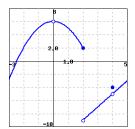
1. (2 pts) Use the figure below, which gives a graph of the function f(x), to give values for the indicated limits.



(If any of the limits does not exist, enter the word **none** in the answer blank for that limit.)

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -2} f(x) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_\_  
(b)  $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to 4}^{x \to 2} f(x) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**2.** (2 pts) For the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3, & 0 \le x < 4 \\ 4, & x = 4 \\ 4x - 3, \\ 4 < x \end{cases}$$

use algebra to find each of the following limits:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) =$$

$$\lim_{x \to 4^{-}} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

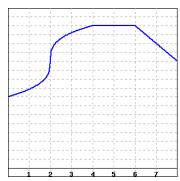
$$\lim_{x \to 4^-} f(x) = \underline{\qquad}$$

(For each, enter **dne** if the limit does not exist.)

Sketch a graph of f(x) to confirm your answers. *Answer(s) submitted:* 

(incorrect)

**3.** (1 pt) Consider the function graphed below.



At what x-values does the function appear to not be continu-

At what x-values does the function appear to not be differentiable? x =

(Enter **none** if there are no x-values that apply; enter xvalues as a comma-separated list, e.g., 1,3,5.)

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**4.** (1 pt) Use continuity to evaluate

$$\lim_{x\to\pi}\sin(-8x+\sin 5x)$$

Enter I for  $\infty$ , -I for  $-\infty$ , and DNE if the limit does not exist.

Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**5.** (1 pt) Use continuity to evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 1} e^{x^5 - x^1}$$

Enter I for  $\infty$ , -I for  $-\infty$ , and DNE if the limit does not exist. Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**6.** (1 pt) Find k so that the following function is continuous on any interval:

$$f(x) = kx$$
 if  $0 \le x < 4$ , and  $f(x) = 4x^2$  if  $4 \le x$ .

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

7. (1 pt) If possible, choose k so that the following function is continuous on any interval:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{8x^3 - 16x^2}{x - 2} & x \neq 2\\ k & x = 2. \end{cases}$$

(If no k will make the function continuous, enter **none**) Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**8.** (1 pt) For what value of c is the function defined below continuous on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx + 2, & x < 2, \\ cx^2 - 2, & x \ge 2. \end{cases}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**9.** (1 pt) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{u\to 3}\sqrt{u^2+3u+6}$$

Enter I for  $\infty$ , -I for  $-\infty$ , and DNE if the limit does not exist. Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

**10.** (1 pt) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 4}$$

Enter I for  $\infty$ , -I for  $-\infty$ , and DNE if the limit does not exist. Limit = \_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

Generated by ©WeBWorK, http://webwork.maa.org, Mathematical Association of America

**11.** (2 pts) Find (in terms of the constant *a*)

$$\lim_{h\to 0}\frac{\frac{4}{a+h}-\frac{4}{a}}{h}.$$

 $Limit = \_$ Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

12. (1 pt) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{|x-2|}{x-2}$$

Enter I for  $\infty$ , -I for  $-\infty$ , and DNE if the limit does not exist. Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

(incorrect)

13. (2 pts) Let f be defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^3 - 2m, & x \le -1\\ 6x^2 + 5m, & x > -1 \end{cases}$$

(a) Find (in terms of m)  $\lim_{x \to -1^+} f(x)$ 

 $Limit = _{-}$ 

(b) Find (in terms of *m*)  $\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} f(x)$ 

(c) Find all values of m such that

$$\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to -1^{+}} f(x)$$

(Note: if there are more than one such value, list them separated by commas)

Values of  $m = _{-}$ 

*Answer(s) submitted:* 

(incorrect)