\A/1	Learning Area	TLE COOKERY	Grade Level	9
W1	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE	Prepare Sandwiches
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARNING COMPETENCIES (MELCs)	LO1. Perform Mise en Place TLE_HECK9SW-IIIa-11
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT	1.1 Identify ingredients according to the given recipe.1.2 Identify culinary terms related to sandwiches.1.3 Identify types/classifications of sandwiches.
	Reference: DepEd Learners' Material in Technical-Vocational-Livelihood, Home Economics Cookery Manual 1 for Grade 9 pp. 121-133 First Edition: 2016 Authors: Aniceta S. Kong and Anecita P. Domo Website: en.wikipedia.org>wiki>culinary_arts
	Links: 1. G9 Cookery Quarter 3 Week 1 – Ingredients used for Sandwiches https://youtu.be/sQLiGh87D_4 2. COOKERY_G9_WEEK 1_Types of Sandwiches https://youtu.be/rjOPYhKvnLk?t=58 3. https://docs.google.com/document/d/19lux2l3qger1xN9SMA8SOZKRpxBJT6i7-pqzoEBCaqk/edit?usp=sharing

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
A. Introduction Panimula	Day 1 10 mins.	Presentation Preparing sandwiches is one of the fundamental skills required in modern food service. In this lesson, you will learn the ingredients used for sandwiches, the culinary terms related to sandwiches, and the different types/classifications of sandwiches for efficient production and service. Learning Task 1 Direction: Try to imagine your favorite sandwich. Describe briefly and write the ingredients used by completing the open ended statement below. Copy and write your answer on a separate sheet. 1. My favorite sandwich is 2. The ingredients that I can see on this sandwich are: a b c https://docs.google.com/document/d/19lux2l3ager1xN9SMA8SOZKRpxBJT6i7-pazoEBCaqk/edit?usp=sharing
B. Development Pagpapaunlad	Day 1 50 mins.	Mis En Place is a French term which means "set in place" that is you have everything ready to cook and in its place. These are advance preparation that you need to perform to save time. You should be able to identify and prepare all the needed tools and equipment as well as all the ingredients to make the preparation and cooking easy. Sandwiches refers to a food item made with two or more slices of bread with fillings between them. A widely popular and convenient lunchtime food, quickly made and served and adaptable to many variations that satisfies nearly every taste and nutrition requirement. Culinary means "related to cooking", are the cuisine arts of food preparation, cooking, and presentation of food, usually in the form of meals. Filling refers to mixture of ingredients placed between slices of bread. Perishable means liable to fast decay
		Ingredients Used For Sandwiches

and ey chilled. 2. Meat and sal 3. Poult	
4.Fish of grilled of and ships. 5. Chee with firm it should drying of 6.Spread compliation of their condim 8. Vege Lettuce texture 9. Misce adds file with the triangle fillings of cookies. 2. Reg bread, be read prefere as lining 3. Pinwids 3.	try – are chicken or turkey breasts characterized by delicate golden surfaces. and Shellfish – some popular seafood ingredients are tuna, sardines, and fried fish fillets, crab meat and shrimp which are highly perishable ould be kept chilled to maintain quality. see – refers to cheddar, processed cream cheese and cheese spreads in texture, easily sliced, and act as binder, moistener of other ingredients, a be refrigerated and remain covered until ready to serve to avoid out. Ids – like mayonnaise, mustard and butter, moisten the bread and ment the flavors of other ingredients. They should be served immediately ptrefrigerated to preserve its color and flavor. Ilments – like olive oil, relishes, chutneys give a lift to a sandwich, some mare high in acid so don't combine them with strong flavored nents. Idables – should be crisped and proportion to the size of sandwich, atomatoes and onions are indispensable in sandwich making, it adds, flavor and color to the sandwich. Is altaneous – fruit fresh or dried, jelly, jam, peanut butter, eggs and nuts avor, color, nutrients and texture to sandwich production. Watch the video entitled "G9 Cookery Quarter 3 Week 1 – Ingredients used for Sandwiches" by clicking this link https://youtu.be/sQLiGh87D_4 Int Types of Sandwiches Antological Sandwiches - Open sandwiches make use of one kind of bread e filling on top. The slices of white bread can be cut into squares, as a rounds. Butter is spread lightly on top and pieces of cheese or meat are arranged and garnished attractively like that make /use of biscuits, so rounds. Butter is spread lightly on top and pieces of cheese or meat are arranged and garnished attractively like that make /use of biscuits, so roasts instead of using breads. Ular Cold Sandwiches - A plain sandwich is made up of two slices of preferably a day-old bread, toasted if desired, and on which butter can dily spread. Its crusts may or may not be removed, depending upon your ince. Butter, mayonnaise or a prepared sandwich spread may be used go preve

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
		1. Regular Hot Sandwiches -Simple hot sandwiches consist of hot fillings, usually meats but sometimes fish, grilled vegetables, or other hot items, between two slices of bread. They may also contain items that are not hot, such as a slice of tomato or raw onion on a hamburger. 2. Hot Open-Faced Sandwich - Open-faced sandwiches are made by placing buttered or unbuttered bread on bread on a serving plate, covering it with hot meat or other filling and topping with a sauce, gravy, cheese, or other topping. 3. Grilled Sandwiches - Grilled sandwiches, also called toasted sandwiches, are simple sandwiches that are buttered on the outside and browned on the griddle, in a hot oven, or in a Panini grill (see sidebar). Sandwiches containing cheese are popular for grilling. 4. Deep Fried Sandwiches - Deep-fried sandwiches are made by dipping sandwiches in beaten egg and sometimes in bread crumbs, and then deepfry. 5. Filled rolls, focaccia or pitta bread- Flavored breads served with dips like quesadillas and burritos. * Watch the video entitled "COOKERY_G9_WEEK 1_Types of Sandwiches" by clicking this link https://youtu.be/rjOPYhKvnLk?t=58 Learning Task 2: Now, check your understanding by identifying what type of sandwich is your favorite and the ingredients used based on the newly discussed lesson. Copy and write your answer in a separate sheet of paper. 1. My favorite type of sandwich is
C. Engagement Pakikipagpalihan	Day 3 30 mins.	Learning Task3: Look at the picture and the numbers that corresponds its part. Identify what type of sandwich it is and the ingredients used. 1. Type of Sandwich
D. Assimilation Paglalapat	Day 4 25 mins.	Learning Task 6: Below are statements defining culinary terms and describing the ingredients used in the preparation of sandwiches. Choose the correct word/term from the box and write your answer in a separate sheet of paper. Cheese Breads Fish and shellfish Sandwich Poultry Mise en Place

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities					
	Meats Condiments Spreads						
V. ASSESSMENT (Learning Activity Sheets for Enrichment, Remediation or Assessment to be given on Weeks 3 and 6)	(Learning Activity Sheets for Enrichment, Remediation or Assessment to be given on Weeks https://docs.google.com/document/d/19lux2l3qger1xN9SMA8SOZKRp.						
VI. REFLECTION	Day 4 5 mins.	Write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. I understand that I realize that I need to learn more about					
Prepared by: Michelle B. Lo	ppez	Checked by: Jennifer U. Cruz, Zoilo V. Handayan, Jr. Czarina M. Digo TLE-HE-CO9-w1					

