

# $\begin{tabular}{ll} Track Me \\ Software Engineering 2 Project \\ RASD Document \end{tabular}$

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A.Y. 2018/2019

November 10, 2018

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# 1 Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose

TrackMe is a company aiming to support interactions between users, who like keeping track of their health status and activities, and third-parties, which can use data and enhance their value.

TrackMe app is composed of a core service:

• Data4Help: which provides basic support for health and location data retrieving and sharing.

and two advanced services which relay on the first one.

- AutomatedSOS: add support for SOS services to elderly people;
- Track4Run: add support for running events.



Figure 1: Services abstract structure.

The project consists of a platform divided in a mobile application and a web-based interface to serve third-parties.

The system allows individual users to add and handle data on the app and to third-parties to request and have access to these data.

In particular, a user of the application is able to keep track of his/her position during the activities but also during the normal day-life. The users' data are used to monitor the heartbeat and eventually to send an AutomatedSOS. Furthermore, TrackMe, is able to track all the athletes (that are using the application), during a run previously organised. Indeed TrackMe's app provides a section to setup a group run, specifying the path and other useful information.

# 1.2 Scope

#### 1.2.1 Description of the problem

Nowadays a lot of people track their activities with smartphone or wearable devices. For this reason TrackMe provides a new complete user experience allowing all the users to read briefly the information about all their activities history. It also provides a service to organise a group run, during which it's possible to monitor all the athletes information. Furthermore all the users are monitored and, in case of some trouble, an SOS will be launched.

#### 1.2.2 World Phenomena

- General user's health condition: the machine doesn't know the information about possible user's disease.
- First aid services status: the machine doesn't know the actual first aid services status.
- Overall third parties knowledge status: the machine doesn't know which informations third parties already have about users.

#### 1.2.3 Machine Phenomena

- Third-parties registration
- User's registration
- Data anonymisation

#### 1.2.4 Shared Phenomena

- Vital parameters: the machine can read vital parameters of the user such as BPM
- *User's location*: the machine knows or can read actual and past user's location

#### 1.2.5 Goals

- [G1] Users can be recognised by their credentials.
- [G2] Allow users to keep track of their health data.
- [G3] Allow users to have access to an overview of their data, including health parameters and performed activities.
- [G4] Allow users to manage their data access policy.
- [G5] Allow users to monitor their performance during run workouts.

- [G6] Each time vital signs go below a threshold value, first aid services have to be notified.
- [G7] Allow users to organise running events.
  - [G7.1] Allow users to create running events.
  - [G7.2] Allow users to en-roll to events.
  - [G7.3] Allow spectators to follow participants' live position during events.
- [G8] Allow third parties to access data:
  - $\left[ \mathrm{G8.1} \right]$  Allow third parties to require access to specific user data.
  - [G8.2] Allow third parties to retrieve anonymised aggregated data.
  - [G8.3] Allow third parties to subscribe to data feed

# 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations

#### 1.3.1 Definitions

- Event: An event organised by a user.
- Notification: A warning that advise the user of a request by third parties.

# 1.3.2 Acronyms

- API: Application Programming Interface;
- ASOS: AutomatedSOS;
- BPM: Beats Per Minutes;
- D4H: Data4Help;
- T4R: Track4Run.

#### 1.3.3 Abbreviations

- [Gn]: n-th goal
- [Dn]: n-th domain assumption
- [Rn]: n-th functional requirement

# 1.4 Revision history

• 1.0.0 Initial version (10/11/2018)

## 1.5 Document Structure

This document essentially follows the structure defined by IEEE for RASD document (ISO/IEC/IEEE 29148 dated Dec 2011).

# 2 Overall description

# 2.1 Product perspective

#### 2.1.1 Class Diagram

The product perspective of TrackMe is now explained using the UML paradigms. The main classes of the UML are:

- User contains all the information about a user like username, password, fiscalCode, hometown, elderly, runners.
- ThirdParties contains all the information about the registered organisation.
- Data is an abstract class that has two concrete classes: Health data and Location data
- Running Event
- Location contains information like the start point and the end point of a running event.

