

# Condition of Lake Erie Largemouth Bass Sampled in the ODOW Nearshore Community Survey 2013-2017

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## Data Prep

```
Stock <- read.csv("Data/Clean-Data/largemouth-bass_Wr_Stock.csv") %>%  
  filter(Year < 2017) %>%  
  filterD(!is.na(Wr)) %>%  
  arrange(Year, gcat)
```

```
Stock$fyr <- factor(Stock$fyr)  
Stock$Year <- factor(Stock$Year)
```

```
headtail(Stock)
```

##	fyr	Year	Site	FID	Weight	Ws	Wr	Length	lcat20	gcat
## 1	13	2013	10	9	807	874.1340	92.31995	387	380	preferred
## 2	13	2013	11	1	968	934.6786	103.56501	395	380	preferred
## 3	13	2013	11	8	1159	1196.8993	96.83354	426	420	preferred
## 408	16	2016	18	8	479	336.1388	142.50066	289	280	stock
## 409	16	2016	18	14	466	351.6072	132.53427	293	280	stock
## 410	16	2016	18	23	473	375.7265	125.88945	299	280	stock
##	Age	SexCon	Sex							
## 1	4	8	2							
## 2	3	3	1							
## 3	3	3	1							
## 408	2	3	1							
## 409	2	3	1							
## 410	2	8	2							

```
str(Stock)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 410 obs. of 13 variables:  
## $ fyr : Factor w/ 4 levels "13","14","15",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...  
## $ Year : Factor w/ 4 levels "2013","2014",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...  
## $ Site : int 10 11 11 15 15 15 15 15 18 18 ...  
## $ FID : int 9 1 8 167 NA 170 176 180 142 141 ...  
## $ Weight: int 807 968 1159 1144 927 982 1015 1000 942 941 ...  
## $ Ws : num 874 935 1197 859 882 ...  
## $ Wr : num 92.3 103.6 96.8 133.1 105.2 ...  
## $ Length: int 387 395 426 385 388 401 406 411 381 382 ...  
## $ lcat20: int 380 380 420 380 380 400 400 400 380 380 ...  
## $ gcat : Factor w/ 3 levels "preferred","quality",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...  
## $ Age : int 4 3 3 3 NA 4 5 5 3 3 ...  
## $ SexCon: int 8 3 3 3 3 8 8 8 8 3 ...  
## $ Sex : int 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 ...
```

```
unique(Stock$fyrr)
```

```
## [1] 13 14 15 16  
## Levels: 13 14 15 16
```

#### Note

*I removed the years 2012 and 2017. 2012 because only large fish have weight length data and more and different sites were sampled. I removed 2017 due to differences in the survey.*

#### Note

*I am removing a fish from site 15 year 2013 because it appears to be an outlier ( $Wr > 200$ ). Probably due to data entry error. I went back and did this in 'Create-Wr-Gabelhouse-Data.Rmd' where I make the data file I use for this analysis.*

### Summarize Relative Weight by Year

```
(Wr.Stock <- Summarize(Wr ~ Year, data = Stock) %>% arrange(Year))
```

```
##   Year   n   mean      sd  min    Q1 median   Q3   max  
## 1 2013  97 113.3837 13.28398 76.14 104.40 113.0 122.2 143.8  
## 2 2014 140 109.6148 15.74476 80.40  98.78 106.9 117.8 151.3  
## 3 2015  67 109.8376 15.57996 78.22  98.53 108.6 120.8 149.8  
## 4 2016 106 115.4942 13.83934 61.76 108.00 115.5 124.7 146.2
```

#### Note

*The relative weight data contains only stock length individuals. This is so that I can easily compare the relative weight of fish with PSD. This is done despite the min TL being 150 mm. I may want to summarize relative weight for 150mm and greater length individuals in the future to see if young/small fish drive down or increase Wr.*

Lets start exploring the relative weight data. I have two questions I would like to know the answer to.

- 1) does Wr differ among years?
- 2) does Wr differ among gabelhouse length categories?

