

Group Project Part 3 - ElasticSearch
of Systems and Methods for Big and Unstructured Data Course
(SMBUD)

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1 Problem Specification

During the sanitary emergency due to the Covid-19 pandemic, many programs and applications developed thanks to the use of Big Data proved to be particularly effective in different settings and scenarios, such as the hospital administration, the hospitalizations organization or the analysis of data relating to various clinical cases. Among the various areas that have been supported by these technologies there is also that which concerns the tracking of populations belonging to a given geographical area and the collection of all information regarding the tests carried out and the vaccination status.

Our project aims to create an information system suitable for this specific use case and to do this it is necessary to design a database that allows us to store large amounts of data derived from heterogeneous sources and to carry out targeted queries useful for different purposes. The NOSQL document-based approach, known for being based on managing data saved in JSON-like documents, is the optimal one in this case and MongoDB is the open source database management software that is best suited to accomplish this task thanks to the considerable scalability guaranteed by the automatic data sharding and ease of use thanks to the dynamic schemes developed starting from the archived documents.

2 Hypotheses

During the design phase, some considerations were made regarding how to structure and implement the database to obtain a solution that was effective and performing but at the same time consistent with the real current scenarios. First of all, two types of documents have been created: Certification and AuthorizedBody; the first represents a sort of "medical chart" containing the following fundamental information for each individual:

1. list of tests she/he has undergone,
2. list of vaccine doses that have been administered,
3. personal details (such as name, surname, date of birth, etc.),
4. one or more emergency contacts to call in case of need.

Within the documents stored in the database for each of these four fields, subfields have been provided (as shown in the "jsonSchema.json" file into the "documents" folder) that allow you to manage the various data with MongoDB in order to execute specific queries and commands.

The second document contains details related to Authorized Bodies, i.e. institutional places where it is possible to get vaccinated and/or where one

can undergo a test, the fields are based on specific assumptions about where these places are located and the healthcare personnel working there.

At last, in order to record a greater number of elements to be processed within the dataset, while ensuring the meaningfulness and consistency of the information stored, some assumptions and limitations have been established in the creation of the data managed by the database, therefore:

- each Authorized Body is associated with a document identified by a unique ID, which is directly referred to in the test/vaccine lists of the Certification document;
- each test/vaccine was associated with only one member of the healthcare personnel who represents a sort of "responsible" for that given administration;
- for the sake of simplicity in data management, it was decided that for each Authorized Body there should be a list consisting of at most 5 members of the healthcare personnel, "responsible" for the various tests/vaccines to which they are associated;
- each person can come from any Italian location, but only Authorized Bodies belonging to the city of Milan with the relative coordinates have been examined for the purpose of performing more in-depth analysis on the data;
- vaccines were administered throughout the last year while tests during the last month.

3 Queries and Commands

The correct functioning of the information system involves the implementation of some essential commands and queries for the database in order to properly support the app and to ensure the right execution of searches among the data available for statistical or practical purposes.

First of all you need to load the .csv files in two separate collections (authorizedBodies and certifications), you can find them following the path "db/ab.csv" and "db/certification.csv"

When you are importing the data make sure to change the datatypes in:

- All the dates/datetime from String to Date
- In certifications test/vaccine.id_authorized_body from String to ObjectId
- In authorizedBodies _id from String to ObjectId

3.1 Queries

3.1.1 Find all the people with the Reinforced GreenPass

This query allows us to find all people in possession of a reinforced green-pass after the latest regulations, that is, all those who have been vaccinated in the last 9 months.