A user creates an Event specifying the path ie the starting location, the ending location and some specific interesting point along the path. After the creation some user can join in. An organisation, as explained above, can subscribe to a feed of data or directly to a single user.

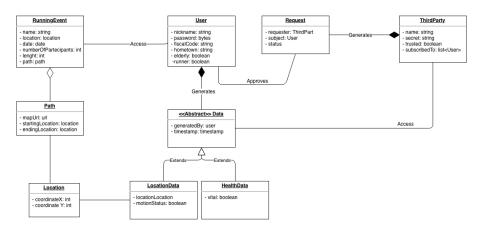


Figure 2: UML diagrams.

# 2.1.2 State Diagram

The whole system can be also seen as a set of different services relying on the main module Data4Help. Here we describe the main aspects of them with state diagrams.

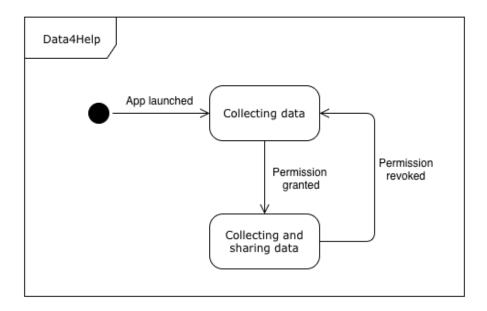


Figure 3: Basic Data4Help service state diagram.

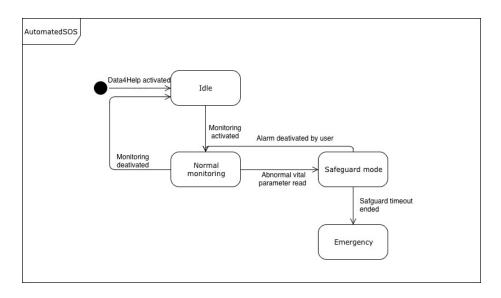


Figure 4: Automated SOS state diagram.

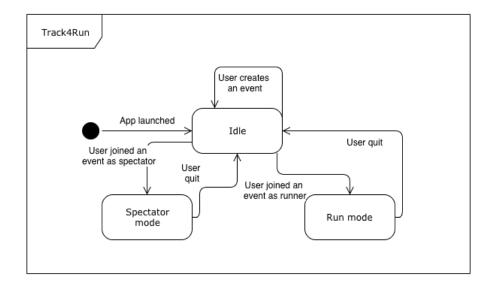


Figure 5: Track4Run state diagram

#### 2.2 Product functions

The software developed by TrackMe include three different services: Data4Help supports user's data acquisition through wearable devices, AutomatedSOS, a personalised and non-intrusive SOS service for elderly people and Track4Run, a service to track athletes participating to a run. Data4Help is also a service available for third-parties: in fact, organisations can request data to TrackMe and collect them for pursuing their objectives. Data acquisition can be performed in two different way: directly to a single user or to a groups of individuals. Concerning the single user case, companies, through a social security code, ask permission to access the corresponding information. In the other case, organisations can request, directly to TrackMe, data of group of individuals with particular properties (e.g. users between 20 and 30 years old or living in a certain district). In the latter, TrackMe provides data only if it can anonymised them correctly. AutomatedSOS it's great for those elderly people who want to monitor their health status and have the support of an ambulance in case their vital parameters are under certain thresholds. Track4Run it's a service dedicated to the runners: it offers the possibility to organise a run between other runners, define the path and the duration, allowing the invited ones to en-roll. In addition, Track4Run users who do not partecipate to the run can see live time on a map the position of all the runners. Finally, Track4Run supports the synchronisation of data with Data4Help.

All the goals presented in section 1.2.5 are going to be implemented. Here we describe deeply the requirements needed to implement application's functions.

- [R1] Users can create an account with credentials.
- [R2] Credentials can be retrievable also if forgotten/lost.
- [R3] Users can log manually or automatically their data.
- [R4] Users have to be able to accept/deny access to single data access request.
- [R5] Users have to be able to see current data policies and to change them.
- [R6] The machine has to be able to read health and position data.
- [R7] The machine has to be able to recognise below threshold parameters.
- [R8] The machine has to be able to communicate with third parties.
- [R9] The machine has to be able to recognise data fragmentation level.
- [R10] The machine has to be able to store users' data.