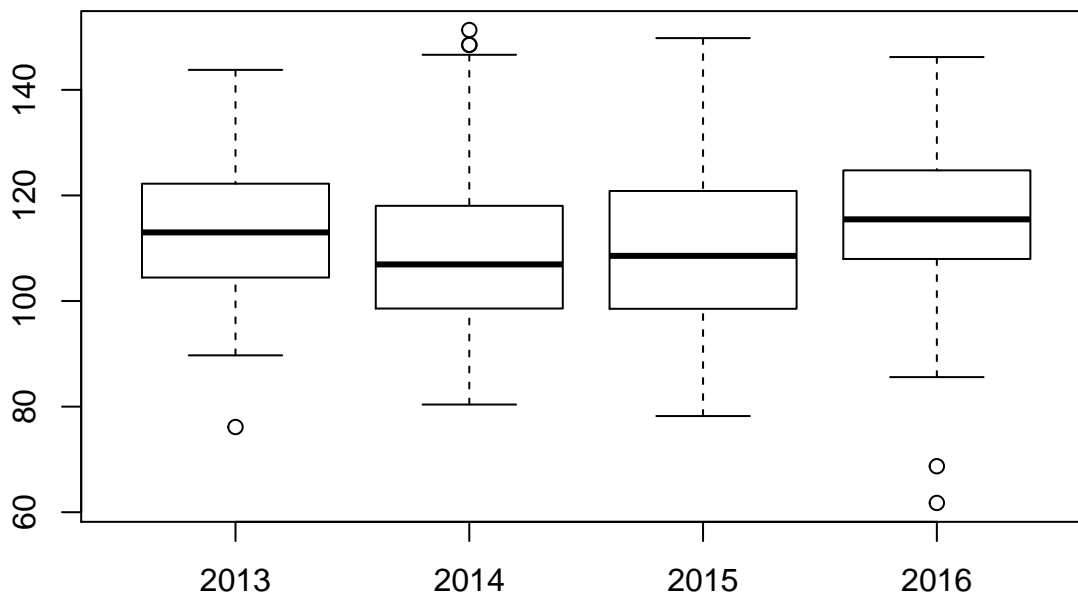
**First** Lets see if Wr is different between years.

```
aov1 <- lm(Wr ~ Year, data = Stock)  
# save(aov1, file = 'model-output/aov1.rda')  
Anova(aov1)
```

```
## Anova Table (Type II tests)  
##  
## Response: Wr  
##           Sum Sq Df F value    Pr(>F)  
## Year           2588   3   4.0016 0.007933 **  
## Residuals    87529 406  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1  
summary(aov1)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = Wr ~ Year, data = Stock)
```

```
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -53.733  -9.356  -1.165   9.300  41.716
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   113.384     1.491   76.054 <2e-16 ***
## Year2014       -3.769     1.940   -1.943  0.0527 .
## Year2015       -3.546     2.332   -1.520  0.1292
## Year2016        2.110     2.063    1.023  0.3069
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 14.68 on 406 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.02872,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.02154
## F-statistic: 4.002 on 3 and 406 DF,  p-value: 0.007933
boxplot(Wr ~ Year, data = Stock)
```



```
mc1 <- glht(aov1, mcp(Year = "Tukey"))
summary(mc1)
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lm(formula = Wr ~ Year, data = Stock)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## 2014 - 2013 == 0  -3.7690      1.9397  -1.943  0.2103
## 2015 - 2013 == 0  -3.5461      2.3324  -1.520  0.4242
## 2016 - 2013 == 0   2.1104      2.0631   1.023  0.7346
## 2015 - 2014 == 0   0.2228      2.1812   0.102  0.9996
## 2016 - 2014 == 0   5.8794      1.8904   3.110  0.0108 *
## 2016 - 2015 == 0   5.6566      2.2916   2.468  0.0659 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

Looks like *Wr* is significantly different between years (One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{3,406} = 4.00$ ,  $p = 0.007933$ ). There is *no significant difference* in relative weight between 2013 and 2014 (Tukey HSD,  $t = -1.94$ ,  $p = 0.2101$ ), 2013 and 2015 (Tukey HSD,  $t = -1.52$ ,  $p = 0.4241$ ), 2013 and 2016 (Tukey HSD,  $t = 1.02$ ,  $p = 0.7346$ ), 2015 and 2014 (Tukey HSD,  $t = 0.10$ ,  $p = 0.9996$ ), and 2015 and 2016 (Tukey HSD,  $t = 2.47$ ,  $p = 0.0656$ ). However, relative weight *is significantly different* between 2014 and 2016 (Tukey HSD,  $t = 3.11$ ,  $p = 0.0107$ ).

### constructing a plot of *Wr* and Year