W2	Learning Area	TLE-Cookery	Grade Level	9
VVZ	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE		Sand	Sandwich Component												
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEAR COMPETENCIES (MELC		LO2: Prepare Variety of Sandwich (TLE_HECK9- 12SW-IIIb-g-12)													
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT			2.1 Identify sandwich component Reference: Learners Manual Cookery 9 pp.124 to 126, 132 to 137, 149												
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe			20.				Learr	ning A	Activit	ies				
A. Introduction Panimula	Learn Given some or in s	n the ething	desc g to d	riptio o witl										has ,, vertically	
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		2. Foo on 3. But 4. Co or 5. Ch sur	ndwide	ch moch. hat a d bal und m s of or ne stru n or tu s are	re modele re modele red. regonate reducture resonate reductions	They ade o naise more e to fo brea e exai	f flou e are : e ingre orm th st, ch mples	r, wat some edien ne sa aract s of it.	ter, a of th ts the ndwid terize	nd of e exc at are ch. d by	and c her in ample stacl delice	color f agred es of i ked, l ate g	to the ients, t. ayere older	comled fold	bined as ded within



IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe		Learning Activities	
			Shellfish Vegetables gredients use for making sander, moistening agent or filling.	
180	(11)		5 /forms/d/1BZUZCK1xT5AWJ- DqVUKm34/edit?usp=sharing	3
C. Engagement Pakikipagpalihan		Learning Task 3-A. Inside the box are the ing	redients use in sandwiches. Cor filling. Fill in the table below	Classify them whether it is
		lettuce bun cheese strawberry jam	chicken tun mustard ha croissant mc	
		BASE	MOISTENING AGENT	FILLING
		1	1	1
		2	2	2
		3	3	3
		4 Learning Task 3-B	4	4
			nent of the sandwich below:	:

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
		https://docs.google.com/document/d/1ly420Ei0EPRqHCX4rSY8JltYKY6txX4Hu6 lycmknClU/edit?usp=sharing (Learning Task 3-A) https://docs.google.com/document/d/1NfT9KQp2EDd5xxE3ZvZoEKDa1uD0 FjE j7EVTWQ7iOc/edit?usp=sharing
D. Assimilation Paglalapat	3	(Learning Task 3-B) Learning Task 4-A. Direction: Write <u>I</u> if the statement is true, and <u>F</u> if the statement if false. Write
		your answer in your notebook. 1. The base can be hot or cold and comes in any form of cooked, cured meat, fruits, vegetables, salad, or a combination of any of them. 2. Poultry are some popular seafood ingredients are tuna, sardines, grilled and fried fish fillets, crab meat and shrimp which are highly perishable and should be kept chilled to maintain quality. 3. Moistening Agent is meant to bind the sandwich providing an improvement of both flavor and texture. It acts as the protective layer between the filling and the structure, preventing the filling from softening or wetting the bread. 4. The varieties of fillings should be carefully selected. 5. Fillings consists of some form of bread or dough produce that is whole or sliced. Learning Task 4-B Fill in the blank with the correct answer. Write it in your notebook. 1 comprises of one ingredient that are stacked, layered or collapsed inside or on the design to frame the sandwich. 2 intended to tie the sandwich giving an improvement of both flavor and surface. It goes about as the defensive layer between the filling and the structure, keeping the filling from relaxing or wetting the bread. 3 is the part where the ingredients are put, comprises of some type of bread or mixture produce that is entire or cut. 4. Mayonnaise serves as in sandwiches. 5. White bread and Focaccia are examples of https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1Xz1d73qQzekpRzxhHde 52UzPzSva6Q2YH9 fapAm2N4/edit?usp=sharing (Learning Task 4-A) https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1XGthEDBQjcava683li4gyOVNEGIXMBZq OidsBB1VCO/edit?usp=sharing
V. ASSESSMENT	200	(Learning Task 4-B) Answer all the Answer Sheets that will be provided by the teacher
VI. REFLECTIONS (Learning Activity Sheets for Enrichment, Remediation or Assessment to be given on weeks 3 and 6)		Write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below, I understand that I realize that I need to learn more about
	e T. Villanueva	Checked by: Melinda S. Abraham Adolina E. Galang TLE-HE-CO9-w2

WZ	Learning Area	TLE - Cookery	Grade Level	9
W3	Quarter	Third	Date	

I LECCON TITLE	Types of Proad				
I. LESSON TITLE	Types of Bread				
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARNING COMPETENCIES (MELCs)	LO2. Prepare a Variety of Sandwiches TLE_HECK9SW-IIIb-g-12				
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT	2.2 Identify bread suited for sandwich making				
	References: DepEd Learners' Material in Technical – Vocational – Livelihood, Home Economics (Cookery) Manual 1 for Grade 9 Junior High School pp 135 - 137 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bread https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Filipino cuisine#Almusal (breakfast)				

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
A. Introduction	Day 1	Presentation
13333	150	In this lesson, you will learn the different types of bread suited for sandwich
	/ 74	making.
7 1		Brief introduction of BREAD in the Philippines Bread is one of the oldest prepared foods. It is the staple food of the Middle East, Central Asia, North Africa, Europe, and in European-derived cultures such as those in the Americas, Australia, and Southern Africa. This is in, contrast to parts of South and East Asia, where rice or noodle is the staple.
CL	V	Filipinos traditionally eat three main meals a day. And the most important meal of the day is breakfast. While rice may still be the top breakfast item for most of the Filipinos, in the urban centers where the pace of life is faster, bread is the number one go-to breakfast or can be a snack after an afternoon siesta (nap). Source:
- 2		https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Filipino cuisine#Almusal (breakfast)
. "	-	Learning Task 1. JUMBLED LETTERS.
		Arrange the jumbled letters and identify the types of bread commonly seen inside a Filipino panaderia. 1. APNEDASL ————————————————————————————————————
0	110	It is lightly sweet rather than salty. These soft buns are rolled in fine bread crumbs before baking giving it a distinct texture. 2. OMANY ————————————————————————————————————
		It is a heavy and dense bun characterized by its twin cheeks. 3. AKABABYNA
		Sometimes called Filipino muffin. It is a small, dense and chewy sweet bread shaped like a gong. 4. ATSYT RBAED
		It is simply a sliced loaf or sandwich bread.
		5. PSAINHS RBAED A variant of the pandesal, Spanish bread is also rolled in bread crumbs prior to baking.
		DUNING.
		Activity I: Name the types of bread In your notebook, list down at least 5 types of bread used in sandwich making.
B. Development	Day 2	Read these new concepts.
		We may focus on the various ingredients we can put into a sandwich to make it bold and unique, but the bread is often overlooked and underestimated. The bread plays a very important part in your sandwich. Not only does it hold the ingredients together, but it also contributes important texture and flavor to enhance your sandwich.

