# STM hands-on session

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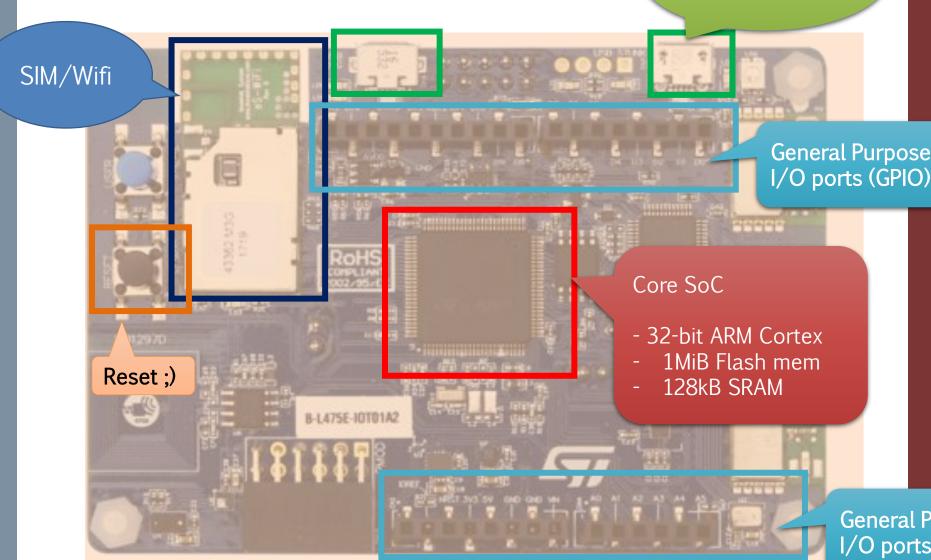


Programming is a skill best acquired by practice and example rather than from books.



# Our guy (IoT node)

2x USB (Use this one!)



3



### Software

#### Micro-kernel

> No OS, need to flash al memory regions

### ST proprietary

- > STM32 CubeIDE
- > Debug via STLink (won't see this)

#### How to work

- No way is to compile our code directly on IoT Node
- > Cross-compilation *via* the CubeIDE
- > Flash the whole OS+program via USB

A simple application



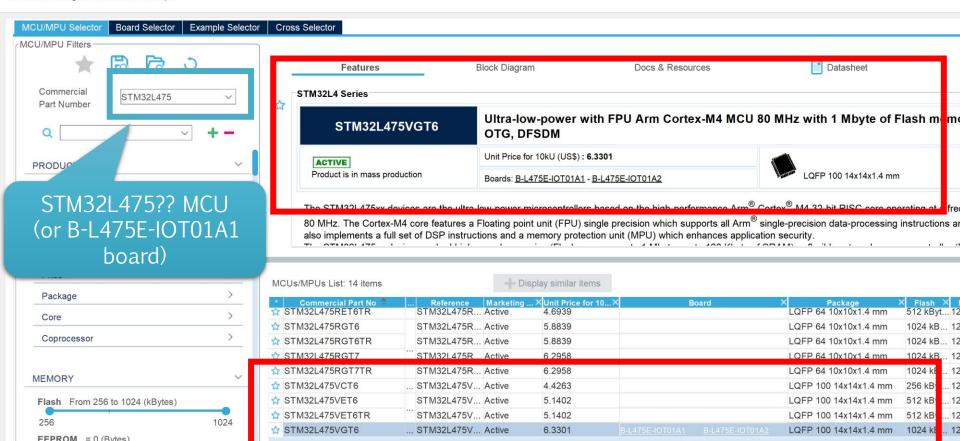
# Create a new "Blink" project

- > File -> New Project
- > Then. Select the MCU (or the board)
- > DO NOT initialize the peripherals in default mode!!! (for this time..)

