightState**
- › Data Element Type: **AdtLightState**



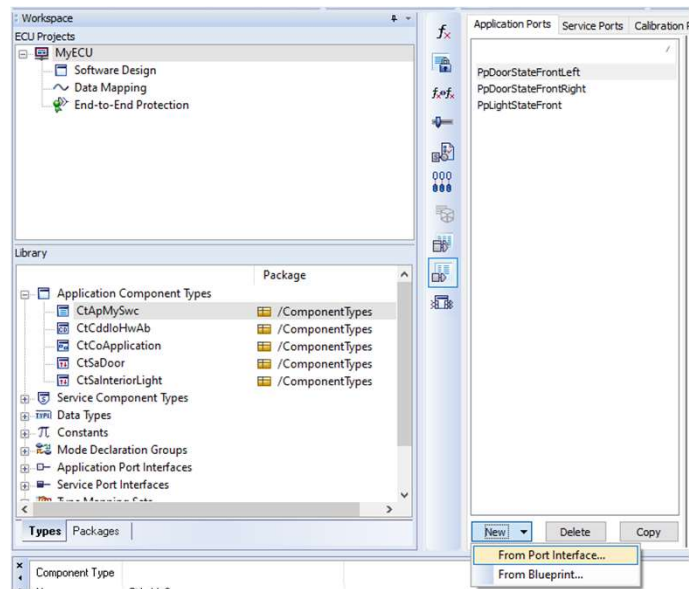
The port prototypes have to transport information about the door states and light states. Define one data element of the appropriate type for each port interface before port prototypes are instantiated.

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Create following Port Prototypes on **CtApMySwc**:

- > Receiver port **PpDoorStateFrontLeft**
Port interface: **PiDoorState**
- > Receiver port **PpDoorStateFrontRight**
Port interface: **PiDoorState**
- > Sender port **PpLightStateFront**
Port interface: **PiLightState**

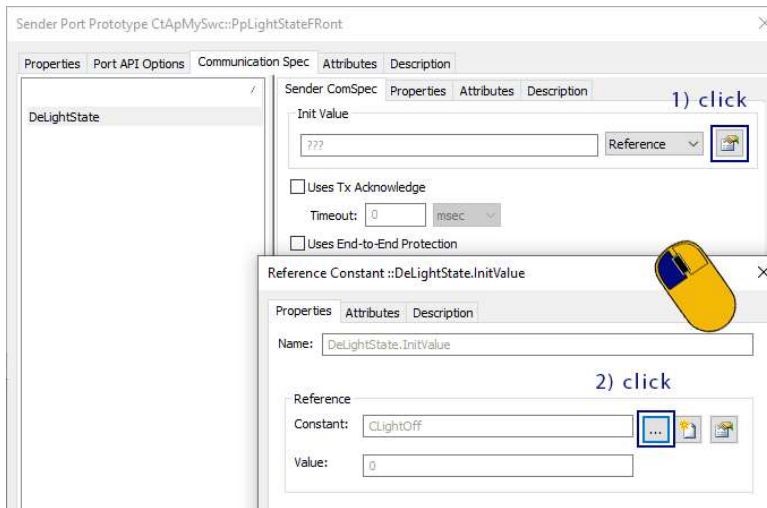


Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

For created ports select following Init values:

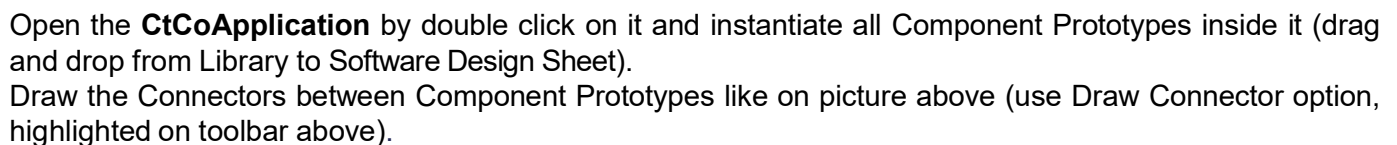
- > **PpDoorStateFrontLeft**, Init value: **CDoorClosed**
- > **PpDoorStateFrontRight**, Init value: **CDoorClosed**
- > **PpLightStateFront**, Init value: **CLightOff**



Assignment of Init Value for data elements:

- Select Application Port and data element for which Init value should be set
- As Init Value type select Reference
- Choose properties 1) on image above
- Select existing constant 2) on image above

- › Sender port **PpDoorState** on **CtSaDoor**
Port interface: **PiDoorState**
Init value: **CDoorClosed**
- › Receiver port **PpLightState** on **CtSaInteriorLight**
Port interface: **PiLightState**
Init value: **CLightOff**



Exercise 1 – Software Components

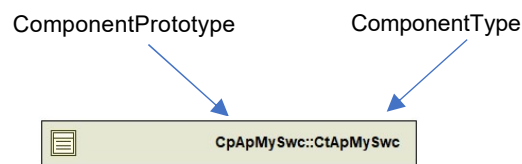
Part 1/4: Software Components

Please note the complete software design is contained in the composition **CtCoApplication**. This composition must contain the atomic software components you want to use in your software design.

As a final step, you must instantiate the **CtCoApplication** in the Software Design in DaVinci Developer.

The Component Type **CtSaDoor** is used twice, two different instances (Component Prototypes) of the same **CtSaDoor** exist (**CpSaDoorFrontLeft** and **CpSaDoorFrontRight**).

By connecting the Port Prototypes (**PpDoorState**) to different Port Prototypes of other Component Prototypes (**PpDoorStateFrontLeft**, **PpDoorStateFrontRight**), each instance has the same behavior, but with different input and output.



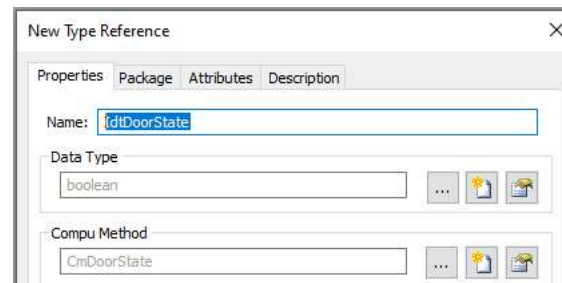
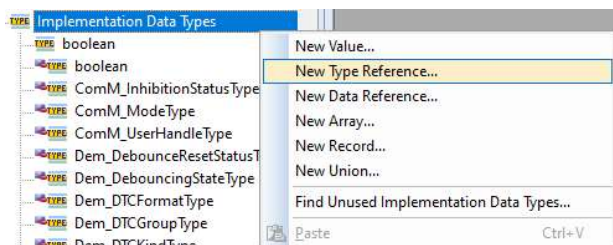
Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Create the following Implementation Data Type References:

- › Name: **IdtDoorState**
- › Data Type: **boolean** from /DataTypes/PlatformTypes
- › Compu Method: **CmDoorState**

- › Name: **IdtLightState**
- › Data Type: **boolean** from /DataTypes/PlatformTypes
- › Compu Method **CmLightState**



HINT: The Compu Method can be used to generate #defines into the SW component header file **Rte_<SwCTypeName>_Type.h**.

In our case these defines are:

CMLIGHTSTAE_LIGHTON/LIGHTOFF

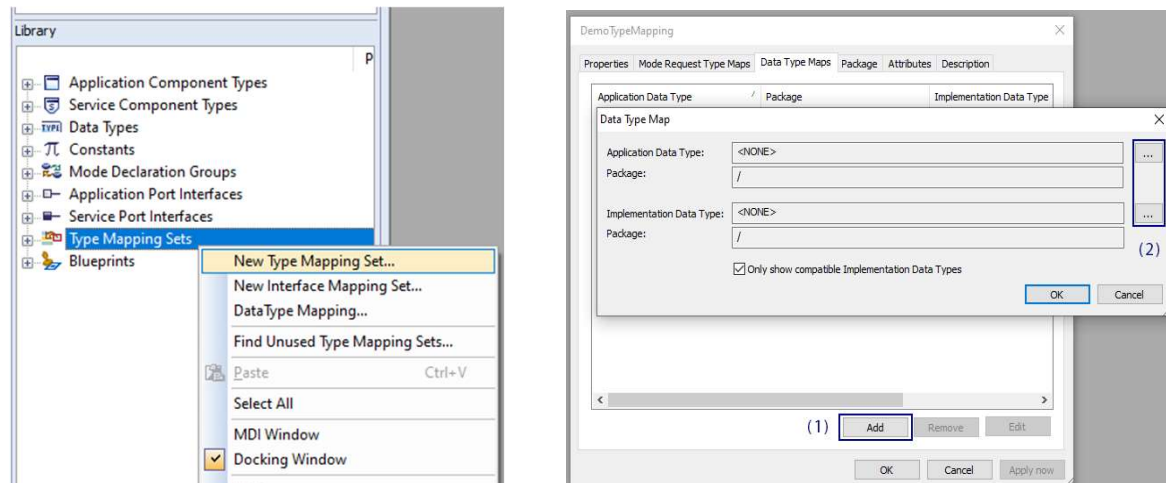
and

CMDOORSTATE_DOOROPEN/CLOSED

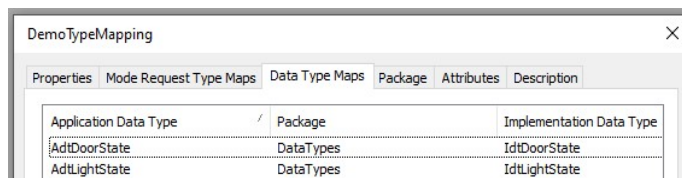
Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Create a Type Mapping Set with the name **DemoTypeMapping**



Creation of a Data Type Map:
 (1) click "Add"
 (2) select Application Data Type and Implementation Data Type mapping



Result: the application data types are mapped to implementation data types

Define a **Data Type Map** for DemoTypeMapping

Assign an Implementation Data Type to each Application Data Type

- **AdtDoorState** → **IdtDoorState**
- **AdtLightState** → **IdtLightState**

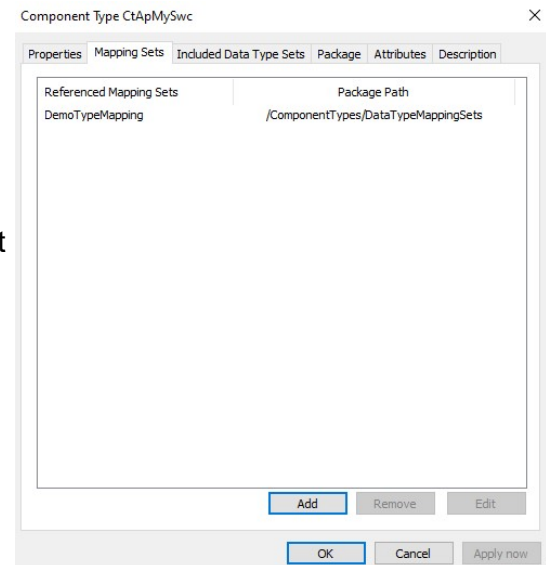
Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Now it is time to assign the Type Mapping Set to all atomic SWCs in your design.

For Each Atomic SWC Type

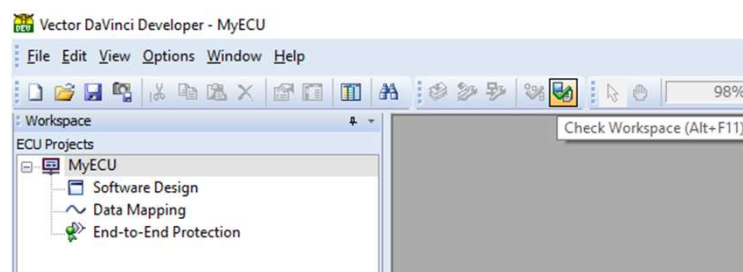
- › Open the Component Type Properties (see upper right figure)
- › Assign the Type Mapping Set to the SWC (see right figure)



Hint: You have 3 atomic SWC Types (**CtApMySwc**, **CtSaDoor** and **CtSaInteriorLight**).

After this, you can perform validation of your workspace. This is in the main Developer toolbar (see image below). If **no** type mapping set is selected, DaVinci Developer reports in its message window: 40317 Missing data type mapping detected

You should **not** see this specific message (error 40317) if you have successfully assigned the data type maps to your SWC Types!
Other warnings are OK at this point.

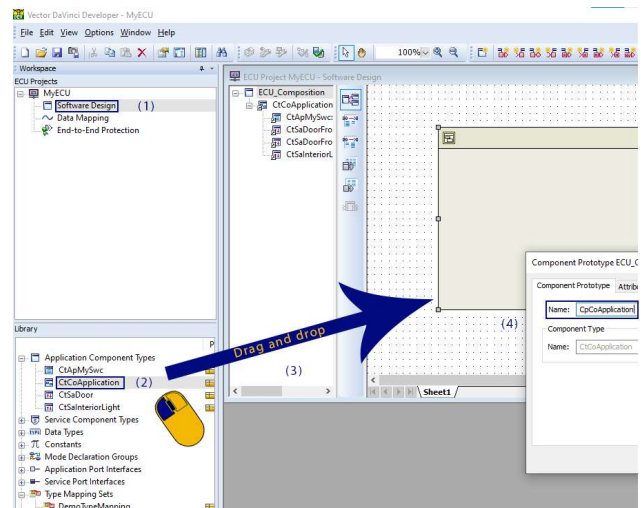


Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 1/4: Software Components

Instantiate the Composition **CtCoApplication** in the Software Design view.

