The GIT

Programming Concepts in Scientific Computing EPFL, Master class

September 11, 2024

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This is the standard of most **Version control systems** such as **GIT** or **SVN**.

GIT

- Git is a free distributed version control system (DVCS), used for source code management (SCM)
- Git operates on a decentralized architecture, so every git working directory has the complete history
- Git was initially designed and created by Linus Torvalds for Linux kernel development
- ► EPFL has GIT repository services (http://c4science.ch and http://gitlab.epfl.ch)

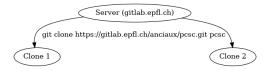
GIT - Cloning

git clone https://gitlab.epfl.ch/anciaux/pcsc.git



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- ► The working copy is the state (can be modified) of a selected branch (definition comes later)
- ▶ To know the status of the working copy:

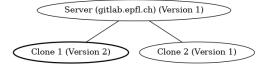
git status

See the log

git log

GIT - Commit your modifications

git commit -m "I made an interesting modification" file.cc



GIT - Branches



- ▶ Branching means you diverge from the main line of development and continue without perturbing the code
- Branches can evolve independently
- ► The main branch in GIT is *usually* called *master*
- ► GIT doc on branches

GIT - Branches

► See/create branches:

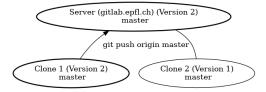
git branch

► Change the working copy to another branch.

git checkout stable-branch

GIT - Push your modifications

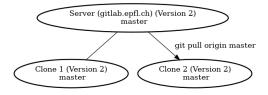
git push origin master



This operation sends the current branch and merges it into the remote branch

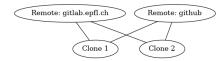
GIT - Pull modifications

git pull origin master



This operation actually fetches the remote branch and merges into current branch

GIT - remotes



- You can pull/push from/to more than a single distant server (remote)
- list the declared remotes:

```
git remote -v
```

add/remove remotes

```
git remote add/remove
```

GIT - commands

```
git log
git checkout
git add file.cc
git rm file.cc
git mv file.cc
git commit -m nice message" file.cc
git push remote branch_name
git push origin master
git pull remote branch_name
git pull origin master
git diff
git diff revision_hash
git help whatever_command
```

GIT - resources

- ► Cheat Sheet: http://ndpsoftware.com/git-cheatsheet.html
- ► Simple guide: http://rogerdudler.github.io/git-guide/
- ► Nice tutorial: http://learngitbranching.js.org/

c4science.ch and gitlab.epfl.ch

What are c4science and gitlab.epfl.ch?

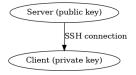
C4Science and gitlab.epfl.ch are co-creation, curation and code sharing platforms. They include:

- Version management system
- Common authentication to all Swiss universities to local + external collaborators
- ► Social dimension (wikis, bug tracking, ...)
- ► Code test system (continuous integration)
- Swiss alternative to github and gitlab.com

c4science.ch & gitlab.epfl.ch

Connect to c4science/gitlab.epfl.ch

The recommended way to connect to these servers server (and actually any distant linux machine) is through the SSH protocol:



- ▶ You need a pair of keys: one public and one private
- ▶ They are stored in the directory .ssh in your home directory
- The public can be distributed, the private should stay secret
- ▶ A good habit is to generate one key-pair per client and never transport the private key