```
grps.1 <- c("2013", "2014", "2015", "2016")
nd.1 <- data.frame(Year = factor(grps.1, levels = grps.1))
(pred.1 <- predict(aov1, nd.1, interval = "confidence"))

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 113.3837 110.4530 116.3144
## 2 109.6148 107.1753 112.0542
## 3 109.8376 106.3113 113.3639
## 4 115.4942 112.6906 118.2977

plotCI(as.numeric(nd.1$Year), pred.1[, "fit"], li = pred.1[, "lwr"], ui = pred.1[,
  "upr"], pch = 19, xaxt = "n", xlim = c(0.8, 4.2), ylim = c(79, 121), xlab = "Year",
  ylab = "Mean Wr")

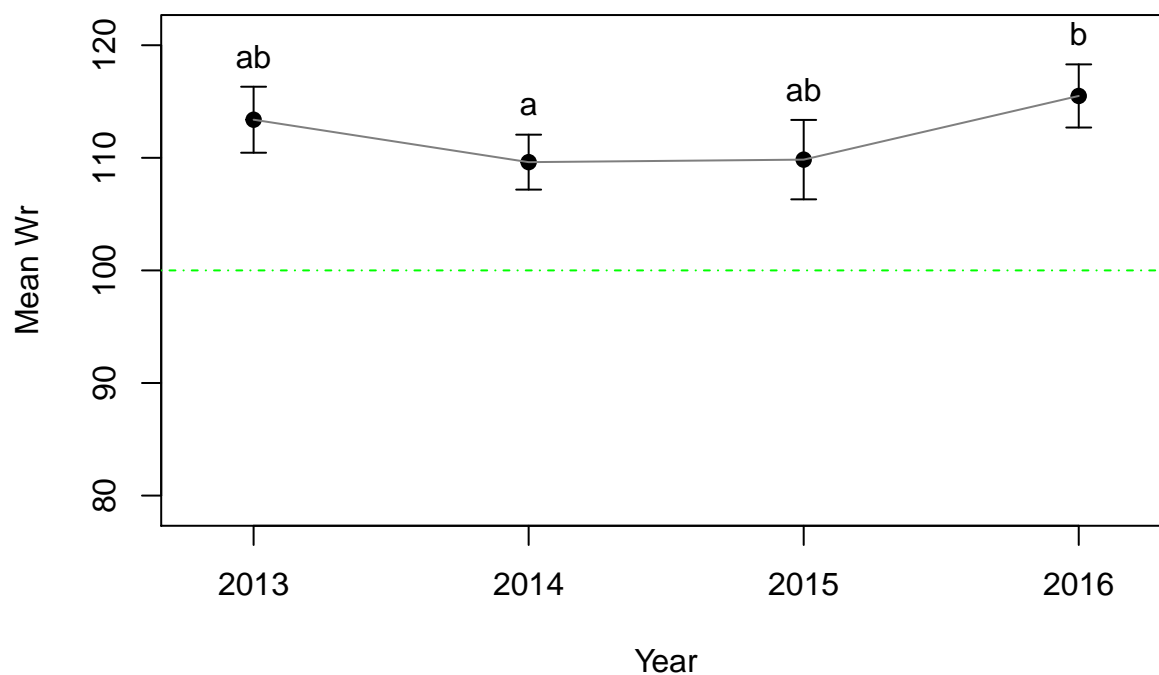
lines(nd.1$Year, pred.1[, "fit"], col = "gray50")

axis(1, at = nd.1$Year, labels = nd.1$Year)

