Unified Modeling Language Exercise: A Frequent Flyer Program

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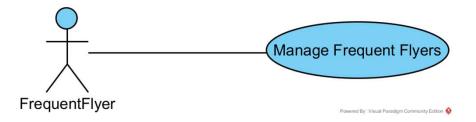
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Use Case Diagram: Version 1

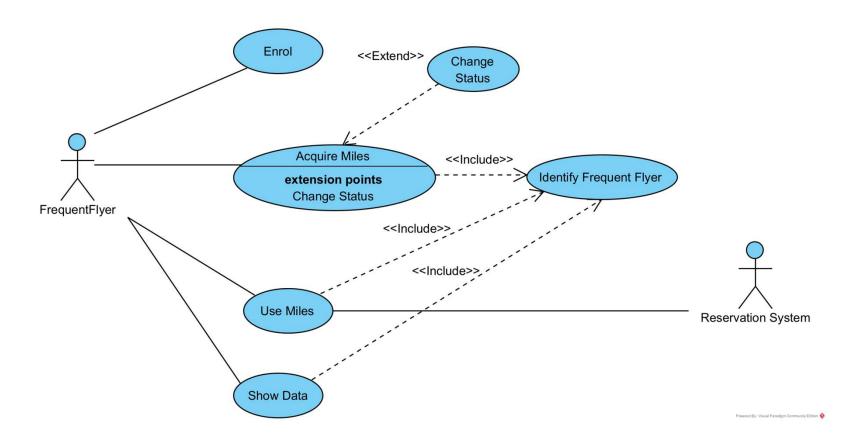
- Use Case Diagram con un solo use case
 - troppo generico
 - qualunque sistema potrebbe essere specificato in questo modo
 - soluzione del tutto inutile



Use Case Diagram: Version 2

UML - Exercises

Diagramma più dettagliato



UML - Exercises

All in one class: meaningless solution

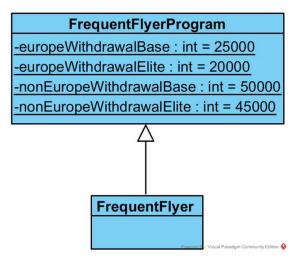
FrequentFlyerSystem

-passengerNames : string[]

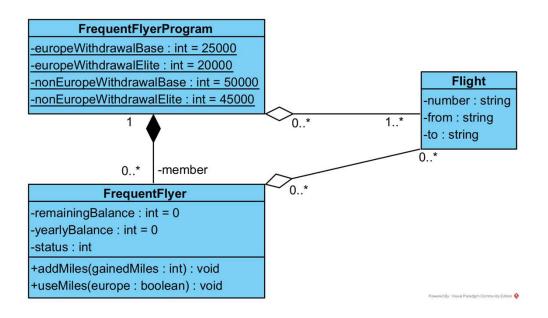
-passengerFFNumbers : int[]

-passengerMiles : int[]

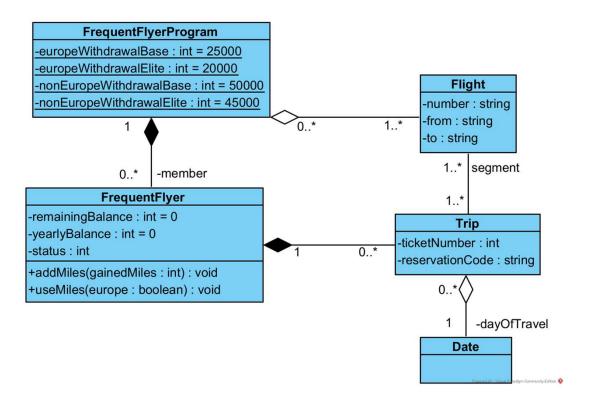
- Error: a frequent flyer IS NOT a frequent flyer program
- Note: here and in the following diagrams we omit that FrequentFlyer can be modeled as a subclass of Person