1. Double click on MyECU->Software Design
2. Select **CtApplication** from Library
3. Drag and drop **CtCoApplication** from Library to Software Design Sheet
4. Right click on the newly created **CtCoApplication**, select "Properties" and rename Component Prototype to "**CpCoApplication**"



When **Component Prototype** are created, they keep same name as **Component Type**, so you have to rename them manually (described in step 4 above).

For Component Type names prefix **Ct** is used, but for Component Prototype names we use prefix **Cp**.

Additionally, if Component Type has multiple Component Prototypes, Component Prototypes must have names that differentiate them from each other

(i.e., **CtSaDoor** -> **CpSaDoorFrontLeft**, **CtSaDoor_1** -> **CpSaDoorFrontRight**, **CtApMySwc** -> **CpApMySwc**, **CtSaInteriorLight** -> **CpSaInteriorLightFront**).

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

The next step defines the internal behavior for the atomic SWC Types

Each atomic SWC Type contains at least one "Runnable"

- › Each Runnable usually has a "trigger"
- › Each Runnable has "port access" in order to receive and send data, or call an operation
- › The procedure for defining Runnables, their triggers, port accesses and names is illustrated on next slides

HINT: The RTE controls the execution of Runnables. The trigger condition decides when a Runnable will run (cyclically, on data reception, etc.).

Port Access is used to allow runnables to access data elements or receiver or sender ports

The screenshot illustrates the steps to create a new Runnable within a Component Type. On the left, the 'Library' pane shows 'Application Component Types' with 'CtApMySwc' selected (1). An arrow points to the 'Component Type CtApMySwc' window. In this window, the 'Runnable Entry' list (2) is empty. The 'New' button is clicked, opening a dialog (3) with options: 'Runnable', 'Server Runnables...', and 'Init Runnable'. The 'Runnable' option is selected. The 'Trigger' tab (5) is active, showing a list of trigger conditions. The 'Background' trigger (5) is selected. The 'Port Access' tab (6) is also shown, displaying a list of port access operations like 'Receive Data (queued)...', 'Read Data (non-queued)...', etc. (6).

Double click the SWC Type (2) to access Component Type view

Select 'f(x)' icon to access runnable dialog (2). Create a new **Runnable** (3) and give it a name, (4) select Trigger in tab (5), select the Port Access in tab (6)

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

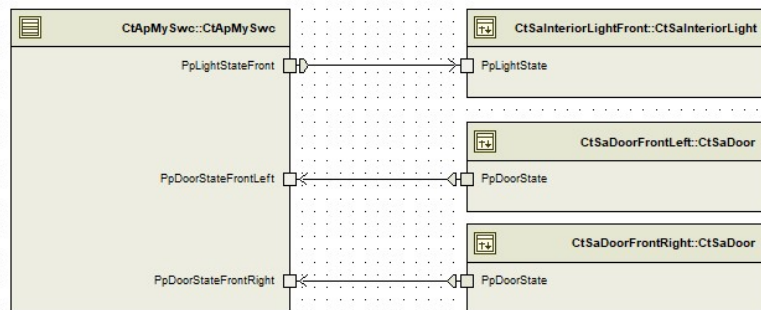
- › Define Runnables with the **Triggers** given in the figure.
- › Define the correct **Port Access** for each Runnable.
- › Check workspace, save and close Developer.

Trigger:
Receive data via **PpDoorStateFrontLeft**
or
PpDoorStateFrontRight

Runnable:
RCtApMySwcCode

Trigger:
Receive data via **PpLightState**

Runnable:
RCtSaInteriorLightSwitchLight



Runnable:
RCtSaDoorReadDoor

Trigger:
periodic 200 ms

Add Port Access for following Runnables:

CtSaDoor.RCtSaDoorReadDoor

- › write explicit for **PpDoorState.DeDoorState**

CtSaInteriorLight.RCtSaInteriorLightSwitchLight

- › read explicit by argument for **PpLightState.DeLightState**

CtApMySwc. RCtApMySwcCode

- › read implicit for **PpDoorStateFrontLeft.DeDoorState**
- › read explicit by argument for **PpDoorStateFrontRight.DeDoorState**
- › write explicit for **PpLightStateFront.DeLightState**

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnable and Tasks

OS Tasks are required to execute Runnable of our SWCs

In our design we have some Sensor/Actuator SWCs and control application that is independent of sensors and actuators.

