Medium Q Search Sign up Sign in

# Strategy Pattern .NET (C#)



The Strategy Pattern is a behavioral design pattern that enables an algorithm's behavior to be selected at runtime. The main idea is to define a family of algorithms, encapsulate each one, and make them interchangeable. The Strategy Pattern lets the algorithm vary independently from clients that use it.

#### Components

- 1. **Context:** A class that contains a reference to a Strategy instance. It delegates the execution of a task to the strategy's implementation without having to understand the details of how the strategy works.
- 2. **Strategy Interface**: This defines a common interface for all concrete strategies. It declares a method the context uses to execute a strategy.

3. **Concrete Strategies:** These are individual classes that implement the Strategy interface. Each represents a different algorithm or way of performing a task.

Merwan Chinta

Merwan Chinta

Merwan Chinta

Merwan Chinta

#### **Principles and Policies**

- 1. **Encapsulation of Variations:** The Strategy Pattern encapsulates the varying parts of the algorithm from the parts that stay the same. This means changes to the algorithm don't affect the client code.
- 2. **Program to an Interface, not an Implementation**: The client interacts with the strategy through an interface, not directly with a concrete implementation. This means the client code can work with any strategy that implements the interface.
- 3. Favor Composition over Inheritance: Instead of inheriting behavior, the Strategy Pattern uses composition to delegate responsibility to a strategy object. This provides more flexibility in choosing the appropriate behavior.
- 4. **Open/Closed Principle**: The system should be open for extension but closed for modification. New strategies can be added without changing the context or the way client code uses the system.
- 5. Single Responsibility Principle: Each strategy class has a single responsibility, representing a specific algorithm or behavior. This makes them easy to understand, implement, and test.

By following these principles, the Strategy Pattern provides a flexible structure for handling varying algorithms or behaviors, making it easier to manage, extend, and modify the functional parts of an application.

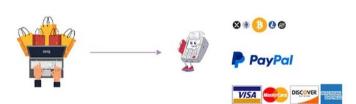
Payment Processing System

Let's consider a payment processing system where different payment strategies might be required, such as credit card payments, PayPal, or cryptocurrency. Payment strategies can often change or require additions, making it a suitable use case for the Strategy Pattern.

Merwan Chinta

Merwan Chinta

Strategy Pattern, adding payment methods



# Free Membership √ Distraction-free reading. No ads. √ Read member-only stories Medium √ Organize your knowledge with lists and √ Support writers you read most highlights. ✓ Earn money for your writing √ Tell your story. Find your audience. Sign up to discover human stories that √ Listen to audio narrations deepen your understanding of the world. √ Read offline with the Medium app Sign up for free Try for \$5/month var paymentProcessor = new PaymentProcessor(); paymentProcessor.ProcessPayment(100.00m, "CreditCard");

Now, suppose you need to add PayPal as a payment method. You might modify the PaymentProcessor class and add another if-else condition.

Merwan Chinta

```
}

// Usage
var paymentProcessor = new PaymentProcessor();
paymentProcessor.ProcessPayment(100.00m, "CreditCard");
paymentProcessor.ProcessPayment(75.50m, "PayPal");
```

## **Problems with this Approach**

- 1. Scalability: Each new payment method requires adding more if-else conditions to the ProcessPayment method, making it grow indefinitely.
- 2. Maintainability: Over time, the ProcessPayment method becomes increasingly complex and harder to manage.
- 3. Open/Closed Principle Violation: The class is not closed for modification.

  Every time a new payment type is added, you have to modify this class.

# With Strategy Pattern

Now, let's refactor the code to use the Strategy Pattern, making it more flexible and maintainable.

Merwan Chinta

Merwan Chinta

#### **Strategy Interface**

```
public interface IPaymentStrategy
{
    void ProcessPayment(decimal amount);
}
```

#### **Concrete Strategies**

Merwan Chinta

```
public class CreditCardPaymentStrategy : IPaymentStrategy
{
    public void ProcessPayment(decimal amount)
    {
        // Logic to process Credit Card payment
        Console.WriteLine($"Processing {amount} via Credit Card");
    }
}

public class PayPalPaymentStrategy : IPaymentStrategy
{
    public void ProcessPayment(decimal amount)
    {
        // Logic to process PayPal payment
        Console.WriteLine($"Processing {amount} via PayPal");
    }
}
```

#### **Context Class**

```
public class PaymentProcessor
{
    private IPaymentStrategy _paymentStrategy;

    public PaymentProcessor(IPaymentStrategy paymentStrategy)
    {
        _paymentStrategy = paymentStrategy;
    }

    public void SetPaymentStrategy(IPaymentStrategy paymentStrategy)
    {
        _paymentStrategy = paymentStrategy;
    }

    public void ProcessPayment(decimal amount)
    {
        _paymentStrategy.ProcessPayment(amount);
    }
}
```

Usage

Merwan Chinta

```
var creditCardPayment = new PaymentProcessor(new CreditCardPaymentStrategy());
creditCardPayment.ProcessPayment(100.00m);
// Output: Processing 100.00 via Credit Card

var payPalPayment = new PaymentProcessor(new PayPalPaymentStrategy());
payPalPayment.ProcessPayment(75.50m);
// Output: Processing 75.50 via PayPal
```

Adding a new payment method in the context of the Strategy Pattern is a straightforward process and doesn't require changing existing code, which is one of the main advantages of this pattern.