IDE STM32 Project

#### **Target Selection**

Select STM32 target or STM32Cube example





### IDE

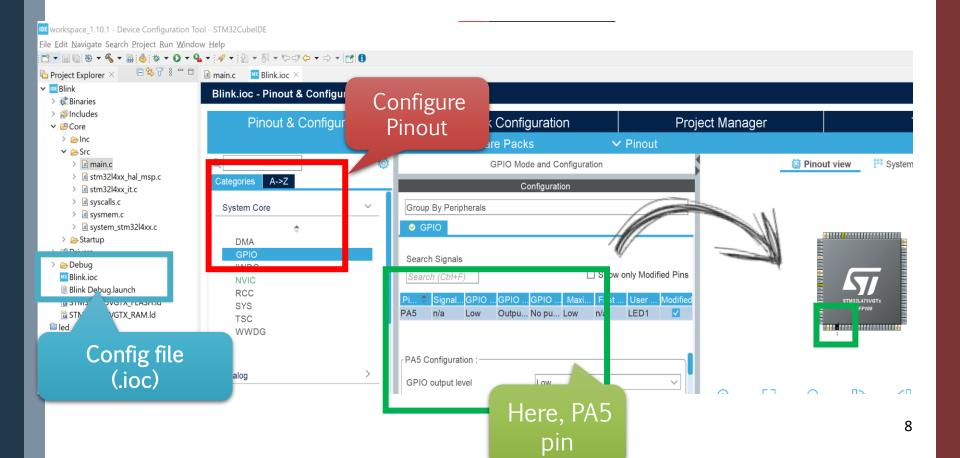
```
workspace_1.10.1 - Blink/Core/Src/main.c - STM32CubeIDE
<u>File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help</u>
Project Explorer ×
                                  i main.c × III Blink.ioc
                                         /* USER CODE END SysInit */
🕶 🔤 Blink
                                    83
                                    84
  Binaries
                                    85
                                         /* Initialize all configured peripheral
  Mincludes
                                    86
                                         MX GPIO Init();
  Main file (the one)
                                         /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
                                    87
       with "main")
                                    88
                                    89
                                         /* USER CODE END 2 */
        i main.c
                                    90
                                         /* Infinite loop */
                                    91
         <u>ा sumb≥ı4xx_nal_msp.c</u>
                                         /* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
                                    92
        stm32l4xx it.c
        syscalls.c
                                         while (1)
         sysmem.c
                                                           Initialization/setup +
         system_stm32l4xx.c
                                           /* USER CO
                                                               infinite loop
    Startup
                                                              (Arduino-like)
                                           /* USER CODE
    Driverc
      Some generated
                                           // write pin sta
     files. Do not touch
          them...
```