We will map all our runnables to two OS tasks:

- > **My_Task**, all Runnable from **CtApMySwc** are mapped to this task
- > **IO_Task**, all Runnable from **CtSaDoor** and **CtSaInteriorLight** are mapped to this task

HINT: This slide summarizes only what tasks we need and for what we use them. See next slide for “how to” instructions.

Runnable **RCtSaDoorReadDoor** will be mapped twice, one time for each Component Prototype.

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

Open DaVinci Configurator

Right click on _E1_SoftwareComponents\ MyECU.dpa,
select DaVinci Project Assistant->Configure BSW

After opening Configurator, workspace will be Validated automatically. When validation finishes double-click on solving action, marked with light bulb
"Synchronize the System Description".

After this is done following RTE error will appear:
RTE 01056 Unmapped runnable entity (4 messages)

ID	Message
COM02326	Parameter ComTransferProperty will be ignored for Rx ComSignals/ComGroupSignals. (3 messages)
Cfg00020	Deviation from initial configuration (4 messages)
ECUC01004	The PduLengthTypeEnum can be red. Deviation from initial configuration (4 messages)
RTE59000	The System Description is not in sync. (1 message)
RTE59000	The System Description needs to be synchronized.
	Synchronize the System Description.
	/ActiveEcuC/Rte
	COMPOSITIONTYPE

To fix this we have to map runnables to Taks
Go to **Runtime System**
Select **OS Configuration → Tasks**



There are already some OS tasks defined:

- › **Init_Task** is an AUTOSTART task, and it is responsible for initialization of the Basic Software
- › **SchM_Task** is responsible for the periodic execution of the BSW modules main functions

Don't make any changes to those tasks.

Name	Schedule	Priority	Activation
Init_Task	NON	4	1
SchM_Task	FULL	6	1

The OS Configuration dialog in Configurator Pro. Create new task by clicking the '+' icon.

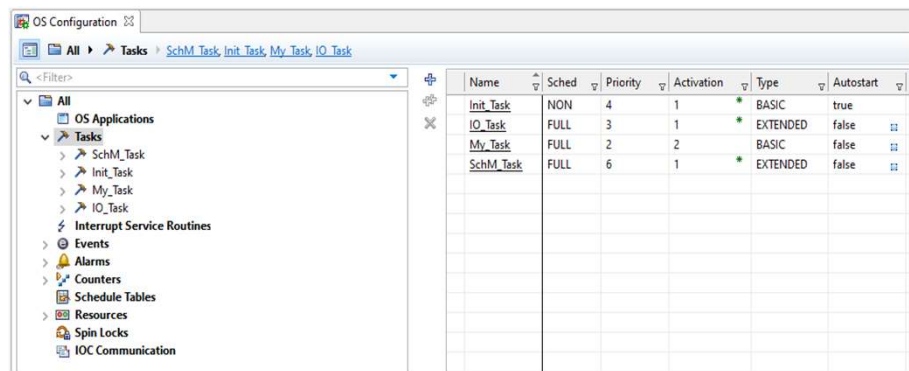
Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

Create following tasks:

- › Name: **My_Task**
- › Schedule: **FULL**
- › Priority: **2**
- › Activation: **2**
- › Task Type: **Basic**

- › Name: **IO_Task**
- › Schedule: **FULL**
- › Priority: **3**
- › Activation: **1**
- › Task Type: **Extended**



The screenshot shows the 'OS Configuration' window with the 'Tasks' tab selected. The left pane shows a tree view with 'OS Applications' expanded, and 'Tasks' selected. The right pane shows a table of configured tasks.

Name	Sched	Priority	Activation	Type	Autostart
Init_Task	NON	4	1	BASIC	true
IO_Task	FULL	3	1	EXTENDED	false
My_Task	FULL	2	2	BASIC	false
SchM_Task	FULL	6	1	EXTENDED	false

Resulting task configuration shown here

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

Select **ECU Software Components** (see right)
You will see all atomic SWC Prototypes in your design.