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
	imenane	Read information 1.1 Bread is a staple food prepared from a dough of flour and water, usually by baking. Good quality breads provide variety, texture, taste, bulk, nutrients and eye appeal to sandwiches. Fresh bread is easier to slice or cut if it has been chilled. Bread also serves as the Structure or Base in making sandwiches. It is the part upon which the Ingredients are placed.
	di di consumi	Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bread
		TYPES OF BREAD A. Yeast Bread – loaf bread is the most commonly used bread for sandwiches. 1. White Bread – These are long rectangular loaves that provide square slices. It is one of the most versatile sandwich bread, it comes in various flavors and goes well with everything and toast nicely.
		2. Whole wheat bread – is a classic bread for sandwiches, it is nutritionally superior to white bread, taste better and have more interesting textures, slightly more compact and brownish in color.
CLI	VI	3. Rye Bread – is stronger tasting bread than white and whole wheat. A heavy and a hearty flavor bread that goes with so many types of meat and condiments.
	-	B. Buns and Rolls 1. Sandwich rolls – come in all sizes, shapes and textures. The softest include hamburger buns and hot dog rolls.
Out.	3113	2. French and Italian bread - rolls including sourdough and ciabatta, split
		horizontally. It works well for grilled sandwiches.
		C. Flat Breads – are made from flatten often unleavened breads 1. Pita – comes in both white and whole wheat. As the flat bread bakes, it puffs up, forming a pocket that is perfect for stuffing.
		2. Focaccia – flat Italian bread, a cousin of pizza an inch or more thick and very rich in olive oil. It is sold by whole and cut into squares, split and filled.

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
		3. Lavash – small and rectangular, when softened in water, can be rolled around a stuffing to make a pinwheel shaped sandwich.
		LAVASH LAVASH LAVASH LAVASH LAVASH
		 4. Tortillas – unleavened round corn meal breads baked on a hot stone, it ranges in size for 6 inch-14 inch or larger preferably used for quesadillas and burritos. D. Wraps – are very thin, flat breads that are used for sandwich wraps, burritos and tacos. 1. Tortillas – corn or flour are unleavened round cornmeal breads baked on a hot stone. It ranges in size from 6 inch – 14 inch or larger preferably used for quesadillas and burritos.
13.50	1	
6X M		2. Sandwich wraps- either whole wheat or spinach flavor.
160		
CL	VI	E. Quick Breads – these breads are raised by chemical action of baking powde or baking soda like biscuits, banana bread, carrot bread and generally more tender and crumbly than yeast bread. It is used for sweeter tasting sandwiches and are best for tea sandwiches.
A COM	61,18	Learning task 2 FILL ME Fill in the blanks with the word/s to make the sentence correct and complete.
a)		Choose your answer in the box below. 1 bread is stronger tasting bread than white and whole bread. 2. Pita comes in both white and whole 3. Focaccia is a flat bread. 4 bread are raised by chemical action of baking powder or baking
		soda. 5 and Italian bread works well for grilled sandwiches.
		Italian Rye French wheat Quick
C. Engagement	Day 3	Learning Task 3: Classify the following examples of bread according to their types.
		Banana bread Sandwich rolls Sandwich wraps Tortillas White bread Rye bread

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe			Learning A	ctivities		
		Biscuits	Biscuits Pita French and Italian bread				
		VEACT	DUNG AND	F1 A T	14/D 4 DC	O.III.O.K	1
		YEAST BREAD	BUNS AND ROLLS	FLAT BREADS	WRAPS	QUICK Breads	
		BREAD	ROLLS	DREADS		DREAD3	
							-
]
	-	Learning Task	4: Identify the t	types of breac	I being describ	ed below.	
		The state of the s			d bread for san ally superior t		ad more
		compact and	brown in colo		any soperior i	o which bic	aa, more
			_3. Stronger ta	sting bread.			
					en unleavene		
		shapes and te		lent choice to	or sandwich, t	they comes in	n all sizes,
		shapes and le		d with pocket	that is perfect	for stuffing	
	200				at are used for		acos.
	1				al action of ba		
					aked on a hot		
4 /		-	_10. A flat Italio	an bread cut i	nto squares spl	iit ana tile.	
D. Assimilation	Day 4	PERFORMANCE TASK 1. Scrap book making					
1500 303		1		1713-			
			pbook of differ	ent types of b	read and inclu	de at least 2 e	xamples
	A 100	of sandwiches		CS EOD SCDAE	BOOK MAKING	2	
(A) 100 (A)	0.77	- 70	DIMESI		CRITERIA		
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V. ASSESSMENT	Day 5	Learning Task			w in a paragr	anh form You	can cite
V. A33233/NEIVI	Bay 5	Learning Task 5: Answer the questions below in a paragraph form. You can cite examples. Write your answers in your notebook.					
	-0	,					
100	7 7 7 5	1. What are the 5 types of bread?					
		2. How can you classify them? 3. Why is it important to know the different types of bread?					
VI. REFLECTION			oortant to know your personal i				holow
VI. REFLECTION		• wille	erstand that	i isigi iis aboul		a me brombis	D C IOW.
		l realiz	ze that		 		
60		Ineed	d to learn more	about	·		
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Prepared by:	Jadee Mariz C. Alejandro	Checked by:	Michelle B. Lopez
			Marianne D. Cariño TLE-HE-CO9-w3

WA	Learning Area	TLE – COOKERY	Grade Level	Grade 9
W4	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE	Prepare Sandwiches
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARNING	Prepare variety of Sandwiches TLE HECK9SW-IIIb-g-12
COMPETENCIES (MELCs)	_
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT	2.3 Suitable fillings and spreads
	References: DepEd Learners' Material in Technical – Vocational – Livelihood, Home Economics (Cookery) Manual 1 for Grade 9 Junior High School pp 137 - 139 First Edition: 2016 Authors: Aniceta S. Kong and Anecita P. Domo http://bit.ly/LearnersManual

IV LEADAUNC BUACES	Suggested	La municar A akindika
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Timeframe	Learning Activities
A. Introduction Panimula	Day 1	Presentation
		In this lesson, you will learn the suitable fillings and spreads for sandwiches. Sandwich Fillings The filling is the heart of the sandwich. It is place between or on top of bread. It provides flavor and body to the sandwich. TYPES OF FILLINGS 1. Dry Fillings- refers to Ingredients such as sliced or cooked meat, poultry and cheese. 2. Moist Fillings – refers to Ingredients mixed with salad dressing or mayonnaise. Learning Task 1.
		A. Identify if the following filling/s if DRY or MOIST. Write your answer on the space provided. Write your answers in a sheet of paper. 2. 3.
	Day 2	B. My Fillings In your notebook, list down at least 5 types of fillings you commonly use at home in making sandwich.
		(Blended/Online) Access the link below for Learning Task 1 https://bit.ly/3cp18K3
B. Development Pagpapaunlad	Day 3	Read Information Sheet 1.1 Here are possible fillings you may use separately or in combination.
		Meats used as fillings should be cooked, covered and refrigerated. Slice just before the sandwich is to be prepared to avoid drying out and lose flavor. Thinly sliced meats are more tender and juicy than thickly sliced. 1. Beef products - sliced roast beef, hamburger patties, steaks, corned beef. 2. Pork products - Roast pork, barbeque pork, ham, bacon. 3. Poultry - Turkey breast, chicken breasts. 4. Sausage Products - salami, frankfurters, bologna, liver wurst, luncheon meats grilled sausages.