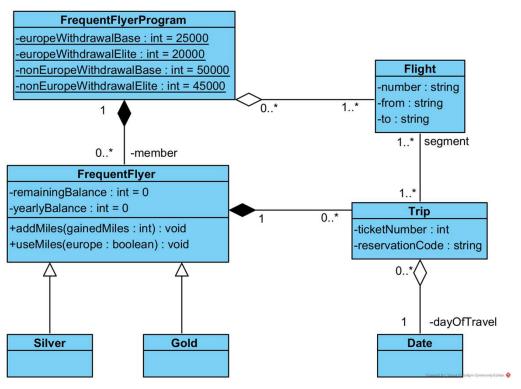
- Diagram that clarifies the relationships between FrequentFlyerProgram and FrequentFlyer
- A relationship between FrequentFlyer and Flight might not be sufficient



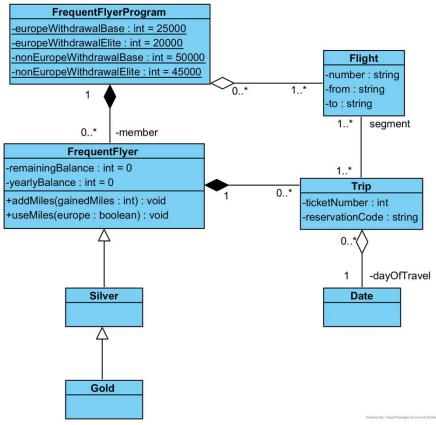
- Trip contains all details of each FrequentFlyer's trip
 - the different types of FrequentFlyer are still missing



- Two FrequentFlyer types
 - base (non-Silver and non-Gold) FrequentFlyer is modeled by class FrequentFlyer

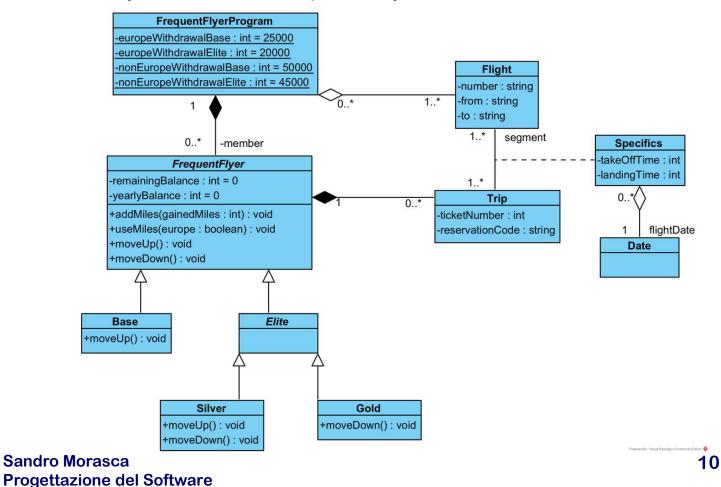


- More logically consistent solution
 - if Silver members are also Base members, then Gold members are Silver members too



