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POLITECNICO DI MILANO

RASD: Requirement Analysis and Specification Document

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1 Introduction

Data-driven Predictive Farming, also known as *DREAM*, is a project presented by UNDP India and Healthsites initiative, promoted by Telangana's government. The aim of the project is to enhance the farm system and the entire food supply chain with an IT supporting application. This arises from modern challenges like climate change and the foreseen population growth that have underlined the critical issues of the modern system making necessary a complete overhaul.

1.1 Purpose

DREAM aims to support work categories involved into the farming industry by providing them relevant and up-to-date data about the farm activity's performance. The main stakeholders are: Telangana's policy makers, farmers and agronomists. The goal is to develop a data-driven application with the help of IT partners. Telangana's state already collect important data concerning wheather forecast, these data are publicly available with a live rainfall map on the official government website. Other data can be collected through humidity sensors deployed all over the territory and through the water irrigation system.

Agriculture has a main role in India's economy, more than half of the population depends on it and about a fifth is below the poverty line. Furthermore, as a significant increment in population is expected for 2050 (*UN's* esteem), food demand is going to significantly increase. Telangana needs an efficient application to increase the general productivity of the farm system.

The user base is expected to be the entire population of Telangana, starting with those who works in the agriculture sector up to normal citizens.

1.2 Scope

Phenomena controlled by the Machine

ID	Phenomenom	Shared
M1	Check username and password	No
M2	Analysis of best practices	No
M3	Analysis of weather data	No
M4	Visualize data concerning weather, land, performance	Yes

Phenomena controlled by the World

ID	Phenomenom	Shared
W1	User login	Yes
W2	User share best practice	Yes
W3	User ask for help on forum	Yes
W4	Collect land data from sensor	Yes
W5	User create topic in forum	Yes
W6	User insert post	Yes
W7	User reply to a post	Yes
W8	User update daily plan	Yes
W9	User check weather forecast	Yes

1.2.1 Goals

Telangana's policy makers

1. Identification of well-performing farmers

Main goal of the policy makers is to identify farmers that are resilient to meteorological adverse events. This can be done comparing the productivity ratio defined as the produced amount per product in adverse condition over the amount in standard conditions. This farmers will receive special incentives and will be asked to help other farmers with useful practices.

2. Identification of bad-performing farmers

Identify farmers that are performing bad using the productivity ratio, they are the ones that need to be helped by the well-performing farmers.

3. Visualize the results of steering initiatives

Visualize and evaluate the results produced by the steering initiatives from agronomists and good farmers.

Farmers

1. Visualize data

Visualize important data like weather forecast and personalized suggestion about specific crops or fertilizers. All data are based on location and type of production.

2. **Insert data**

Insert data about their production, report every type of problems.

3. **Request for help/suggestion**

Farmers can request help with a text message that will be sent directly to the agronomists responsible of the area.

4. **Create discussion forums**

Create forums to discuss with the other farmers. In this section the creator can choose the name of the forum and invite all the desirable participants.

Agronomists

1. **Insert area**

Insert the area of responsibility for the agronomist.

2. **Receive request for help/suggestion**

Here the agronomist can manage all the incoming request for help or suggestion. This can be done with a specific section where the agronomist can visualize the message and answer it.

3. **Visualize area stats**

Visualize data about whether forecast or a list of best-performing farmers. The list of best-performing farmers is based on the productivity over a selected period of time.

4. **Visualize and update daily plan**

The daily plan consists in a list of farms to be visited during the day. Every farm must be visited at least twice a year with particular attention to the under-performing ones that should be visited more often.

5. **Confirm the daily plan**

Confirm the daily plan at the end of the day or update it in case of deviations.

1.3 Definitions, acronyms, abbreviations

Definitions

Acronyms

- **RASD**: Requirement Analysis and Specification Document

- **DREAM:** *Data-driven predictive farming* project
- **Telangana:** Indian state promoting the *DREAM* project

1.4 Revision history

1.5 Reference documents

- Specification document: "Assignment RDD AY 2021-2022"
- Alloy documentation: <https://alloytools.org/documentation.html>
- UML documentation: <https://www.uml-diagrams.org/>
- BPMN documentation: <https://www.bpmn.org/>
- Paper: "The World and the Machine" by M. Jackson and P. Zave

