

- ball over paddle
- button to launch ball in random direction
- if all bricks clear:
 - ...
if ball falls off
 - if lives == 0:
 - else:
- ← → move cursor
- ↑ ↓ increase/decrease move rate
- 1 set 1st corner
- 2 set 2nd corner
- A ⌘ change R,G,B or B
- W ↕ increment current color
- X ⌘ delete object at cursor
- B ⌘ create brick A = exit
- W ⌘ create wall

• Ball & paddle positions shown (cannot be changed)

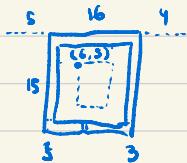
• Autosaves (level, objects directly on array)

• cannot overlap objects

• show rect node between corner
1 8 2

• highlight selected color in R,G,B at top

• display MAX temporarily if player tries to place wall or brick beyond array size



int = word

POS = top left

$y: [0 \rightarrow 127]$

// No in between NULLs

Level regular_levels[5] (10620)

Level custom_levels[5] (10620)

// Singletons

MenuState menuState

Game game

Editor editor

struct Vec (8)

[0] [0] int x

[4] [4] int y

struct Rect (20)

[0] [0] int color \Rightarrow Rect is NULL

[4] [4] Vec Pos

[c] [12] Vec w-h

struct Brick (24)

[0] [0] int life \nearrow or null
[4] [4] Rect rect // 0 = broken, -1 on collision

struct bitmap

[0] [0] int width

[4] [4] int height

// 0xFF... means transparent

[8] [8] int pixels[] \leftarrow

struct Level (2124)

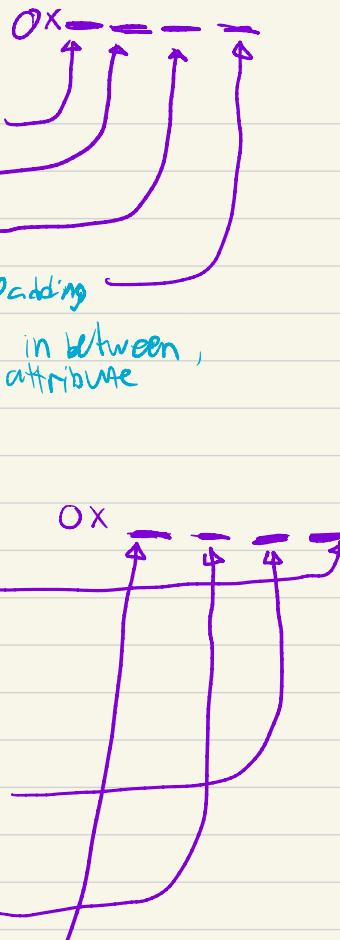
- [3] [3] byte is-null" 1 → Level is NULL
- [2] [2] byte num_briCks
- [1] [1] byte num_walls
- [0] [0] byte padding // Nothing here, just padding
- [4] [4] BriCk briCks [80] // can have NULLs in between, use length attribute
- [784] [1924] Rect walls [10] //

struct MenuState (8)

- [0] [0] byte state // 0=menu, Play-selected
1=menu.levels_sel, 2=menu.edit_sel,
3=menu.quit_sel, 4=levels.regular,
5=levels.custom, 6=editormenu, 7=editor,
8=game
- [1] [1] byte level_idx // used by states 4,5,6
to select a level

- [2] [2] byte max-unlocked // index of highest
unlocked regular level (inclusive)

- [3] [3] byte Padding // for alignment
- [4] [4] int highScore // play mode high score



GAME CONTROLS

A **D** move Paddle

A **S** **W** **D** menu navigation

Space Action (select, launch ball, continue)

B Go back (menu)

struct Game (2160)

- [0] [0] Level level
 - [84c] [2124] Vec ball_pos init pos = (60, 102), dims = (3, 3)
 - [854] [2132] Vec ball_vel
 - [85c] [2140] Vec puddle_pos init pos = (50, 110), dims = (25, 3)
 - [864] [2148] byte mode_mask
 - [865] [2149] byte level_idx // stores current level being played.
 - [866] [2150] byte is_paused // 1 == paused
 - [867] [2151] byte padding // alignment
 - [868] [2152] int Score // current score
 - [86c] [2156] int lives // if = 0, display game over
- least sig
// was level selected manually
• is-selected
// was the selected level custom
• is-custom
// back to menu after win
- 00 = play mode // 1st lvl → last
1 = selected regular level
2 = selected custom level

struct Editor // modifying in level array directly (32)

