Probability Cheat Sheet |

Distributions Unifrom Distribution

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{notation} & U\left[a,b\right] \\ \text{cdf} & \frac{x-a}{b-a} \text{ for } x \in [a,b] \\ \\ \text{pdf} & \frac{1}{b-a} \text{ for } x \in [a,b] \\ \\ \text{expectation} & \frac{1}{2} \left(a+b\right) \\ \\ \text{variance} & \frac{1}{12} \left(b-a\right)^2 \\ \\ \text{mgf} & \frac{e^{tb}-e^{ta}}{t \left(b-a\right)} \end{array}$$

story: all intervals of the same length on the distribution's support are equally probable.

Gamma Distribution

notation	$Gamma\left(k, heta ight)$
pdf	$\frac{\theta^k x^{k-1} e^{-\theta x}}{\Gamma(k)} \mathbb{I}_{x>0}$
	$\Gamma(k) = \int_0^\infty x^{k-1} e^{-x} dx$

expectation k

variance $k\theta^2$

mgf
$$(1-\theta t)^{-k} \text{ for } t<\frac{1}{\theta}$$
 ind. sum
$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim Gamma\left(\sum_{i=1}^n k_i,\theta\right)$$

story: the sum of k independent exponentially distributed random variables, each of which has a mean of θ (which is equivalent to a rate parameter of θ^{-1}).

Geometric Distribution

notation	$G\left(p\right)$
cdf	$1 - (1 - p)^k$ for $k \in \mathbb{N}$
pmf	$(1-p)^{k-1} p \text{ for } k \in \mathbb{N}$
expectation	$\frac{1}{p}$
variance	$\frac{1-p}{p^2}$
mgf	$\frac{pe^t}{1 - (1 - p) e^t}$

story: the number X of Bernoulli trials needed to get one success. Memoryless.

Poisson Distribution

$$\begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{notation} & Poisson\left(\lambda\right) \\ \operatorname{cdf} & e^{-\lambda} \sum_{i=0}^k \frac{\lambda^i}{i!} \\ \\ \operatorname{pmf} & \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} \cdot e^{-\lambda} \text{ for } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ \\ \operatorname{expectation} & \lambda \\ \\ \operatorname{variance} & \lambda \\ \\ \operatorname{mgf} & \exp\left(\lambda\left(e^t-1\right)\right) \\ \\ \operatorname{ind. sum} & \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim Poisson\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i\right) \\ \\ \operatorname{story: the probability of a number of even} \end{array}$$

story: the probability of a number of events occurring in a fixed period of time if these events occur with a known average rate and independently of the time since the last event.

Normal Distribution

notation
$$N\left(\mu,\sigma^2\right)$$
 pdf $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}e^{-(x-\mu)^2/\left(2\sigma^2\right)}$ expectation μ variance σ^2 mgf $\exp\left(\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2\right)$

story: describes data that cluster around the mean.

Standard Normal Distribution

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{notation} & N\left(0,1\right) \\ \\ \text{cdf} & \Phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{x} e^{-t^2/2} dt \\ \\ \text{pdf} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} \\ \\ \text{expectation} & \frac{1}{\lambda} \\ \\ \text{variance} & \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \\ \\ \text{mgf} & \exp\left(\frac{t^2}{2}\right) \end{array}$$

story: normal distribution with $\mu=0$ and $\sigma=1.$

Exponential Distribution

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{notation} & exp\left(\lambda\right) \\ \text{cdf} & 1-e^{-\lambda x} \text{ for } x \geq 0 \\ \\ \text{pdf} & \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \text{ for } x \geq 0 \\ \\ \text{expectation} & \frac{1}{\lambda} \\ \\ \text{variance} & \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \\ \\ \text{mgf} & \frac{\lambda}{\lambda-t} \\ \\ \text{ind. sum} & \sum_{i=1}^k X_i \sim Gamma\left(k,\lambda\right) \\ \\ \\ \text{minimum} & \sim exp\left(\sum_{i=1}^k \lambda_i\right) \end{array}$$

story: the amount of time until some specific event occurs, starting from now, being memoryless.

Binomial Distribution

notation
$$Bin(n,p)$$

$$\operatorname{cdf} \qquad \sum_{i=0}^k \binom{n}{i} p^i \, (1-p)^{n-i}$$

$$\operatorname{pmf} \qquad \binom{n}{i} p^i \, (1-p)^{n-i}$$
 expectation
$$np$$

$$\operatorname{variance} \qquad np \, (1-p)$$

$$\operatorname{mgf} \qquad (1-p+pe^t)^n$$

story: the discrete probability distribution of the number of successes in a sequence of nindependent yes/no experiments, each of which yields success with probability p.

Basics

Comulative Distribution Function

 $F_X(x) = \mathbb{P}(X \le x)$

Probability Density Function

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(t) dt$$
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(t) dt = 1$$
$$f_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x)$$

Quantile Function

The function $X^*: [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ for which for any $p \in [0,1], \ F_X\left(X^*\left(p\right)^-\right) \le p \le F_X\left(X^*\left(p\right)\right)$

$$F_{X^*} = F_X$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(X^{*}\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(X\right)$$

Expectation

$$\mathbb{E}\left(X\right) = \int_{0}^{1} X^{*}(p)dp$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{0} F_X(t) dt + \int_{0}^{\infty} (1 - F_X(t)) dt$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(X\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X x dx$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(g\left(X\right)\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g\left(x\right) f_{X} x dx$$

$$\mathbb{E}(aX + b) = a\mathbb{E}(X) + b$$

Variance

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X^{2}) - (\mathbb{E}(X))^{2}$$

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}\left(\left(X - \mathbb{E}(X)\right)^{2}\right)$$

$$Var(aX + b) = a^{2}Var(X)$$

Standard Deviation

$$\sigma(X) = \sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(X)}$$

Covariance

$$Cov(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}(XY) - \mathbb{E}(X)\mathbb{E}(Y)$$
$$Cov(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}((X - \mathbb{E}(x))(Y - \mathbb{E}(Y)))$$

$$Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + 2Cov(X, Y)$$

Correlation Coefficient

$$\rho_{X,Y} = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sigma_X, \sigma_Y}$$

Moment Generating Function

$$M_X(t) = \mathbb{E}\left(e^{tX}\right)$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(X^{n}\right) = M_{\mathbf{Y}}^{(n)}\left(0\right)$$

$$M_{aX+b}\left(t\right) = e^{tb}M_{aX}\left(t\right)$$

Joint Distribution

$$\mathbb{P}_{X,Y}(B) = \mathbb{P}((X,Y) \in B)$$

$$F_{X,Y}(x,y) = \mathbb{P}(X \le x, Y \le y)$$

Joint Density

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{P}_{X,Y}\left(B\right) &= \iint_{B} f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) ds dt \\ F_{X,Y}\left(x,y\right) &= \int_{-\infty}^{x} \int_{-\infty}^{y} f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) dt ds \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) ds dt &= 1 \end{split}$$

Marginal Distributions

$$\begin{split} & \mathbb{P}_{X}\left(B\right) = \mathbb{P}_{X,Y}\left(B \times \mathbb{R}\right) \\ & \mathbb{P}_{Y}\left(B\right) = \mathbb{P}_{X,Y}\left(\mathbb{R} \times Y\right) \\ & F_{X}\left(a\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) dt ds \\ & F_{Y}\left(b\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{b} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) ds dt \end{split}$$

Marginal Densities

$$f_X(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(s,t)dt$$

$$f_Y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(s,t)ds$$

Joint Expectation

$$\mathbb{E}\left(\varphi\left(X,Y\right)\right) = \iint_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \varphi\left(x,y\right) f_{X,Y}\left(x,y\right) dx dy$$

Independent r.v.

$$\begin{split} & \mathbb{P}\left(X \leq x, Y \leq y\right) = \mathbb{P}\left(X \leq x\right) \mathbb{P}\left(Y \leq y\right) \\ & F_{X,Y}\left(x,y\right) = F_{X}\left(x\right) F_{Y}\left(y\right) \\ & f_{X,Y}\left(s,t\right) = f_{X}\left(s\right) f_{Y}\left(t\right) \\ & \mathbb{E}\left(XY\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(X\right) \mathbb{E}\left(Y\right) \\ & \operatorname{Var}\left(X+Y\right) = \operatorname{Var}\left(X\right) + \operatorname{Var}\left(Y\right) \\ & \operatorname{Independent events:} \\ & \mathbb{P}\left(A \cap B\right) = \mathbb{P}\left(A\right) \mathbb{P}\left(B\right) \end{split}$$

Conditional Probability

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{P}\left(A\mid B\right) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\left(A\cap B\right)}{\mathbb{P}\left(B\right)}\\ \text{bayes } \mathbb{P}\left(A\mid B\right) &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\left(B\mid A\right)\mathbb{P}\left(A\right)}{\mathbb{P}\left(B\right)} \end{split}$$

Conditional Density

$$\begin{split} f_{X\mid Y=y}\left(x\right) &= \frac{f_{X,Y}\left(x,y\right)}{f_{Y}\left(y\right)} \\ f_{X\mid Y=n}\left(x\right) &= \frac{f_{X}\left(x\right)\mathbb{P}\left(Y=n\mid X=x\right)}{\mathbb{P}\left(Y=n\right)} \\ F_{X\mid Y=y} &= \int_{-\infty}^{x} f_{X\mid Y=y}\left(t\right)dt \end{split}$$

Conditional Expectation

$$\begin{split} & \mathbb{E}\left(X\mid Y=y\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_{X\mid Y=y}\left(x\right) dx \\ & \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{E}\left(X\mid Y\right)\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(X\right) \\ & \mathbb{P}\left(Y=n\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{I}_{Y=n}\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{I}_{Y=n}\mid X\right)\right) \end{split}$$

