Git For Everyday Development





Who We Are

We're software developers and members of the Accelerator program at Atomic Object.

Atomic Object creates applications for web, mobile, desktop, and devices. We help companies innovate and grow with custom software products that are beautiful, reliable, and easy to use. Offices in Grand Rapids and Ann Arbor.

Read more about the Accelerator program here.



Workshop Goals:

- You'll be comfortable using basic Git commands.
- You'll be able to use Git for school and personal projects.
- You'll have a basic understanding and mental model of how Git works.
- You'll have a good idea of where you can go to learn more about Git.



```
model.content = model.content
content.save
ef initialize(fedora_object)
       (fedora_object)
  content = fedora_object.datastreams['content'].content
```

```
What is Git?
                    content_changed?
                                     a chiest datastreams
```

content_ds.content = @content Git is a version control system that keeps track of how files in a codebase have changed.

Git tracks things like what changed in a file, who changed it, and their reason for making that change.

create(project_model)

aroject, save

project_model.save.

project_model.fedora_pid = fedora_project.pic



What is Git?

Git allows others to work in the same repository (project) as you, so you can share your progress with them.

Git is the most widely used version control system in the world, and the majority of software developers use it every day.







Setup

Cloning the repository to your local machine from GitHub using your terminal:

Navigating to the repository on the command line:

Need a command line refresher? Reference the Git cheat sheet or raise your hand.



Setup

Opening an HTML file in a browser on Mac/Linux:

\$ open index.html

Opening an HTML file in a browser on Windows:

\$ start index.html

Need a command line refresher? Reference the Git cheat sheet or raise your hand.



Setup

Clone the repository.

Navigate to the repository on your command line.

Open the HTML file in a browser.





Checking which files have been changed since your last commit:

Checking what changes have been made line by line:

Tip: Use git diff <filename> to see the changes for a single file.



Staging the changed files that you would like to commit:

or

Committing all staged files with a commit message:

Take a look at the reference manual for more information on commit message best practices.



Pushing to a remote repository:

\$ git push



Open the index.html file in your chosen text editor.

Add text with your name and school in the "About Me" section.

Use git status to check which files have changed.

Add your changes and commit them.

Push your commit up to GitHub.



We made changes directly on develop, but this isn't usually how you want to do things.

Each feature should have its own branch so that your changes don't affect the main repository.

We'll talk about branches and merging next.







Creating Branches

Creating and checking out new branch:

```
$ git checkout -b <branch-name>
```

Checking out an existing branch:

Going back to the previous branch:

Typically, branch names start with the type of work you're doing and a slash, like feature/add-new-button, or bug/fix-login-issue.



Creating Branches

Create a new branch off of develop for your first task. Name it what you want, but we'll call it branch-1 for the rest of the workshop.

Go back to develop.

Create a new branch off of develop for your second task. We'll call it branch-2.





Merging another branch into your working branch:

\$ git merge <other-branch>

Setting an upstream branch:

\$ git push -u origin <branch-name>



Checkout branch-1.

Find the HTML for your school's image and wrap it in a link that goes to your school's website.

```
<a href="placeholder" target="_blank">
   // ...existing code here
</a>
```

Add, commit, and push your changes when you finish.

Checkout develop and merge branch-1.



Go to branch-2.

Create a div element that wraps both images, and set the background color of the div to a color of your choice.

```
<div style="background-color: green">
   // ...existing code here
</div>
```

Add, commit, and push the changes you just made.







Handling Merge Conflicts

This is how you know there was a merge conflict:

```
Auto-merging index.html
CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in index.html
Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.
```

This is what a merge conflict will look like in your code:



Handling Merge Conflicts

Make sure you're on branch-2.

Merge develop into branch-2. You should get a merge conflict.

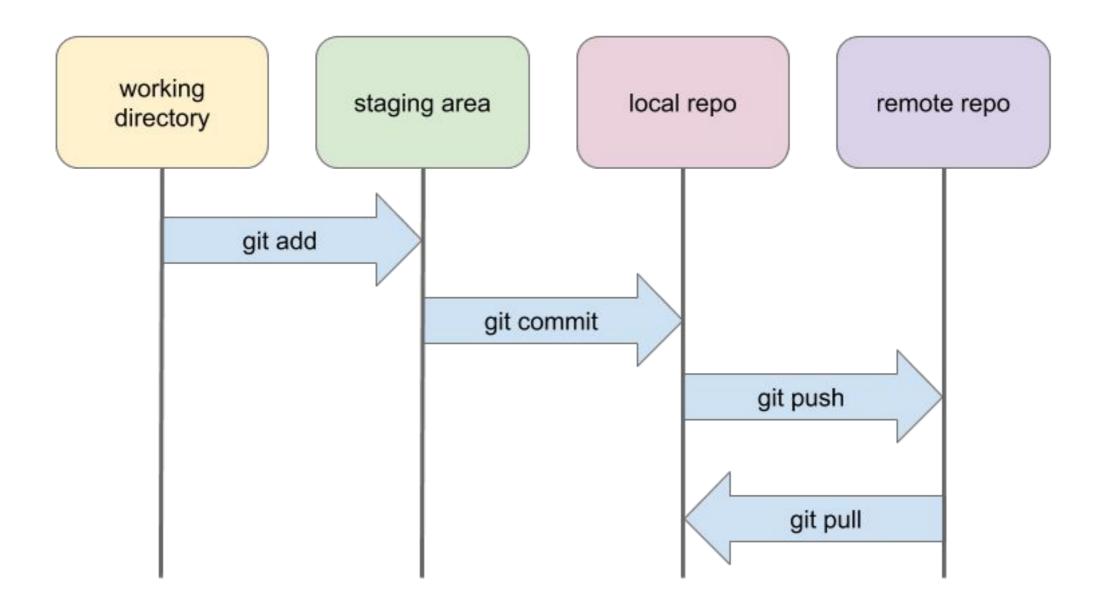
Once you've resolved the conflict, merge branch-2 into develop.

Use git status if you're unsure which branch you're on.





The Git Model



A remote repository is the actual main copy of the repository that exists wherever the repo is hosted (GitHub, in this instance).



Student Resources

Atomic Accelerator Program Information:

https://atomicobject.com/careers/accelerator

Atomic Games:

https://atomic-games.atomicobject.com





Sources

Git Workflow Diagram Based On:

https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/70320/workflow-diagram?rq=1

Sample HTML Page:

https://html5-templates.com/preview/bootstrap-scrolling-sticky-menu.html

