

CE394M: Critical State and Cam-Clay

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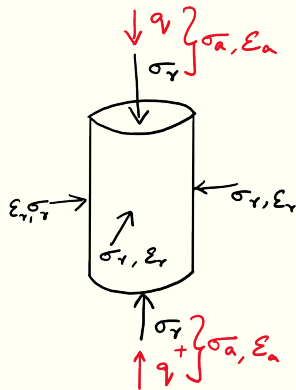
1 Critical State Soil Mechanics

Roscoe et al., (1958), Schofield & Worth (1968), Wood (1990):

- Provides a conceptual framework in which to interpret stress-strain-strength-volumetric strain response of soil.
- Started as a qualitative, rather than a mathematical model
- A unified framework of known or observed soil responses: drained / undrained / etc

Critical state variables

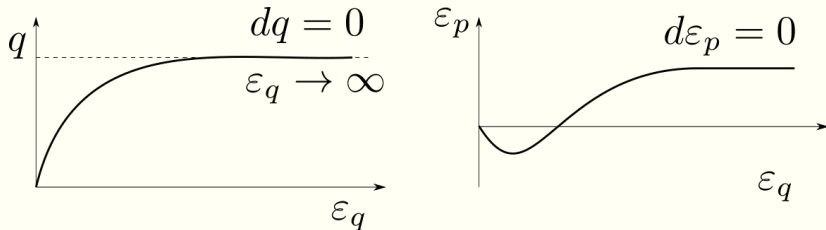
- Mean stress: $p' = \frac{\sigma'_a + 2\sigma'_r}{3} = p - u$.
- Deviatoric stress: $q = \sigma'_a - \sigma'_r = \sigma_a - \sigma_r$
- Specific volume: $v = \frac{V_T}{V_s} = \frac{V_s + V_v}{V_s} = 1 + e$.



Critical State Hypothesis: I

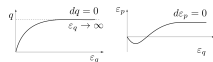
Roscoe, Schofield & Worth (1958): **At shear-failure, soil exists at a unique state**

- $d\varepsilon_q \gg 0$ unlimited shear strain potential.
- $dp' = dq = d\varepsilon_p = 0$ no change in p' , q , ε_p .
- Critical state stress ratio: $\eta = q/p' = \text{const} = M$ at failure $q = Mp'$.



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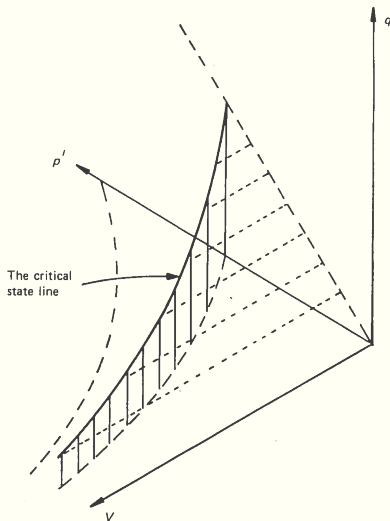


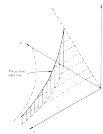
Soil is sheared to a point where stresses are stationary ($dq = dp' = 0$) with no further change in volume ($d\varepsilon_p = 0$), unlimited shear strains ($d\varepsilon_q >> 0$) and q/p' has a fixed value: **critical state**.

M can be related to ϕ' : $M = \frac{6 \sin \phi'}{3 - \sin \phi'}$.

Critical State Hypothesis: II

Critical state is a function of q, p', v .



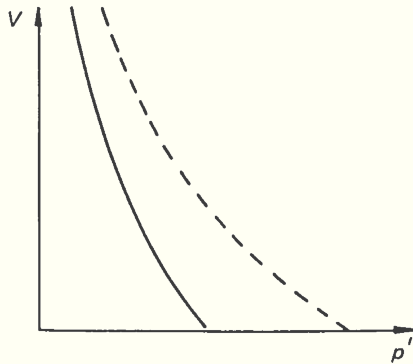
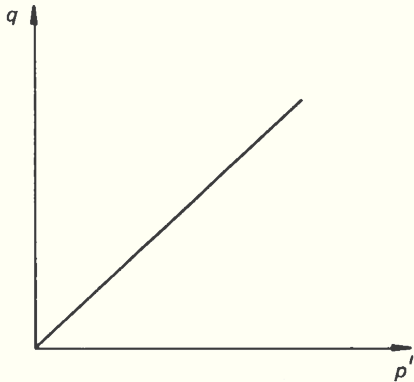


Critical state curve connecting critical state points:

- Critical state line
- Defined in 3D but we'll look at projections into $q - p'$ and $v - p'$ space

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The CSL in (a) (p', q) plot and (b) (p', v) plot (isotropic normal compression line is shown in dashed)

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