```
Springboard
                                              Redux Introduction
                                                                                                                                Springboard
      Redux Introduction
                                              Download Demo Code
         « Back to Homepage
                                              Goals
Goals

    Describe what Redux is and how it can be useful

 Goals
                                               • Define key redux terminology
Redux
                                                  • store
 Redux

    reducer

 The case for central state management
                                                  action
 How it works

    dispatch

 Let's make a store
                                               • Define a pure function, and see examples of pure and impure functions
 Welp...that didn't work
                                               • Include Redux in an application
Reducers
 What is a reducer?
 Our first reducer
                                              Redux
 Getting state
Pure Functions
                                               • A library for state management
 An essential note on reducers
                                               • Very useful for managing larger applications with quite a bit of state
 Methods that mutate

    Helps solves the issue of prop-drilling

 Methods / patterns that do not mutate
                                               • Commonly used with React, but doesn't need to be!
 Pure vs. Impure: Example 1
 Pure vs. Impure: Example 2
                                                  • We'll first look at Redux as a standalone library
 Pure vs. Impure: Example 3
                                              The case for central state management
Actions
 Actions

    Passing down props over and over is challenging

 Actions

    Passing data back up over and over is challenging

 Modifying Our Reducer
                                               • It's common in large applications to have shared state
 Common Dispatch Errors
 Actions can have additional keys
                                              How it works
Building a Counter with Redux!
                                               • In Redux, the centralized place where state is stored is called a store
 Our HTML
 Our Redux Setup
                                               • Let's include the Redux CDN so we can start using it!
 Our Redux Setup
Recap
                                                   <script src="https://unpkg.com/redux"></script>
 Redux data flow
 Data lifecycle
                                              Let's make a store
Looking Ahead
                                               const store = Redux.createStore();
 Coming Up
                                               > Redux.createStore()
                                               S ▶ Uncaught Error: Expected the reducer to be a function.
at Object.createStore (redux.js:123)
at <anonymous>:1:7
                                                                                                                                redux.js:123
                                              Welp...that didn't work
                                               • You can not create a store without specifying how to define initial state
                                               • The store also needs to know what changes to make to the state
                                               • We solve this problem by passing a function to the store.
                                               • That function is called a reducer
                                              Reducers
                                              What is a reducer?

    Reducers are functions

                                               • They accept two objects: a state and an action
                                               • They use the action to produce and return a new state object
                                               • They should be pure functions, i.e. they should not mutate their inputs (more on this later)
                                              Our first reducer
                                               const INITIAL_STATE = { count: 0 };
                                               function countReducer(state=INITIAL_STATE, action) {
                                                 // no way to update state yet,
                                                 // let's just return it.
                                                  return state;
                                              Getting state
                                               const store = Redux.createStore(countReducer);
                                               store.getState(); // { count: 0 }
                                              Pure Functions
                                              An essential note on reducers
                                               • Reducers must be pure functions

    We need to make sure that we do not mutate state

                                               · You won't see difference now, but things won't work when we add React

    You won't even get any nice error messages <sup>(2)</sup>

                                              Methods that mutate
                                               push / pop
                                               • shift / unshift
                                               splice

    modifying keys in an object/array

                                              Methods / patterns that do not mutate
                                               • map
                                               filter
                                               • spread / Object.assign

    concat

                                               slice
                                              Pure vs. Impure: Example 1
                                               // impure: adds val to an array
                                                                                                   // pure: adds val to an array
                                                                                                  function addToArrPure(arr, val) {
                                               function addToArrImpure(arr, val) {
                                                 arr.push(val);
                                                                                                     return [...arr, val];
                                                 return arr;
                                                                                                  let nums = [1, 2, 3];
                                               let nums = [1, 2, 3];
                                                                                                  addToArrPure(nums, 4);
                                                                                                  nums; // [1, 2, 3] <-- pure!
                                               addToArrImpure(nums, 4);
                                               nums; // [1, 2, 3, 4] <-- impure!
                                              Pure vs. Impure: Example 2
                                               // impure: adds key-val pair to an object
                                                                                                  // pure: adds key-val pair to an object
                                               function addToObjImpure(obj, key, val) {
                                                                                                  function addToObjPure(obj, key, val) {
                                                 obj[key] = val;
                                                                                                    return { ...obj, [key]: val };
                                                 return obj;
                                                                                                  let dog = { name: "Whiskey" };
                                               let dog = { name: "Whiskey" };
                                                                                                  addToObjPure(dog, "favFood", "popcorn");
                                                                                                  dog; // { name: "Whiskey" } <-- pure!</pre>
                                               addToObjImpure(dog, "favFood", "popcorn");
                                               dog;
                                               // {
                                               // name: "Whiskey",
                                               // favFood: "popcorn"
                                               // } <-- impure!
