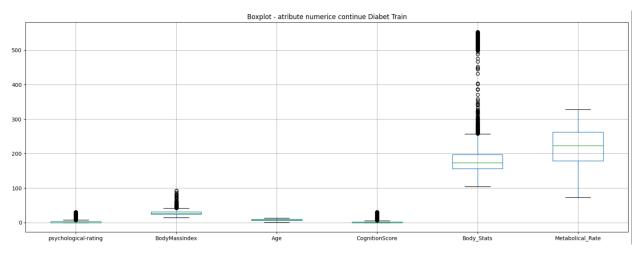
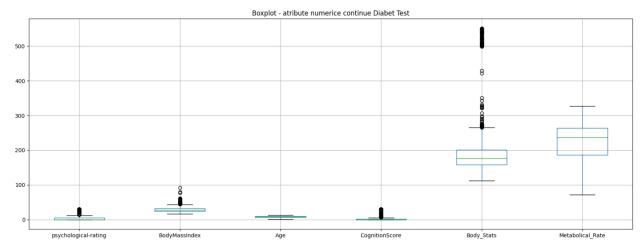
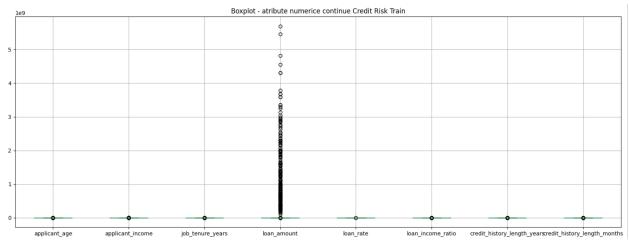
Valori numerice:



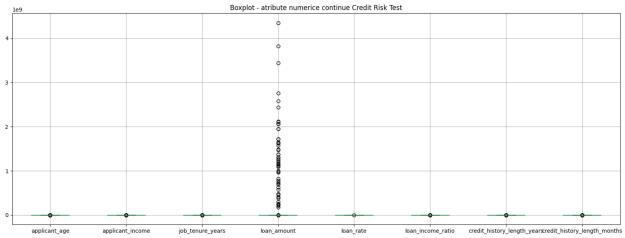
	count	me	ean	st	d r	nin	\	
psychological-rating	8000.0	4.1502	250	8.66125	3 0.0000	900		
BodyMassIndex	8000.0	28.1112	250	6 . 40923	2 14.0000	900		
Age	8000.0	8.0000	900	3.06066	5 1.0000	900		
CognitionScore	8000.0	3.0338	375	7.19131	0.0000	900		
Body_Stats	8000.0	194.2986	597 8	2.50521	5 105.0639	984		
Metabolical Rate	7000.0	220.3814	100 6	0.95486	7 72.7747	739		
_								
	percent	ila 25%	perce	ntila 5	0% percent	tila	75%	\
psychological-rating	. 0	.000000		0.0000	00	3.000	000	
BodyMassIndex	24	.000000		27.0000	00 31	1.000	000	
Age	6	.000000		8.0000	00 10	9.000	000	
CognitionScore	0	.000000		0.0000	00 2	2.000	000	
Body Stats	156	.304379	1	73.4022	02 19 6	5.796	633	
Metabolical Rate	179	.577803	2	23.0290	40 262	2.350	158	
_								
		max						
psychological-rating	30.000	000						
BodyMassIndex	92.000	000						
Age	13.000	000						
CognitionScore	30.000	000						
Body Stats	553.000	000						
Metabolical_Rate	327.936	098						



	count	mean	std	min \	
psychological-rating	2000.0	5.224500	9.711398	0.000000	
BodyMassIndex	2000.0 28.787500		6.645783	16.000000	
Age	2000.0	8.287500	2.926282	1.000000	
CognitionScore	2000.0	3.491000	7.751191	0.000000	
Body_Stats	2000.0	197.609132	82.136327	111.704232	
Metabolical Rate	2000.0	225.831345	58.610273	71.602207	
_					
	percent	ila 25% per	centila 50%	percentila 75%	\
psychological-rating	. 0	.000000	0.000000	5.000000	
BodyMassIndex	24	.000000	28.000000	32.000000	
Age	6	.000000	9.000000	10.000000	
CognitionScore	0	.000000	0.000000	2.000000	
Body Stats	158	.274650	176.660060	201.001498	
Metabolical Rate			236.422446	263.714385	
_					
		max			
psychological-rating	30.000	000			
BodyMassIndex	92.000				
Age	13.000000				
CognitionScore	30.000000				
Body Stats	551.000				
Metabolical Rate	326.525				
THE CORD TECHT	320.323	051			