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
IV. LEARNING PHASES		Cheese Cheese dries out rapidly when unwrapped and sliced, when slicing is done ahead, the slices should remain covered until ready to use: • Sandwich cheeses - cheddar types, Swiss types, provolone, cream cheese, process cheese, cheese spreads. Fish and shellfish Most seafood fillings are highly perishable and should be left chilled at all times. Seafood Fillings - tuna, sardines, smoked salmon, shrimp, anchovies, fried fish, grilled or pan fried fish fillets. Mayonnaise based salad The most popular salads for sandwich fillings are tuna salad, egg salad, chicken or turkey salad and ham salad. Vegetable items Lettuce, tomato and onion are indispensable in sandwich production, also, any vegetable used in salads may also be used in sandwiches. Miscellaneous Fruits, fresh or dried, jelly, peanut butter, hard cooked egg, and nuts. Most popular sandwich fillings combinations • Chicken Salad • Egg and Cheese • Chicken and Bacon • BLT - Bacon Lettuce and Tomato (also contain eggs) • Cheese and Onion • Prawn mayonnaise • Chicken and Ham • Salmon and Cucumber • Tuna and Cucumber • Pimiento Cheese • Peanut Butter and Jelly • Egg and Bacon • Ham and Egg • Corn Beef and Cheese • Cream Cheese and Bacon • Ham and Egg • Corn Beef and Cheese • Cream Cheese and Bacon • Chicken and Stuffing
		 Chicken and Stuffing Apple Slaw- mix mayonnaise, lemon juice, cheese, apple, onions. Cream Cheese with finely chopped celery and grated carrots Spreads Purposes of Spreads To protect the bread from soaking up moisture from the filling.
		 2. They add flavor. 3. They also add moisture. Butter Butter protects the bread from moisture, used soft butter to spread on bread. You may soften butter by whipping in a mixer or by simply letting it stand at room temperature. You may use margarine as a substitute or a flavored butter. • Mayonnaise Mayonnaise is often preferred to butter as a spread because it contributes more flavor but sandwiches made with mayonnaise should be served immediately or refrigerated at once and kept refrigerated until served. (Blended/Online) Access the link below for Learning Content

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities					
		https://bit.ly/3dbMUvd					
			Learning Task 2: Classify the following examples of meats used as fillings. Write your answers in a sheet of paper.				
		Turkey breast Corned beef bacon luncheon meats roast pork barbeque Pork ham steaks bologna sliced roast beef hamburger patties grilled sausages chicken breasts liver wurst frankfurters					
		BEEF	PORK	POULTRY	SAUSAGE		
48							
TO BEE	177						
	78		1				
Shari		(A)					
166.10		(Blended/Online) Access t https://bit.ly/3IX8vvd	he link below f	or Learning Task 2	2		
C. Engagement Pakikipagpalihan	Day 4	Learning Task 3: A. Direction: Prepare a suit Complete the table below		I spread for the fo	llowing sandwiches.		
		Types of Sandwiches	Filli	ng	Spread		
3		Regular cold sandwich	. /		·		
	-2	2. Hamburger					
TA C	11	3. Club sandwich					
		4. Pinwheel sandwiches					
450		5. Quesadillas Learning task 4: MATCHING	TYPE	I			
	المعجور	Match column A to B. Write A 1. It dries out rapidly	,	on the space prot B a. meat	vided.		
		when unwrapped and slice2. This should be co	ed	b. vegeta c. cheese			
		covered and refrigerated3. It refers to fruits, f					
		peanut butter, hard cooke4. Seafood fillings and should be left chilled a	re highly perish				
		5. Lettuce, tomato indispensable in sandwich	and onion are				
		(Blended/Online) Access t		or Learning Task 3	3 and 4		

KS3

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities			
		https://bit.ly/3fjJWaH			
D. Assimilation Paglalapat	Day 5	Learning Task 5: Post test A. Direction: Identify what is being asked. Write your answer on the space provided.			
		1. It dries out rapidly when unwrapped and sliced2. This should be cooked, covered and refrigerated3. It refers to fruits, fresh or dried, jelly, peanut butter, hard cooked egg, and nuts.			
	D	4. Seafood fillings are highly perishable and should be left chilled at all times5. Lettuce, tomato and onion are indispensable in sandwich production.			
OLIVERY CO	6	B. Write at least 5 most popular sandwich fillings combinations 1 2 3 4 5.			
OX hard		C. Write TRUE if the statement is correct, if not change the underlined words to make the statement correct.			
	/	1. <u>Butter</u> protects the bread from moisture. 2. Sandwiches made with <u>butter</u> should be served immediately or refrigerated at once and kept refrigerated until served. 3. <u>Thickly</u> sliced meats are more tender and juicy than thinly sliced. 5. The filling is the <u>heart</u> of the sandwich			
		(Blended/Online) Access the link below for Learning Task 5. https://bit.ly/3ssbb6x			
V. ASSESSMENT (Learning Activity Sheets for Enrichment, Remediation or Assessment to be given on Weeks 3 and 6)	TEL	Learning Task 6: Answer the questions below in a paragraph form. You can cite examples. Write your answers in your notebook. 1. What are the purpose of spread? 2. How can you differentiate the two types of filling? 3. Why is it important to know the different sandwich fillings combinations? (Blended/Online) Access the link below for Learning Task6			
VI. REFLECTION		 https://bit.ly/3suDmSj Write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. I understand that			
Prepared by: Jadee Mariz	C. Alejandro	Checked by: Zoilo V. Handayan Jr. Czarina M. Digo TLE-HE-Cookery9-W4			

	Learning Area	TLE - Cookery	Grade Level	9
W5	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE		Prepare a Variety of Sandwiches												
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEAR COMPETENCIES (MELC		LO 2. Select and prepare glazes/sweet sauces/ TLE_HECK9_12SW-IIIb-g-12												
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT		2.4 Select a	ınd pr	epare	e gla:	zes/s	weet	sauc	ces.					
	References: https://blog.nationsbestdelimeats.com/top-condiments/ https://www.allrecipes.com/recipe/228336/mustard-mayonnaise-sauce/ https://potatorolls.com/blog/15-creative-sandwich-spreads/													
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe					Le	earni	ng A	ctiviti	es				
A. Introduction	Day 1	This lesson provides you insights in preparing glaze and sauces in preparing sandwiches. Sauces play important role for maximizing flavors, adding and improving the mouth feel of a dish. A glaze in cooking is a coating glossy, often sweet, sometimes savory substance applied to food typical dipping, or with a brush.				idding juices coating of a								
Z M.		Direction:	earning Task 1. Pirection: Find words in the puzzle that will reveal the different kinds of auces/glazes in preparing sandwiches. Write your answer on a sheet of paper.											
7 196 AS		- 1 - 1	G L	M	V A	F	E 0	E N	H N	D A	H	T S	S E	
	VIII		N O D	L K	U F K	V S E	P C T	S C	S U H	K U	Z P	B R R	G G W	
			A C	C A	Q P	E I	R L	A 0	V R	G R	S	E T	S	
13.11		200	V	H	0	L	L	L		D Y	I	U	H P	-
-		101	A	R	D	N C	F	G	S	N	R	В	W	
	ALL	 It is a condiment made from the seeds of a mustard plant. A protein-rich liquid food produced from mammary gland. An herb or spice for flavoring food. An emulsified dressing A dairy product made from fatty protein of milk or cream. A sweet and tangy condiment or sauce made from tomatoes. A mixture of eggs and evaporated milk. It is a sauce consisting of crushed garlic. A sauce prepared using avocado as primary ingredient. It is a syrup made from honeybee. (https://forms.gle/QwQnoKrUHmHKJyi5A) https://docs.google.com/document/d/1D1Ej9SdlrVgZWkkN5k-M0MqVCr4QkxBlOMlc03ek9Dc/												