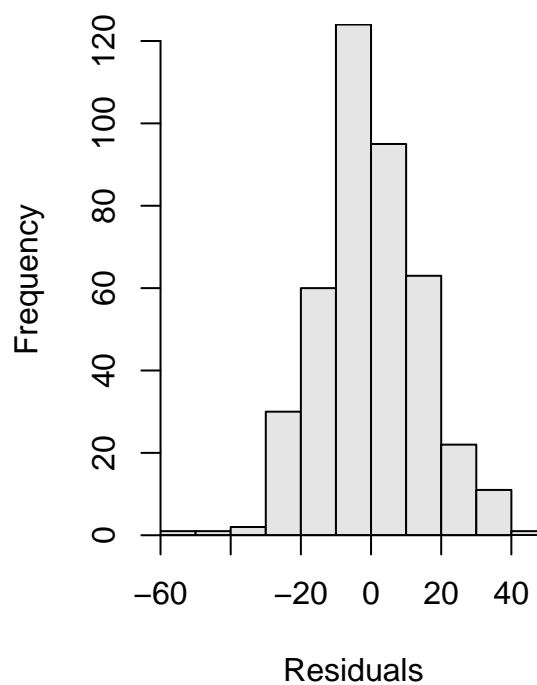
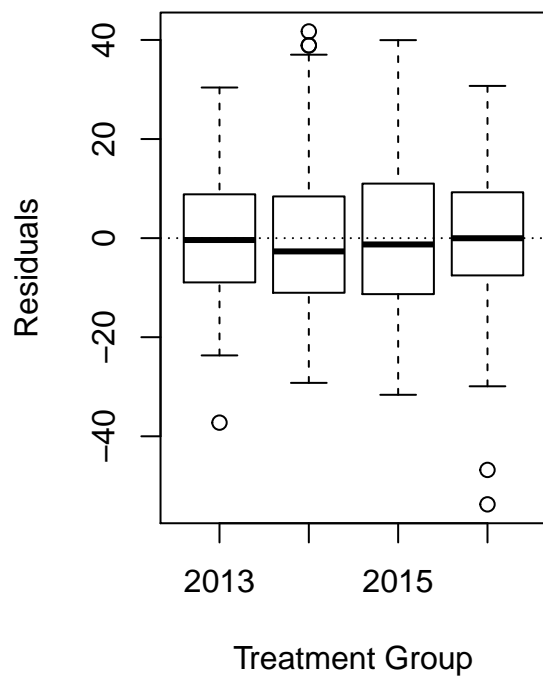
cld(mc1)

## 2013 2014 2015 2016
## "ab"  "a"  "ab"  "b"
```

```
text(x = nd.1$Year, y = pred.1[, "upr"], labels = c("ab", "a", "ab", "b"), pos = 3)
abline(h = 100, lty = 4, col = "green")
```



```
residPlot(aov1)
```



```
leveneTest(aov1) # Pitential outlier line 43
```

```
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  1.5423  0.203
##      406
```

```
# 2013 site 15 Weight = 1714 Length = 368 Wr > 200
```

Variance are equal and the homoscedasticity assumption is likley met (Levene's Test,  $F_{3,406} = 1.5423$ ,  $p = 0.203$ ).

**Without 2017** *Variance are equal and the homoscedasticity assumption is likley met (Levene's Test,  $F_{2,311} = 1.75$ ,  $p = 0.18$ ).*

```
Year <- c("2013", "2014", "2015", "2016")
pred.1 <- data.frame(Year, pred.1)
names(pred.1) <- c("Year", "Wr", "LCI", "UCI")
str(pred.1)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    4 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ Year: Factor w/ 4 levels "2013","2014",...: 1 2 3 4
## $ Wr : num  113 110 110 115
## $ LCI : num  110 107 106 113
## $ UCI : num  116 112 113 118
```

```
head(pred.1)
```

```
##   Year      Wr      LCI      UCI
## 1 2013 113.3837 110.4530 116.3144
## 2 2014 109.6148 107.1753 112.0542
## 3 2015 109.8376 106.3113 113.3639
## 4 2016 115.4942 112.6906 118.2977
```

```
# 2-9-2018#write.csv(pred.1,file =
# 'Data/Clean-Data/summary-data/relative-weight_large-mouth-bass_STOCK.csv',row.names
# = FALSE)
```

## 2) Wr and Gcat

I will look into the difference in Wr between gcat at a later date. I don't think this matters so much as of now.