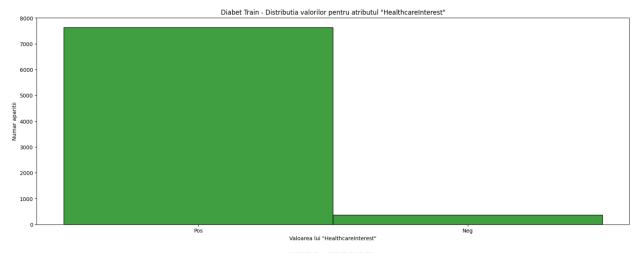
	count	mean	:	std min '	\
applicant_age	8000.0	2.778912e+01	6.464200e-	+00 20.00	
applicant_income	8000.0	6.566213e+04	5.883553e-	+04 4200.00	
job_tenure_years	7786.0	4.729001e+00	4.203528e-	+00 0.00	
loan_amount	8000.0	3.887819e+07	2.845087e-	+08 500.00	
loan_rate	7257.0	1.101108e+01	3.274046e-	+00 5.42	
loan_income_ratio	8000.0	1.704438e-01	1.069076e	-01 0.00	
<pre>credit_history_length_years</pre>	8000.0	5.857500e+00	4.096497e-	+00 2.00	
credit_history_length_months	7200.0	7.644986e+01	4.943491e-	+01 25.00	
	percent		entila 50%		
applicant_age		23.00	26.00	30.00	_
applicant_income	3	8400.00	55000.00	78433.2	
job_tenure_years		2.00	4.00	7.00	
loan_amount		5000.00	8000.00	13500.00	9
loan_rate		7.88	10.99	13.47	7
loan_income_ratio		0.09	0.15	0.2	3
credit_history_length_years		3.00	4.00	8.00	9
credit_history_length_months	41.00		57.00	103.00	9
1:	4 03000	max			
applicant_age	1.23000				
applicant_income	2.03978				
job_tenure_years	1.230000e+02				
loan_amount	5.69511				
loan_rate	2.21100				
loan_income_ratio	7.10000				
credit_history_length_years	3.00000	0e+01			
<pre>credit_history_length_months</pre>	3.69000	0e+02			

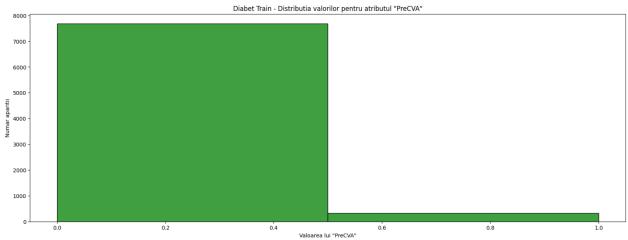


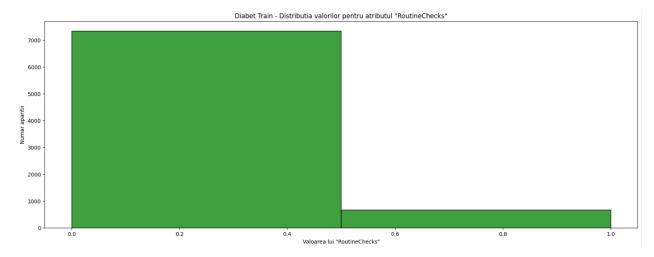
applicant_age	applicant_income	job_tendre_years	loun_umou		race	loun_income_rudo	create_matory	_length_years.redit_mstory_lengt	ai_iiioiiais
			count		mean		std	min \	
applicant_a	ge		2000.0	2.75690	0e+01	5.924001	Le+00	20.00	
applicant_i	ncome		2000.0	6.60225	3e+04	4.866238	3e+04	8088.00	
job_tenure_			1950.0	5.01230	8e+00	4.899802	2e+00	0.00	
loan_amount			2000.0	3.66053	4e+07	2.637011	Le+08	500.00	
loan_rate			1803.0	1.09914	8e+01	3.236259	9e+00	5.42	
loan_income			2000.0	1.68875	0e-01	1.064559	9e-01	0.01	
credit_hist			2000.0	5.62550	0e+00	3.854955	5e+00	2.00	
credit_hist	ory_length_	_months	2000.0	7.35620	0e+01	4.633302	2e+01	25.00	
			percent	ila 25%	perce	ntila 50%	6 per	centila 75%	\
applicant a	ge			23.00		26.00		30.00	
applicant_i	ncome		3	9540.00		56000.00)	80000.00	
job_tenure_	years			2.00		4.00)	7.00	
loan_amount				5000.00		8000.00	•	13200.00	
loan_rate				7.90		10.99	•	13.45	
loan_income	_ratio			0.09		0.14	ı	0.23	
credit_hist				3.00		4.00)	8.00	
credit_hist	ory_length_	_months		40.00		56.00)	98.25	
				max					
applicant_a	ge		6.90000	0e+01					
applicant_i	ncome		7.62000	0e+05					
job_tenure_	years		1.23000	0e+02					
loan_amount			4.346934e+09						
loan_rate			2.322000e+01						
loan_income	_ratio		7.60000	0e-01					
credit_hist	ory_length_	years	2.90000	0e+01					
<pre>credit_hist</pre>	ory_length_	months	3.57000	0e+02					