## Configure LEDs

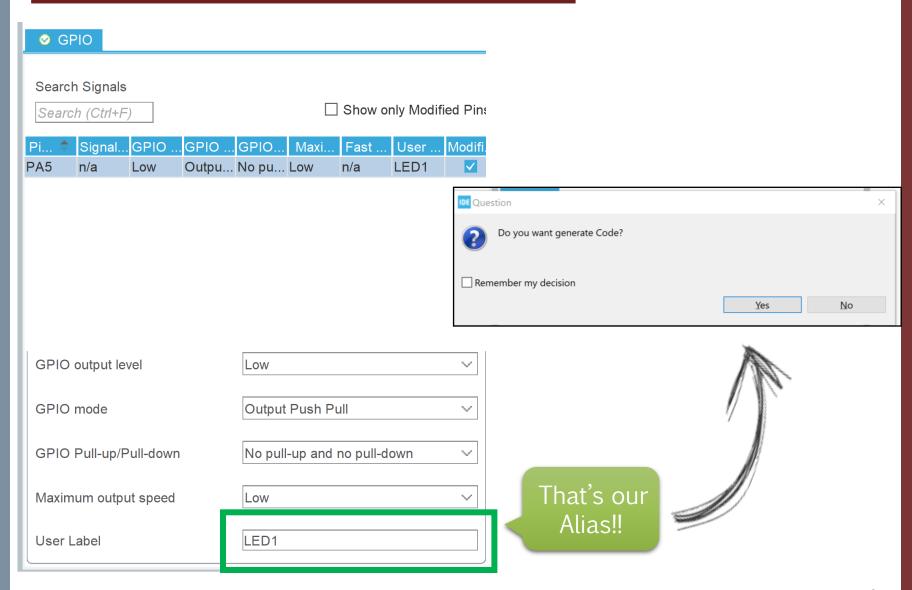
We want to create an alias for GPIOs

So we don't need to change code when we change LEDs



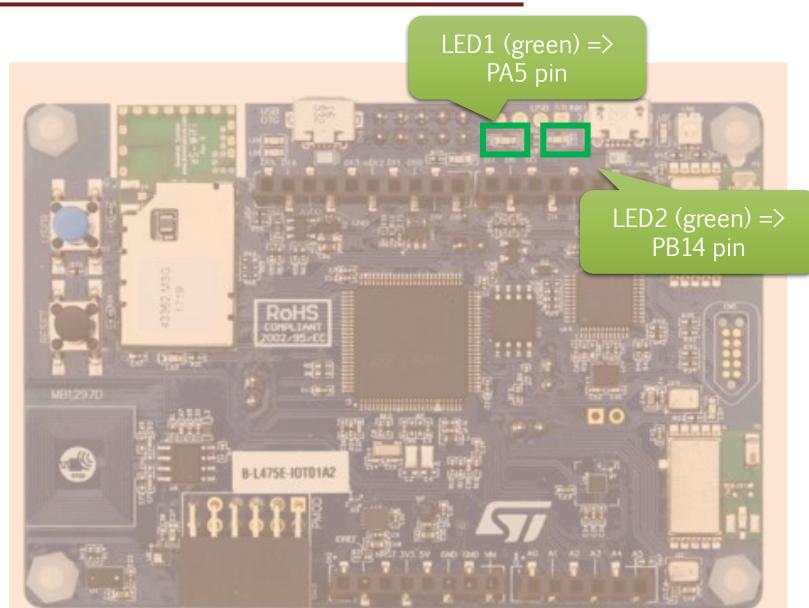


# Let's configure PA5





### Leds and GPIOs





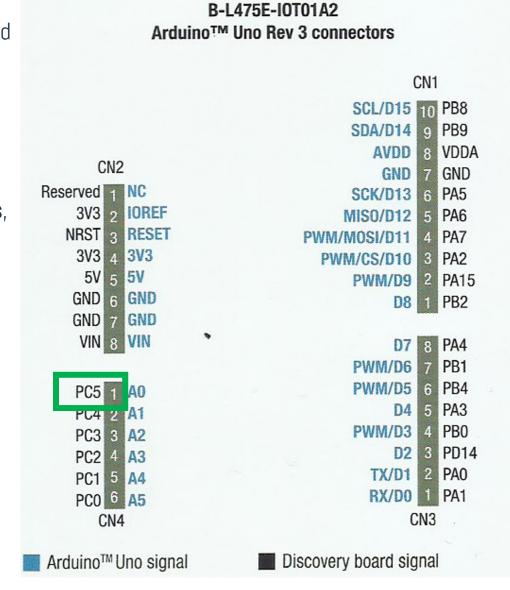
# General Purpose I/O Ports

#### Our interface towards the external world

- > Also supports Arduino Uno R3
- > Let's skip this...

# GPIOs are divided into two **board blocks**, and five **SoC ports**

- > CN1,2
- > Port A, B, C, D, E
- > (not all ports are available on the board!!!)

