Modules ■ Model I/O ■ Prompts ■ Example selectors ■ Select by maximal marginal relevance (MMR)

Select by maximal marginal relevance (MMR)

The MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector selects examples based on a combination of which examples are most similar to the inputs, while also optimizing for diversity. It does this by finding the examples with the embeddings that have the greatest cosine similarity with the inputs, and then iteratively adding them while penalizing them for closeness to already selected examples.

```
from langchain.prompts.example selector import (
    MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector,
    SemanticSimilarityExampleSelector,
from langchain.vectorstores import FAISS
from langchain.embeddings import OpenAIEmbeddings
from langchain.prompts import FewShotPromptTemplate, PromptTemplate
example prompt = PromptTemplate(
    input variables=["input", "output"],
    template="Input: {input}\nOutput: {output}",
# These are a lot of examples of a pretend task of creating antonyms.
examples = [
    {"input": "happy", "output": "sad"},
    {"input": "tall", "output": "short"},
    {"input": "energetic", "output": "lethargic"},
```

```
{"input": "sunny", "output": "gloomy"},
    {"input": "windy", "output": "calm"},
]
```

```
example selector = MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector.from examples(
    # This is the list of examples available to select from.
    examples,
    # This is the embedding class used to produce embeddings which are used to measure semantic similarity.
    OpenAIEmbeddings(),
    # This is the VectorStore class that is used to store the embeddings and do a similarity search over.
    FAISS,
    # This is the number of examples to produce.
    k=2
mmr prompt = FewShotPromptTemplate(
    # We provide an ExampleSelector instead of examples.
    example selector=example selector,
    example prompt=example prompt,
    prefix="Give the antonym of every input",
    suffix="Input: {adjective}\nOutput:",
    input variables=["adjective"],
```

```
# Input is a feeling, so should select the happy/sad example as the first one
print(mmr_prompt.format(adjective="worried"))
```

```
Give the antonym of every input

Input: happy
```

```
Output: sad
    Input: windy
    Output: calm
    Input: worried
    Output:
# Let's compare this to what we would just get if we went solely off of similarity,
# by using SemanticSimilarityExampleSelector instead of MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector.
example selector = SemanticSimilarityExampleSelector.from examples(
    # This is the list of examples available to select from.
    examples,
    # This is the embedding class used to produce embeddings which are used to measure semantic similarity.
    OpenAIEmbeddings(),
    # This is the VectorStore class that is used to store the embeddings and do a similarity search over.
    FAISS,
    # This is the number of examples to produce.
    k=2,
similar prompt = FewShotPromptTemplate(
    # We provide an ExampleSelector instead of examples.
    example selector=example selector,
    example prompt=example prompt,
    prefix="Give the antonym of every input",
    suffix="Input: {adjective}\nOutput:",
    input_variables=["adjective"],
print(similar prompt.format(adjective="worried"))
```

Give the antonym of every input

Input: happy
Output: sad

Input: sunny
Output: gloomy

Input: worried

Output: