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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Subwords 1 X85229\_en

A nucleic acid or amino acid sequence of length n can be seen as composed of a number of possibly overlapping k-mers or words of length k, for  $1 \le k \le n$ . An interesting problem is the generation of all the words of length k contained in a genomic sequence with n nucleotides, for all k with  $1 \le k \le n$ . That is, the generation of all the subwords of a genomic sequence of length n.

Write pseudocode, Python code, and C++ code for the subwords problem. The program must implement and use the subwords function in the pseudocode, which must be iterative and is not allowed to perform input/output operations. Make two submissions, including the pseudocode as a comment to both the Python and the C++ code.

### Input

The input is a string s (a genomic sequence) over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{A, C, G, T\}$ .

#### Output

The output is a sorted list of all the nonempty subwords of *s*, without repetitions.

## Sample input

TATAAT

## Sample output

#### **Problem information**

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