#### 2.3 Users characteristics

Users: any person that will use the service to keep track of health data, positioning or automated SOS during any kind of activities (walking or running during a lone run or an organised event).

**Third-parties**: Organisation or other parties interested in the acquisition for their usage of the data provided by the user activities.

# 2.4 Assumptions, dependencies and constraints

## 2.4.1 Domain assumptions

- [D1] Data manually inserted by users are to be considered truthful
  - [D1.1] Data are up to date.
  - [D1.2] Data are correctly formatted.
- [D2] First aid services are ready to handle emergency notifications.
- [D3] Running paths proposed by users are well formed (e.g. legit by law).
- [D4] External services are reliable (map services).
- [D5] Users can be localised trough GPS:
  - [D5.1] GPS service is reliable.
  - [D5.2] GPS service is accurate enough to track runners during workouts.
- [D6] Users are not affected with diseases that can influence heartbeat ratio.

# 3 Specific Requirements

# 3.1 External Interface Requirements

# 3.1.1 User Interfaces



Figure 6: Dashboard page

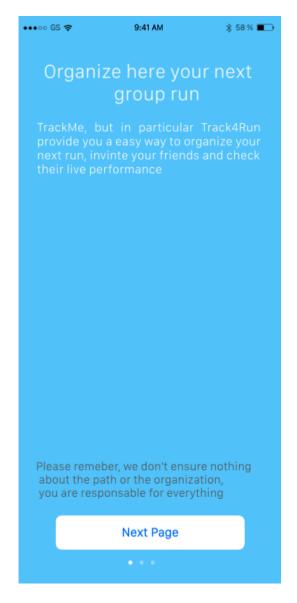


Figure 7: Disclamer page for event creation

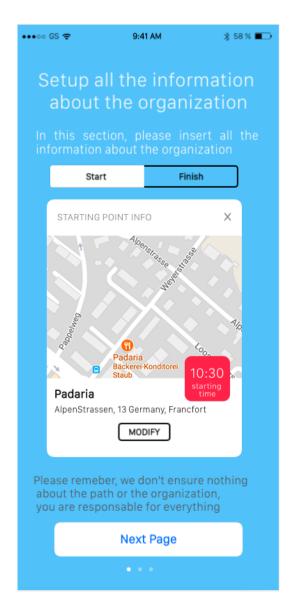


Figure 8: Event creation page

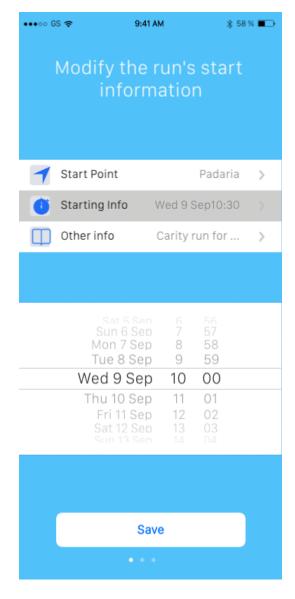


Figure 9: Run's parameter modification page

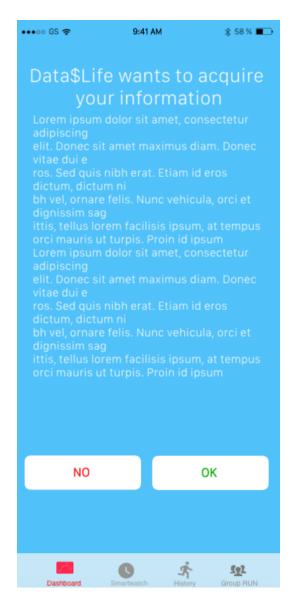


Figure 10: Decisioning page for third party data acquisition

#### 3.1.2 Hardware Interfaces

TrackMe is a software application that does not export any hardware interface; instead, at the final user is required a smartphone and at the third-party is required a web browser.

#### 3.1.3 Software Interfaces

#### • Data4Help

User's health data can be inserted in Data4Help section of the application manually or automatically synchronised with data acquired by individual's wearable device.