1.6 Document structure

- **Section 1** gives an introduction about the problem to tackle and about which functionalities will be implemented in the final product in order to solve it.
- **Section 2** contains the overall description of the whole project, presenting it in a more formal way through class diagrams which will contain the backbone blocks that will build the final application. Furthermore, there will be presented the so-called *actors* who are the ones that will use the application, the expected functionalities and the domain assumptions taken in consideration throughout the whole project, from the specification phase to the actual developing phase.
- **Section 3** delves deeply into the technical aspects of the topics presented in *Section 2*, in order to be more useful for the development, by providing a standard interfaces' system *a priori* to stick to during the project implementation. It will show functional and non-functional requirements. The former will be presented through some use-cases and scenarios as meaningful examples; while the latter will be disclosed by analysing performance, design and software system features that the project will have.

- **Section 4** presents the Alloy code briefly explaining the purpose of it in modeling the given problem.

2 Overall Description

2.1 Product perspective

2.2 Product functions

2.2.1 Sign-up and shared functions

- **Sign-up:** let the user sign-up thorough an email and a password, creating a profile tailored for the user's job. Specify the area in which they live and what type of cultivation they manage.

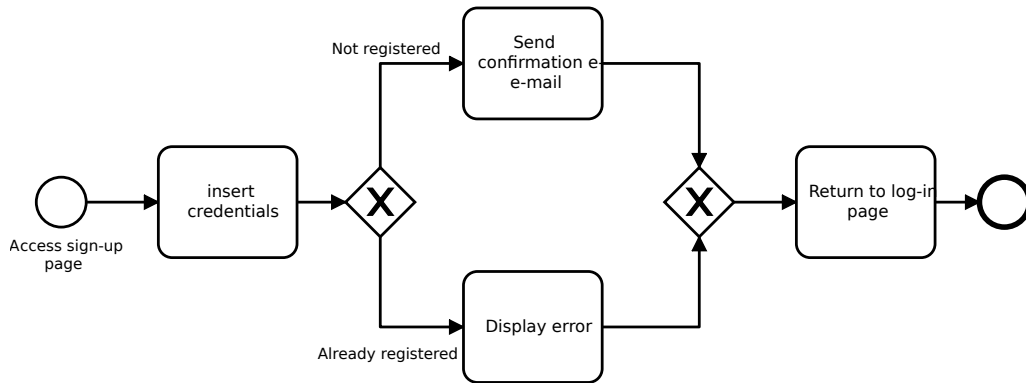


Figure 1: Sign Up BPMN

2.2.2 Policy makers functions

- **Visualize relevant data and initiative:** let the policy makers know a variety of different data like the performances of the farmers by grouping them in a rank to know who are the farmers that are performing well and who are the worst one based on informations insert by them. Policy makers can also visualize the steering initiative presented by the

agronomist in a specific subsection of their view. (ok so che non è view ma non mi viene il nome)

2.2.3 Farmers functions

- **Profile edit:** allow the farmers change their profile in order to upgrade information like:

Area: allow to change the area where farmers have their plantation;

Plant type: allow to change the type of plant;

Username and password: allow to change their username and password.

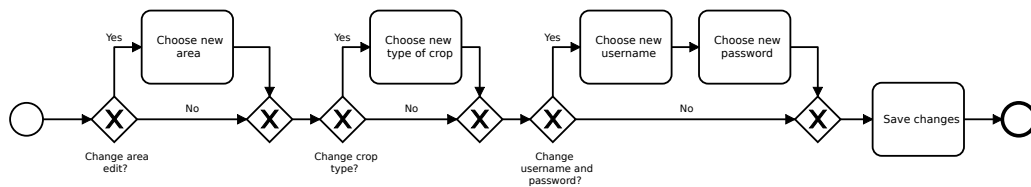


Figure 2: Profile edit BPMN

- **Manipulation of informations:** allow farmers to visualize every kind of their interest like the wheather forecast for the day or for the next few days or some suggestions about own crops and specific fertilizers.
- **Send message:** allow farmers to send messages to the agronomist.
- **Usage of the forum:** allow farmers to create a new topic or reply to a message in the dedicated forum.