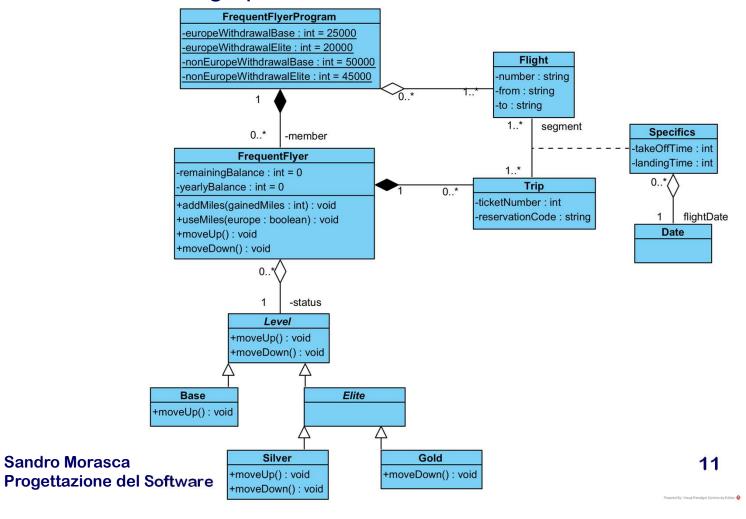


- Separation between frequent flyer classes
 - they can evolve separately





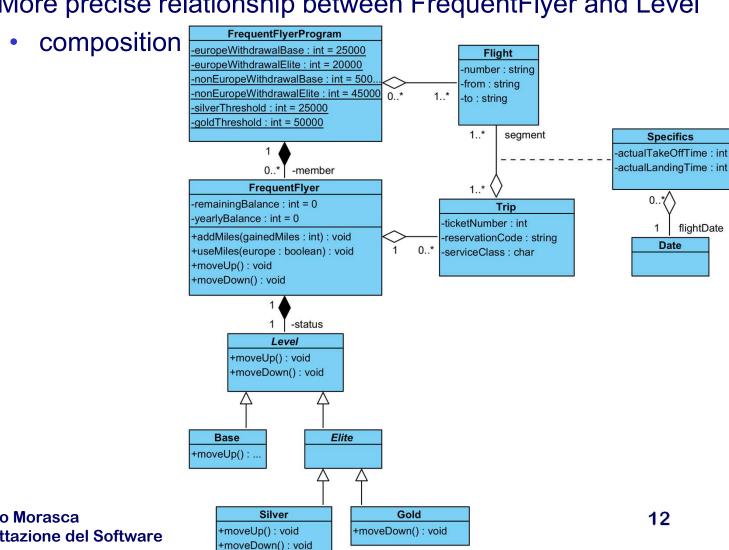
- Use of delegation
 - State design pattern





