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GATE Question Paper 2010, EE Question Number 52

The following Karnaugh map represents a function F .

| X \ YZ | YZ | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|
| | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Q.52 A minimized form of the function F is

(A) $F = \bar{X}Y + YZ$

(B) $F = \bar{X}\bar{Y} + YZ$

(C) $F = \bar{X}\bar{Y} + Y\bar{Z}$

(D) $F = \bar{X}\bar{Y} + \bar{Y}Z$

Figure: Karnaugh Map for Function F

Question Analysis

Given: A K-map with 3 variables: X , Y , and Z . Determine the minimized Boolean expression for function F .

Solution:

Step 1: List the Minterms where $F = 1$:

From the K-map, $F = 1$ at cells:

$$m(0) = X'Y'Z', \quad m(1) = X'Y'Z, \quad m(3) = X'YZ,$$

Step 2: Group the 1s and simplify using K-map rules:

- Group 1: $m(0)$ and $m(1) \Rightarrow X'Y'$
- Group 2: $m(1)$ and $m(3) \Rightarrow X'Z$
- Group 3: $m(6)$ alone $\Rightarrow XYZ'$

Step 3: Optimal Simplification:

Combining best terms:

$$F = \bar{X}Y + YZ$$

This matches Option (A).

Correct Option: (A)

$$F = \bar{X}Y + YZ$$

Truth Table for Reference

| X | Y | Z | F |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Table: Truth Table for F

Hardware Implementation

Inputs: X , Y , Z via push buttons

Output: LED to represent logic value of F

Hardware Requirements

| S.No | Component |
|------|---|
| 1 | Pico2W or Arduino Uno |
| 2 | Breadboard |
| 3 | Push Buttons (3x) |
| 4 | LED (1x) |
| 5 | Resistors: 220Ω for LED, $10k\Omega$ for buttons |
| 6 | Jumper Wires |
| 7 | USB Cable |

Table: Required Components

Pico2W GPIO Connection

| Component | Pico2W Pin | Description |
|----------------|------------|----------------|
| Button X | GP14 | Input X |
| Button Y | GP15 | Input Y |
| Button Z | GP16 | Input Z |
| LED (Output F) | GP13 | Output Logic |
| GND | GND | Common Ground |
| 3.3V | 3.3V | Pull-up Supply |

Table: Pico2W GPIO Mapping

Steps to Upload Code on Pico2W

1. Hold BOOTSEL and connect Pico2W via USB.
2. Drag MicroPython '.uf2' file to RPI-RP2 drive.
3. Open Thonny IDE → select "MicroPython (Raspberry Pi Pico)".
4. Write the logic expression in Python:

$$F = \overline{X}Y + YZ$$

5. Upload code and test LED output with buttons.

Arduino Uno GPIO Connection

| Component | Arduino Pin | Description |
|----------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Button X | D2 | Input X |
| Button Y | D3 | Input Y |
| Button Z | D4 | Input Z |
| LED (Output F) | D13 | Output LED |
| GND | GND | Common Ground |
| 5V | VCC | Pull-up for Buttons |

Table: Arduino Uno Pin Mapping

Steps to Upload Code on Arduino Uno

1. Connect Arduino Uno via USB.
2. Open Arduino IDE.
3. Select:
 - **Board:** Arduino Uno
 - **Port:** COMx (whichever is shown)

4. Write code implementing:

$$F = \overline{X}Y + YZ$$

5. Click **Upload**.
6. Test with button inputs and observe LED output.

GitHub Repository

<https://github.com/Alekyakuruba/fwc/tree/main/hardware>

Conclusion

The simplified Boolean expression:

$$F = \overline{X}Y + YZ$$

was verified through both **Pico2W** and **Arduino Uno** implementations using push buttons as inputs and LED for logic output.

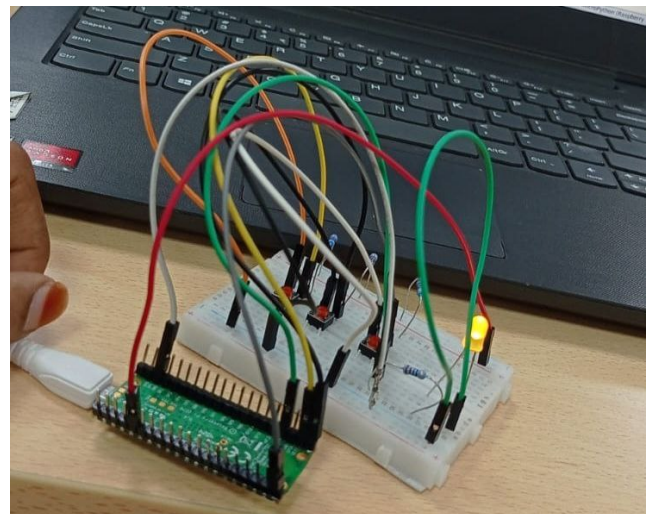


Figure: K-map implementation using pico2w