```
##   Year      gcat  n   mean    sd   min   Q1 median   Q3   max
## 2013 preferred 16 106.85 11.41  92.32  98.65 104.40 114.4 133.1
## 2014 preferred 18  97.67  8.94  83.65  90.40  98.58 103.0 115.5
## 2015 preferred 15  97.09 12.45  78.22  86.01  96.69 105.6 119.8
## 2016 preferred 10 107.72  7.17  94.36 104.30 107.80 111.7 118.9
## 2013   quality 40 108.20 11.40  76.14 103.60 107.70 116.6 131.3
## 2014   quality 57 103.51 11.64  80.40  96.07 102.20 111.6 133.1
## 2015   quality 38 109.32 12.92  84.02 100.80 108.10 120.5 131.0
## 2016   quality 44 111.22 14.36  61.76 105.50 110.50 118.9 146.2
## 2013    stock 41 120.99 12.03  94.13 113.20 120.80 128.4 143.8
```

```
## 2014      stock 65 118.27 15.78  88.74 106.70 116.10 127.5 151.3
## 2015      stock 14 124.90 12.56 103.80 116.60 123.90 133.9 149.8
## 2016      stock 52 120.60 12.54  68.71 113.90 121.60 127.1 144.9
```

IDK this doesn't look quite right below

```
gcat.aov <- aov(Wr ~ Year * gcat - 1, data = Stock)
# 3-7-2018#save(gcat.aov,file = 'model-output/gcat.aov.rda')

anova(gcat.aov)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Wr
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq  F value Pr(>F)
## Year       4 5151406 1287852 7831.673 <2e-16 ***
## gcat        2   20569   10285   62.542 <2e-16 ***
## Year:gcat   6    1513     252    1.533 0.1659
## Residuals 398   65448     164
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# summary(lm(Wr~ Year*gcat -1, data = Stock))
```

```
##              diff      lwr      upr p adj
## 2014:preferred-2013:preferred -9.181 -23.667  5.305 0.635
## 2015:preferred-2013:preferred -9.761 -24.913  5.391 0.610
## 2016:preferred-2013:preferred  0.871 -16.125 17.866 1.000
## 2015:preferred-2014:preferred -0.580 -15.319 14.159 1.000
## 2016:preferred-2014:preferred 10.051  -6.576 26.679 0.702
## 2016:preferred-2015:preferred 10.631  -6.580 27.843 0.672
## 2014:quality-2013:quality     -4.690 -13.386  4.006 0.832
## 2015:quality-2013:quality      1.117  -8.434 10.667 1.000
## 2016:quality-2013:quality      3.022  -6.188 12.232 0.995
## 2015:quality-2014:quality      5.807  -3.022 14.636 0.578
## 2016:quality-2014:quality      7.712  -0.748 16.173 0.113
## 2016:quality-2015:quality      1.905  -7.431 11.242 1.000
## 2014:stock-2013:stock         -2.714 -11.122  5.694 0.996
## 2015:stock-2013:stock          3.916  -9.135 16.966 0.998
## 2016:stock-2013:stock         -0.386  -9.191  8.419 1.000
## 2015:stock-2014:stock          6.629  -5.792 19.051 0.841
## 2016:stock-2014:stock          2.328  -5.516 10.172 0.998
## 2016:stock-2015:stock         -4.302 -16.996  8.392 0.994
```

There is *no significant difference* in mean Wr within gabelhouse length categories among years years ( $F_{6,398} = 1.53$ ,  $p = 0.17$ ).

```
par(mar=c(6.75,4,0.25,0.25))

boxplot(Wr ~ gcat + Year, data=Stock,
        at = c(1,2,3,5,6,7,9,10,11,13,14,15),
        xaxt="n", yaxt="n")

abline(h=100,lty=2,col="green")