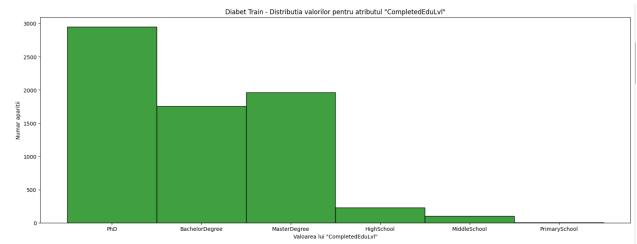
Valori categorice:

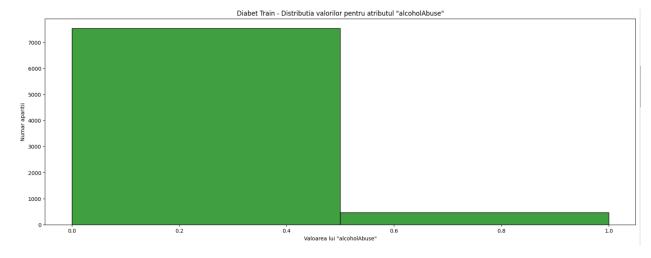
	valori nenule	valori unice
PreCVA	8000	2
RoutineChecks	8000	2
alcoholAbuse	8000	2
cholesterol_ver	8000	2
vegetables	8000	2
HighBP	8000	2
Unprocessed_fructose	8000	2
HealthScore	8000	5
myocardial_infarction	8000	2
SalaryBraket	8000	8
Cardio	8000	2
ImprovedAveragePulmonaryCapacity	8000	2
Diabetes	8000	3

