Chat models

Chat models are a variation on language models. While chat models use language models under the hood, the interface they expose is a bit different. Rather than expose a "text in, text out" API, they expose an interface where "chat messages" are the inputs and outputs.

Chat model APIs are fairly new, so we are still figuring out the correct abstractions.

The following sections of documentation are provided:

- How-to guides: Walkthroughs of core functionality, like streaming, creating chat prompts, etc.
- Integrations: How to use different chat model providers (OpenAl, Anthropic, etc).

Get started #

Setup

To start we'll need to install the OpenAl Python package:

pip install openai

Accessing the API requires an API key, which you can get by creating an account and heading here. Once we have a key we'll want to set it as an environment variable by running:

```
export OPENAI_API_KEY="..."
```

If you'd prefer not to set an environment variable you can pass the key in directly via the openai_api_key named parameter when initiating the OpenAI LLM class:

```
from langchain.chat_models import ChatOpenAI

chat = ChatOpenAI(openai_api_key="...")
```

otherwise you can initialize without any params:

```
from langchain.chat_models import ChatOpenAI

chat = ChatOpenAI()
```

Messages

The chat model interface is based around messages rather than raw text. The types of messages currently supported in LangChain are AIMessage, HumanMessage, SystemMessage, and ChatMessage -- ChatMessage takes in an arbitrary role parameter. Most of the time, you'll just be dealing with HumanMessage, AIMessage, and SystemMessage

```
__call__
```

Messages in -> message out

You can get chat completions by passing one or more messages to the chat model. The response will be a message.

```
from langchain.schema import (
    AIMessage,
    HumanMessage,
    SystemMessage
)

chat([HumanMessage(content="Translate this sentence from English to French: I love programming.")])
```

```
AIMessage(content="J'aime programmer.", additional_kwargs={})
```

OpenAl's chat model supports multiple messages as input. See here for more information. Here is an example of sending a system and user message to the chat model:

```
messages = [
    SystemMessage(content="You are a helpful assistant that translates English to French."),
    HumanMessage(content="I love programming.")
]
chat(messages)
```

```
AIMessage(content="J'aime programmer.", additional_kwargs={})
```

generate

Batch calls, richer outputs

You can go one step further and generate completions for multiple sets of messages using generate. This returns an LLMResult with an additional message parameter.

```
LLMResult(generations=[[ChatGeneration(text="J'aime programmer.", generation_info=None,
message=AIMessage(content="J'aime programmer.", additional_kwargs={}))], [ChatGeneration(text="J'aime
l'intelligence artificielle.", generation_info=None, message=AIMessage(content="J'aime l'intelligence
artificielle.", additional_kwargs={}))]], llm_output={'token_usage': {'prompt_tokens': 57,
'completion_tokens': 20, 'total_tokens': 77}})
```

You can recover things like token usage from this LLMResult

```
result.llm_output
```

```
{'token_usage': {'prompt_tokens': 57,
'completion_tokens': 20,
```

'total_tokens': 77}}