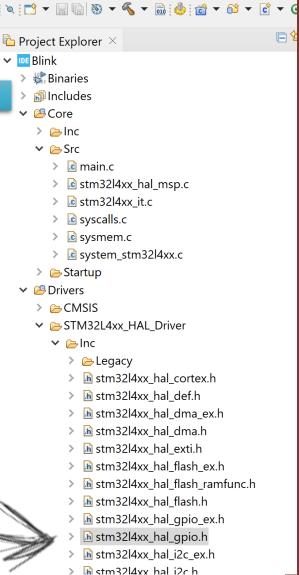




```
Write on GPIO PINs
```

```
stm3214xx_hal_gpio.h
```

It's a generated file!!



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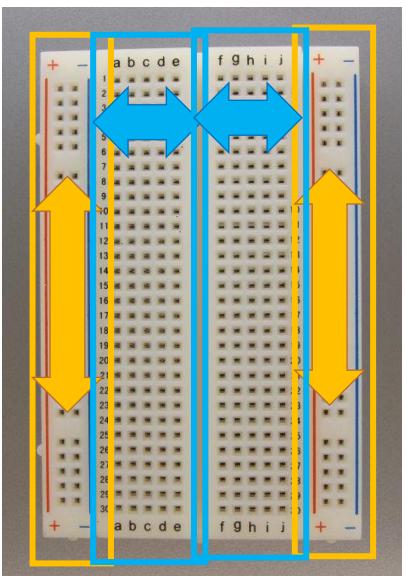




### Breadboard

### Provides electrical connectivity

- > Vertical vs. horizontal rails
- > (Typically, power vs other)
- > Can use jumper wires





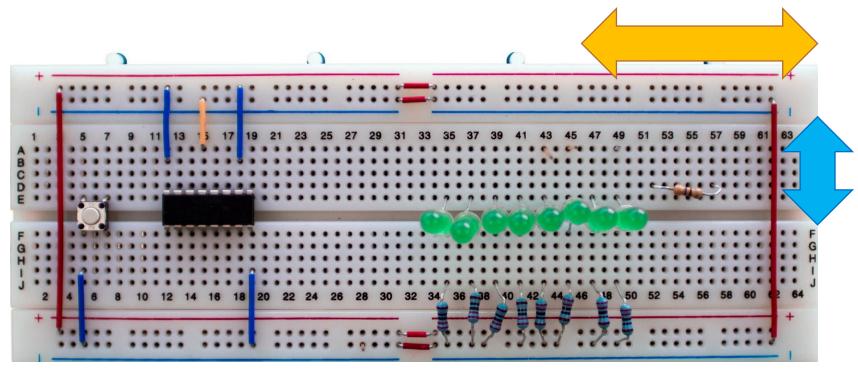
### Breadboard

The two sides of the + and - rails are wired together

> Typically, used for power/GND

Brought to the internal rails with jumper wires

> Where core/chip and other stuff reside



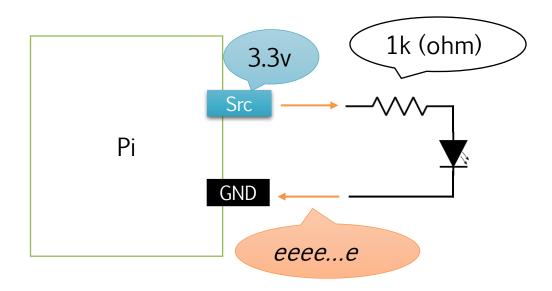


# Finally...LEDs

### Light Emitting Diodes

- > You feed with electrons; they light up
- > They have a side!!!!
- > They need a resistance to lower the charge