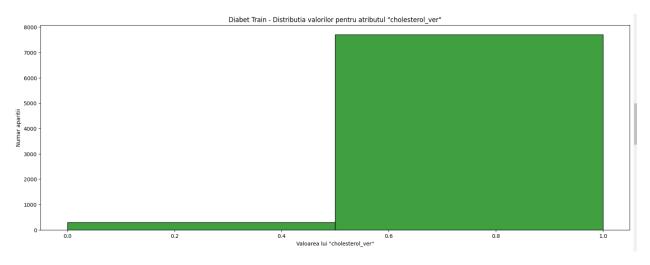


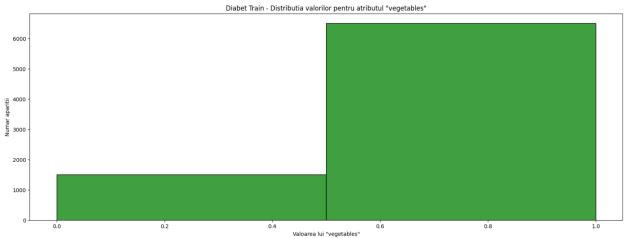


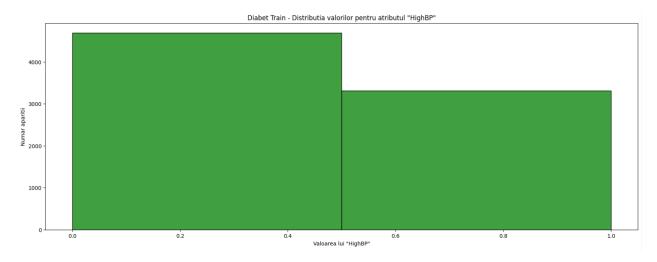


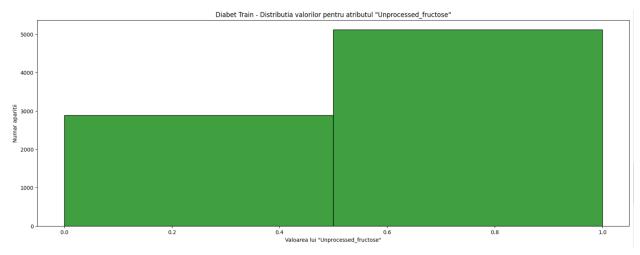


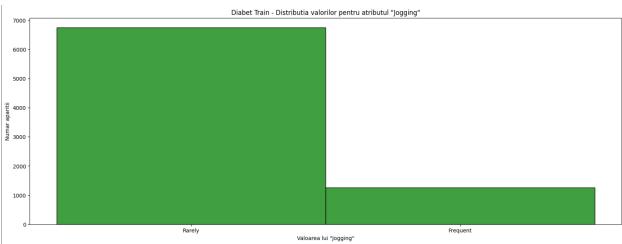


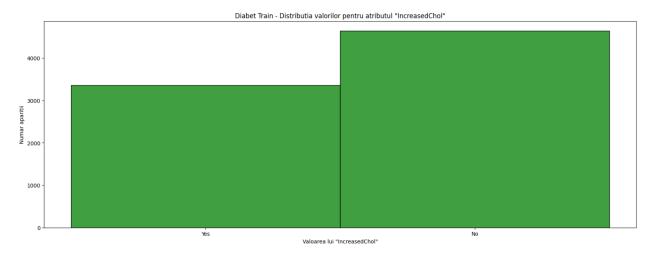


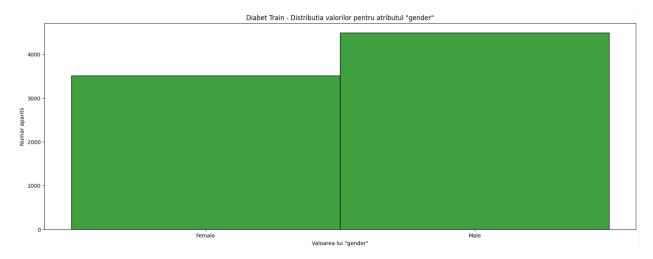


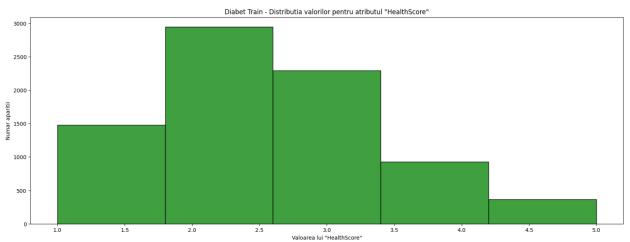


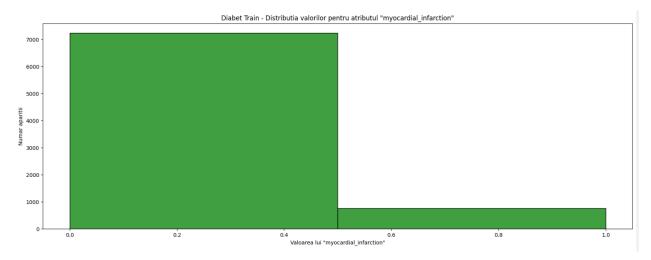


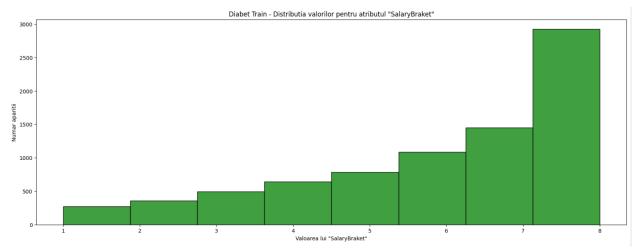


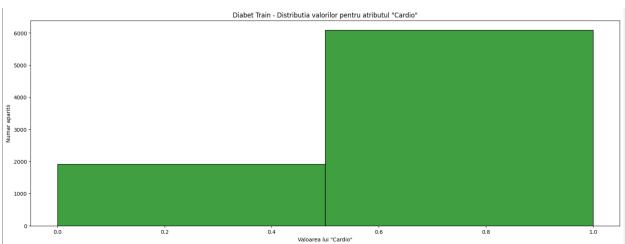


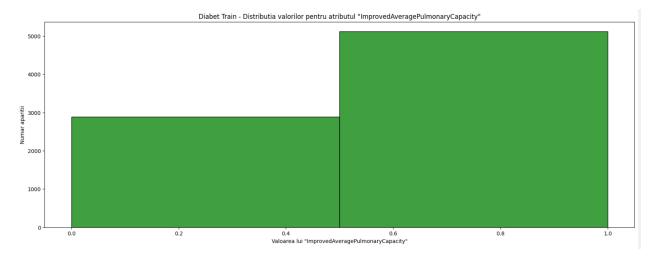


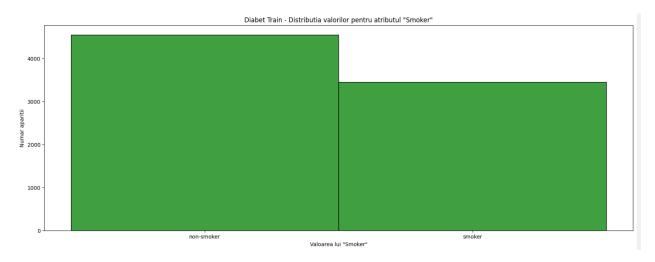


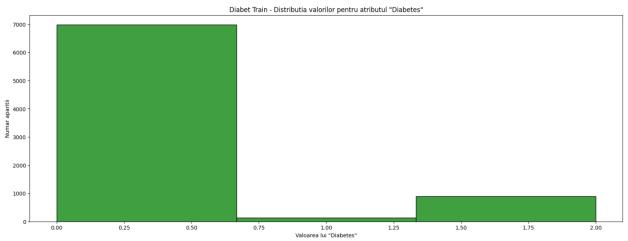