mtext(c("Preferred", "Quality", "Stock","Preferred", "Quality", "Stock","Preferred", "Quality", "Stock")
      side = 1,
```

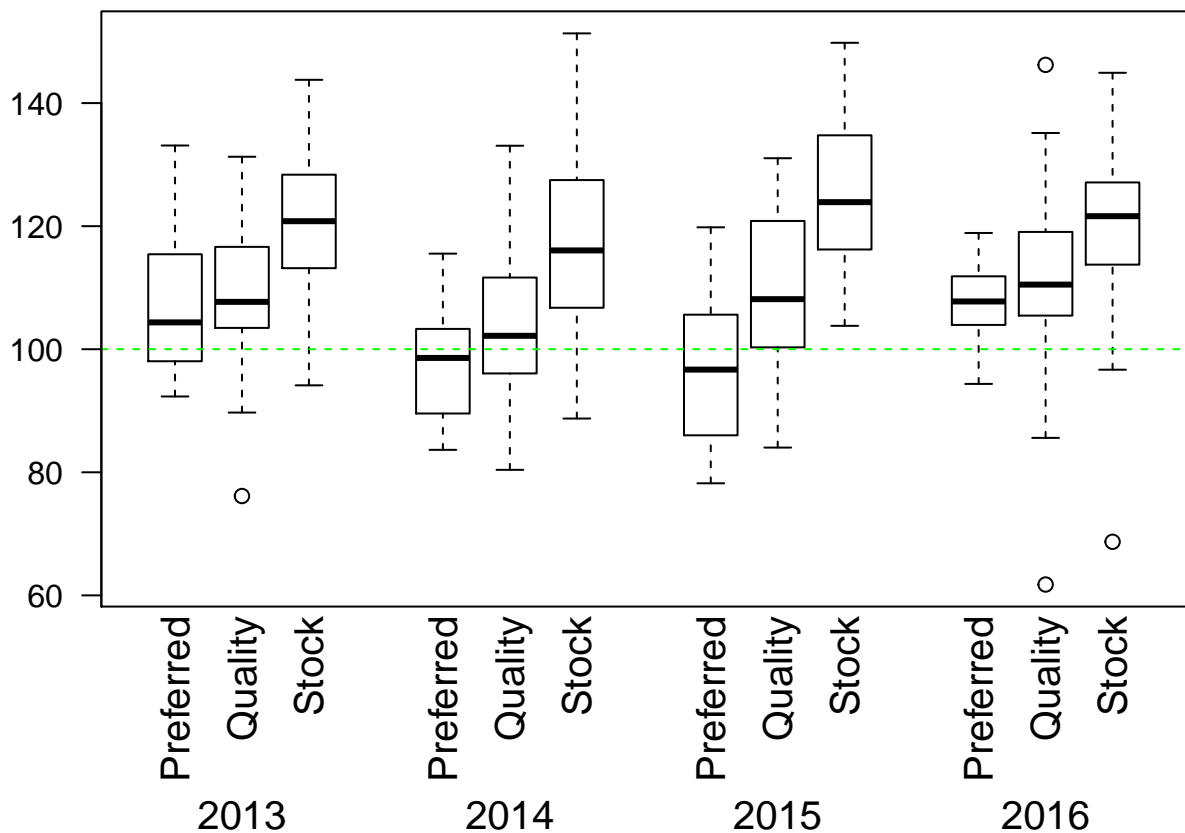
```

line = 0.25,
las=2,
at = c(1,2,3,5,6,7,9,10,11,13,14,15),
cex = 1.25)

mtext(c("2013", "2014", "2015", "2016"),
side = 1,
line = 5,
at = c(2,6,10,14),
cex = 1.25)

axis(2,
at = seq(0,150,20),
las = 2)

```



I want to see if  $Wr$  is different between  $gcat$  within each year. Above I show where the relationships of mean  $Wr$  for particular  $gcat$ s between years.

```

Wr.13 <- filterD(Stock,Year==2013)
Wr.14 <- filterD(Stock,Year==2014)
Wr.15 <- filterD(Stock,Year==2015)
Wr.16 <- filterD(Stock,Year==2016)

```

```
str(Wr.13)
```

```

## 'data.frame':  97 obs. of  13 variables:
## $ fyr    : Factor w/ 1 level "13": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Year   : Factor w/ 1 level "2013": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```



```
## $ Site : int 10 11 11 15 15 15 15 15 18 18 ...
## $ FID : int 9 1 8 167 NA 170 176 180 142 141 ...
## $ Weight: int 807 968 1159 1144 927 982 1015 1000 942 941 ...
## $ Ws : num 874 935 1197 859 882 ...
## $ Wr : num 92.3 103.6 96.8 133.1 105.2 ...
## $ Length: int 387 395 426 385 388 401 406 411 381 382 ...
## $ lcat20: int 380 380 420 380 380 400 400 400 380 380 ...
## $ gcat : Factor w/ 3 levels "preferred","quality",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Age : int 4 3 3 3 NA 4 5 5 3 3 ...
## $ SexCon: int 8 3 3 3 3 8 8 8 8 3 ...
## $ Sex : int 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 ...
```