Third-parties can access to the different data through a web-based interface in which, in case the organisation is interested in the information of some specific individual, can select the single user by his/her fiscal code and send to him/her the request of data's visualisation; instead, in case of interest in accessing data of groups of individuals, companies can select the parameters of interest and send to TrackMe the request on hold for a positive response.

#### • AutomatedSOS

Similarly as Data4Help, AutomatedSOS automatically synchronises data acquired from user's wearable device and monitors them to guarantee the safety of elderly people.

In case of emergency, an ambulance will reach the location of the customer; moreover, AutomatedSOS allows to follow live-time the position of the coming ambulance.

#### • Track4Run

Since Track4Run aims to schedule and organise runs for the users of the service, it makes use of an external calendar service to allow individuals to create and en-roll races.

For those who do not participate to the runs, Track4Run features the possibility to see live-time the position of the runners.

#### 3.1.4 Communication Interfaces

The system is going to use an API based communication system to serve both the mobile application and the third-parties.

Data will be exchanged in multi-platform data formats such as JSON or XML.

# 3.2 Functional Requirements

Here we map each goal to the corresponding machine requirement(s) and world domain assumption(s) that have to be made in order to reach it.

- G1 Users can be recognised by their credentials.
  - R1 Users can create an account with credentials.
  - R2 Credentials can be retrievable also if forgotten/lost.
- G2 Allow users to keep track of their health data.
  - R3 Users can log manually or automatically their data.
  - R6 The machine has to be able to read health and position data.
- G3 Allow users to have access to an overview of their data, including health parameters and performed activities.
  - R10 The machine has to be able to store users' data.
- G4 Allow users to manage their data access policy.
  - R4 Users have to be able to accept/deny access to single data access request.
  - R5 Users have to be able to see current data policies and to change them.
- G5 Allow users to monitor their performances during workouts.
  - D5 External services are reliable (map services).
  - D6 Users can be localised trough GPS.
- G6 Each time vital signs go below a threshold value, first aid services have to be notified.
  - R6 The machine has to be able to read health and position data.
  - R7 The machine has to be able to recognise below threshold parameters.
  - D1 Data manually logged by users well describe reality.
  - D3 First aid services are ready to handle emergency notications.
  - D7 Users are not affected with diseases that can influence heartbeat ratio.
- G7 Allow users to organise running events.
  - D4 Running paths proposed by users are well formed (e.g. legit by law).
- G8 Allow third parties to access data.
  - R8 The machine has to be able to communicate with third parties.
  - R9 The machine has to be able to recognise data fragmentation level.
  - R10 The machine has to be able to store users' data.

# 3.2.1 Definitions of use cases

Name	Sign up
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The application has been correctly installed on user's device
	1. Select the "Sign up" option
Events flow	2. Fill in all the fields necessary for registering to the services
	3. Tap on the sign up button to confirm the inputted data
Exit conditions	Data has been successfully saved and the customer can now use
Exit conditions	all the services offered by the application
	1. User is already registered
	2. User inputted email is already registered
Exceptions	3. User has chosen a username already taken
Exceptions	4. Not all fields were correctly filled
	5. User has to recompile the sign up module correcting the
	invalid fields

Table 1: Sign up case

Name	Log in
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The installed application and the registration to the platform are
Entry conditions	mandatory to correctly log in
	1. Select the "Log in" option
Events flow	2. Fill in the "Username" and "Password" fields
	3. Tap on the log in button to confirm the credentials
Exit conditions	User has been correctly identified by the system and redirected
Exit conditions	to the main page of the application
	1. User inputted an invalid username
Exceptions	2. User inputted an invalid password
Exceptions	3. User is not register to the platform
	4. User has to correct the invalid fields of the log in page

Table 2: Log in use case

Name	Manual data acquisition
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The application has to be correctly installed and
Entry conditions	the user has to be logged in
	1. Open the application and select the Data4Help section
	2. Tap the "Insert" button to manually insert data into the
Events flow	application
Events now	3. Confirm the inserted data by tapping the "Confirm" button
	4. Wait until the data inserted are correctly processed by the
	server
Exit conditions	Data are correctly updated and visible inside the application
	1. Network error during the insertion phase
Eventions	2. Inserted data are out-of-date
Exceptions	3. User is invited to update the inserted information or to try
	again later