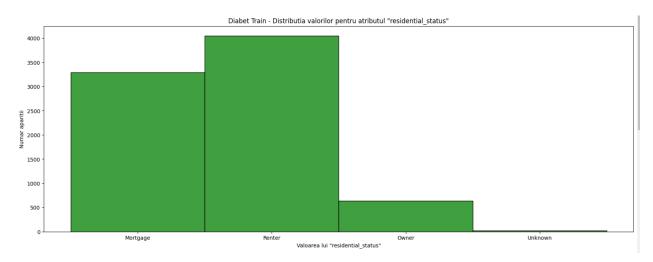


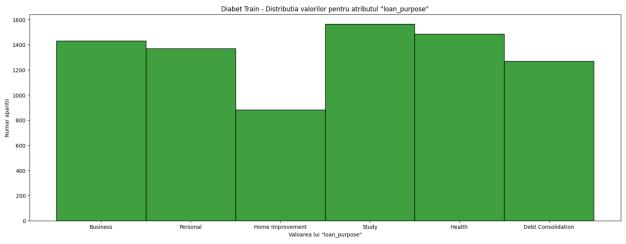


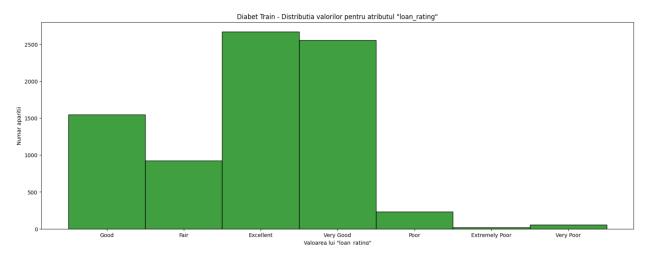


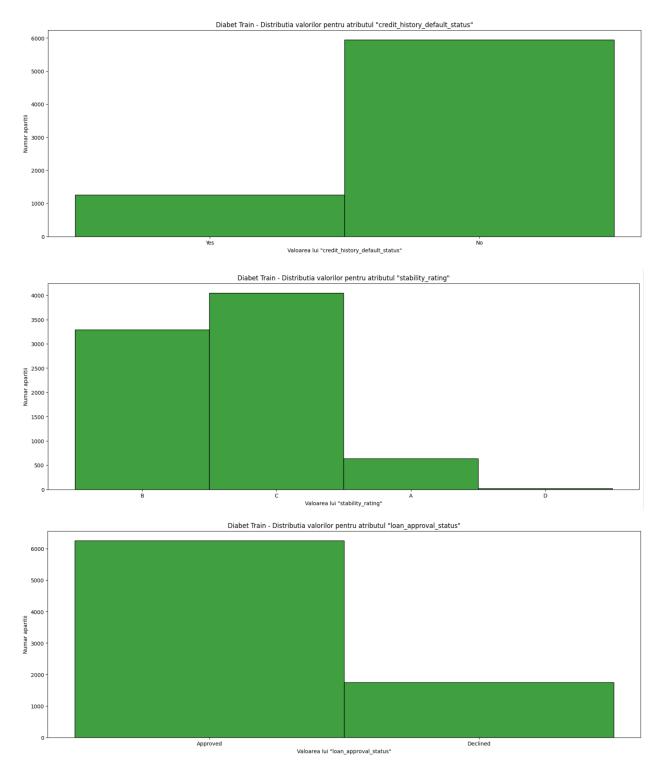








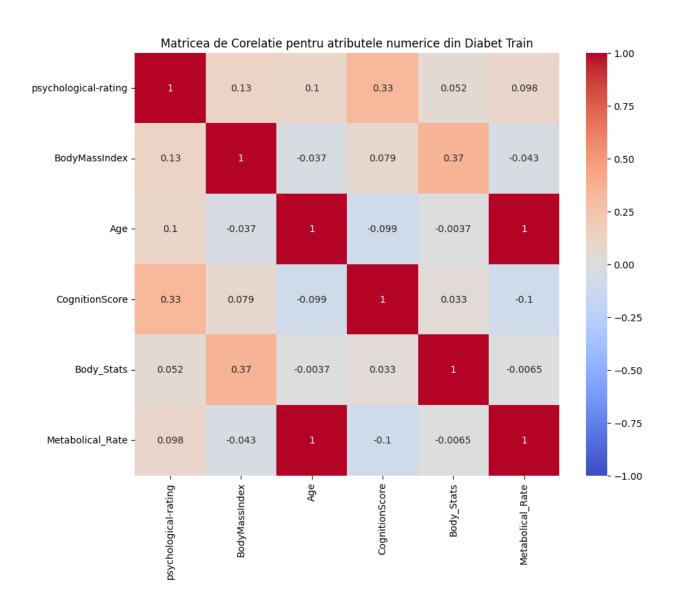


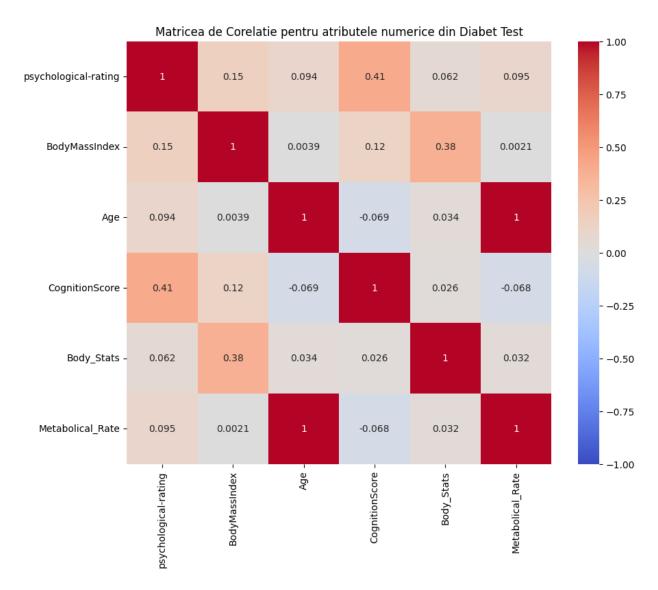


Pentru atributele numerice continue, se poate observa in unele cazuri o variatie mai mare a valorilor, iar in alte cazuri avem unele valori lipsa (valori nule), ceea ce poate produce inexactitatati dupa ce antrenam modelul (pentru ca o sa folosim date imputate).

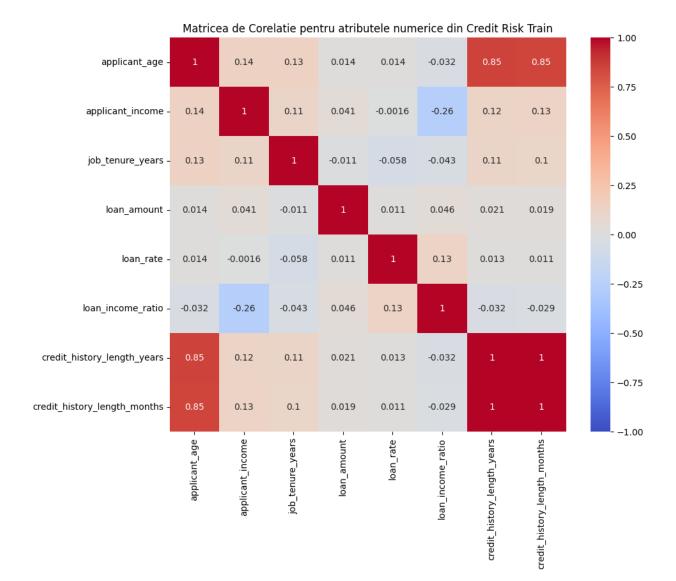