•

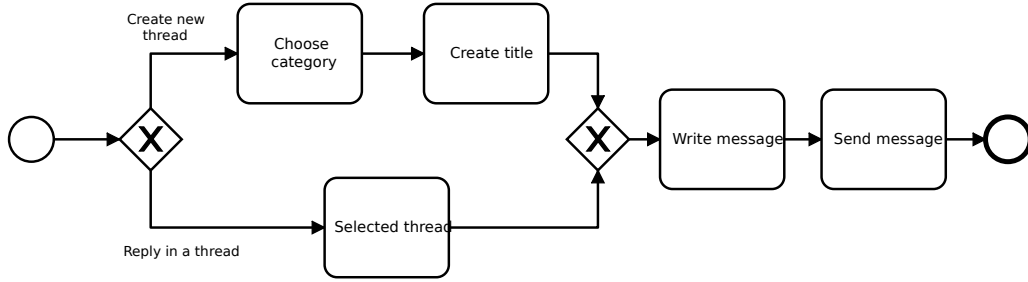


Figure 3: Forum BPMN

2.2.4 Agronomists functions

- **Area functions:** allow the agronomist to insert their responsibility area and visualize the correspondent data like wheather forecast or the rank of the farmers.
- **Manage farmers requests:** farmers can send help or suggestion request to whom agronomist have to reply.
- **Manage daily plan:** allow the agronomist to make their daily plan by registering the incoming visits to the farmers. At the end of the day a farmers must confirm if they were able to complete the plan or specify the deviations occurred during the day.

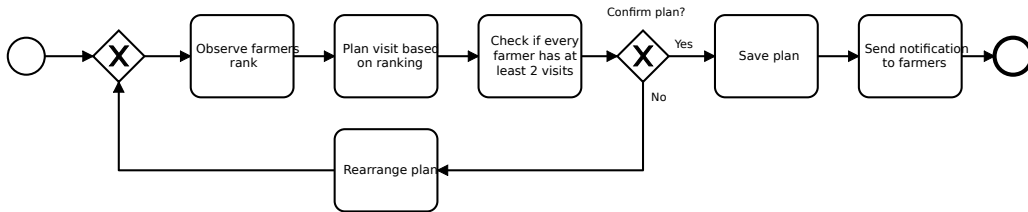


Figure 4: Daily plan BPMN

2.3 User characteristics

The application has been thought for the three different user categories that follows:

- **Policy makers** are government's employees that are in charge of analysing the general agriculture trends among all the districts in Telangana, then promote based state-wide policies to better the whole food system. Their main goal is not only to secure the current provision, but also to identify now the best practices that will lead to a flourishing food production in the future. By doing so, the plan is to grow more resilient and profitable crops and prepare the lands to face future menaces, for instance the climate that is getting more hostile or the foreseen increment of the food demand. As a consequence, they want to be notified about the best performing farmers in order to contact them and get more insight from them about their procedures, with the aim to acquire best practises to be shared and applied on a larger scale. At the same time, they need to know who, on the other hand, is performing particularly badly, so that they can be given the help they need to better their results, since obtaining the foresaid goal requires the structure to run smoothly in all its parts. Policy makers also need a feedback system that let them be aware of the true impact *a posteriori* of the initiatives carried out by the agronomists in collaboration with the knowledge and practice of the best farmers.
- **Farmers** are interested in functionalities that will help with their day-to-day life at work, so they would like to receive in one place all the information about the weather to plan before hand the work day and useful data, like suggestions and news about the specific crop they cultivate, if some crop's illness is spreading in their area and how to treat it, which fertilizers boost the plant's production, etc. Moreover, they should insert data about their own production and ask for help to a regional agronomist through the app if it's needed. Being part of a larger community of people that share the same purpose (such as being more productive) brings more knowledge in general, so it's easier for the farmers to get in touch with their colleagues that grow the same crops and might have faced the same challenges they do through the in-app forum. The feature allows them to enlarge their pool of acquaintances and brings them together online, even though they might be kilometers away from each other.
- **Agronomists** are the experts in the agriculture field, so the main function needed for them is the possibility of helping out the farmers that

reach out to them. Each agronomist is in charge of a specific geographical area in Telangana, in order to be efficiently present on the territory in a fair and useful way according to the actual helping demand. In fact, they visit each farm spread among their area at least twice a year. That said, agronomists would like some functionalities that help them planning out their trips on the field in an simple yet flexible way. Furthermore, they would like to be notified of the farms' performace, especially the ones scoring poor results in order to plan their visits more often for those, depending on the problem their facing. Nonetheless, in order to make a complete and axhaustive report about the area productivity for the central government, they are also interested into acknowledging the top performing farms.