- [0] [0] byte level_idx // idx into custom_levels array
- [1] [1] byte RGB_SEL // 0x01 = R, 0x02 = G, 0x03 = B, 0x04 = lives
- [2] [2] byte error_timer // decrements unless 0, if not 0, show "MAX" error up top
- [3] [3] byte lives // alignment
- [4] [4] Vec cursor_pos
- [c] [c] Vec corner1 // All allowed, account for this
- [1u] [20] Vec corner2
- [1c] [28] int color

△ state: ///P

dirty = 1

→ 8 (Game)

menu_state.state = 8
game.mode-mask = <>
game.level-idx = <>
game.score = <>
game.lives = <>

→ [0,3] (menu)

menu_state.state = [0,3]

→ [4,5] (level select)

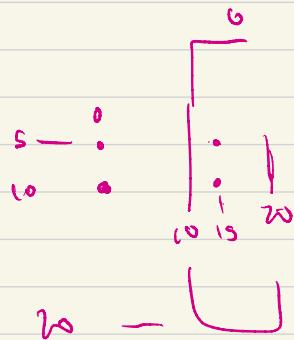
menu_state.state = [4,5]

→ 6 (edit menu)

menu_state.state = 6

→ 7 (editor)

menu_state.state = 7
editor.level-idx = <>



fn-collide-level (level *, VOC *l, REC w-h)

→ Void *, int

0=NULL

No collision

1=brick

2=wall

3=player/door

4=no collision

otherwise, p to collided obj
in level

// TODO: fix bitmap draw

click

fn-run-editor ():

if dusty: follow procedure

if keyboard pressed:

if & cursor.x < 127
cursor.x++

elif & cursor.x > 0
cursor.x--

elseif & cursor.y > 0
cursor.y--

elseif & cursor.y < 117
cursor.y++

endif

corner1 = cursor

endif

corner2 = cursor

endif & RGB_SEL > 1
RGB_SEL --

endif & RGB_SEL < 4

RGB_SEL ++

endif & color[RGB_SEL] < 255
color[RGB_SEL] ++

elif & color[RGB_SEL] > 0
color[RGB_SEL] --

endif

Return to editor menu

else

for b in bricks

if b.collide(cursor):

b=NULL

num-bricks--

j END

for w in walls

if w.collide(cursor):

w=NULL

num-walls--

j end

END:

endif

if red != collide w/ walls & bricks

find first null on the spot
& write brick

endif

same but for
walls

return

fn-run-game()

if brty:

execute instructions on (ast) page

if !paused & !game_over

compute ball unit vector \vec{u}

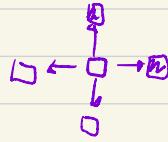
4 u.x

8 u.y

52,56 total_movement = (0,0)

while total_movement < vel:

20,72 future_x = ball.x + $\vec{u}.x$



68 per

24,76 future_neg_x = ball.x + - $\vec{u}.x$

28,80 future_y = ball.y + $\vec{u}.y$

32,84 future_neg_y = ball.y + - $\vec{u}.y$

36,40 collide_x, collide_neg_x = 0

44,48 collide_y, collide_neg_y = 0

= total movement

→ 60

for b in bricks:

if collide(future_x): collide_x = 1
 if collide(future_neg_x): collide_neg_x = 1
 if collide(future_y): collide_y = 1
 if collide(future_neg_y): collide_neg_y = 1



64 ← draw_rect(erase, brick.rect), score++, update_score()

for w in walls: ①

color = $\frac{5}{6}$

if paddle.collide(future_x): collide_x = 1
 if paddle.collide(future_neg_x): collide_neg_x = 1
 if paddle.collide(future_y): collide_y = 1
 if paddle.collide(future_neg_y): collide_neg_y = 1

if collide_x: ball.vel.x = -1, $\vec{u}.x = -1$

if !collide_neg_x: ball.pos.x += $\vec{u}.x$

else: ball.pos.x += $\vec{u}.x$

... same for y ...



