

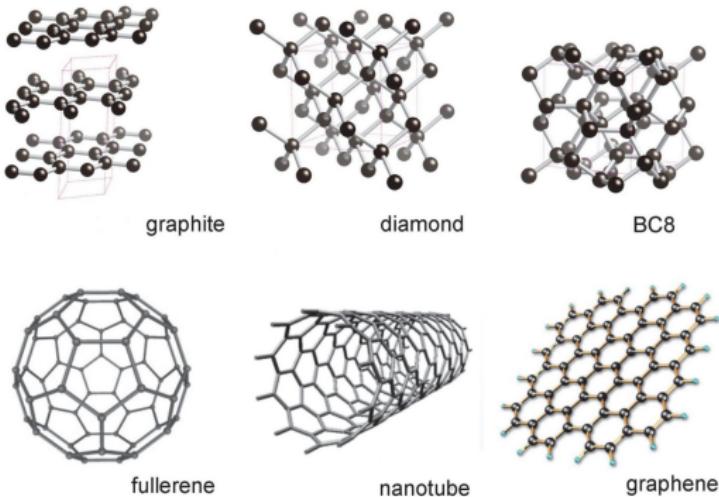
NBICS Technologies

Alexander Aksentyev

National Research Nuclear University "MEPhI"

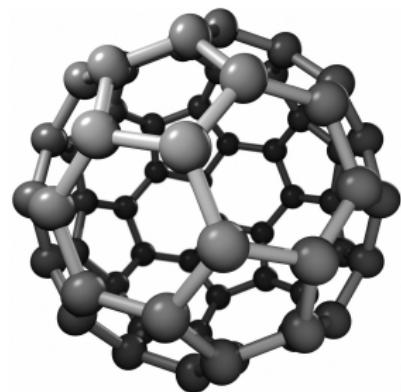
Carbon allotropes

Allotropy is the property of some chemical elements to exist in several different geometries (known as *allotropes*) in the same physical phase.



The Buckyball

- ▶ The Buckminsterfullerene (named after inventor Richard Buckminster Fuller) was one of the first nanoparticles to be discovered (1985)
- ▶ Number of atoms: 20 to over 100; the most common type (C₆₀) contains 60 carbon atoms
- ▶ Modifying a buckyball by adding or replacing an atom in order to change the properties of the buckyball is called **functionalization**

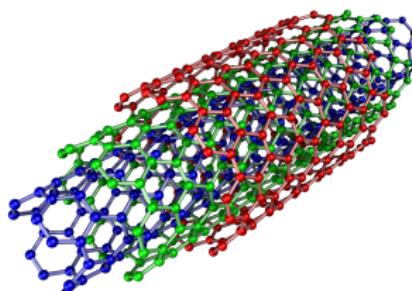
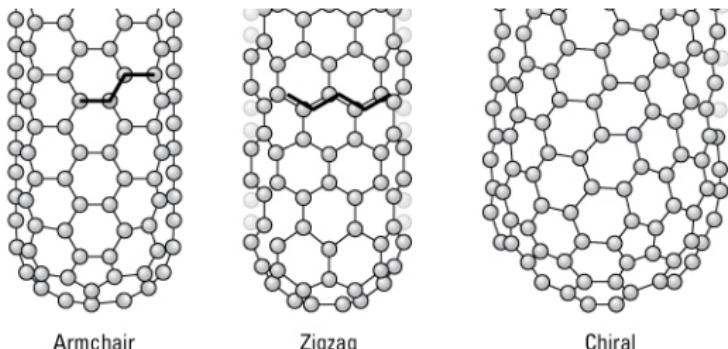


Uses

- ▶ **Armor.** Hard as diamonds, buckyballs are potentially useful within armor
- ▶ **Medicine.** Functionalized buckyballs can be made soluble by body cells, and hence find the following medical applications:
 - ▶ As antioxidants, because of their ability to absorb electrons in free radicals
 - ▶ In targeted drug delivery. The buckyball encases a minute dose of a particular drug. By controlling the functionalization of the buckyball the drug is absorbed only by the necessary cells
- ▶ **Fiber optics.** Because of their perfect spherical shape, buckyballs are able to transmit light

The nanotube

- ▶ Diameter < 1 nm
- ▶ A few nano- up to a millimeter in length
- ▶ Symmetry: armchair, zig-zag, chiral
- ▶ Single/multiple wall CNTs
- ▶ Compared to steel:
 - ▶ 100 × more difficult to tear apart
 - ▶ 5 × as elastic
 - ▶ a quarter density
- ▶ High thermal conductivity
- ▶ Metallic/semi-conductive contingent on symmetry