Table 3: Manual data acquisition

Name	Automatic data acquisition
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The application has to be correctly installed and the user has to
Entry conditions	be logged in
	1. Open the application and select the Data4Help section
	2. If not already updated, tap on the "synchronise" button
Events flow	3. Wait until the synchronisation between the smartphone and
Evenus now	the wearable device is completed
	4. Wait until the data inserted are correctly processed by the
	server
Exit conditions	Data are correctly updated and visible inside the application
	1. Network error during the insertion phase
	2. Synchronisation problem between the smartphone and the
Exceptions	wearable device
	3. User is invited to check the connection between devices or
	to try again later

Table 4: Automatic data acquisition

Name	Specific-individual data request
Actor	Third-party
Entry conditions	The third-party has to be logged in on the TrackMe's web service page
	1. Select from the web page the interested individual by his/her fiscal code
Events flow	2. Send a request for data sharing to the individual
	3. Wait for the individual's response
Exit conditions	Customer has accepted the third-party request and the latter is now in possession
Exit conditions	of the individual's information
	1. Network error during the request phase
Exceptions	2. Negative response by the customer
	3. The third-party is invited to try with another individual or to try again later

 ${\bf Table~5:~Specific\hbox{-}individual~data~request}$ 

Name	Groups-of-individuals data request
Actor	Third-party
Entry conditions	The third-party has to be logged in on the TrackMe's web service page
	1. Select from the web page the interested parameters for which the third-party
Events flow	wants to receive the data
Events now	2. Wait for the data-anonymisation control by TrackMe for the
	requested parameters
Exit conditions	TrackMe has ensured the anonymisation of the data and has accepted the
Exit conditions	third-party request; the latter is now in possession of the individual's information
	1. Network error during the request phase
Example	2. Negative response by TrackMe (data-anonymisation control failed)
Exceptions	3. The third-party is invited to try with less restrictive parameters or to try again
	later

Table 6: Groups-of-individuals data request

Name	Emergency situation
Actor	AutomatedSOS
Entry conditions	The application has to be correctly installed and
Entry conditions	the user has to be logged in
	1. The service automatically notice that one or more vital parameters are
	under the safe threshold
Events flow	2. The service asks to the customer if there are any problems with a pop-up
Evenus now	on-screen
	3. If the service doesn't receive a response within 5 seconds, an ambulance
	is alerted to reach the customer's location
Exit conditions	The ambulance reach the customer's location to take of him/her
	1. Network error while contacting the ambulance service
Exceptions	2. The system keeps trying to reach the ambulance service until it succeeds or
	the customer stops the process

Table 7: Emergency situation

Name	Definition of a path
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The application has to be correctly installed and
Entry conditions	the user has to be logged in
	1. Open the application and select the Track4Run section
	2. Tap on the "Create new run" button
Events flow	3. Select the starting and ending points on the map
Events now	4. Select the main spots of the path in order to define a complete route
	on the map
	5. Wait until the data inserted are correctly processed by the server
Exit conditions	The path has been correctly defined by the customer and the run can be shared
Exit conditions	with the other users
	1. Network error during the definition of the path
Exceptions	2. The starting/ending point or the main spots are not selectable
Exceptions	3. The path defined is not safe for the runners
	4. The user is invited to redefine the path or to try again later

Table 8: Definition of a path

Name	Enrolment to a run
Actor	User
Entry conditions	The application has to be correctly installed and
Entry conditions	the user has to be logged in
	1. Open the application and select the Track4Run section
Events flow	2. Tap on the "Available runs" button to show all the forthcoming runs
	3. Select a run from those available and confirm the enrolment
Exit conditions	The user has correctly en-roll to the run
	1. Network error during the enrolment
Exceptions	2. The run selected is no longer available/sold out
Exceptions	3. The user is invited to choose another available run or to try again
	later