Pentru atributele categorice, atributele care au mai multe valori diferite ajuta mai mult la antrenarea modelului, intrucat se face mai usor distinctia intre intrari. De asemenea, sa

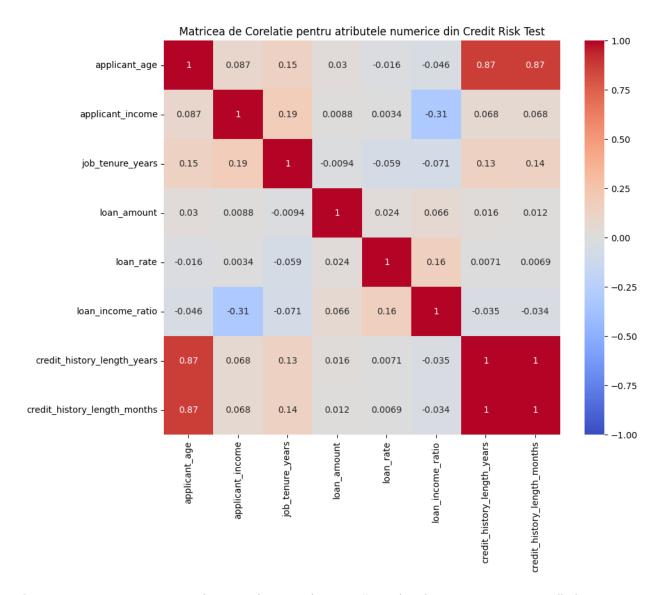
zicem ca avem un atribut cu doua valori distincte, daca intrarile ar fi repartizate 50% - 50%, atunci ar fi o distinctie clara intre intrari, dar daca sunt repartizate 90% - 10%, atunci nu te ajuta pentru a distinge intrarile care se afla in cele 90%. In concluzie, pentru a obtine un model cat mai bine antrenat, avem nevoie de o repartitie cat mai uniforma a intrarilor.