*show
"WMPTE
message

draw_rect(erase, ball.pos, ball.w-h)
ball.pos += total movement
draw_rect(ball, ball.pos, ball.w-h)

dst
src
vel
trans
Vel

erase & redraw score

if keypress.a & paddle pos != max-left:

 erase paddle

 paddle pos --

 draw_paddle

same for right movement

if keypress.space & ball.vel = (0,0):

 ball.vel = random

if ball out of bounds:

 game.lives --

 if lives > 0:

 // State Change

 game.mode.name =

 game.level_idx = game.level_idx

 game.score = game.score

 game.lives = game.lives

 dirty = 1

 else:

 draw_game_over()

if keypress.p:

 toggle pause

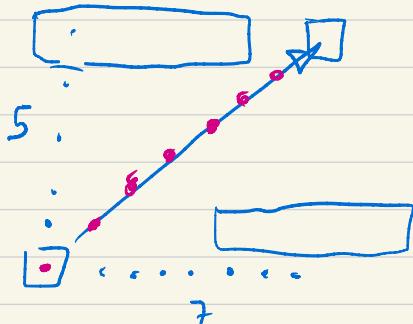
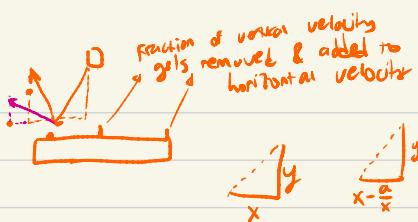
if gameover & keypress.space:

// state change

State = 0

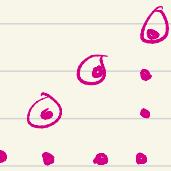
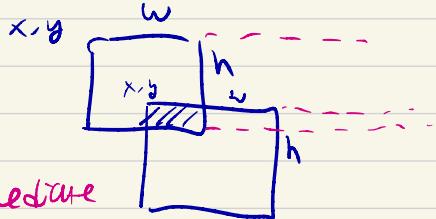
dirty = 1





① Generate intermediate pts

② Compute collision for each pt



33

-7, 3

$$\max(\text{abs}(x), \text{abs}(y)) = 7$$



fn float-divide (num: int, divisor: int, accuracy: int) \rightarrow int
 // return result of num \div divisor up to accuracy
 // Return value must be shifted by accuracy to get actual value

return num $\cdot 2^{\text{acc}}$ \div divisor

$$\text{e.g. } 3 \div 7, \text{ acc}=3$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot 2^3}{7} = \frac{24}{7} = 3$$

// Not in code, just used to illustrate

fn `vec2addr (Vec)` → int:
// converts vector to bit map address

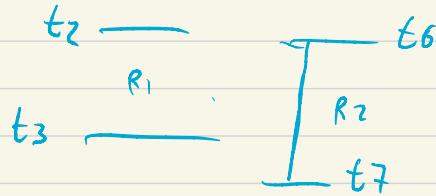
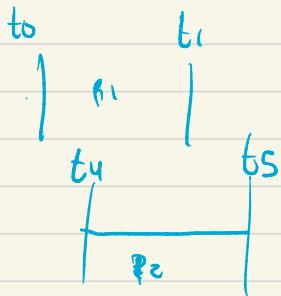
fn `draw_int (Vec top-left, int val)`:
// using ~~addr~~ as top left display pos,
draw value in base 10
e.g. $0x0000002a = 42$
 $\text{d}IV + \text{mod}$ useful for base conversion

fn `draw_rect (Rect rect)`:

~~addr~~ dims.x
~~dims.y~~ draw rect

fn `draw-bitmap (Vec top-left, int bitmap-addr)`:
// draws bitmap given using addr as top-left
of screen

fn `rect-collide (Vec r1t1, Vec r1wh, Vec r2t2, Vec r2wh)` → int:
// return 1 if rects collide, else 0



global scope call:

* \$SP = P₁

\$SP -= 4

:

* \$SP = P_n

\$SP -= 4

jal fn(P₁, ..., P_n) → r₁, ..., r_n

\$SP += 4

Save r_n

:

\$SP += 4

Save r₁

fn(P₁, ..., P_n) → r₁, ..., r_n Start

Save P_n

\$SP += 4

:

Save r₁

\$SP += 4

fn(P₁, ..., P_n) → r₁, ..., r_n return

* \$SP = r₁

\$SP -= 4

:

* \$SP = r_n

\$SP -= 4

j \$ra

fn(P₁, ..., P_n) → r₁, ..., r_n can from another fn

* \$SP = \$ra

\$SP -= 4

* \$SP = P₁

\$SP -= 4

:

* \$SP = P_n

\$SP -= 4

jal fn(P₁, ..., P_n) → r₁, ..., r_n

\$SP += 4

Save r_n

:

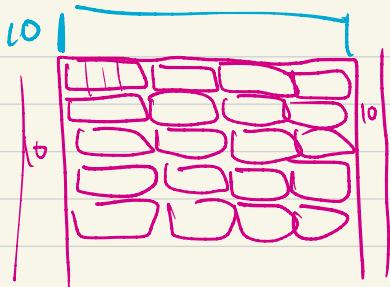
\$SP += 4

Save r₁

\$ra = \$SP

\$SP += 4

height = 118



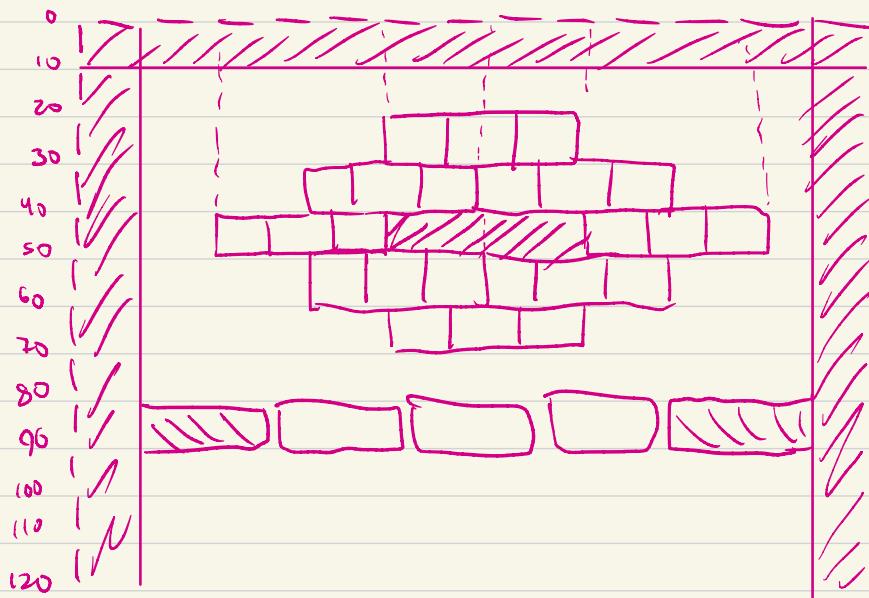
w = 108

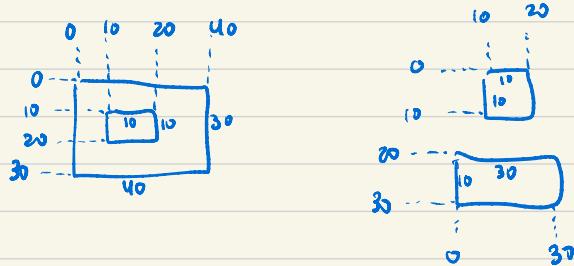
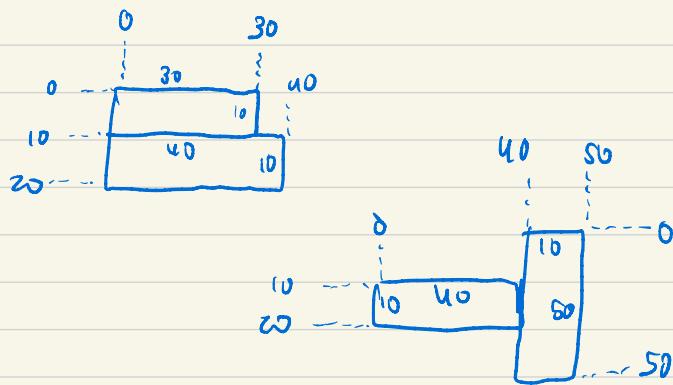
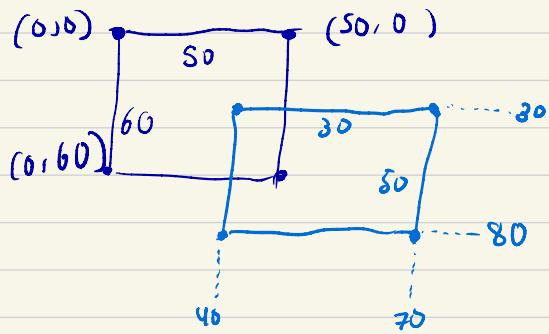
brick = (27, 10)

(0, 0), (10, 118)

(118, 0), (10, 118)

(10, 0), (108, 10)





interesting bug

sra will always round down, so $-0.99 = -1$
but $0.99 = 0$, so moving right will be slower!

fn round (value: int, shift: int)
→ already left shifted

t0 = sra value, shift

bound1 = sh t0, shift

if bound1 == value:

we know value is perfectly divisible, no rounding
return t0

bound2 = sh t0 + 1, shift

diff1 = abs (value - bound1)

diff2 = abs (value - bound2)

if (diff1 < diff2):

return t0

else:

return t0 + 1