Table 9: Enrolment to a run

# 3.2.2 Use case diagram

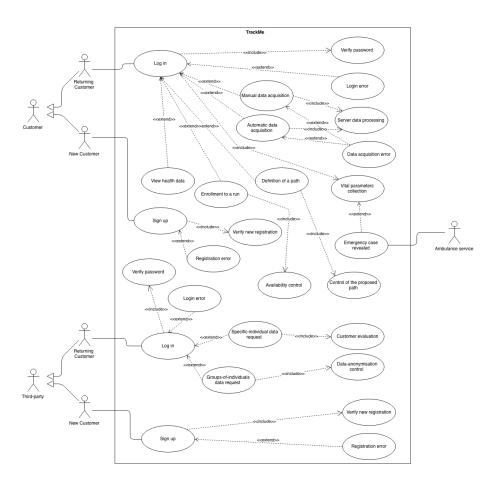


Figure 11: Use case diagram

# 3.3 Sequence diagrams

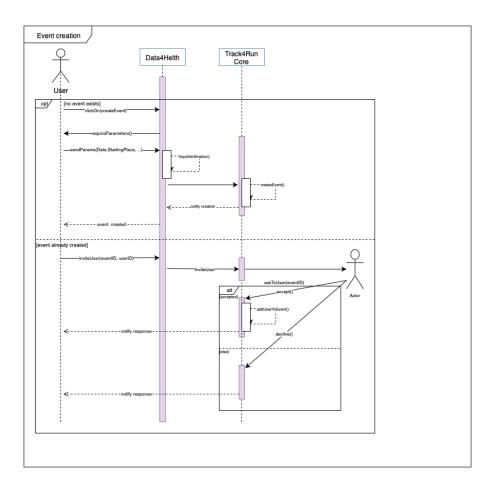


Figure 12: "Event creation and handling" sequence diagram

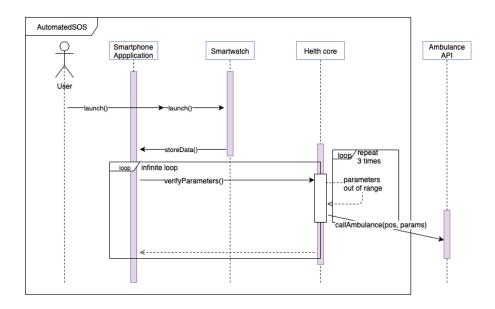


Figure 13: "AutomatedSOS" sequence diagram  $\,$ 

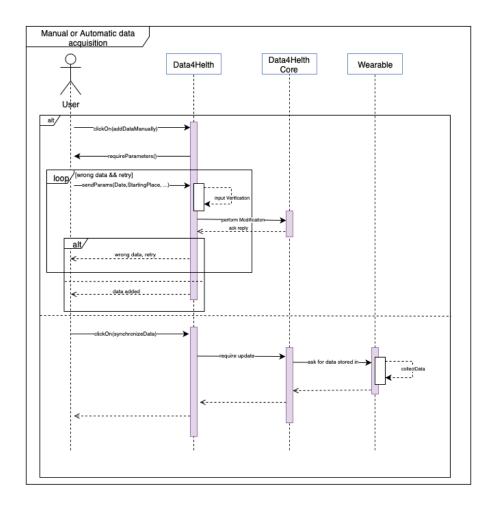


Figure 14: "Automatic/Manual data acquisition" sequence diagram

# 3.4 Performance Requirements

The application is designed to be consumed by Italian citizens. We estimate around 30k users at app launch, with around 10% simultaneously active. We estimate that once the application will be brought over onto the Android platform, the total users count will increase by 25%, topping at about 38k users. The application will be able to adapt to the users active concurrently.

# 3.5 Design Constraints

#### 3.5.1 Standards compliance

The software application should handle a big amount of data, stored online on third-parties' servers. It also should manage a great number of simultaneous requests when, in example, third-parties ask to access data or during the period of enrolment to a run.

#### 3.5.2 Hardware limitations

TrackMe is a software application available only on iOS devices. It requests an internet connection (WiFi, 3G, 4G/LTE) and GPS connectivity. Some functionalities are available only for the owners of wearable devices.