QUERY

```
db.certifications.find({
  "$and": [{"vaccination":{"$exists":true}},
  {"vaccination.datetime":{"$gte":new Date(
    ISODate().getTime() - 1000 * 3600 * 24 * 270)}}},
  {"vaccination.datetime":{"$lte":new Date(
    ISODate().getTime())}}]
},{
  "person.name":1,
  "person.surname":1,
  "vaccination":1
})
```

The output is given by:

- The ObjectId of the certification document
- The name and the surname of the person
- The datetime of the vaccination

OUTPUT

```
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b6ee"),  
  person: { name: 'Luca', surname: 'Colombo' },  
  vaccination:  
    [ { datetime: 2021-09-07T17:31:42.000Z },  
      { datetime: 2021-10-05T17:31:42.000Z } ] }  
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b70e"),  
  person: { name: 'Lorenzo Federico Giuseppe',  
            surname: 'Tomasi' },  
  vaccination: [ { datetime: 2021-11-14T10:18:51.000Z } ] }  
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b6e9"),  
  person: { name: 'Vincenzo', surname: 'Maggiani' },  
  vaccination:  
    [ { datetime: 2021-10-23T15:51:37.000Z },  
      { datetime: 2021-11-20T16:51:37.000Z } ] }  
  . . .
```

3.1.2 Find the number of vaccinations ordered per month

This query allows us to retrieve some statistical data on the number of the vaccinations per month.

QUERY

```
db.certifications.aggregate(  
  { $unwind : "$vaccination" },  
  { $group: {  
    _id: {month: { $month: "$vaccination.datetime" },  
    year: { $year: "$vaccination.datetime" } },  
    count: { $sum: 1 }  
  }  
}, {  
  "$sort": {count: -1}  
}  
)
```

The output is given by:

- The count of the vaccinations
- The months and year

OUTPUT

```
{ _id: { month: 11, year: 2021 }, count: 41 }  
{ _id: { month: 2, year: 2021 }, count: 36 }  
{ _id: { month: 10, year: 2021 }, count: 36 }  
{ _id: { month: 8, year: 2021 }, count: 36 }  
{ _id: { month: 4, year: 2021 }, count: 35 }  
{ _id: { month: 3, year: 2021 }, count: 32 }  
{ _id: { month: 12, year: 2021 }, count: 29 }  
{ _id: { month: 5, year: 2021 }, count: 27 }  
{ _id: { month: 7, year: 2021 }, count: 27 }  
{ _id: { month: 9, year: 2021 }, count: 26 }  
{ _id: { month: 1, year: 2021 }, count: 22 }  
{ _id: { month: 6, year: 2021 }, count: 14 }
```

3.1.3 Find the age average of unvaccinated people

This query also allows us to get a statistical information about the age of the unvaccinated people

QUERY

```
db.certifications.aggregate([
  { $match : {
    "person.birthdate" : { $exists : true},
    "vaccine":{"$exists":false}
  } },
  { $project : {"ageInMillis" : {$subtract :
    [new Date(), "$person.birthdate"] } } },
  { $project : {"age" : {$divide :
    ["$ageInMillis", 31558464000] } }},
  // take the floor of the previous number:
  { $project : {"age" : {$subtract : ["$age",
    {$mod : ["$age",1]]} } }},
  { $group : { _id : true, avgAge : { $avg : "$age" } } },
  { $project: { "avgAge": { $round: ["$avgAge", 2] } } }
])
```

The output is given by:

- The age average

OUTPUT

```
{ _id: true, avgAge: 58.14 }
```

3.1.4 Find all currently infected people

This query allows us to find people currently infected, i.e. those whose last test is positive.

QUERY

```
db.certifications.aggregate([
  {$addFields : {test : {$reduce : {
    input : "$test",
    initialValue : {datetime :
      new ISODate('2000-01-01T00:00:00')},
    in : {$cond: [{gte : ["$$this.datetime",
      "$$value.datetime"]}, "$$this", "$$value"]}}}
  }},
  { $match: {"test.result": "Positive"}},
  {$project: {
    "person.name": "$person.name",
    "person.surname": "$person.surname",
    "person.codice_fiscale": "$person.codice_fiscale",
  }}
])
```

The output is given by:

- The ObjectId of the certification document
- The name and surname of the person
- The CF of the person

OUTPUT

```
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b71e"),
  person:
    { name: 'Adele',
      surname: 'Mantovani',
      codice_fiscale: 'MNTDLA62D60C059I' } }
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b71b"),
  person:
    { name: 'Ferruccio',
      surname: 'Meloni',
      codice_fiscale: 'MLNFRC61D17B246A' } }
{ _id: ObjectId("61af82fb2468d4592b37b7ab"),
  person:
    { name: 'Riccardo',
      surname: 'Brumat',
      codice_fiscale: 'BRMRCR65T22F356R' } }
```

3.1.5 Find the number of tests per authorized body (JOIN)

This query allows us to find the number of tests that each authorized body did, in this query we use the JOIN of the two document in order to retrieve the name and the type of the authorized body starting from the id in the certification document.