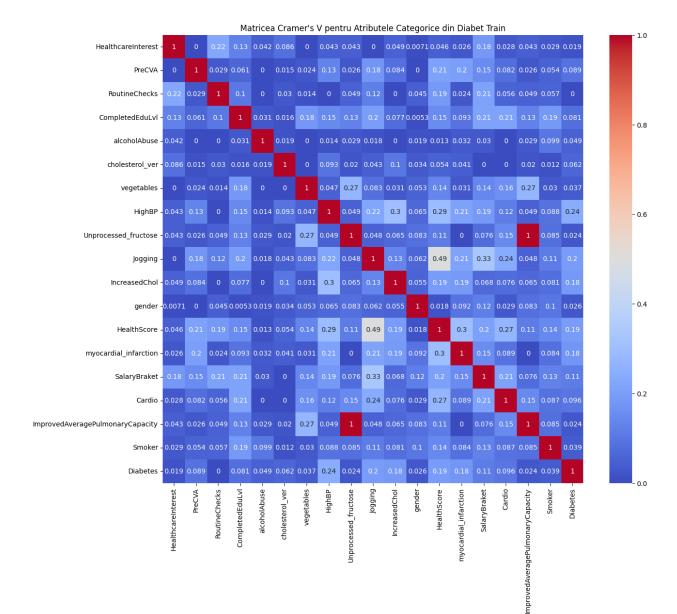


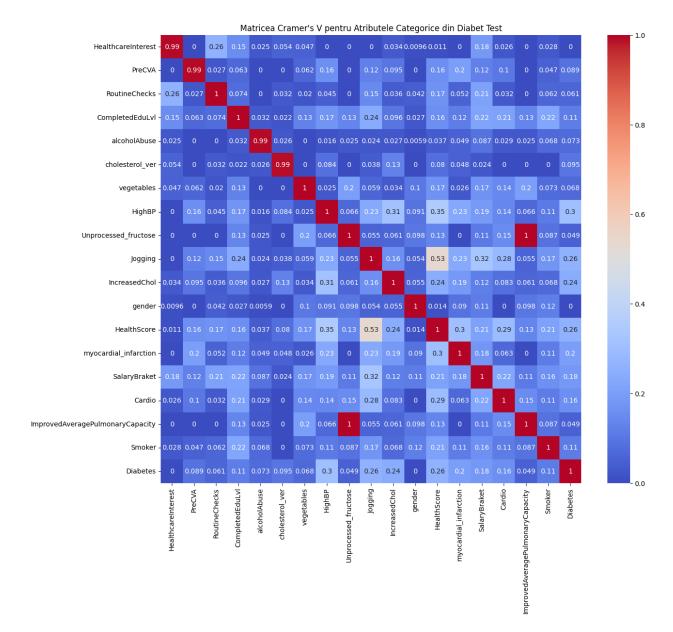
Se poate observa o corelatie mare intre atributele "Age" si "Metabolical_Rate".