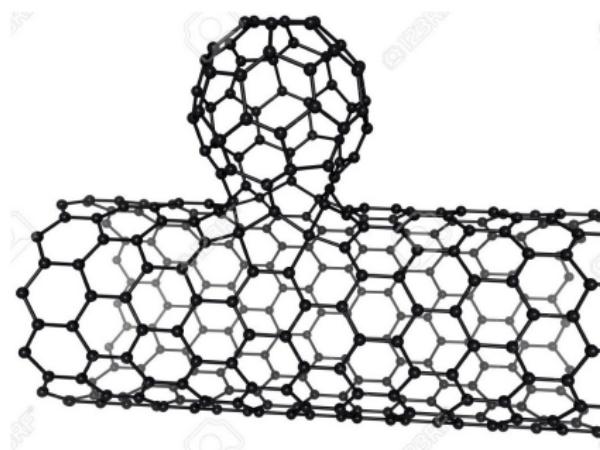


Uses

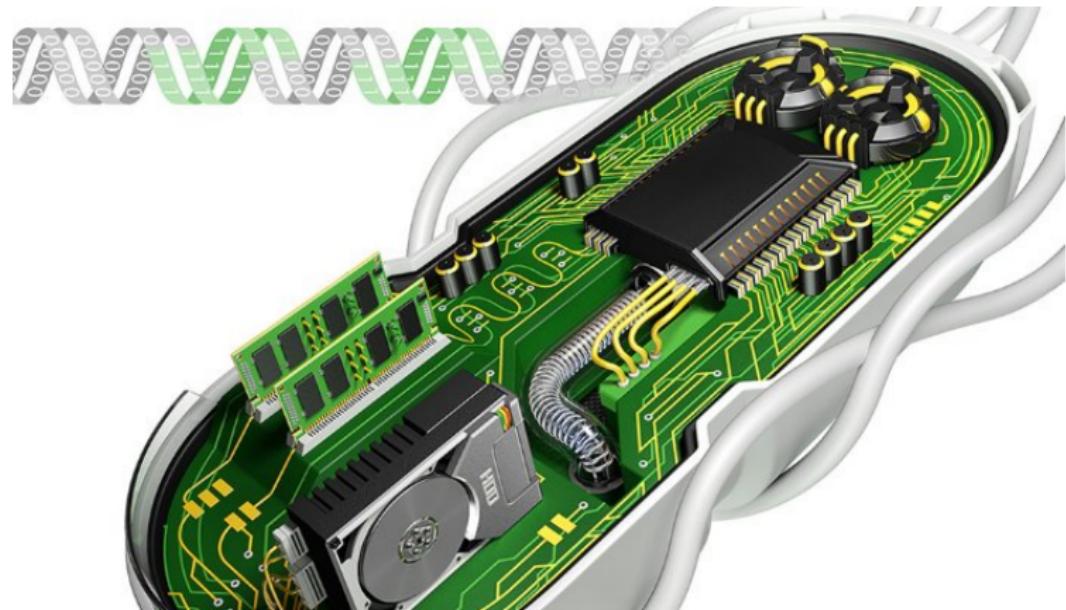
1. **Medicine:** functionalization, as well as their natural fluorescence, enable the use of CNTs as chemical sensors; they have also been shown to fuse well with bone, which could be used to diminish the implant rejection rate
2. **Conductive plastics:** CNTs are the best known conductive fillers because of their high aspect ratio
3. **Energy storage:** good battery electrodes due to high surface area ($\sim 1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$), good electrical conductivity, and linear geometry; the high surface area and thermal conductivity also make them useful as electrode catalysts in fuel cells
4. **Molecular electronics:** their geometry, electrical conductivity, and the ability to be precisely derived, make CNTs invaluable connectors between switches at the nanoscale; their properties as semiconductors also make them usable as switches themselves

The nanobud

- ▶ A nanotube with a fullerene ball attached to it
- ▶ As chemically reactive as the fullerenes, as electrically conductive as the nanotubes
- ▶ The fullerene buds serve as additional anchors, modifying the mechanical properties of the whole structure
- ▶ Efficient field emitters, with the emission threshold $0.65 \text{ V}/\mu\text{m}$ (a third of that of the nanotubes)
- ▶ Highly scalable production processes, therefore applications of industrial importance