Task mapping for **CpApMySwc** :

- › **RCtApMySwcCode** → **My_Task**
- › Position: 0, for both triggers

The screenshot shows the 'Task Mapping' window. On the left is a tree view of the project structure, including 'ECU Composition', 'Application Components', and 'CpApMySwc'. The main area displays a table with 2 of 2 function triggers mapped. A blue callout box points to the 'Task' and 'Position' columns with the text 'Set task and position'.

Triggered Function	Trigger Condition	Owner	Activation Offset [ms]	Task	Position
RCtApMySwcCode	PpDoorStateFrontRight.DeDoorState	Component CpApMySwc		My_Task	0
RCtApMySwcCode	PpDoorStateFrontLeft.DeDoorState	Component CpApMySwc		My_Task	0

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 2/4: Runnables and Tasks

Define the Task mapping for each SWC, same procedure as for **CpApMySwc**.

Task mapping for **CpSaDoorFrontLeft**:

- › **RCtSaDoorReadDoor** → **IO_Task**
- › Position: 0

Task mapping for **CpSaDoorFrontRight**:

- › **RCtSaDoorReadDoor** → **IO_Task**
- › Position: 1

Task mapping for **CpSaFrontInteriorLigh**:

- › **RCtSaInteriorLightSwitchLight** → **IO_Task**
- › Position: 2

Runnable **RCtSaDoorReadDoor** has to be mapped twice, one time for each Component Prototype.

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 3/4: Configure AUTOSAR OS

Open **OS Configuration**, the RTE has already added all required elements resulting from the SWC Design: Alarms, Events, etc.

Save the project

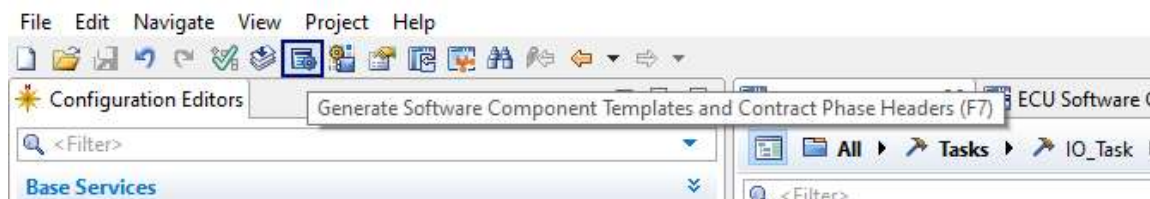
Generate BSW (press F9)

Click "OK" to close the 'Build VTT project' Dialog

Close the Generation Dialog

Press F7 to generate the SWC Templates
(see next slide for more details)

(1) Please remember the SWC Templates also have to be updated. In the current version of the Configurator tool, this must be done using a separate icon next to the generate BSW icon.



Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 4/4: Generate code, program Runnables and test it

Open Visual Studio Project by double-clicking on file
`_E1_SoftwareComponents\Solutions\MyECU.sln`

Implement SWC functionality inside generated implementation templates
(**CtApMySWC.c**, **CtSaDoor.c**, **CtsaFrontInteriorLight.c**)

In **CtSaDoor.c**

- › simulate the state of the front doors, hard-code door state to open or close for testing purposes, in this exercise we are not connected to door sensors in CANoe

In **CtApMySWC.c**

- › React on incoming information about front doors (opened or closed)
- › Turn the front interior light on or off based on doors state

in **CtSaInteriorLight.c**

- › Check received data by setting a breakpoint during debugging
-
- › Build the ECU code in Visual Studio by pressing F7

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 4/4: Generate code, program Runnables and test it

Start CANoe with double click on the `_E1_SoftwareComponents\CANoe\MyECU.cfg`

When CANoe is opened, switch back to the Microsoft Visual Studio.
Do not start the CANoe measurement yet.

Press **F5** in Visual Studio to start Debug session and to attaches to CANoe
(via RuntimeKernel.exe process)

Switch back to CANoe and start the simulation by pressing **F9**

Exercise 1 – Software Components

Part 4/4: Generate code, program Runnables and test it

Set a breakpoint in the runnable **RCtApMySwcCode** and test whether the reception of the information about door state triggers the runnable and whether the values of the door states are correct.

Set a breakpoint in the runnable **RCtSaInteriorLightSwitchLight** and test whether the reception of the information "light on" triggers the runnable and whether the value of the light is correct.

Take a look how and from where Runables are executed. Find definitions of **Rte_Read** and **Rte_Write** functions and try to understand how they work...

What is difference between **Rte_Read** and **Rte_IRead**?