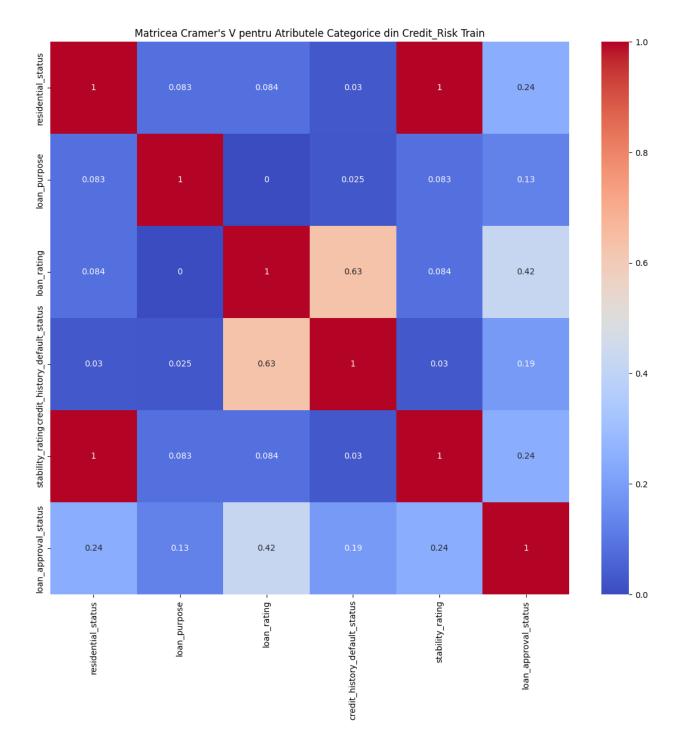


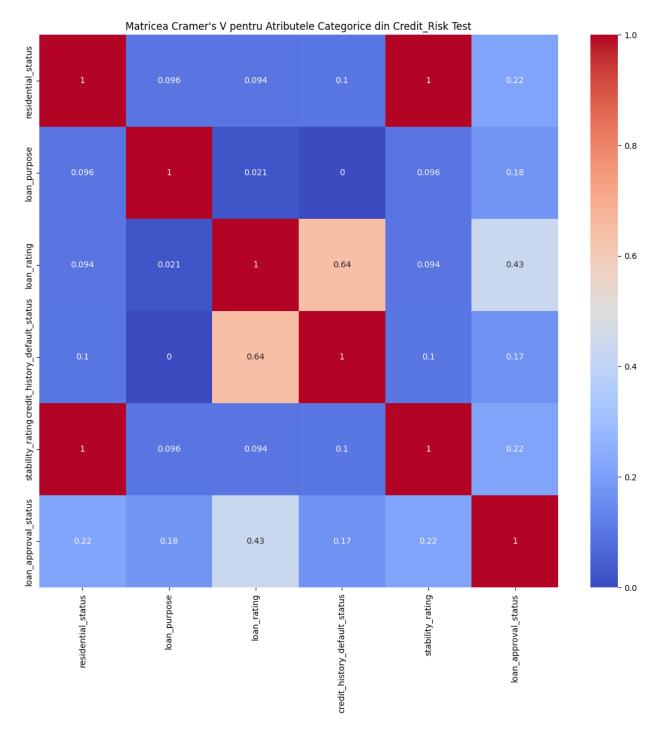
Se poate observa o corelatie mare intre atributele "credit_history_length_years" si "credit_history_length_months" si o corelatie desul de mare, dar nu as spune chiar reduntanta intre "applicant_age" si "credit_history_length_years" si "credit_history_length_months".





Se poate observa o corelatie mare intre "Unprocessed_fructose" si "ImprovedAveragePulmonaryCapacity"





Se poate observa o corelatie mare intre "residential_status" si "stability_rating".

Random Forest:

Evaluarea mod	alului nantr	u Diahata	·c•				
Evaluarea modelului pentru Diabetes:							
	precision	recall	f1-score	support			
0	0.74	0.99	0.84	1446			
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	54			
2	0.68	0.08	0.14	500			
accuracy			0.7 3	2000			
macro avg	0.47	0.36	0.33	2000			
weighted avg	0.70	0.73	0.64	2000			
Acuratetea: 0	.734						
Evaluarea mod	elului pentr	u loan_ap	proval_sta	tus:			
		11	· -				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support			
Approved	0.92	0.99	0.95	1564			
Declined	0.95	0.68	0.79	436			
accupacy			0.92	2000			
accuracy	0.03	0.03					
macro avg	0.93	0.83	0.87	2000			
weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	2000			
Acuratetea: 0	0215						
Acuracecea: 0	.9210						

MLP:

Evaluarea modelului pentru Diabetes:						
р	recision	recall	f1-score	support		
0	0.77	0.89	0.83	1446		
1	0.17	0.06	0.08	54		
2	0.50	0.33	0.39	500		
accuracy			0.72	2000		
macro avg	0.48	0.42	0.43	2000		
weighted avg	0.69	0.72	0.70	2000		
Acuratetea: 0.7	235					
Evaluarea model	ului pentr	u loan_ap	proval_stat	tus:		
р	recision	recall	f1-score	support		
0	0.91	0.97	0.94	1564		
1	0.85	0.66	0.74	436		
accuracy			0.90	2000		
macro avg	0.88	0.82	0.84	2000		
weighted avg	0.90	0.90	0.90	2000		
Acuratetea: 0.9	01					

Dupa cum se poate observa, al doilea set de date, Credit Risk, este cel care obtine o acuratete mai buna. Primul set de date este problematic, sunt multe date eronate care, la antrenare, construieste o logica si niste corelatii nu neaparat adevarate, ceea ce duce la predictii eronate.

Rezultatele sunt asemanatoare intre (Diabetes – Random Forest si Diabetes – MLP) si (Credit Risk – Random Forest si Credit Risk – MLP).

Precision este important in situatiile in care costul unui fals pozitiv este mare si, dupa cum se poate observa, este mai mare la modelul Credit Risk.

Recall este important in situatiile in care costul unui fals negativ este mare si, dupa cum se poate observa, este mai mare la modelul Credit Risk.

F1 score reprezinta media armonica dintre precision si recall. Este util atunci cand trebuie sa gasim un echilibru intre precision si recall.