Sequences and Limits

$$\limsup A_n = \{A_n \text{ i.o.}\} = \bigcap_{m=1}^{\infty} \bigcup_{n=m}^{\infty} A_n$$

$$\liminf A_n = \{A_n \text{ eventually}\} = \bigcup_{m=1}^{\infty} \bigcap_{n=m}^{\infty} A_n$$

$$\liminf A_n \subseteq \limsup A_n$$

$$(\limsup A_n)^c = \liminf A_n^c$$

$$(\liminf A_n)^c = \limsup A_n^c$$

$$(\liminf A_n)^c = \lim \sup A_n^c$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\limsup A_n\right) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \mathbb{P}\left(\bigcup_{n=m}^{\infty} A_n\right)$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\liminf A_n\right) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \mathbb{P}\left(\bigcap_{n=m}^{\infty} A_n\right)$$

Borel-Cantelli Lemma

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(A_n) < \infty \Rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\limsup A_n) = 0$$
 And if A_n are independent:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(A_n) = \infty \Rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\limsup A_n) = 1$$

Convergence

Convergence in Probability

notation
$$X_n \xrightarrow{p} X$$
 meaning $\lim_{n \to \infty} \mathbb{P}\left(|X_n - X| > \varepsilon\right) = 0$

Convergence in Distribution

notation
$$X_n \xrightarrow{D} X$$
meaning $\lim_{x \to \infty} F_n(x) = F(x)$

Almost Sure Convergence

notation
$$X_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} X$$
 meaning $\mathbb{P}\left(\lim_{n \to \infty} X_n = X\right) = 1$

Criteria for a.s. Convergence

- $\forall \varepsilon \exists N \forall n > N : \mathbb{P}(|X_n X| < \varepsilon) > 1 \varepsilon$
- $\forall \varepsilon \mathbb{P} \left(\lim \sup \left(|X_n X| > \varepsilon \right) \right) = 0$
- $\forall \varepsilon \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(|X_n X| > \varepsilon) < \infty \text{ (by B.C.)}$

Convergence in L_p

$$notation X_n \xrightarrow{L_p} X$$

meaning
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \mathbb{E}\left(\left|X_n - X\right|^p\right) = 0$$

Relationships

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \xrightarrow{L_q} & \underset{q>p\geq 1}{\Rightarrow} & \xrightarrow{L_p} \\ & & & & & & & \downarrow \\ & & & \xrightarrow{a.s.} & \Rightarrow & \xrightarrow{p} & \Rightarrow & \xrightarrow{D} \end{array}$$

If $X_n \xrightarrow{D} c$ then $X_n \xrightarrow{p} c$ If $X_n \xrightarrow{p} X$ then there exists a subsequence n_k s.t. $X_{n_k} \xrightarrow{a.s.} X$

Laws of Large Numbers

If X_i are i.i.d. r.v.,

weak law
$$\overline{X_n} \xrightarrow{p} \mathbb{E}(X_1)$$

strong law $\overline{X_n} \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mathbb{E}\left(X_1\right)$

Central Limit Theorem

Inequalities

Markov's inequality

$$\mathbb{P}\left(|X| \ge t\right) \le \frac{\mathbb{E}\left(|X|\right)}{t}$$

Chebyshev's inequality

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\left|X - \mathbb{E}\left(X\right)\right| \ge \varepsilon\right) \le \frac{\operatorname{Var}\left(X\right)}{\varepsilon^{2}}$$

Chernoff's inequality

Let $X \sim Bin(n, p)$; then: $\mathbb{P}(X - \mathbb{E}(X) > t\sigma(X)) < e^{-t^2/2}$ Simpler result; for every X: $\mathbb{P}(X > a) < M_X(t) e^{-ta}$

Jensen's inequality

for φ a convex function, $\varphi(\mathbb{E}(X)) < \mathbb{E}(\varphi(X))$

Miscellaneous

$$\mathbb{E}(Y) < \infty \iff \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(Y > n) < \infty \ (Y \ge 0)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(X > n) \ (X \in \mathbb{N})$$

$$X \sim U(0, 1) \iff -\ln X \sim exp(1)$$

Convolution

For ind.
$$X, Y, Z = X + Y$$
:
 $f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(s) f_Y(z - s) ds$

Kolmogorov's 0-1 Law

If A is in the tail σ -algebra \mathcal{F}^{t} , then $\mathbb{P}\left(A\right)=0$ or $\mathbb{P}\left(A\right)=1$

Ugly Stuff

$$\int_0^t \frac{\theta^k x^{k-1} e^{-\theta k}}{(k-1)!} dx$$

version: 1.01

comments: peleg.michaeli@math.tau.ac.il

This cheat sheet was made by Peleg Michaeli in January 2010, using IATEX.