                                              Pure vs. Impure: Example 3
                                               // impure: doubles values in an array
                                                                                                   // pure: doubles values in an array
                                               function doubleImpure(nums) {
                                                                                                  function doublePure(nums) {
                                                 nums.forEach((num, i) => nums[i] *= 2);
                                                                                                     return nums.map(num => 2 * num);
                                                 return nums;
                                                                                                  let nums = [1, 2, 3];
                                               let nums = [1, 2, 3];
                                                                                                  doublePure(nums);
                                               doubleImpure(nums);
                                                                                                  nums; // [1, 2, 3] <-- pure!
                                               nums; // [2, 4, 6] <-- impure!
                                              Actions
                                               • Reducers are not called directly.
                                               • Instead, we fire off an action, which is intercepted and processed by a reducer
                                               • Redux actions are simple instructions that tell reducer(s) how to adjust state
                                               • They are objects and contain a type key
                                                  • type is, by convention, a string in UPPER_SNAKE_CASE.
                                               • The way we "fire off an action" is by running the dispatch function on the store
                                              Actions are objects with a key of type
                                               store.dispatch({ type: "LOG_STATE" });
                                              Modifying Our Reducer
                                               const INITIAL_STATE = { count: 0 };
                                               function countReducer(state=INITIAL_STATE, action) {
                                                 if (action.type === "LOG_STATE") {
                                                    // doesn't actually update state,
                                                    // but let's make sure the action is processed
                                                    console.log("ZOMG HERE IS THE STATE", state);
                                                    return state;
                                                 // if we can't match the action type,
                                                 // just return the state
                                                  return state;
                                               const store = Redux.createStore(countReducer);
                                               store.dispatch({ type: "LOG_STATE" });
                                               // will console log
                                               store.dispatch({ type: "WILL_NOT_FIND_THIS" });
                                               // won't console.log
                                              Common Dispatch Errors
                                               store.dispatch();
                                               // error! dispatch wants an object
                                               > store.dispatch()
                                               ❷ ▶ Uncaught Error: Actions must be plain objects. Use custom middleware for async actions.
                                                                                                                                redux.js:232
                                                    at Object.dispatch (redux.js:232)
                                                    at <anonymous>:1:7
                                               store.dispatch({});
                                               // error! dispatch wants an object with a type key
                                               > store.dispatch({})
                                               S ▶ Uncaught Error: Actions may not have an undefined "type" property. Have you misspelled a constant? at Object.dispatch (redux.js:236)
                                                                                                                                redux.js:236
                                                    at <anonymous>:1:7
                                              Actions can have additional keys
                                              They're just objects!
                                               store.dispatch({
                                                 type: "SOME_ACTION",
                                                 payload: "some value",
                                               });
                                               • Often the data in the action is referred to as a "payload", hence the key name

    You can reference the payload in the reducer via action.payload

                                              Building a Counter with Redux!
                                              Our HTML
                                              demo/index.html
                                                <body>
                                                  <h1>0</h1>
                                                  <button id="increment"> + </button>
                                                  <button id="decrement"> - </button>
                                                  <script src="https://unpkg.com/redux"></script>
                                                  <script src="reduxSetup.js"></script>
                                                  <script src="counter.js"></script>
                                                </body>
                                              Our Redux Setup
                                              demo/reduxSetup.js
                                               const INITIAL_STATE = { count: 0 };
                                               function rootReducer(state = INITIAL_STATE, action) {
                                                 switch (action.type) {
                                                    case "INCREMENT":
                                                      return { ...state, count: state.count + 1 };
                                                    case "DECREMENT":
                                                      return { ...state, count: state.count - 1 };
                                                    default:
                                                      return state;
                                               const store = Redux.createStore(rootReducer);
                                              It's common to see switch statements in reducers, where you switch on the action type
                                              demo/counter.js
                                                window.onload = function() {
                                                 const counterElement = document.querySelector("h1");
                                                 document.querySelector("#increment")
                                                      .addEventListener("click", function () {
                                                        store.dispatch({ type: "INCREMENT" });
                                                        const currentCount = store.getState().count;
                                                        counterElement.innerText = currentCount;
                                                 });
                                                 document.querySelector("#decrement")
                                                      .addEventListener("click", function () {
                                                        store.dispatch({ type: "DECREMENT" });
                                                        const currentCount = store.getState().count;
                                                        counterElement.innerText = currentCount;
                                                 });
                                              Recap
                                              Redux data flow
                                                                            REDUCER
                                                    DISPATCH
                                                                                                      NEW STATE
                                                  {current state}
                                                     {action}
                                                                                                       STORE
                                              Data lifecycle
                                              The data lifecycle in any Redux app follows these 4 steps:
                                               • You call store.dispatch(action).
                                               • Redux store calls the reducer function you gave it.
                                               • Root reducer may combine output of multiple reducers into single state tree.
                                               • Redux store saves the complete state tree returned by the root reducer.
                                              Looking Ahead
                                              Coming Up

    Integrating React with Redux

    Combining reducers
```

Async with Redux