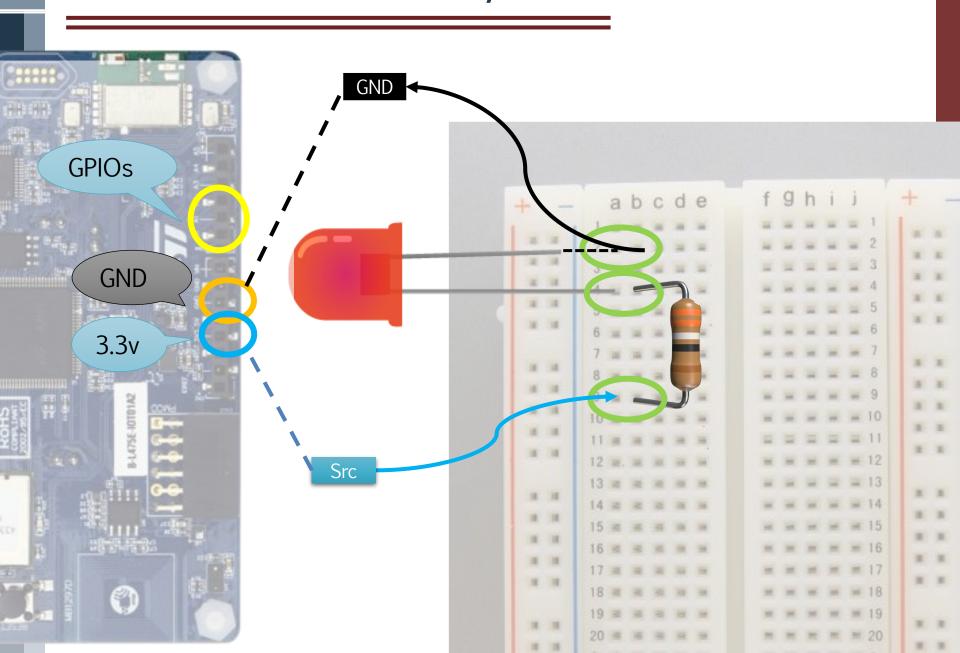
Wrong wiring => you burn them...







# E/E system

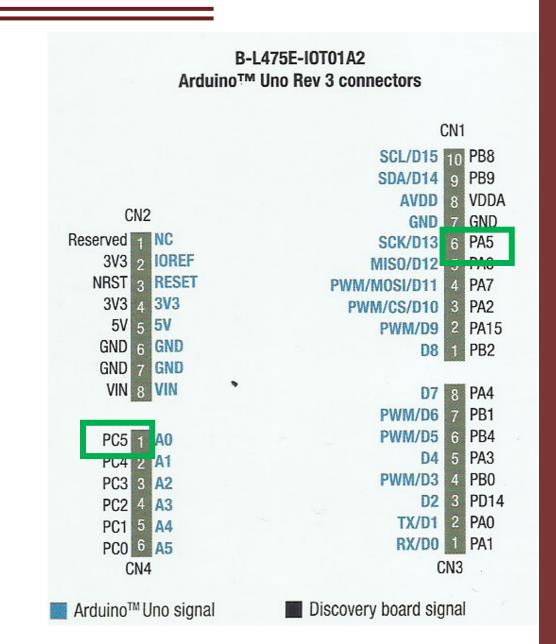




# Let's play with Pins

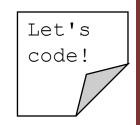
### PA5 is also in board pinout

- Connect our led to them.
- > PB14 is not...





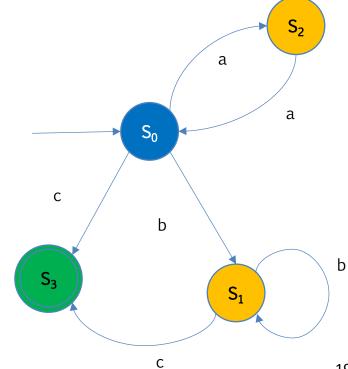
### Exercise



> Implement the Moore machine of the FSM that understands whether a words is from L

"Identify even sequences of a (even empty), followed by one, or more, or no, b, ended by c"

- ..and turns on the corresponding led color
  - Blue => GPIO 0
  - Red (error state) => GPIO 1
  - Yellow => GPIO 2
  - **Green** => GPIO 3