Synthetic biology

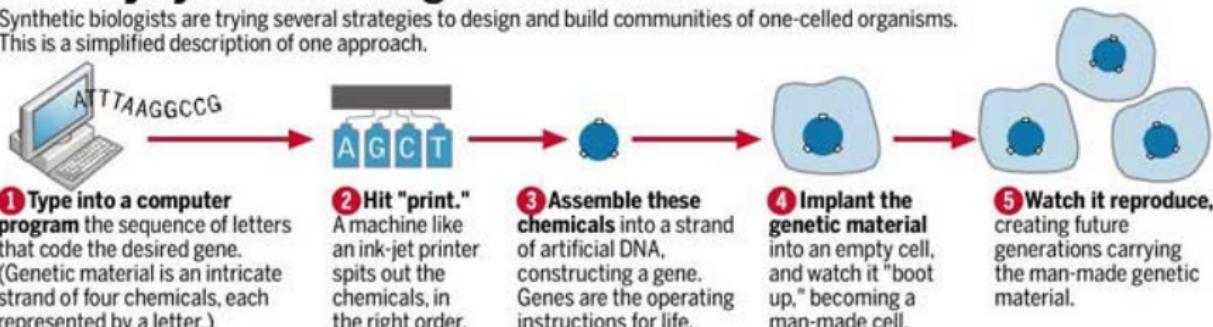


A set of technologies to construct living organisms with desired phenotypes.

- ▶ Systems biology studies complex biological systems as integrated wholes
- ▶ Synthetic biology studies how to build such systems for engineering applications
- ▶ Living systems provide a rich medium for controlling and processing
 - ▶ information
 - ▶ materials
 - ▶ energy
- ▶ Bacteria are the simplest known natural objects capable of replicating

One way synthetic biologists make cells

Synthetic biologists are trying several strategies to design and build communities of one-celled organisms. This is a simplified description of one approach.



Source: J. Craig Venter Institute

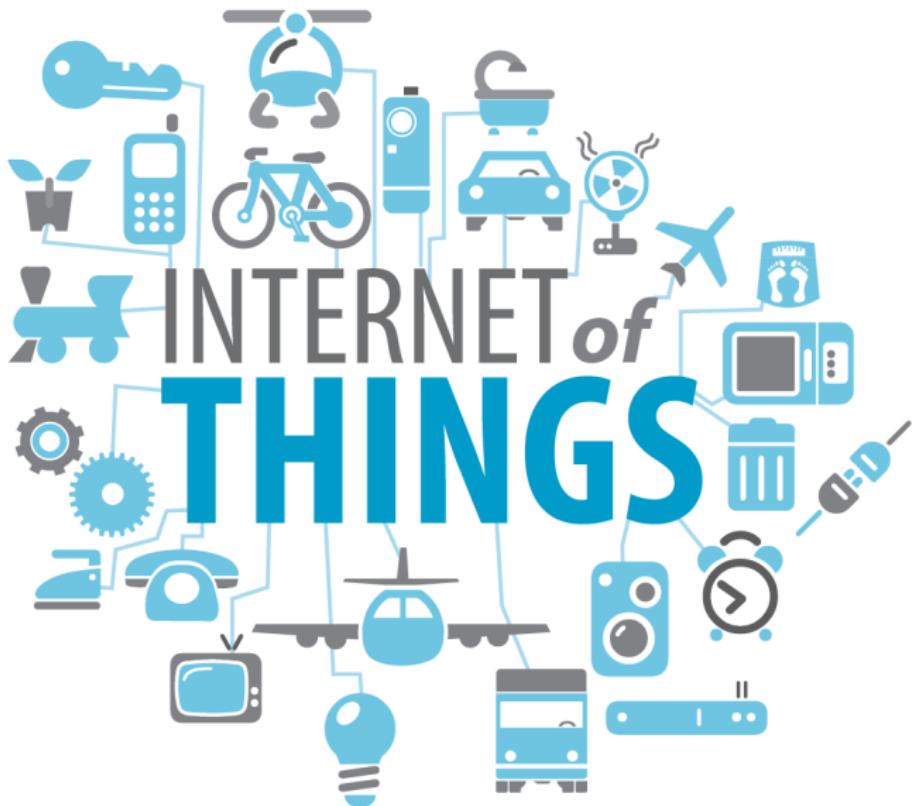
KARL KAHLER/BAY AREA NEWS GROUP

Enabling technologies:

- ▶ Standardization of DNA parts (BioBrick plasmids)
- ▶ DNA Synthesis
- ▶ DNA Sequencing
- ▶ Modular protein assembly

