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Custom LLM

This notebook goes over how to create a custom LLM wrapper, in case you want to use your own LLM or a different wrapper than one that is supported in LangChain.

There is only one required thing that a custom LLM needs to implement:

1. A call method that takes in a string, some optional stop words, and returns a string

There is a second optional thing it can implement:

1. An _identifying_params property that is used to help with printing of this class. Should return a dictionary.

Let's implement a very simple custom LLM that just returns the first N characters of the input.

```
from typing import Any, List, Mapping, Optional
from langchain.callbacks.manager import CallbackManagerForLLMRun
from langchain.llms.base import LLM
```

```
class CustomLLM(LLM):
    n: int

    @property
    def _llm_type(self) -> str:
        return "custom"
```

```
def _call(
    self,
    prompt: str,
    stop: Optional[List[str]] = None,
    run_manager: Optional[CallbackManagerForLLMRun] = None,
) -> str:
    if stop is not None:
        raise ValueError("stop kwargs are not permitted.")
    return prompt[: self.n]

@property
def _identifying_params(self) -> Mapping[str, Any]:
    """Get the identifying parameters."""
    return {"n": self.n}
```

We can now use this as an any other LLM.

```
llm = CustomLLM(n=10)

llm("This is a foobar thing")

'This is a '
```

We can also print the LLM and see its custom print.

```
print(11m)
```

CustomLLM
Params: {'n': 10}