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested	Learning Activities
B. Development	Timeframe Day 2	A glaze is a thin layer of beaten egg, milk, or other liquid that you spread onto food to make the surface shine and look attractive. It is applied during cooking. Ex: Brush with glaze over the top and sides of the hot cake like syrup.
		A sauce is flavored liquid or semi-liquid blend of ingredients that adds flavor and enhances the appearance of the food. It is a condiment that is added to food after it is cooked.
		Uses of glazes before and after baking: 1. Egg wash - is a mixture of beaten egg and liquid (usually water or milk) that is brushed onto baked goods like pastries and breads before baking to make the top crust golden brown in color. 2. Milk - Brushing a loaf with milk before baking gives the baked bread tender, golden crust. For a sweet bread recipe, sprinkle with sugar if desired. 3. Honey syrup - gives sweetness and shiny appearance 4. Butter or olive oil – Brushed softened butter or olive oil on top of the loaf before baking to add flavor and color.
		 Sauces in Preparing Sandwiches: Chipotle Mayonnaise – It is great on a sandwich burger. It combines regular mayo, chipotle peppers, green onion, cilantro, lime juice and garlic to give a zesty, piquant taste. Wasabi Mayonnaise – It can be paired to sliced roast beef on sour dough bread. It consists of five key ingredients namely mayonnaise, soy sauce, sugar, lemon juice and wasabi paste. Hoisin Sauce – This sauce is very common throughout China and Vietnam. It includes soybeans, garlic and red chilies for a distinctive flavor. Tonkatsu Sauce – A Japanese favorite sauce which is a combination of
	VII	 ketchup, Worcestershire sauce, oyster sauce and sugar. It can be used on a chicken sandwich, a croquette sandwich and hamburgers. 5. Pesto – The primary ingredients are basil and garlic that can be found in the Italian dishes like pasta, pizza and flat bread. 6. Avocado – The healthiest food that has the ability to lower cholesterol, protect your eyes, relieve arthritis and helps to prevent cancer. Avocado is an amazing spread for several sandwiches like Chicken bacon avocado sandwich, Cucumber and avocado, Egg and avocado, and Avocado club sandwich.
	(11)	 Remoulade – A distinctive tasting sauce which consists of mayonnaise, lemon, and garlic. Hummus – Usually common in pita chips and flat bread. It is a delicious dip and makes for a healthy snack. This can reduce blood sugar, reduce blood cloths and lower cholesterol. Butter – It is better used on ham sandwiches. Mustard-Mayonnaise Spread – It is a combined mayonnaise with Dijon
		and whole grain mustards, plus a bit of sour cream. 11. Dill Sauce – is made with yogurt, fresh dill, grain mustard, plus a bit of sour cream.
		Learning Task 1A: Direction: Identify the following pictures. Choose the correct answer inside the box. Write your answer in a sheet of paper.
		a. Honey syrup c. Mayonnaise e. Olive oil b. Milk d. Egg wash f. Butter
		2. 3. 4. 5.

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
		Learning Task 1B: Matching Type: Direction: Match Column A with Column B. Write the letter of the correct answer.
		Column B 1. A Japanese favorite sauce which is a combination of ketchup, Worcestershire sauce, oyster sauce and sugar. 2. The healthiest and an amazing spread for sandwiches that help to prevent cancer. 3. It is common in ham sandwiches. 4. Its primarily ingredients are basil and garlic. 5. It has a distinctive taste with its key components being mayonnaise, lemon, and garlic. (https://forms.gle/TMa6sSLtxvL8NA3H6)
15000	170	https://docs.google.com/document/d/1D1Ej9SdlrVgZWkkN5k- M0MgVCr4QkxBlOMlc03ek9Dc/
C. Engagement	Day 3	Learning Task 2A. Performance Task 1. Prepare any of the following: 1. Honey Syrup 2. Butter 3. Mustard and Mayonnaise Sauce 2. Perform the steps. 3. Take a picture and send it through google forms, messenger, or place it inside your portfolio. Your product and performance will be rated using the rubric below. Score Description 16 - 20 Manifest very clear understanding of the step by step procedure. 11 - 15 Manifest clear understanding of the step by step procedure. 6 - 10 Manifest understanding of the step by step procedure. 0 - 5 Manifest less understanding of the step by step procedure.
O IV.	01.15	(https://forms.gle/166Gk77cq6HBqFED9) Learning Task 2B Collect 5 recipes of glazes/sauces for sandwiches and make a scrapbook using any kind of materials. Your output will be rated using the scoring rubric below.
		Score Description
9.50		Properly compiled complete (10) recipes in a very attractive manner
11000		8 Properly compiled (8-9) recipes in an attractive manner
1000		6 Properly compiled (6-7) recipes in simple manner 4 Properly compiled (4-5) recipes in simple manner
		2 Compiled less than(4) recipes in disorganized manner (https://forms.gle/GoJ37rRDxHcgwKTg6)
D. Assimilation	Day 4	Learning Task 3. Multiple Choice Direction: Read the statement carefully1. It is a condiment that adds flavor and enhance the appearance of the food. a.) Sauce b.) Soup c.) Glaze d.) Dressing

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
V. Assessment	Day 5	Learning Task 4: Direction: Give 5 examples of glazes and 5 sauces in sandwich making and give a short description. Write your answer in a sheet of paper. Glazes Description 1. = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
		Sauces 1.
		https://docs.google.com/document/d/1D1Ej9SdlrVgZWkkN5k- M0MqVCr4QkxBIOMlc03ek9Dc/
VI. REFLECTION	Day 5	Using a sheet of paper, write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. I understand that I realized that I need to learn more about
Prepared by: Lourdes A	. Santos	Checked by: Melinda S. Abraham Zoilo V. Handayan Jr. Adolina E. Galang TLE-HE-CO9-w5

