wolfSSL QuickStart Guide

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Before You Get Started
- 3. Compilation & Installation
- 4. Hello, World example
- 5. Mini API
- 6. Useful links

Introduction to wolfSSL

The wolfSSL embedded SSL library (formerly CyaSSL) is a lightweight SSL/TLS library written in ANSI C and targeted for embedded, RTOS, and resource-constrained environments - primarily because of its small size, speed, and feature set. It is commonly used in standard operating environments as well because of its royalty-free pricing and excellent cross platform support. wolfSSL supports industry standards up to the current TLS 1.2 and DTLS 1.2 levels, is up to 20 times smaller than OpenSSL, and offers progressive ciphers such as HC-128, RABBIT, NTRU, and SHA-3. User benchmarking and feedback reports dramatically better performance when using wolfSSL over OpenSSL.

The wolfSSL library is designed to facilitate secure communication, as well as offering a suite of cryptographic algorithms and a command line tool. In this quickstart guide, we will cover basic installation and setup, as well as simple use cases. For a more comprehensive tour, see the manual linked to in the Helpful Links section towards the bottom. A number of other useful links are also available for those new to the wonderful world of secure communication.

Before You Get Started

Required

- make
 - required to compile the wolfSSL source
- Autoconf
 - wolfSSL offers a plethora of configure options for all walks of life, and autoconf allows us to dynamically change options for the user
- C compiler
 - wolfSSL supports all major C compilers including: gcc, clang, and Visual Studio

Optional

- git
- One of the two ways to obtain the source is from GitHub
- Basic knowledge of the C language
- Basic knowledge of server/client communication
- Basic knowledge of SSL/TLS

The more you know, the easier it will be to get going. There are a number of links in the <u>Helpful Links</u> section to read up on SSL/TLS.

Installation and Setup

The wolfSSL library requires the use of autoconf and a C compiler in order to operate. wolfSSL supports a majority of operating systems, a full list of which can be seen on the wolfSSL wikipedia article.

Getting the Code

Download the source from one of the following locations: wolfSSL webpage or GitHub.

Note: it is necessary to run bash autogen.sh if the source is downloaded from the GitHub repo.

Setup

After you have downloaded the source code run the following commands from the wolfssl/ directory:

```
./configure
make
sudo make install
```

./configure uses autoconf to configure wolfSSL to default settings; a full list of possible options can be found in the manual. make will compile the wolfSSL library. sudo make install will allow one to use wolfSSL from anywhere by including the package with #include <wolfssl/ssl.h>.

That's it!

Hello, World! Server/Client Example

Now that wolfSSL has been compiled and installed we can include it and use any of its functions. Here we demonstrate a simple client/server interaction using wolfSSL to secure a message.

client.c

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SERV PORT 11111
const char* cert = "certs/ca-cert.pem";
int main() {
   int sockfd;
   WOLFSSL CTX* ctx;
   WOLFSSL* ssl;
   WOLFSSL_METHOD* method;
   struct sockaddr in servAddr;
                                         /* struct for server address */
   sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0); /* create socket file description */
   memset(&servAddr, 0, sizeof(servAddr)); /* clears memory block for use */
   connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *) &servAddr, sizeof(servAddr)); /* connect to socket */
   wolfSSL Init(); /* initialize wolfssl library */
   method = wolfTLSv1 2 client method(); /* use TLS v1.2 */
   ctx = wolfSSL_CTX_new(method); /* make new ssl context */
    ssl = wolfSSL_new(ctx);
   wolfSSL_CTX_load_verify_locations(ctx, cert, 0); /* Add cert to ctx */
   wolfSSL_set_fd(ssl, sockfd); /* Connect wolfssl to the socket */
   wolfSSL connect(ssl); /* connect to server */
   const char message[] = "Hello, World!";
   wolfSSL_write(ssl, message, strlen(message)); /* send message to server */
    /* frees all data before client termination */
   wolfSSL_free(ssl);
   wolfSSL CTX free(ctx);
   wolfSSL_Cleanup();
}
```

This client attempts to access a server on port 11111, with localhost being the default. Then it attempts to send a single message of "Hello, World!", encrypted, to the server. Then it exits.

server.c

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
#define DEFAULT_PORT 11111
void AcceptAndRead(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx, socklen_t sockfd, struct sockaddr_in clientAddr)
    WOLFSSL* ssl;
    char buff[256];
    socklen t size = sizeof(clientAddr);
    socklen_t connd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&clientAddr, &size); /* Wait until a client connects */
    ssl = wolfSSL new(ctx);
    wolfSSL_set_fd(ssl, connd); /* direct our ssl to our clients connection */
    wolfSSL read(ssl, buff, sizeof(buff)-1); /* Read the client data into our buff array */
   printf("%s\n", buff); /* Print any data the client sends to the console */
   wolfSSL_free(ssl);  /* Free the WOLFSSL object */
    close(connd);
                         /* close the connected socket */
int main() {
    WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx;
    socklen t sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
    WOLFSSL_METHOD* method;
    struct sockaddr_in serverAddr, clientAddr;
    wolfSSL_Init();
    method = wolfTLSv1_2_server_method(); /* set wolfss1 to use TLS v 1.2 */
    ctx = wolfSSL CTX new(method); /* create and initialize WOLFSSL CTX structure */
    /* Load server cert and private key */
    wolfSSL_CTX_use_certificate_file(ctx, "certs/server-cert.pem", SSL_FILETYPE_PEM);
    wolfSSL_CTX_use_PrivateKey_file(ctx, "certs/server-key.pem", SSL_FILETYPE_PEM);
    /* Fill the server's address family */
    serverAddr.sin family = AF INET;
    serverAddr.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
    serverAddr.sin_port = htons(DEFAULT_PORT);
    /* Attach the server socket to our port */
    bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
    if (listen(sockfd, 1) == 0) AcceptAndRead(ctx, sockfd, clientAddr);
    wolfSSL_CTX_free(ctx);    /* Free WOLFSSL_CTX */
wolfSSL_Cleanup();    /* Free wolfSSL */
   wolfSSL Cleanup();
    return 0;
```