## 2013

```
Wr13.aov <- lm(Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.13)
anova(Wr13.aov)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Wr
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## gcat       2  4127.7  2063.87   15.141 1.994e-06 ***
## Residuals 94 12812.8   136.31
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Wr13.mc <- glht(Wr13.aov, mcp(gcat = "Tukey"))
summary(Wr13.mc)
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lm(formula = Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.13)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## quality - preferred == 0    1.351     3.454   0.391 0.918325
## stock - preferred == 0    14.137     3.441   4.108 0.000243 ***
## stock - quality == 0     12.786     2.595   4.928 < 1e-04 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

There is a *Significant* difference in mean Wr between gabelhouse length categories during **2013** ( $F_{2,94} = 15.14$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ). Mean Wr of **Stock** length largemouth bass is *significantly* different from **quality** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 4.93$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) and **preferred** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 4.11$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) length largemouth bass.

## 2014

```
Wr14.aov <- lm(Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.14)
anova(Wr14.aov)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Wr
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## gcat       2  9565.3  4782.7   26.322 2.121e-10 ***
## Residuals 137 24892.4   181.7
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Wr14.mc <- glht(Wr14.aov, mcp(gcat = "Tukey"))
summary(Wr14.mc)
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lm(formula = Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.14)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## quality - preferred == 0    5.841      3.644   1.603   0.243
## stock - preferred == 0    20.604      3.590   5.739 <1e-04 ***
## stock - quality == 0     14.763      2.446   6.035 <1e-04 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

There is a *Significant* difference in mean Wr between gabelhouse length categories during **2014** ( $F_{2,137} = 26.32$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ). Mean Wr of **Stock** length largemouth bass is *significantly* different from **quality** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 6.04$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) and **preferred** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 5.74$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) length largemouth bass.

## 2015

```
Wr15.aov <- lm(Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.15)
anova(Wr15.aov)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Wr
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## gcat       2  5625.3  2812.67  17.317 9.75e-07 ***
## Residuals 64 10395.2   162.42
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Wr15.mc <- glht(Wr15.aov, mcp(gcat = "Tukey"))
summary(Wr15.mc)
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lm(formula = Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.15)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## quality - preferred == 0    12.228      3.886    3.146 0.006797 **
## stock - preferred == 0     27.813      4.736    5.873 < 1e-04 ***
## stock - quality == 0       15.585      3.984    3.911 0.000608 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

There is a *Significant* difference in mean Wr between gabelhouse length categories during **2015** ( $F_{2,64} = 17.32$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ). Mean Wr of **Stock** length largemouth bass is *significantly* different from **quality** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 3.91$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) and **preferred** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 4.74$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ) length largemouth bass as well as **quality** and **preferred** (Tukey HSD,  $t = , p = 0.007$ ) length largemouth bass.

## 2016

```
Wr16.aov <- lm(Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.16)
anova(Wr16.aov)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Wr
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## gcat         2  2763.1  1381.56   8.2031 0.0004946 ***
## Residuals 103 17347.2   168.42
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Wr16.mc <- glht(Wr16.aov, mcp(gcat = "Tukey"))
summary(Wr16.mc)
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
## Fit: lm(formula = Wr ~ gcat, data = Wr.16)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## quality - preferred == 0    3.502     4.546   0.770   0.7153
## stock - preferred == 0    12.880     4.481   2.874   0.0128 *
## stock - quality == 0      9.378     2.658   3.528   0.0017 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

There is a *Significant* difference in mean Wr between gabelhouse length categories during **2016** ( $F_{2,103} = 8.20$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ). Mean Wr of **Stock** length largemouth bass is *significantly* different from **quality** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 3.53$ ,  $p = 0.002$ ) and **preferred** (Tukey HSD,  $t = 2.87$ ,  $p = 0.013$ ) length largemouth bass.