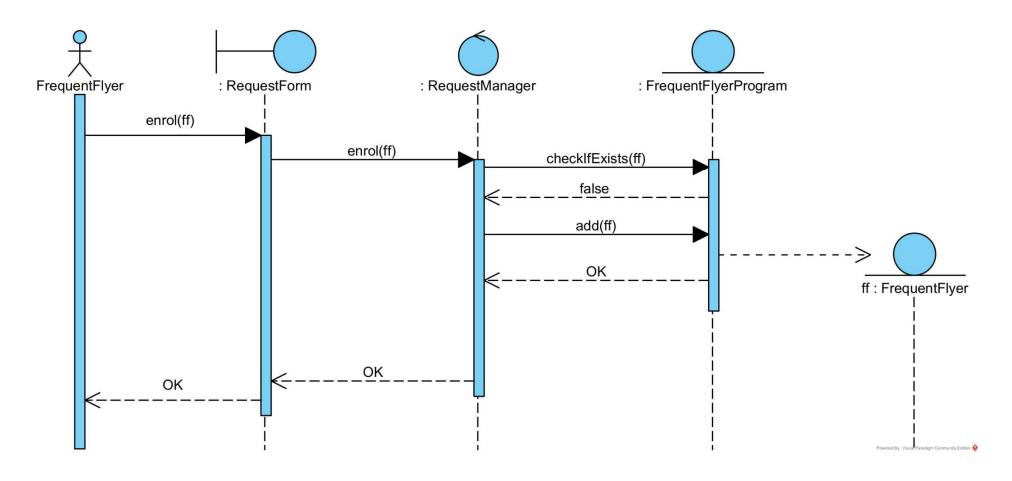
UML – Exercises

More precise relationship between FrequentFlyer and Level



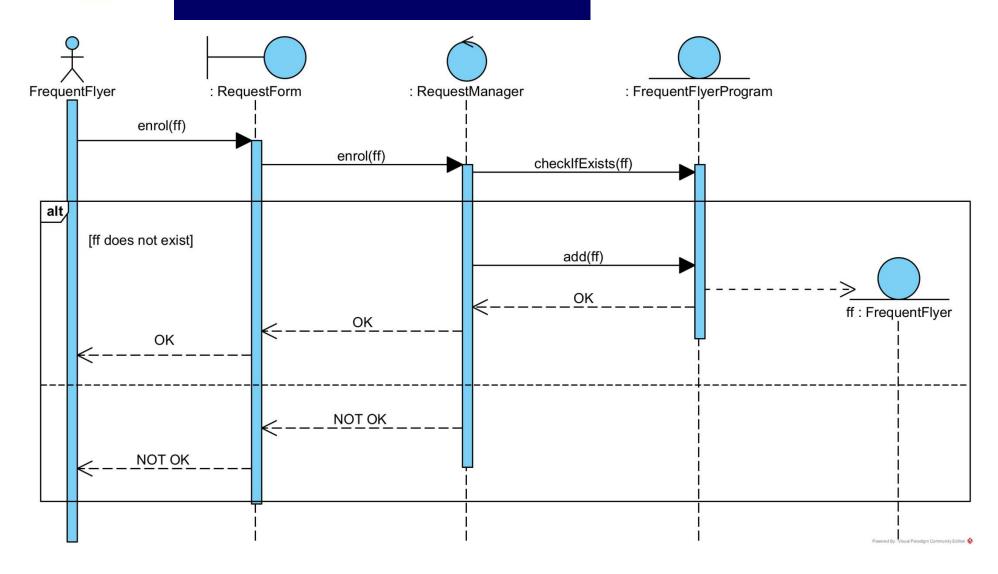


Sequence Diagram: Enrol 1



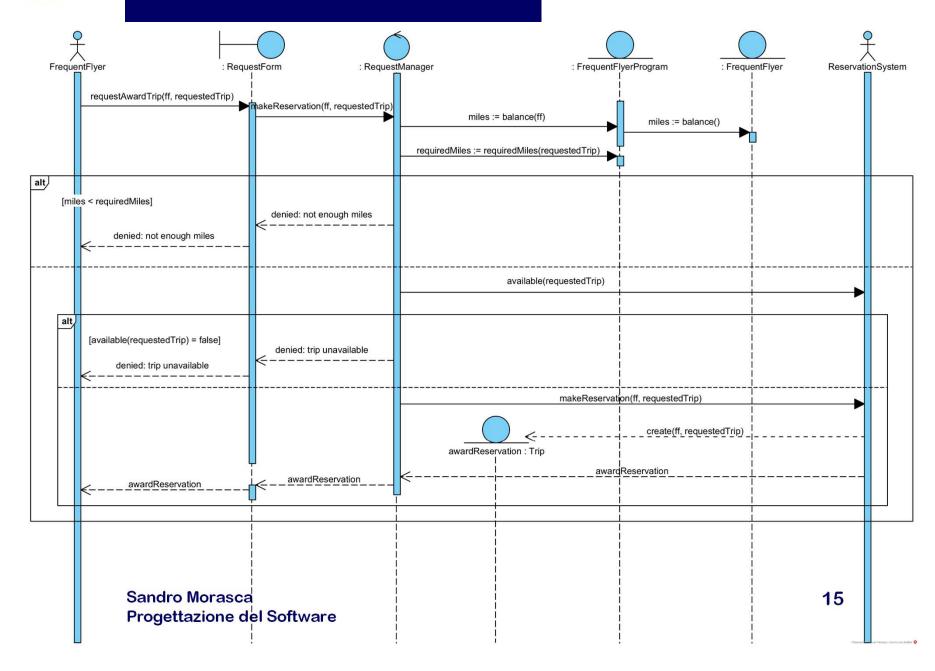


Sequence Diagram: Enrol 2



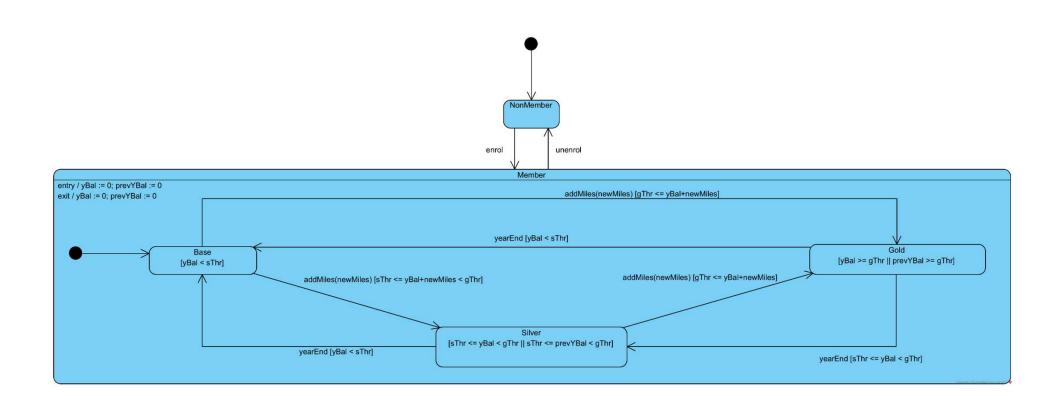


Sequence Diagram: Award Trip





State Diagram





Use Case Diagram: Version 3

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Diagram after requirement modifications

