

1] [§0 Themes and goals]

Themes: 1) Build some theory / practice logical manipulations

Goals: 1) Understand functions,
2) Understand "equivalence"

2] §1 Mathematical relations

Def'n: A relation on a set S is a
subset $R \subseteq S \times S$.

Notation: $a R b \iff (a, b) \in R$
 $\iff a$ is related to
 b (by R).

3

e.g. $S = \{\text{people}\}$

$aRb \iff a \text{ and } b \text{ are siblings}$

$S = \{\text{animals}\}$

$aRb \iff a \text{ and } b \text{ are the same species}$

$S = \mathbb{Z}$

$aRb \iff a \text{ divides } b \quad (\text{i.e. } aRb \iff a|b)$

41

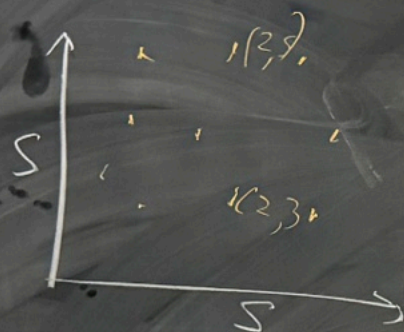
$$S = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$R = \{(1, 1), (2, 3)\}$$

$$S = \{\text{people}\}$$

$a R b \iff$ a and b have the same nationality.

Obs: We can picture R :

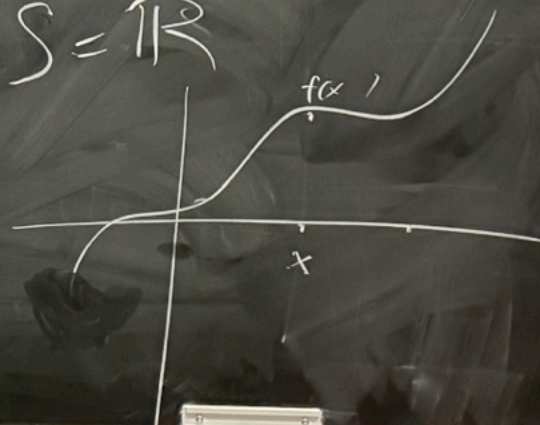


$S \times S$
 R

$(1, f(1))$

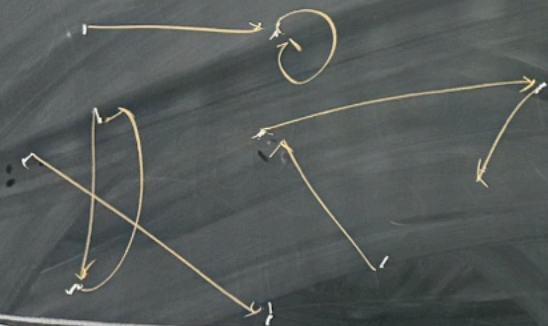
eg. $f(x)$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$
 $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} = \{ (x, f(x)) \}$

$S = \mathbb{R}$



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Obs: We can picture R :



S

$R = \{ (a, b) : \text{arrow from } a \text{ to } b \}$

§ 2 Properties of relations

Def'n: A relation R is

7] reflexive: if xRx for all $x \in S$

symmetric: $aRb \Rightarrow bRa$

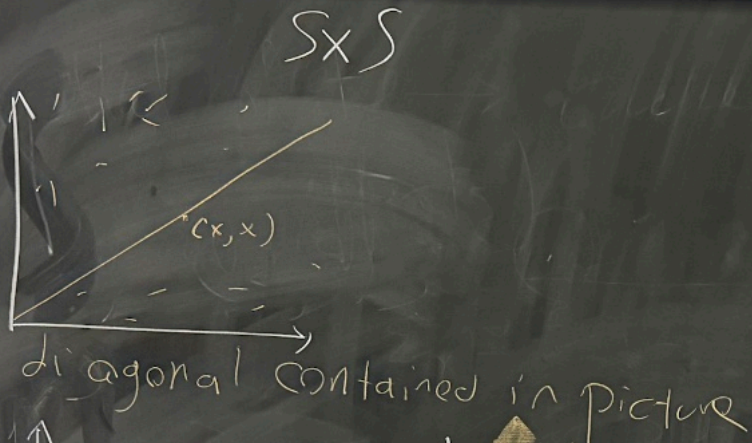
transitive: $aRb, bRc \Rightarrow aRc$

8.

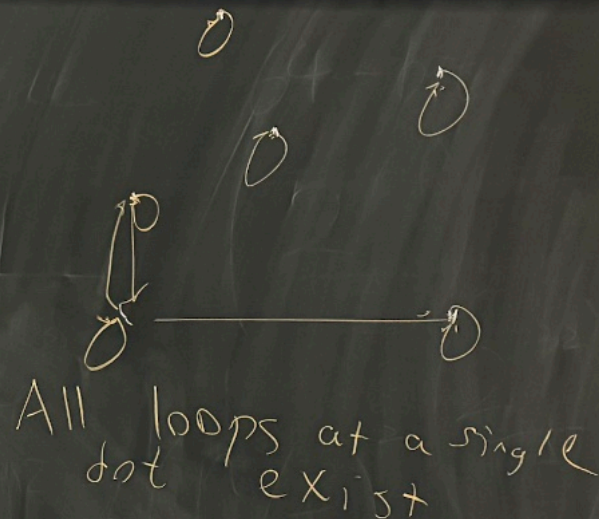
Reflexive:

Symmetric:

whole



Symmetric flipping
over diagonal

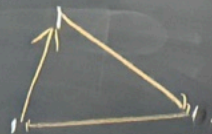


If an arrow exists, then the opposite orientation arrow exists



Not as
clear

head of
the arrow
meets tail
of other



If 2 sides of a triangle exist
then the full triangle exists

What are examples of R satisfying 2 of 3?

A

$\forall R$	xRy	y
$\forall S$	$(x-y) \leq 1$	
$\forall T$	$x, y \in \mathbb{R}$	

1 — 2 — 3

xR
 $\forall S$
 $\forall T$

Not possible
 $x \sim y \stackrel{\text{sym}}{\Rightarrow} y \sim x$
 $\stackrel{\text{trans}}{\Rightarrow} x \sim x$

$\forall R$ $a|b$
 $\forall S$ $a|b \Rightarrow b|a$ $2|6, 6|2$
 $\forall T$ $a|b, b|c \Rightarrow a|c$