

 **Задача 91.** Нека случайната величина  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ . Да се намерят плътностите на случайните величини

- $Y = -X$ ;
- $Y = 2X - 1$ ;
- $Y = \sqrt{X}$ ;
- $Y = X^\alpha$  за  $\alpha > 0$ .

9)  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$

каква е вероятността на  $Y$ :

- a)  $Y = -X$
- б)  $Y = 2X - 1$
- в)  $Y = \sqrt{X}$

Знаем  $f_X(x) \rightarrow f_Y(y) = ?$

$P(X < x) \rightarrow P(Y < y)$  през  $P(X < x)$

$f_{g(x)}(x) = ?$

$$P(g(X) < x) = P(X < g^{-1}(x)) = F_X(g^{-1}(x))$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{g(x)}(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_{g(x)}(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [F_X(g^{-1}(x))] =$$

$$= F'_X(g^{-1}(x)) \cdot g^{-1}(x)'$$

$$= f_X(g^{-1}(x)) \cdot g^{-1}(x)'$$

a)  $Y = -X$

$$P(Y < y) = P(-X < y) = P(X > -y) = 1 - P(X \leq -y) = 1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda y}) = e^{-\lambda y} \text{ for } y \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy} P(Y < y) = \frac{d}{dy} F_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy} (1 - e^{-\lambda y}) = \lambda e^{-\lambda y} \text{ for } y \geq 0$$

$$P(Y < y) = P(X > -y) = \begin{cases} e^{-\lambda y}, & y \geq 0 \\ 0, & y < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda y}, & y \geq 0 \\ 0, & y < 0 \end{cases}$$

б)  $Y = 2X - 1$

$$P(Y < y) = P(2X - 1 < y) = P(X < \frac{1+y}{2}) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\lambda \frac{1+y}{2}}, & \frac{1+y}{2} \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{иначе} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \lambda e^{-\lambda \frac{1+y}{2}}, & \frac{1+y}{2} \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{иначе} \end{cases}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{2} \lambda e^{-\lambda \frac{1+y}{2}} \text{ for } y \geq -1$$

в)  $Y = \sqrt{X}$

И наистина:

$$P(Y < y) = P(X^{\frac{1}{2}} < y) = P(X < y^2) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\lambda y^2}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & y \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy} F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 2y e^{-\lambda y^2}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & y \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

И наистина:

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x} \text{ е растяща и диференцируема и } g^{-1}(y) = y^2$$

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y) = f_X(g^{-1}(y)) \frac{d}{dy} (g^{-1}(y)) = f_X(y^2) \frac{d}{dy} y^2 = 2y \cdot f_X(y^2) = \begin{cases} 2y e^{-\lambda y^2}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & y \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$r) g(x) = x^\alpha, \alpha > 0$$

$g$  е растяща и диференцируема и  $g^{-1}(y) = y^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}$

$$\Rightarrow f_y(y) = f_x(g^{-1}(y)) \frac{dg^{-1}(y)}{dy} = f_x(y^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}) \cdot \frac{d}{dy} y^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\alpha} y^{\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}} \cdot f_x(y^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\alpha} y^{\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} y^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}}, & y > 0 \\ 0, & y \leq 0 \end{cases}$$