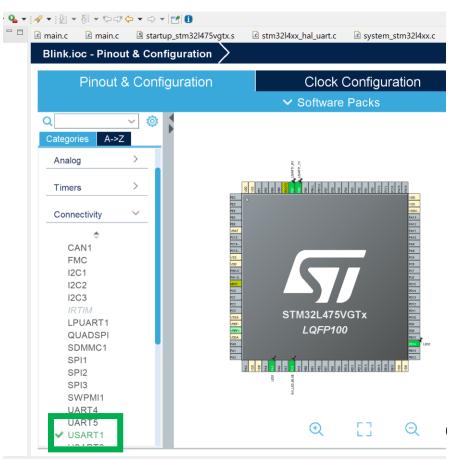
### Serial communication

Universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter — UART

"Asynchronous" -> One channel for TX, one channel for RX

USART Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter

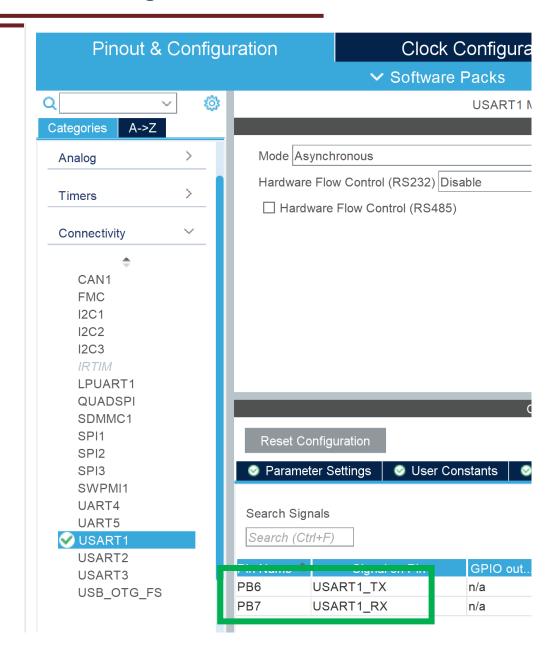
- > w/bitstream
- > USART1 in our board





# Configure USART1

- > PB6 for Tx
- > PB7 for Rx





### Write code

Copy-paste this in your main loop



## System header

```
/**
  * @brief Send an amount of data in blocking mode.
  * [...]
  * @param huart UART handle.
  * @param pData Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
  * @param Size Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.
  * @param Timeout Timeout duration.
  * @retval HAL status
  */
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_UART_Transmit(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart, const uint8_t *pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout);
```

> Returns "check"

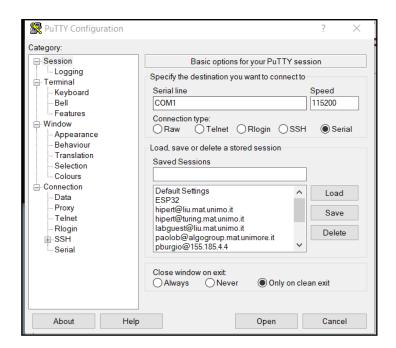


# On your machine... (1)

First, test with a "standard" serial Monitor

- > Linux
  - sudo apt install minicom
  - Serial/USB ports are typically /dev/ttySOMETHING
- Windows
  - Putty
  - Serial/USB ports are COMx

115200 Baud, no parity, 8 bit





# On your machine... (2)

### Programmatically read from serial/USB

- > C++
  - https://github.com/imabot2/serialib
- > Python
  - pySerial



### References



#### Course website

http://hipert.unimore.it/people/paolob/pub/Industrial\_Informatics/index.html

### My contacts

- paolo.burgio@unimore.it
- > http://hipert.mat.unimore.it/people/paolob/

#### Resources

- > A "small blog -> <a href="http://www.google.com">http://www.google.com</a>
- > Serial comms
  - https://wiki.st.com/stm32mcu/wiki/STM32StepByStep:Step3\_Introduction\_to\_the\_UART
  - https://github.com/imabot2/serialib