2025 F4 P 25 F END K 14:03 Problem (\$15 IN PEG) Bag: lokg 0-1 Knapsack Parette Force. n-items. 2<sup>n</sup>  $\Theta(2^n)$ W: Wi, i=1, .. - h U: Vi, i=1, --- h Xe {0, ( ]. ) C: capacity of the kay afg max  $\sum XiUi$ ,  $S.t. \sum XiWi \leq C$  $dp(i, w) = \{ \max \{dp(i-1, w), \\ dp(i-1, w-w) \}$ residual capacity dp(i, w) = max { dp(i-1, w), dp(i-1, w-wi)+vi}  $d\rho(0, \omega) = 0.$ V1 (5) 8  $d\rho(\dot{t},0)=0$  $dp(i, w) = max \{ dp(i-1, w), dp(i-1, w-wi) + vi \}$ 11 (n+1) ((+1) Memory Optimization.  $d\rho I0 - CJ = 0$ for we C to wi dp [w] = max f dp [w], dp [w-wi]+vi} dp(i, w) = max { dp(i-1, w), dp(i-1, w-wi)+vi} db (i, w) = max をdp (i-1, w-ki wi) † ki vi }.

Complete Knapsack Problem (気を特別)  $dp(i, w) = \max \{ dp(i-1, w-kiwi) + kivi \}$   $0 \le ki \le \frac{w}{wi}$ Multi-Knapsak Problem
(85 186)  $dp(i, w) = max \{ dp(i-1, w-kiwi) + kivi \}$   $0 \le ki \le min \{ Mi, \frac{w}{wi} \}$ Two Dimenson Knapsack (= 12 1/2). dy(i,w,u)=max{dy(i-1,w-kiwi,u-kiwi)+kivi} DE Ki = min SMi, wi, Mis 物包九州,2011, 强满