2.4 Assumptions, dependencies and constraints

- D1: Agronomists actually stick to the scheduled daily plan
- D2: Agronomists correct their schedule at the end of the day if deviations occur
- D3: Each user registers according to their role and always feeds correct information to the app
- D4: The internet connection works properly
- D5: The sensors measuring humidity level of the soil work properly
- D6: Weather forecasts are accurate up to a 80% for the short-term and up to 60% on the long-term
- D7: Water irrigation system send the information accurately, with an error of at most 1%
- D8: Agronomists always replay to farmers requests of help
- D9: Farmers periodically insert data about their crop status and resulting production

3 Specific Requirements

3.1 External Interface Requirements

3.1.1 User Interfaces

3.1.2 Hardware Interfaces

3.1.3 Software Interfaces

3.1.4 Communication Interfaces

3.2 Functional Requirements

3.2.1 Scenarios

1. Sahil is a farmer that would like to share some best-practices about a particular product that he has cultivated during the last year. He decides to open a new discussion on the forum and invites all his colleagues.
 - He opens the app on his device, if he is already registered he logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for a farmer user
 - He clicks on the "Forum" and access the forum section
 - Now he clicks on the "Create new topic" where he can select the name of the discussion
 - Finally he writes a new message in the discussion
2. Pajeet is one of the main policy makers in the state of Telangana. He wants to distribute special incentives to the best farmers and to do this he decides to open the app and visualize the data.
 - He opens the app on his device, if he is already registered he logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for a policy maker user
 - He visualize the ranking of the well-performing farmers
 - He clicks on the name of a farmer

- Now the system shows the profile of the selected farmer
 - Here the policy maker can find useful contact informations such as phone number and email
 - He takes note of the desirable contact informations and close the app
3. Shaleena is an agronomist responsible of Mahbubnagar, one of the biggest region in Telangana. She wants to compose the daily plan to decides which farms to visit today and for this reason she decides to open the app.
- She opens the app on his device, if she is already registered she logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for an agronomist user
 - She clicks on the "Daily plan" and access the new section
 - She can add the farms she wants to visit to the daily plan by choosing them from the list of available ones
 - Now the system shows the addresses and the date of the last visit of the selected farms
 - She takes note of the addresses of the farms to visit and close the app
4. Chaitanya is an agronomist that after a hard day of work wants to update the daily plan on the app. At the end of the day she realizes that she has visited three farms instead of the two indicated in the daily plan.
- She opens the app on his device, if she is already registered she logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for an agronomist user
 - She clicks on the "Daily plan" and access the new section
 - Here she can visualize the daily plan
 - She can click on the "Add" or on the "Remove"
 - In case of "Add" the system would redirect her to the list of available ones, in case of "Remove" she can delete a farm from the list simply by clicking on the cross at the right

- She clicks on the "Confirm" to validate the daily plan
 - The system returns to the homepage
 - Finally she close the app
5. Damayanti is a farmer that would like to improve the productivity of his farm. To do so he decides to consult the section regarding the suggestions on specific crops to plant or specific fertilizers to use.
- He opens the app on his device, if he is already registered he logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for a farmer user
 - He clicks on the "News" and access the new section
 - Here he visualizes suggestions based on his type of production and on his location
 - If he is not satisfied he clicks on the "Request for suggestions" to aks agronomists or other farmers
 - Otherwise he takes note of the suggestions
 - He closes the app
6. Pradeep is an agronomist who wants to take care about help requests before going to work.
- He opens the app on his device, if he is already registered he logs in
 - The system shows the homepage for an agronomist user
 - He clicks on the "Mail box" and access the new section
 - Here he visualizes a list of help requests
 - By clicking on a help request he can visualize the request and answer
 - He do this for every help request until they are finished
 - Finally he closes the app and begins his working day

3.3 Performance Requirements

Test.

3.4 Design Constraints

Test.

3.4.1 Standards compliance

3.4.2 Hardware limitations

3.4.3 Any other constraint

3.5 Software System Attributes

3.5.1 Reliability

Test.

3.5.2 Availability

Test.

3.5.3 Security

3.5.4 Maintainability

3.5.5 Portability

4 Formal Analysis using Alloy

5 Effort Spent

Student	Time for S.1	S.2	S.3	S.4
Ottavia Belotti	1h	2h	?	?
Alessio Braccini	2h	?	?	?
Riccardo Izzo	2h	?	?	?

6 References