W6	Learning Area	TLE-Cookery	Grade Level	9
VVO	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE		Prepare Sandwiches				
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARN COMPETENCIES (MELCS	_	Prepare sandwiches using sanitary practices TLE_HECK9SW-IIIb-G-12				
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT		Discuss tips in preparing sandwiches Enumerate needed tools/ equipment in preparing sandwiches Prepare/make simple cold sandwiches like ham sandwich and hamburger observing sanitary and safety practices. Reference: Learning Materials in Cookery 9 pp. 140-145 https://www.facebook.com/100000293944888/videos/4113852241967867/				
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities				
A. Introduction Panimula	Dayl	Preparing Sandwiches The preparation of sandwiches requires great deal of hand works and with utmost sanitary practices. Whether you are making sandwiches in quantity or by order, your goal is to make the product as efficient, safe and quick as possible. 1. Prepare everything ahead of time. It includes mixing fillings, preparation of spreads, slicing bread, meats, vegetable and cheese, separating lettuce, preparing garnishes and other ingredients. • Choose the bread • Choose the fillings 2. Arrange ingredients for maximum efficiency- to reduce your movement to a maximum, everything you need should be within easy reach. 3. Assemble the sandwich. Layer the ingredients between two pieces of bread. 4. Cook the sandwich- Hot sandwiches are served during breakfast and dinner. Here are some ways on how to heat or cook sandwich. • Never use microwave. This will make the sandwich soggy. • Use a griddle or frying pan. Cover the bread that will be touching the pan with mayonnaise or butter and cook it over low heat until the cheese melt. Flip it occasionally. Tips to Remember in Making Sandwiches 1. Keep slice of bread together in pair when cutting to have them fit together. 2. Have butter, margarine and spread kept in a room temperature to avoid tearing of bread when spreading. Cream butter if necessary or soften it. Spread very thinly on slices of bread. 3. Fillings may be cheaper or very expensive. 4. Bread can be multilayered with one or more types of fillings. Activity 1. Name at least 3 popular breads and fillings common to Filipino breakfast. 1. Le cookery activity 1 - Google Forms Tools/Equipment Needed: Storage equipment for Ingredients: Refrigerator, chiller and freezer for cold ingredients and steam table for hot ingredients.				

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe		Learning Acti	vities
		Refrigerator Handtools:		Chiller
				s, including a serrated knife and a ndwich. Also a slicer is necessary.
		N		
		Sandwich spatula	Cutting board	Knives
		Portion control equipme other ingredients	nt: ice cream scoop	o for fillings and portion scale for
THE REAL PROPERTY.	13			
7 /21		ice cream scoop	port	ion scale
7 1990 101		Cooking equipment: gr microwave ovens are g		pan, grills, broiler and deep fryers,
GLI	VI			
-		Griddle		Microwave Oven
B. Development Pagpapaunlad	Day 2	Learning Task I - Enume Give what is being aske 1- 4 Tips in prepari 5- 7 Give at least 3 8 - 10 Tips on how t learning task 1 - Google Ham	ed. Write your answe ng sandwiches B hand tools used in s o maintain good qu	sandwich making vality sandwich
		1. Prepare and as fillings (sliced hetc) 2. Assemble nece 3. Arrange bread 4. Portion filling wir 5. Spread fillings eslice plain. Filling filling is spreador techniques with 6. Spread all brea 7. Arrange lettuce 8. On top of this period of the slice of the slice of the slice of the desired.	semble all ingredient am or meat loaf) are ssary equipment incursices in rows on the tha scoop or spoon wenly and neatly on a should not hang on the spread it evenly at three quick strokes. It is a strokes to the edge or other vegetable lace ham or any deces with the plain brokes and an on sandwich bags	Its: sandwich bread, spreads, and garnishes (vegetable, cheese luding wrapping materials table top. onto alternate rows of bread. alternate slices, leaving the other ver the edges of the bread. If the to the edges. Follow spreading with desired spread. accompaniments on top of filling. sired filling.

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested	Learning Activities
	Timeframe	12. Refrigerate until service.
		 Tips on how to maintain the good quality sandwich. 1. Wrap separately in plastic, waxed paper or sandwich bag. 2. Place in storage pans, cover tightly with plastic wrap and cover with damp cloth/towels. The towels must not touch the sandwiches, their purpose is to provide a moisture barrier to help prevent drying. 3. Refrigerate immediately and hold until served.
	Military.	Hamburger (Hot Sandwiches)
		 Prepare and assemble all ingredients: hamburger buns, cheese slices, vegetables slices (tomatoes, cucumber, onion) and hamburger patties or any slices of meat. Assemble all necessary tools, equipment, oven and toaster. Toast the bread lightly and place on a clean sheet with the cut side up Put two slices of cheese on the bread like eden cheese, cheddar, mozzarella or any cheese combination desired. Cover the cheese with your choice of meat like roast beef, hamburger patty, or chicken breast fillet. Top meat with another slice of cheese. Add your choice of vegetable like white/red onion, tomatoes, cucumber and red pepper. Sprinkle a bit of spice, fresh basil or parsley and dried spices like chili powder or turmeric powder. Finish the sandwich with another piece of bread and put it in a preheated oven for about 5 minutes.
C. Engagement Pakikipagpalihan	Day 3	Performance Task (Practicum) Prepare your own sandwich and identify the components. You can ask the assistance of your parents/ guardians to rate your output. Take a picture of your final products. Observe correct plating. The rubric below will be used in grading your output.
	AL L	Score Criteria 5 Properly prepared sandwich using appropriate tools/equipment/utensils and correctly identified and explained the 4 components 4 Properly prepared sandwich and correctly identified 4 components 3 Prepared sandwich and correctly identified 3 components 2 Prepared sandwich and identified 2 components 1 Prepared sandwich but cannot identify the components
		practicum - Google Forms
D. Assimilation Paglalapat	Day 4	 Activity 2: True or False. Write true if the statement is correct and false if wrong. Write your answer in a sheet of paper. Heating the sandwich in a microwave is the best way of preparing sandwich. To maintain freshness, wrap sandwich in a paper towel. Food sanitation is important to avoid cross -contamination and protect costumer from illness. Paring knife is used for cutting finished sandwich. Meats used as fillings should be cooked, covered and refrigerated. Activity 2 - Google Forms

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
V. ASSESSMENT		Activity 3: Arrange chronologically the steps in preparing Ham Sandwich. Write 1 for step 1, 2 for step 2 and so on down to the last step. Write your answer in a sheet of paper.
		 Assemble necessary equipment including wrapping materials. Spread fillings evenly and neatly on alternate slices, leaving the other slice plain. Prepare and assemble all ingredients. Arrange bread slices in rows on the table top. Portion filling with a scoop or spoon onto alternate rows of bread. Spread all bread slices to the edge with desired spread. Refrigerate until service. Stack two or three sandwiches and cut with a sharp serrated knife as desired Arrange lettuce or other vegetable accompaniments on top of filling. Top the filled slices with the plain bread slices. On top of this place ham or any desired filling. Place sandwich on sandwich bags. assessment - Google Forms
VI. REFLECTION		. Write in a sheet of paper your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. Be creative in doing this activity. I understand that I realized that I need to learn more about reflection - Google Forms
Prepared by: Rowena S.	Adaniel	Checked by: Melinda S. Abraham Marianne D. Cariño TLE-HE-CO9-w6

W7	Learning Area	TLE - Cookery	Grade Level	9
VV /	Quarter	Third	Date	

I. LESSON TITLE	Creative Sandwich Preparation
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARNING COMPETENCIES (MELCs)	LO3: Present a Variety of Sandwiches TLE_HECK-125 W-IIIh-i-13
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT	3.1 Present sandwiches attractively.
	3.2 Portion and control sandwiches and sandwich ingredients correctly.
	https://www.ajar.id/en/post/how-to-present-sandwiches-appropriately
	https://s3-ap-southeast-1.amazonaws.com/asean-
	asia/documents/toolboxes/Prepare%20a%20variety%20of%20sandwiches
	/TM Prepare a variety of sandwiches FN 030114.pdf
	https://prezi.com/p/kky0gqtlygkv/portion-control-of-sandwich-its-ingredients/

		https://prezi.com/p/kky0gqtlygkv/portion-control-of-sandwich-its-ingredients/
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities
A. Introduction	Day 1	The role of sandwiches and their derivations cannot be underestimated in commercial kitchens and in the hospitality industry. It may be considered a lower skilled job, but it can be very profitable product to sell. Sandwiches play a significant role in catering for parties and inhouse events, as well as maintaining a central position in the daily eating of people from all over the world. As cuisine and fashionable menu items change on a regular basis, so does the way sandwiches are put together and served and to customers. With greater exposure to international cuisines, chefs are becoming creative in the way 'bread and fillings' are served. The type and nature of sandwiches has evolved over time moving away from, yet still retaining, the original focus of the sandwich while incorporating many new variations on a theme. Learning Activity No. 1
CL	OAL	Direction: Refer to the picture below, write in your own words how the sandwich is prepared. https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSffDcKxFqVVLIsDf-J2arBUTee_KVpLhI-
B. Development		Zcsk9o8iqj6Fysw/viewform Creative Sandwich Preparation
b. Development	Day 2	Presentation of the finished product is the most important part of the production process. They need to have eye appeal to entice customers to want to eat them. 1. Individual Prepared sandwiches need to be contained in a protective wrap environment. Many places now use "formed" plastic shells. These are easy to use and convenient. The packaged sandwiches then need to be kept chilled or if not chilled need to be disposed of if not sold within 4 hours.

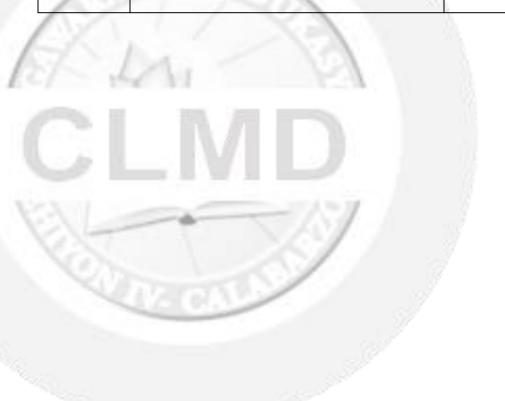


IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe								
		Maria and a second		rite your answer on					
		Sandwich Ex. Hamburger	Ingredients burger bun mayonnaise ketchup cheese	Portion Control per piece scoop scoop per slice	Measuring spoor measuring spoor slicer/knife	n Alp n Lic Uol	os://docs ogle.com ms/d/e/11 oQLSdcbC d3JPUfdYr nfxSpDdK opskDRidk		
	-	1.	burger patty	per piece	weighing scale		1EzzwLHC /viewform		
10000	(CH)	2.	000						
100000		3.	23.						
C. Engagement	Day 3	Learning Task No. Direction: Identify	heck the	corre					
67 1×	10	100	Situation	N.	Individual	Function	spon ding		
F -1 100	307	1. Normally serve	ed in multiple ser			colu mn for			
CL	M	2. Eat-in will be serve on a plate, cut, with the filling exposed to show the customer the excellent filling inside. 3. When presenting sandwiches, it is good practice to mix varieties. This adds color and interest to the platter. 4. Prepared sandwiches need to be contained in a protective wrap environment. Many places now use "formed" plastic shells. These are easy to use and convenient.							
	7750	rate sheet of pape	er.						
3		https://docs.google.co	om/forms/d/e/1FAlpC	QLScH72fqDtRfeP2QCtNh	YzEjcRyaMB0y1pB4Ps8	<u>qudKdtbPRw/</u>	<u>viewform</u>		
D. Assimilation	Day 4	Learning Activity No. 3 Direction: Collect ten (10) pictures of sandwiches and compile it like a book usin kind of paper, decorating materials, glue, and coloring materials. You may cut of pictures from the magazine or newspaper. Your output will be rated using the rubric below.							
		SCORE		CRITERIA					
		50 Properly compiled complete 10 pictures in a very attractive manner.							
		40 Prop	erly compiled 6-	9 pictures in an attr					
30 Properly compiled 3-5 pictures in a simple manner 20 Compiled less than 3 pictures in disorganized mann									
V. ASSESSMENT	Day 5	Learning Activity		pictores in disorgal	ILCO HIGHIGH.				
	- 37 3			d to complete each	n statement. Write	your answe	er in a		
		1.Consider the	of final r	oresentation, wheth	er the sandwich is	plated for			

KS3

Marianne D. Cariño TLE-HE-CO9-w7

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities							
		inhouse consumption or packaged for take-away. 2. The of ingredients helps ensure the quality, taste and customer satisfaction of the final sandwich. 3 the way ingredients loaded into the sandwich are cut or otherwise produced – again this helps ensure consistency and aids final eye appeal of the finished product. 4. Dictate and of the finished products because sandwiches are eaten by hands and this also relates to value-for-money and consistency. 5. Indicate how sandwiches are to be served, this will govern the of the product, the use of service ware and the provision of serviettes and condiments.							
		https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAlpQLSdUSWeKoC8BInxgV2ZliFe2PPCGisclSGjn863XoPr0S9ky_w/viewform							
VI. REFLECTION		In a sheet of paper, write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. I understand that I realize that I need to learn more about							
Prepared by: Haz	zel S. Camilon	Checked by: Melinda S. Abraham							



\A/O	Learning Area	TLE COOKERY	Grade Level	9
W8	Quarter	Third	Date	

		<u></u>										
I. LESSON TITLE		Storing Sandwiches										
II. MOST ESSENTIAL LEARN COMPETENCIES (MELCS)	_	Store sandwiches properly										
III. CONTENT/CORE CONTENT		Reference: Storing sandwiches properly. Reference: Technical- Vocational-Livelihood Home Economics Cookery 9 Manual Module 1 pp 153- 154, First Edition 2016, Authors: Aniceta S. Kong and Anecita P. Domo Website: en.wikipedia.org>wiki>culinary_arts Links: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xQUj YpJylXx5VBa T-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3-MQ/edit?usp=sharing Learning Tasks https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xQUj YpJylXx5VBa T-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3-MQ/edit?usp=sharing										
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe					L	earn	ing Activit	ies			
A. Introduction Panimula	Day 1 20 mins.	Presentation Storing sandwiches is one of the most important activities after preparation when they are to be kept properly to avoid spoilage. The most important principles sandwich safety are keeping temperatures cool and avoiding cross contamination Remember the basic formula 4-40-140 which means perishable foods should spend more than 4hours at a temperature between 40 and 140°F. By the end of 4 ho bacteria may have multiplied to unsafe levels, so food that has sat out at root temperature for two hours and then been returned to the refrigerator has only anoth two hours of room temperature shelf life left unless it has been cooked again.Learn Task 1: MY SANDWICH Word Search Directions: Circle the word list in the letter grid below. To find them all you will have to look in every direction, including backwards and diagonally. Good luck!					nt principles for contamination. hould spend no end of 4 hours at out at room has only another I again. Learning u will have to					
13		Р	R	Н	J	K	С	0	L	D	С	
		L	1	Н	Α	W	Н	Z	Р	0	٧	
	1	Α	S	T	0	R	I	N	G	N	D	
	01.3.50	S	Р	Α	L	Α	L	٧	F	R	Α	
		T	L	R	F	Р	L	В	Y	М	Е	
		I	L	L	L	Е	I	K	G	L	R	
		С	L	Α	Υ	Y	Ν	K	Н	K	В	
		S	G	В	Н	G	G	J	J	J	٧	
		F	R	Е	Е	Z	I	N	G	Н	В	
		W	Q	L	J	С	L	E	_ A	N	Ν	
				Storin Wrap Freez Chillin	ing	Bread Clean Safe Thaw		Dry Plastics Cold Label				