Merwan Chinta

Let's walk through adding a new Cryptocurrency payment strategy to the existing system and compare how this approach simplifies the extension of functionality.

# Adding Cryptocurrency Payment Strategy

Merwan Chinta

Define the new concrete strategy by creating a class that implements the <code>IPaymentStrategy</code> interface.

```
public class CryptoPaymentStrategy : IPaymentStrategy
{
    public void ProcessPayment(decimal amount)
    {
        Console.WriteLine($"Processing {amount} via Cryptocurrency");
        // Actual cryptocurrency processing logic
    }
}
```

Using the new strategy is as simple as instantiating the PaymentProcessor with the new CryptoPaymentStrategy

```
var cryptoPayment = new PaymentProcessor(new CryptoPaymentStrategy());
cryptoPayment.ProcessPayment(50.00m);
// Output: Processing 50.00 via Cryptocurrency
```

Adding a new payment strategy in the context of the Strategy Pattern demonstrates the pattern's ability to handle changes and extensions efficiently. It allows new functionalities to be added seamlessly without impacting the existing codebase, significantly reducing the risk of

introducing bugs and making the system more maintainable and scalable.

## **Advantages using Strategy Pattern**

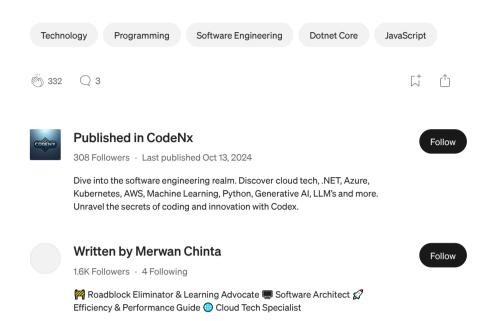
Merwan Chinta

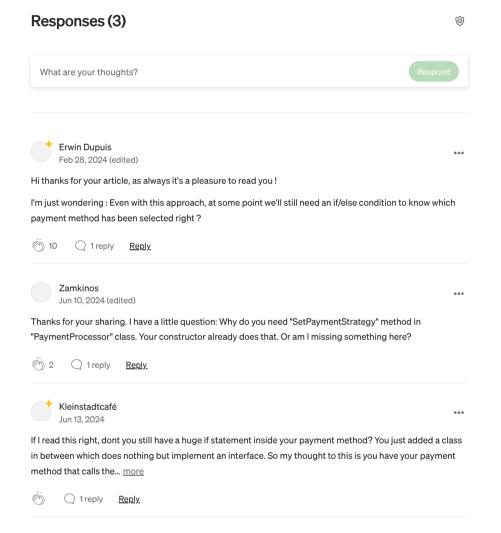
- Ease of Extension: You simply create a new class that implements the IPaymentStrategy interface. There's no need to modify any existing code.
- Adherence to Open/Closed Principle: The system is open for extension but closed for modification. You can add new payment strategies without altering existing classes.
- Simplicity and Maintainability: The PaymentProcessor class remains simple and does not grow in complexity as new payment methods are added. Each payment method is encapsulated in its own class, making the system easier to understand and maintain.

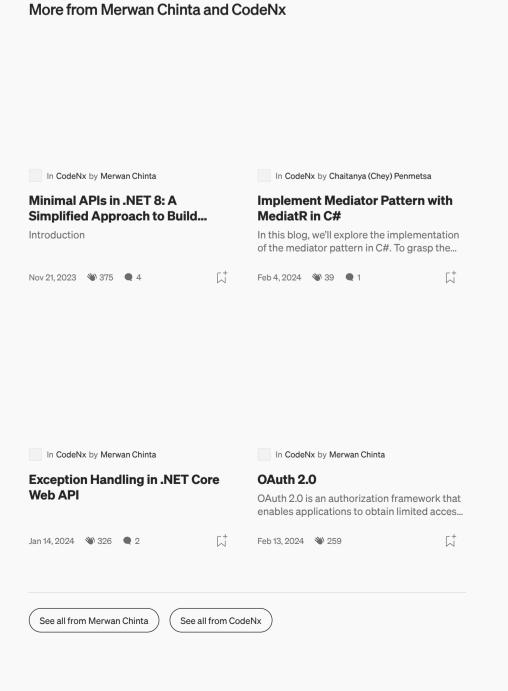
. . .

I trust this information has been valuable to you. 🎇 Wishing you an enjoyable and enriching learning journey!

For more insights like these, feel free to follow 👉 Merwan Chinta







# **Recommended from Medium**