MongoDB is not optimized to perform this type of operation like relational databases, so the query is optimized to perform the join on as few elements as possible grouping the tests in pipeline before the join.

QUERY

```
db.certifications.aggregate([
  { $unwind : "$test" },
  {$group:{
    _id:"$test.id_authorized_body",
    count:{$sum:1}
  }},
  {
    "$lookup": {
      "from": "authorizedBodies",
      "localField": "_id",
      "foreignField": "_id",
      "as": "authorizedBodyInfo"
    }
  },
  {
    "$project":{_id:0,count:1,
      "authorizedBodyInfo.name":"$authorizedBodyInfo.name",
      "authorizedBodyInfo.type":"$authorizedBodyInfo.type"
    }
  }
])
```

The output is given by:

- The count of the tests done
- The name of the authorized body
- The type of the authorized body

OUTPUT

```
{ count: 17,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'Policlinico' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
{ count: 21,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'Auxologico San Luca' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
{ count: 25,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'San Raffaele' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
{ count: 19,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'San Paolo' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
{ count: 26,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'San Giuseppe' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
{ count: 15,
  authorizedBodyInfo: [ { name: [ 'Ospedale Fiera' ],
                        type: [ 'Hospital' ] } ] }
. . .
```

3.2 Commands

3.2.1 Insert a new Authorized Body (CREATE)

In this command we insert in the `authorizedBodies` collection a new document.

COMMAND

```
db.authorizedBodies.insertOne({
  "address":{
    "address":"Via Roma",
    "cap":"24030",
    "geopoint":"45.0000 9.0000",
    "house":"13b",
    "municipality":"Bergamo",
  },
  "department":"covid test",
  "name":"Farmacia Comunale",
  "type":"pharmacy",
  "healthcarePersonnel":[
    {
      "cellphone":"+393476574382",
      "codice_fiscale":"DNTHGB87P15G764J",
      "name":"Carlo",
      "role":"pharmacist",
      "surname":"Merlutti",
    }
  ]
})
```

3.2.2 Insert a test in a Certification (UPDATE)

In this command we add to a given certification (via ObjectId) a new test as a subdocument in the ArrayList field test.

COMMAND

```
db.certifications.updateOne({
  "_id":ObjectId('61af82fb2468d4592b37b70e')
},{
  "$push":{
    "test":{
      "$each":[{
        "datetime":ISODate('2021-12-08T16:20:00'),
        "healthcarePersonnel":{
          "codice_fiscale":"PLCLRT48C02C224Y",
          "name":"Alberto Christian",
          "surname":"Paolucci"
        },
        "id_authorized_body":
          ObjectId('61acd3e25ca7e964a122def1'),
        "result":"Positive",
        "type":"Molecular"
      }]
    }
  }
})
```

3.2.3 Delete all the Authorized Bodies that test and are pharmacies (DELETE)

In this command we simulate a change of regulations where the pharmacies can no longer test people and therefore we delete this kind of authorized body from the collection.

COMMAND

```
db.authorizedBodies.deleteMany({
  "$and":[
    {"type":"pharmacy"},
    {"department":"covid test"}]
})
```

4 References & Sources

- [1] Course Slides
- [2] <https://pysimplegui.readthedocs.io/en/latest/call%20reference/>
- [3] <https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/>
- [4] <https://pymongo.readthedocs.io/en/stable/>
- [5] <http://iniball.altervista.org/Software/ProgER>
- [6] <https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/>