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	I AGINING ACTIVITIES						
		Learning Task 2: Directions: Choose 5 words from the puzzle and define in your understanding. Write your answer in a sheet of paper. https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xQUj YpJylXx5VBa T-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3-MQ/edit?usp=sharing						
B. Development Pagpapaunlad	Day 1 20 mins.	Before we start the lesson, familiarize yourself with the following words: 1. Hygiene – conditions or practices as of cleanliness) conducive to health. 2. Sanitation – the act or process of making sanitary. 3. Contamination – a process of contaminating; state of being contaminated. 4. Perishable – liable to perish; liable to spoil or decay. 5. Spoilage – the process of decay in foodstuffs; the act or process of spoiling. 6. Biodegradable – capable of being broken down.						
CL	M	 Wrapping – to draw, fold in order to cover. Packaging Material – used package sandwich. Cold Storage – the process of preserving perishable food on a large scale by means of refrigeration. Chilling – to refrigerate or to reduce the temperature of food. Freezing – application of low temperature that changes the state of water in the food from liquid to solid ice. Refrigeration – to keep cold or cool. Some sandwich ingredients and fillings should be cooked, covered in separate airtight containers, refrigerated until ready to use. 						
	OATE	 Keep bread tightly wrapped and in moisture proof wrapping. This stops it from drying and guards against picking up odors. It should be away from ovens and hot equipment. If bread must be kept more than one day, it may be frozen thaw, without unwrapping. Wrap sandwiches with wax paper, paper napkins plastic wraps or aluminum foil to keep them in good condition. To keep a number of unwrapped sandwiches just place a damp towel in a shallow pan and cover with wax paper. Arrange layers of sandwiches with wax paper between each layer. Put wax paper over the sandwiches and cover it with a damp towel. Keep the sandwiches in the refrigerator until serving time. 						
		 Refrigerate sandwiches for as long as possible. If there will be a time between making and serving cover each tray with wax paper or cling wrap to prevent the sandwiches from drying out. All sandwiches should be stored at recommended chill temperatures 0.5°C, soon after packing. Packing must be clearly labeled with the product description, use by date and storage requirement. Learning Task 3: MY SANDWICH! Give at least five ways how you store your favourite sandwich. Write your answer in a sheet of paper. https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xQUi_YpJylXx5VBa_T-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3- 						

KS3

ELAIMEN OF ACKET CEGAT 7									
IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe								
		•							
C. Engagement Pakikipagpalihan	Day 2 30 mins.								
		moisture	frozen	labeled	drying	Refrigerate			
		chill	Airtight	unwrapped	damp towel				
		 1-2. Keep bread tightly wrapped and in proof wrapping. This stops it from and guards against picking up odors. 3. Some sandwich ingredients and fillings should be cooked, covered in a separate 							
		All sandwich soon after pac	nes should be sto	efrigerated until ored at recomm	,	temperatures 0.5°C			
STATE OF	G R	unwrapping.	st be clearly			thaw, without			
6/10		7-8. To keep a number of sandwiches just place a damp towel in a shallow pan and cover with wax paper. Arrange layers of sandwiches with wax paper between each layer. Put wax paper over the sandwiches and cover it with a Keep the sandwiches in the refrigerator until serving time.							
C L	VI	between maki prevent the sa	e. If there will be a time or cling wrap to s being described in the						
		Wrappin	g C	ontamination	Нус	giene			
(O)	1	Spoilage	9	Chilling	Sani	tation			
1000	JY 1 12	Packagir	ng	Freezing	Pre	serve			
	-	Cold	539	Refrigeration	Peris	shable			
		1. lt i	is used to packa	ige sandwich.					
		2. Process of preserving perishable food on a large scale by means of refrigeration3. To draw, fold in order to cover4. Application of low temperature that changes the state of water in the food from liquid to solid ice5. To keep cold or cool6. To refrigerate or to reduce the temperature of food.							
			=			nducive to health			
			e process of co	•	•				
			e act or process	_	=				
				_		ocess of spoiling.			
		https://docs.go	oogle.com/doc	ument/d/1xQUj	YpJylXx5VBa T	-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3			

KS3

IV. LEARNING PHASES	Suggested Timeframe	Learning Activities						
		MQ/edit?usp=sharing						
D. Assimilation Paglalapat	Day 3 45 mins.	Learning Task 6: Option 1 Storing My Sandwiches! Make a video presentation on how you make a safe and hygienic practice in storir your sandwiches. Rubric:						
		Cleanliness and sanitation		5				
10		Used proper tools and equipment in preparation and cooking		5				
		Practice proper food handli	ng	5				
1000	C# : F	Integrity (bread appearance	e)	5				
	/	Total Learning Task 6:		20				
V ASSESSMENT	Day 4	magazines or newspapers. Cu Steps in Making Brochure 1. Fold bond paper in half. 2. Select pictures from old mo 3. Paste cut pictures in your b 4. Create designs on your own Rubric for scoring brochure SCORE 5 Artistically and cre 4 Artistically and cre 3 Properly done with 2 Properly done with 1 Done untidily with	oroper storing of sar ut at least 5 picture: agazines and newspond paper. n. CRIT atively done with functively done with some illustrations and a few illustrations and	TERIA Juli illustrations and pictures Jome illustrations and pictures July and pictures July pictures July pictures				
V. ASSESSMENT (Learning Activity Sheets for Enrichment, Remediation or Assessment to be given on Weeks 3 and 6)	Day 4 15 mins.	Learning Task 7: Essay. Write your answer on in a separate sheet of paper. 5 points each. 1. What is the importance of proper storage for sandwiches? 2. Why do we need to follow the holding and storage conditions of sandwiches? Answer all the Learning Tasks on this link https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xQUj YpJylXx5VBa T-PzDV7ATTpbV8p5zqf7rh3-MQ/edit?usp=sharing						
VI. REFLECTION	Day 5 5 mins.	Write your personal insights about the lesson using the prompts below. I understand that I realize that I need to learn more about						
	yl D. Valiao Charlyn M. S		Checked by:	Michelle B. Lopez Marianne D. Cariño TLE-HE-CO9-W8				