Uses

- ▶ **Materials.** DNA synthesis and DNA sequencing have enabled the construction of microorganisms with specially engineered metabolic cycles. This is used in a variety of production processes: Biolsoprene, BioAcrylic, “Green Chemicals”
- ▶ **Vaccines.** Bio Technologies provide tools to formulate vaccines via molecular engineering and DNA sequencing
- ▶ **Fuel.** Sugars from non-food biomass can be used to manufacture biofuels and renewable chemicals that are currently produced from expensive and price-volatile petroleum feedstocks
- ▶ **Waste disposal.** Bioplastics made from fermented sugars can be biodegraded by microbes already existing in soil and water environments



- ▶ The internetworking of physical devices to allow collection and exchange of information
- ▶ An instance of the more general class of *cyber-physical systems*:
 - ▶ smart grids
 - ▶ smart homes
 - ▶ smart cities
 - ▶ intelligent transportation
- ▶ Made by equipping all physical objects with identifying devices
- ▶ By 2020 there expected to be 20 billion connected devices
- ▶ The Internet of Things will therefore depend on the adoption of IPv6 to accommodate for the large address space

Enabling technologies

Some of the top 10 IoT-enabling technologies Gartner (IT research and advisory firm) identifies as most in-demand in 2017–2018:

- ▶ **IoT security:** IoT devices are open to both information and physical attacks, and many of them lack the processors and OS to afford sophisticated security approaches
- ▶ **IoT analytics:** IoT business models require new algorithms, data structures, machine learning approaches to profit from the data that will become available
- ▶ **IoT device management:** as the devices comprising the IoT will find themselves in a variety of contexts, locations, physical states, the challenge is to develop data structures capable of learning and adapting to circumstances

- ▶ **IoT processors:** processor architecture defines the device capabilities, such as security, firmware updatability, ability to support device management agents, etc.
- ▶ **IoT OS:** traditional OS consume too much power, need fast processors, lack guaranteed real-time response, require too much memory. A range of specialized IoT OS has been developing
- ▶ **Event stream processing:** distributed stream computing platforms (DSCPs) have emerged to address the need to analyze the extremely high data rates generated by some IoT applications (telecom, telemetry) on-line
- ▶ **IoT standards:** IoT devices need to interoperate, and IoT business models rely on sharing data between multiple devices and organizations

Uses

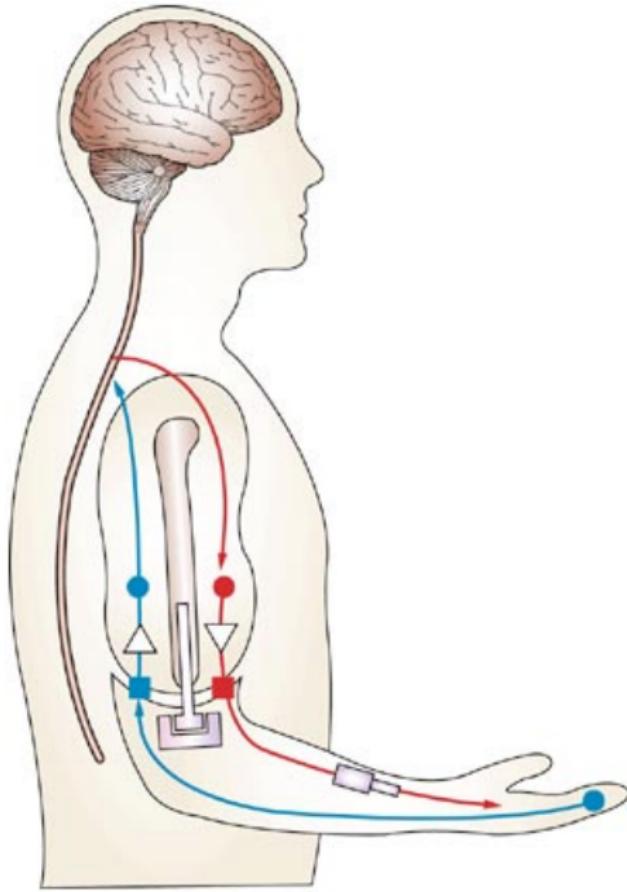
The employment of the IoT leads to the following benefits:

- ▶ In manufacturing:
 - ▶ **Connected factory:** reduce downtime, increase productivity, maintain industry compliance
 - ▶ **Connected machines:** optimize processes, improve overall equipment effectiveness, secure operations
 - ▶ **Connected supply chain:** drive faster decision-making, reduce risk, improve supply chain visibility
- ▶ In the energy field, smart grids enable pervasive monitoring and control of energy distribution networks to enhance energy delivery and reduce carbon emission
- ▶ In transportation:
 - ▶ on-line traffic analysis improves logistics (smart infrastructure, smarter personal choices)
 - ▶ on-board wi-fi, real-time video, smart ticketing, centralized operations enhance mass transit and passenger experience

