

# Exercises: Class Inheritance and Prototypes

Problems for exercises and homework for the ["JavaScript Advanced" course @ SoftUni](https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/339/). Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at <https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/339/>.

## 1. Person and Teacher

Write a JS class **Person** and a class **Teacher** which extends **Person**. A **Person** should have a **name** and an **email**. A **Teacher** should have a **name**, an **email**, and a **subject**.

### Input

There will be no input.

### Output

Your function should return an object containing the classes **Person** and **Teacher**.

### Example

```
template.js

function personAndTeacher() {
  //TODO

  return {
    Person,
    Teacher
  }
}
```

## 2. Inheriting and Replacing ToString

Extend the **Person** and **Teacher** from the previous task and add a class **Student** inheriting from **Person**. Add **toString()** functions to all classes, the formats should be as follows:

- Person - returns "**Person (name: {name}, email: {email})**"
- Student - returns "**Student (name: {name}, email: {email}, course: {course})**"
- Teacher - returns "**Teacher (name: {name}, email:{email}, subject:{subject})**"

Try to reuse code by using the **toString** function of the base class.

### Input

There will be no input.

### Output

Your function should return an object containing the classes **Person**, **Teacher** and **Student**.

### Example

```
template.js

function toStringExtension() {
  //TODO
```

```

return {
  Person,
  Teacher,
  Student
}
}

```

### 3. Extend Prototype

Write a JS function which receives a **class** and attaches to it a property **species** and a function **toSpeciesString()**. When called, the function returns a string with format:

**I am a <species>. <toString()>**

The function **toString** is called from the current instance (call using **this**).

#### Input

Your function will receive a class whose prototype it should extend.

#### Output

There is no output, your function should only attach the properties to the given class' prototype.

#### Example

template.js

```

function extendClass(classToExtend) {
  //TODO
}

```

### 4. Class Hierarchy

Write a JS function that returns 3 classes - **Figure**, **Circle**, **Rectangle**.

**Figure:**

- should be abstract (cannot be instantiated)

**Circle:**

- extends Figure.
- has a property **radius**
- overrides **area** getter to return the area of the Circle ( $\text{PI} * r * r$ )
- **toString()** - should return a string representation of the figure in the format "**{type}** - radius: **{radius}**"

**Rectangle**

- extends Figure
- has properties **width** and **height**
- overrides **area** getter to return the area of the Rectangle ( $\text{width} * \text{height}$ )
- **toString()** - should return a string representation of the figure in the format "**{type}** - width: **{width}**, height: **{height}**"

## Input

There will be no input.

## Output

Your function should return an object containing the **Figure**, **Circle** and **Rectangle** classes.

## Examples

This code demonstrates how your classes should behave:

Sample Code	
<pre>let f = new Figure(); let c = new Circle(5); console.log(c.area); console.log(c.toString()); let r = new Rectangle(3,4); console.log(r.area); console.log(r.toString());</pre>	<pre>//Error  //78.53981633974483 //Circle - radius: 5  //12 //Rectangle - width: 3, height: 4</pre>