The server waits on the port until it hears a request, and then prints a single message before exiting. To compile this file, it is important to link the wolfSSL library with the <code>-lwolfssl</code> option, this is automatically handled by the makefile which can be obtained with this code on GitHub. Please be aware, that in a real implementation, there are numerous potential errors that need to be handled. Most of these functions return error codes or nulls if something goes wrong. This code will fail if anything unsavory happens.

Note: If you run into any errors or unexpected behavior, check out the full tutorial found in chapter 11 of the official manual. Simplicity and readability were valued over reliability and good practice for this example.

Mini API

Below is a small subset of the wolfSSL API. These functions are the ones assumed to be the most valuable to a new user. More information is obtainable in the official manual.

```
int wolfSSL_Init(void)
```

Initializes the wolfSSL library for use. Must be called once per application and before any other call to the library.

```
WOLFSSL_CTX* wolfSSL_CTX_new(WOLFSSL_METHOD* method)
```

This function creates a new SSL context, taking a desired SSL/TLS protocol method for input.

```
WOLFSSL* wolfSSL_new(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx)
```

This function creates a new SSL session, taking an already created SSL context as input.

```
int wolfSSL_set_fd(WOLFSSL* ssl, int fd)
```

This function assigns a file descriptor (fd) as the input/output facility for the SSL connection. Typically this will be a socket file descriptor.

```
WOLFSSL_METHOD* wolfTLSv1_2 client_method()
```

The wolfTLSv1_2_client_method() function is used to indicate that the application is a client and will only support the TLS 1.2 protocol. This function allocates memory for and initializes a new WOLFSSL_METHOD structure to be used when creating the SSL/TLS context with wolfSSL_CTX_new().

```
WOLFSSL METHOD* wolfTLSv1 2 server method()
```

The wolfTLSv1_2_server_method() function is used to indicate that the application is a server and will only support the TLS 1.2 protocol. This function allocates memory for and initializes a new WOLFSSL_METHOD structure to be used when creating the SSL/TLS context with wolfSSL_CTX_new().

```
int wolfSSL_connect(WOLFSSL* ssl)
```

This function is called on the client side and initiates an SSL/TLS handshake with a server. When this function is called, the underlying communication channel has already been set up.

```
void wolfSSL_write(WOLFSSL* ssl, const void* data, int sz)
```

This function writes sz bytes from the buffer, data, to the SSL connection, ssl. If necessary, wolfSSL_write() will negotiate an SSL/TLS session if the handshake has not already been performed yet by wolfSSL_connect() or wolfSSL_accept().

```
void wolfSSL read(WOLFSSL* ssl, void* data, int sz)
```

This function reads sz bytes from the SSL session (ssl) internal read buffer into the buffer data. The bytes read are removed from the internal receive buffer.

```
void wolfSSL free(WOLFSSL* ssl)
```

This function frees an allocated WOLFSSL object.

```
void wolfSSL_CTX_free(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx)
```

This function frees an allocated WOLFSSL_CTX object. This function decrements the CTX reference count and only frees the context when the reference count has reached 0.

```
void wolfSSL_Cleanup(void)
```

Un-initializes the wolfSSL library from further use. Doesn' t have to be called, though it will free any resources used by the library.

```
int wolfSSL_CTX_use_certificate_file(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx, const char* file, int format)
```

This function loads a certificate file into the SSL context (WOLFSSL_CTX). The file is provided by the file argument. The format argument specifies the format type of the file - either SSL_FILETYPE_ASN1 or SSL_FILETYPE_PEM. Please see the examples for proper usage.

```
int wolfSSL_CTX_use_PrivateKey_file(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx, const char* file, int format)
```

This function loads a private key file into the SSL context (WOLFSSL_CTX). The file is provided by the file argument. The format argument specifies the format type of the file - SSL_FILETYPE_ASN1or SSL_FILETYPE_PEM. Please see the examples for proper usage.

Helpful Links

In general, these are links which will be useful for using both wolfSSL, as well as just networked and secure applications in general. Furthermore, there is a more comprehensive tutorial that can be found in chapter 11 of the offical wolfSSL manual, these examples also do appropriate error checking, which is worth taking a look at. For a more comprehensive API, check out chapter 17 of the offical manual.

- wolfSSL official manual
 wolfSSL Wikipedia page
 Comparison of TLS libraries
 TLS Wikipedia page
 OSI model Wikipedia page