Neural interfaces

CREL'

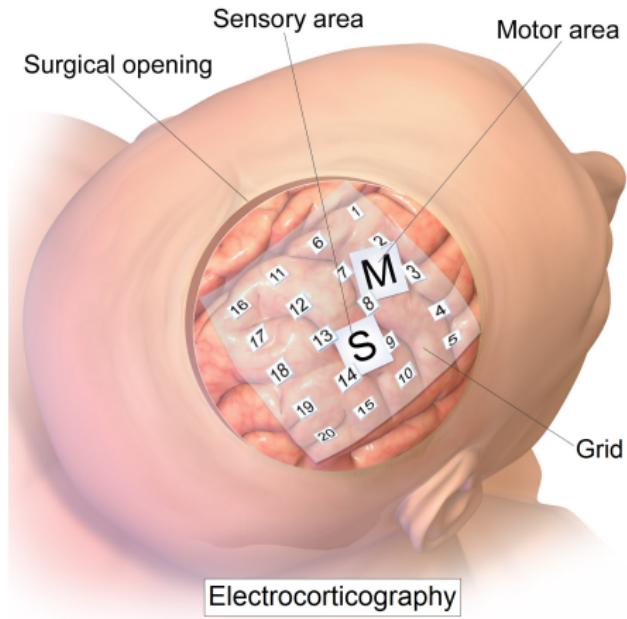




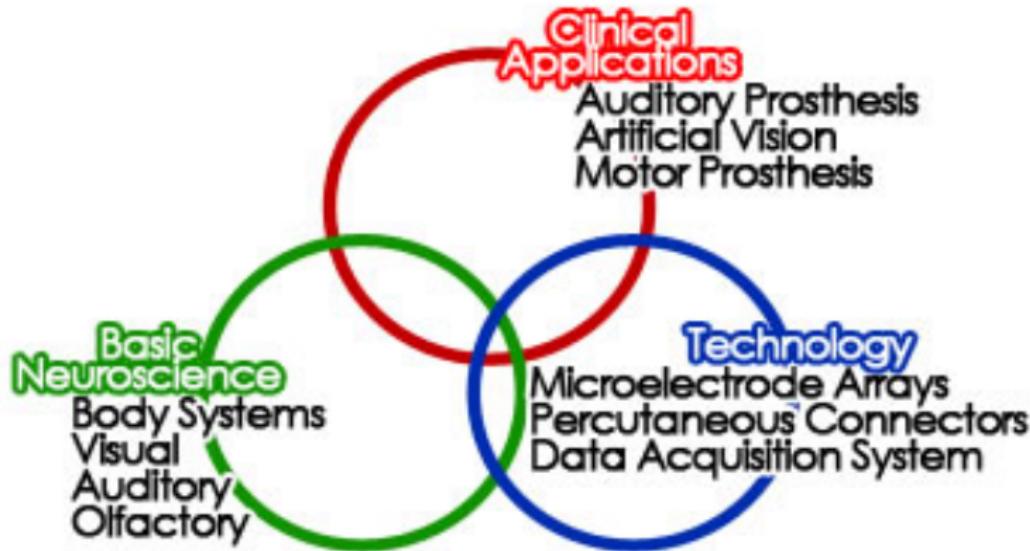
- ▶ A brain-computer interface (BCI) is a direct communication pathway between a wired brain and an external device
- ▶ Research and development are focused primarily on neuroprosthetics applications
- ▶ Was made possible by the development of *electroencephalography* (EEG)

Types of interfaces

- ▶ EEG-based:
 - ▶ Electrocorticography: electrodes embedded in a plastic pad are placed above the cortex, beneath the cranium
- ▶ Non-EEG-based:
 - ▶ Pupil-size oscillation: an eye's pupil contracts according to the brightness of the looked at object



BCI applications



References

Synthetic biology.

<http://syntheticbiology.org/FAQ.html>.

CISCO.

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/internet-of-things/overview.html>.

Crel.

<http://www.renders-graphiques.fr/galerie/Jeux-video-3/Adam-Jensen-Deus-Ex--91655.htm>.

Gartner.

<http://www.gartner.com/newsroom/id/3221818>.

Mathôt.

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4743834/pdf/pone.0148805.pdf>.

Understanding Nano.

<http://www.understandingnano.com>.