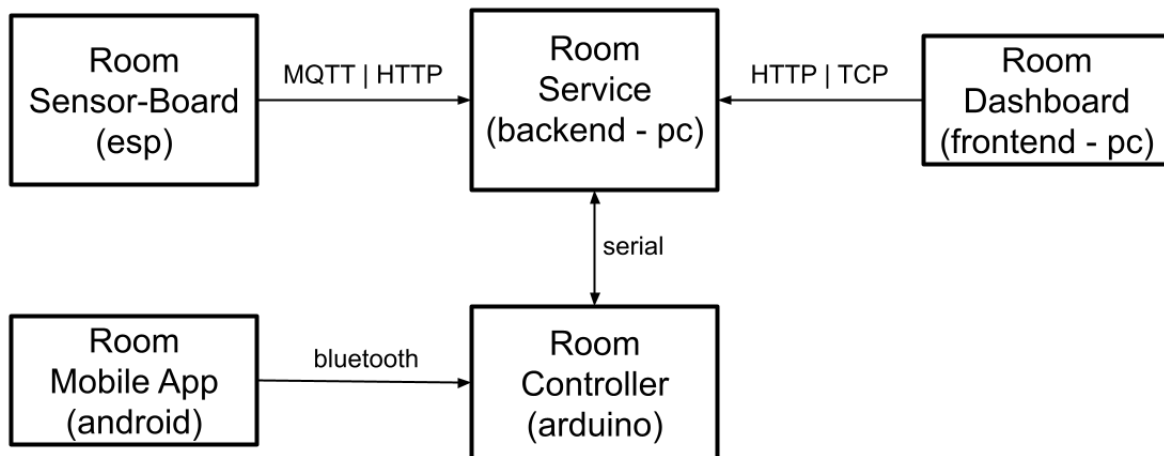


Assignment #03 - Smart Room

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We want to realise an IoT system implementing a simplified version of a *smart room*, as a smart system monitoring and controlling the state of a room (e.g. in a Campus).

The system is composed of 5 subsystems:



- **Room Sensor-Board (esp)**
 - embedded system to monitor the state of the room by using a set of sensors
 - It interacts with the Room Service (via MQTT¹)
- **Room Service (backend - pc)**
 - service functioning as the main unit governing the management of the room
 - it interacts through the serial line with the Controller (arduino)
 - it interacts via MQTT¹ with the Room SensorBoard (esp)
 - it interacts via HTTP² with the Dashboard (frontend/PC)
- **Room Controller (Arduino)**
 - embedded system controlling lighting and roller blinds
 - it interacts via serial line with the Room Service and via BT with the Room App
- **Room App (Android - smartphone)**
 - mobile app that makes it possible to manually control lights and roller blinds
 - it interacts with the Room Controller via Bluetooth
- **Room Dashboard (Frontend/web app on the PC)**
 - front-end to visualise and track the state of the room

¹ HTTP can be used instead of MQTT, if needed

² TCP can be used instead of HTTP, if needed

- it interacts with the Room Service

Hardware components

- Room Sensor-board
 - SoC ESP32 board (or ESP8266) including
 - a green led
 - 1 PIR
 - 1 photoresistor analog sensor
- Room Controller
 - Microcontroller Arduino UNO board including:
 - 1 green led simulating a light subsystem
 - 1 servo motor simulating the roller blind subsystem
 - 1 Bluetooth module HC-06 o HC-05

General Behaviour of the system

The Smart Room system is meant to control the lighting system and roller blinds according to the following policy:

- If no one is in the room, the light (of the lighting subsystem) should be off
- If someone enters in the the room and the room is dark, then the light should be turned on (if it was off)
- The roller blinds are fully rolled up automatically the first time someone enters in the room, from 8:00 (if someone enters)
- The roller blinds are fully unrolled at 19:00 (if they are up and no one is in the room), or as soon as someone who is still in the room at 19:00 leaves the room.
- Through the mobile app, a user can:
 - turn on or off the light
 - roll up / unroll – also partially (from 0 to 100%)
- Through the dashboard a room manager can:
 - track the state of the room
 - in particular in which hours and how long the lights where on
 - fully control the light and roller blinds

Remark: the light controlled by this policy representing the lighting system is represented by the green led in the Room Controller.

It can be assumed that the room is accessed from 8:00 to 19:00.

Further details:

- About the Room Sensor-board

- The led should be on when someone is in the room and off when no one is the room
 - About the Room Controller
 - The servo motor controls/simulates the roller blinds
 - 0° means roller blinds completely rolled-up
 - 180° means roller blinds completely unrolled
 - the green light simulates the lighting system: on/off
 - No specific constraints/requirements are given for the Room Mobile App and the Room Dashboard
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The assignment

Design and develop a prototype of the Smart Room system, considering the following requirements

- **Room Sensor-Board - based on ESP32**
 - must use either the MQTT or HTTP to communicate with the Room Service
- **Room Controller - based on Arduino**
 - the control logic must be designed and implemented using finite state machines (synchronous or asynchronous)
 - must communicate with the Room Service via serial line
- **Room Service - in execution on a PC**
 - no specific constraints about the programming/sw technology to be used
 - must use either MQTT or HTTP to communicate with the Room Sensor-Board
- **Room App - based on Android (either real device or emulated) or any other mobile platform**
 - for real device, the communication with the Room Control must be base on the BT wireless technology
 - for emulated devices, the communication can be done using the serial line communicating with the Android Emulator through a software bridge, as presented in lab
- **Room Dashboard - to be run on a PC**
 - no specific constraints on the technologies to be used
 - it can be implemented as a web app running in a browser or a PC app based on sockets

The Deliverable

The deliverable consists in a zipped folder **assignment-03.zip** including:

- 5 subfolders (one for each subsystem)
 - room-service
 - room-sensor-board
 - room-controller
 - room-dashboard
 - room-app
- **doc** folder
 - including a brief report (**report.pdf**) describing the system, including also a description of FSMs, a representation of the schema/breadboard and the link to a short video demonstrating the system.