#### 3.5.3 Any other constraint

The application needs to access to the current location of the user. It also may need to access individual's contact list to easily find possible user's friends.

# 3.6 Software System Attributes

#### 3.6.1 Reliability

The application and the external services offered by the application must be available 24/7.

Servers' maintenance, communicated to the user in advance and only during determined hours of the day, is the only exceptions accepted.

## 3.6.2 Availability

TrackMe services are available only in Italy for free.

## 3.6.3 Security

The security and privacy of the final user's will be guarantee by TrackMe storing data and sensitive information only on encrypted servers.

For online transactions, secure internet protocols are going to be adopted.

## 3.6.4 Maintainability

#### 3.6.5 Portability

Portability to the Android operating system will be take into consideration after a first initial phase of development dedicated to the iOS market.

The application will also be constantly updated to guarantee compatibility to an increasing number of wearable devices.

#### 3.7 Scenarios

#### 3.7.1 Scenario 1

Tim has to sustain an important medical exam aimed to discover if he suffers or not of tachycardia. He has available the latest model of smartwatch that supports the EGC monitor so his doctor suggests to use Data4Help to monitor for 24/48 hours his heart rate. Data4Help allows Tim to just use his smartwatch, instead of the classic Dynamic ECG machine, for registering his heart's data in the app so that his doctor, after committing a request to Tim through his fiscal code, can examine the results after few hours by the end of the test and give to Tim a response in a very short time.

#### 3.7.2 Scenario 2

Fitness & More is a brand new sport center situated near a very big residential area with many educational institutions from elementary to high schools. The centre offers swimming and tennis lessons with expert instructors and also a well supplied gym with personal coaches.

Fitness & More asks to TrackMe the access to weight and height data of kids between 6 and 19 year old who live in the above mentioned area to make an analysis of the presence of overweighted individuals and so sponsor its sport center.

#### 3.7.3 Scenario 3

The next PolimiRun will be held on the 11th of November in Lecco. Polisport, the sport organisation of the Politecnico di Milano, decided to arrange a few workouts for the runners who are attending the competition and so they suggest to use Track4Run to manage the path of the workouts around the city of Milan and also to let runners en-roll the training sessions.

# 4 Formal analysis using Alloy

In this section we give a description of the system trough and Alloy model. The following relations are described:

- Data access request system is described. Third parties can access users' data if a previous request has been made and approved.
- SOS events are raised in case of low vital parameters.
- Users can join to running events.

The following assumptions are taken in order to make the model cleaner:

- All not necessary (to Alloy model) attributes of entities are omitted.
- All entities that have to be unique are identified by a single integer field:
   ID
- Dates are represented trough a single integer field: day.
- Threshold alert value for bpm is set to 4.

```
sig RunningEvent {
         runners: set User,
         path: one Path,
         date: Date
abstract sig RequestStatus{}
one sig APPROVED extends RequestStatus{}
one sig DECLINED extends RequestStatus{}
one sig PENDING extends RequestStatus{}
sig Request {
         subject: User,
         status: RequestStatus
sig Data {
         location: Location,
         {\tt bpm:\ Int}
} { bpm > 0}
sig SOS {
         triggeredBy: Data,
} { vital > 0}
-- All user's not fondamental fields are omitted.
-- Identification pass trough a single integer field "Id"
sig User {
        id: Int,
        data: set Data
}{ id > 0 }
sig ThirdParty {
         subscribedUsers: set User,
         requests: set Request
}{ id > 0}
```

```
-- In this Alloy model, date are simplified and represented with a single
    \hookrightarrow number.
sig Date {
      day: Int
}{ day > 0 }
sig Location {
        coordinateX: Int,
        coordinateY: Int
} { coordinateX > 0 and coordinateY >0 }
sig Path {
        startingLocation: one Location,
        \verb"endingLocation": \verb"one" Location"
/*** FACTS ***/
fact uniqueEntities {
        no disjoint u1, u2 : User | u1.id = u2.id
        no disjoint t1,t2: ThirdParty | t1.id = t2.id
        no disjoint d1,d2 : Date \mid d1.day = d2.day
        no disjoint r1,r2 : Request | some t: ThirdParty |
                r1 in t.requests and r2 in t.requests and
                 r1.subject = r2.subject
        no disjoint s1,s2 : SOS | s1.triggeredBy = s2.triggeredBy
-- Paths exist only if associated with one running event.
-- Date exist only if associated with one running event.
-- Since data are collected by the user, they cannot exist without him/her
-- Requests only exist if the associated Third Party exist
fact existence {
        all p : Path | one r: RunningEvent | r.path = p
        all d: Date | one r: RunningEvent | r.date = d
        all d: Data | one u: User | d in u.data
        all r: Request | one t: ThirdParty | r in t.requests
        all r: Request | one u: User | r.subject = u
}
fact subscriptions {
        -- if there is a request from a third party to a user that is \hookrightarrow APPROVED, then that third party is
         -- subscribed to that user
        all r: Request, t: ThirdParty |
                (r in t.requests and r.status = APPROVED)
                         implies
                 r.subject in t.subscribedUsers
        -- if there is a request from a third party to a user that is
             → DECLINED or PENDING, that third party
        -- cannot be subscribed to that user
        all r: Request, t: ThirdParty |
                 (r in t.requests and (r.status = DECLINED or r.status =
                     → PENDING))
                         implies
                 r.subject not in t.subscribedUsers
        \mbox{--} if there is a third party which is subscribed to a user, then

→ there must be a request approved
-- for that third party and for that user

        all t: ThirdParty, u: User
                u in t.subscribedUsers
                         implies
                 some r: Request | r.status = APPROVED and r.subject = u and r
                     }
```

```
-- Threshold value for BPM is set to 4.
fact SOS {
    all s: SOS | s.vital < 4
          all s: SOS | one d: Data | s.vital = d.bpm and s.triggeredBy = d
}
/*** PREDICATES ***/
pred makeARequest [t, t': ThirdParty, u: User, r: Request]{
          r.subject = u
r.status = PENDING
          t'.requests = t.requests + r
pred approveARequest [t, t':ThirdParty, u:User, r, r':Request] {
    r'.subject = r.subject
    r'.status = APPROVED
    t'.requests = t.requests + r'
    t'.requests = t.requests + r'
          t'.subscribedUsers = t.subscribedUsers + u
pred show {
           #User > 2
           #ThirdParty > 1
           #SOS > 2
           #Location > 1
          #RunningEvent >1
           all u: User | #u.data > 0
           all t: ThirdParty | #t.requests > 0
some r: Request | r.status = APPROVED
some r: Request | r.status = DECLINED
}
run makeARequest for 4 but 7 Int
run approveARequest for 5 but 8 Int
run show
```

## Executing "Run makeARequest for 4 but 7 int"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=7 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20 84802 vars. 3824 primary vars. 287002 clauses. 744ms. Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 283ms.

## Executing "Run approveARequest for 5 but 8 int"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=8 MaxSeq=5 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20 230204 vars. 9320 primary vars. 795617 clauses. 1649ms.

Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 898ms.

## Executing "Run show"

Solver=sat4j Bitwidth=4 MaxSeq=4 SkolemDepth=1 Symmetry=20 7091 vars. 477 primary vars. 19337 clauses. 91ms.

Instance found. Predicate is consistent. 81ms.

Figure 15: Dashboard page

# 4.1 World Generated

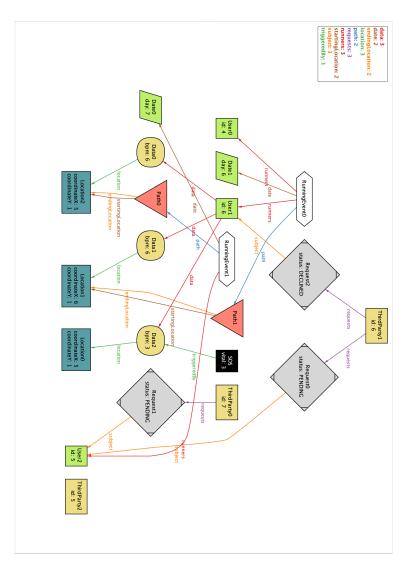


Figure 16: Generated Alloy World

- 5 Effort spent
- 6 References