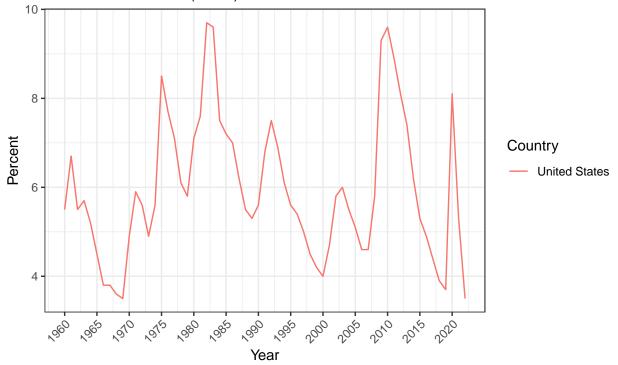
Lesson-6.—23.05.2023.R

bramu

2023-05-22

```
rm(list = ls())
library(dplyr)
## Attache Paket: 'dplyr'
## Die folgenden Objekte sind maskiert von 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## Die folgenden Objekte sind maskiert von 'package:base':
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(ggplot2)
library(rdbnomics)
## Visit <https://db.nomics.world>.
df_usa <- rdb(ids = "AMECO/ZUTN/USA.1.0.0.0.ZUTN") %>%
  select(Country, value, original_period) %>%
  rename(Year = original_period) %>%
  filter(Year <= 2022) %>%
  mutate(Year = as.numeric(Year))
p1 <- ggplot(df_usa, aes(x = Year,</pre>
                         y = value,
                         group = Country,
                         color = Country)) +
  geom_line() +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(y = "Percent",
       title = paste0("Unemployment rate,", min(df_usa$Year), "-", max(df_usa$Year)),
       subtitle = "Definition EUROSTAT (ZUTN)",
       caption = "Source: AMECO data from dbnomics.") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45,
                                    hjust = 1)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(min(df_usa$Year), max(df_usa$Year), 5))
р1
```

Unemployment rate,1960–2022 Definition EUROSTAT (ZUTN)

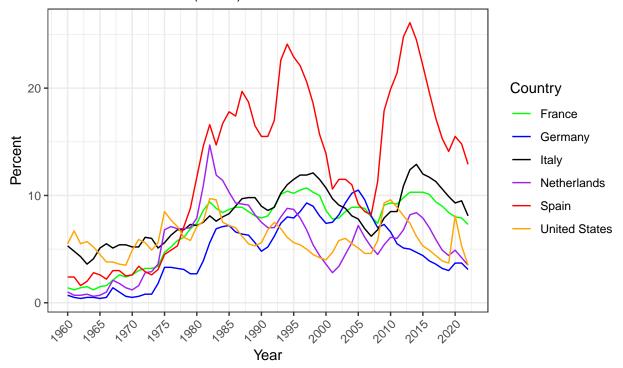


Source: AMECO data from dbnomics.

```
# saveRDS(df_usa, file = "Lesson 6. - 23.05.2023/df_usa.rds")
# readRDS(file = "Lesson 6. - 23.05.2023/df_usa.rds")
country_code <- c("D_W", "DEU", "FRA", "ITA", "NLD", "ESP", "USA")</pre>
countries <- paste0("AMECO/ZUTN/", country_code, ".1.0.0.0.ZUTN")</pre>
df <- rdb(ids = countries) %>%
  select(Country, value, original_period) %>%
  rename(Year = original_period) %>%
  filter(Year <= 2022) %>%
  mutate(Year = as.numeric(Year))
df_west_germany <- df %>%
  filter(Country == "West Germany" & Year < 1991)</pre>
df_germany <- df %>%
  filter(Country == "Germany" & Year >= 1991)
df_germany_together <- df_west_germany %>%
  bind_rows(df_germany) %>%
  mutate(Country = recode(Country, `West Germany` = "Germany"))
df_final <- df %>%
  filter(!(Country %in% c("West Germany", "Germany"))) %>%
```

```
bind_rows(df_germany_together)
cols <- c("Germany" = "blue",</pre>
          "Spain" = "red",
          "France" = "green",
          "United States" = "orange",
          "Italy" = "black",
          "Netherlands" = "purple")
p2 <- ggplot(df_final, aes(x = Year,</pre>
                            y = value,
                            group = Country,
                            color = Country)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = cols) +
  geom_line() +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(y = "Percent",
       title = paste0("Unemployment rate,", min(df_final$Year), "-", max(df_final$Year)),
       subtitle = "Definition EUROSTAT (ZUTN)",
       caption = "Source: AMECO data from dbnomics.") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45,
                                    hjust = 1)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(min(df_final$Year), max(df_final$Year), 5))
p2
```

Unemployment rate,1960–2022 Definition EUROSTAT (ZUTN)



Source: AMECO data from dbnomics.

```
# saveRDS(df_final, file = "Lesson 6. - 23.05.2023/df_final.rds")
# readRDS(file = "Lesson 6. - 23.05.2023/df_final.rds")
```