

Question 1

I first wrote a **skeleton class for both Sender and Receiver** and also an **STPPacket class** which would act as the base segment structure for all my segments.

- I added in the necessary variables for both Sender and Receiver as defined by the assignment
- I also added in extra variables for tracking state, seq numbers, ack numbers and more.

I then wrote methods for **creating packets, receiving segments, sending packets over UDP** and **closing the connection** for both the sender / receiver

- I tested by “receiving” a file from the app-layer, creating a segment with all the file bytes, sending the whole payload over UDP to the receiver.
- I made sure UDP was functioning properly by checking the difference between test1.txt and the final file receiver.txt. I repeated the same experiment with test2.txt with receiver.txt

Then I added in a method **split_data() to test Max Segment Size feature**, extracting only the max size number of bytes from the app-layer file then appending it to the segment payload before sending it over UDP.

- I tested this by choosing various values of MSS and running the two programs to make sure each packet was being split properly by the MSS value, payload added to the segment then sent over UDP.
- I double checked that all the split packets arrived correct at the receiver side, by again checking diff between test.txt with receiver.txt

Then I added in methods for **creating SYN SYNACK ACK FIN segments** and logic to **increment Sequence / Acknowledgement numbers** for both the Sender and Receiver. On top of this, I created a method for **updating sender_log.txt / receiver_log.txt files** so that I can keep track of what is going on in the program.

- I tested this many times, so that the seq / ack numbers were correct on both sides.
- I made sure that the **3-way-handshake worked correctly**
- I made sure that the **FIN – ACK FIN – ACK worked correctly**

I created a **Packet Loss Drop Class** for the PLD feature and also a **method to take in packets as an argument and generate a pseudorandom number to drop or transmit the packet**

- I tested this by choosing various **Packet Loss Drop values** and checked in my log output that packets were being dropped.

I created a **Timer feature**, by calling the **time.clock()** function to keep track of current time and assist with **timeout and retransmissions**

- I tested this against dropped packages, where all dropped packages would have a given constant timeout value before retransmitting.

Everything was held together by **main methods on both the Sender / Receiver side**, where there are **several events / states** which keep track of what and when to send / receive packets and when to close the connection.

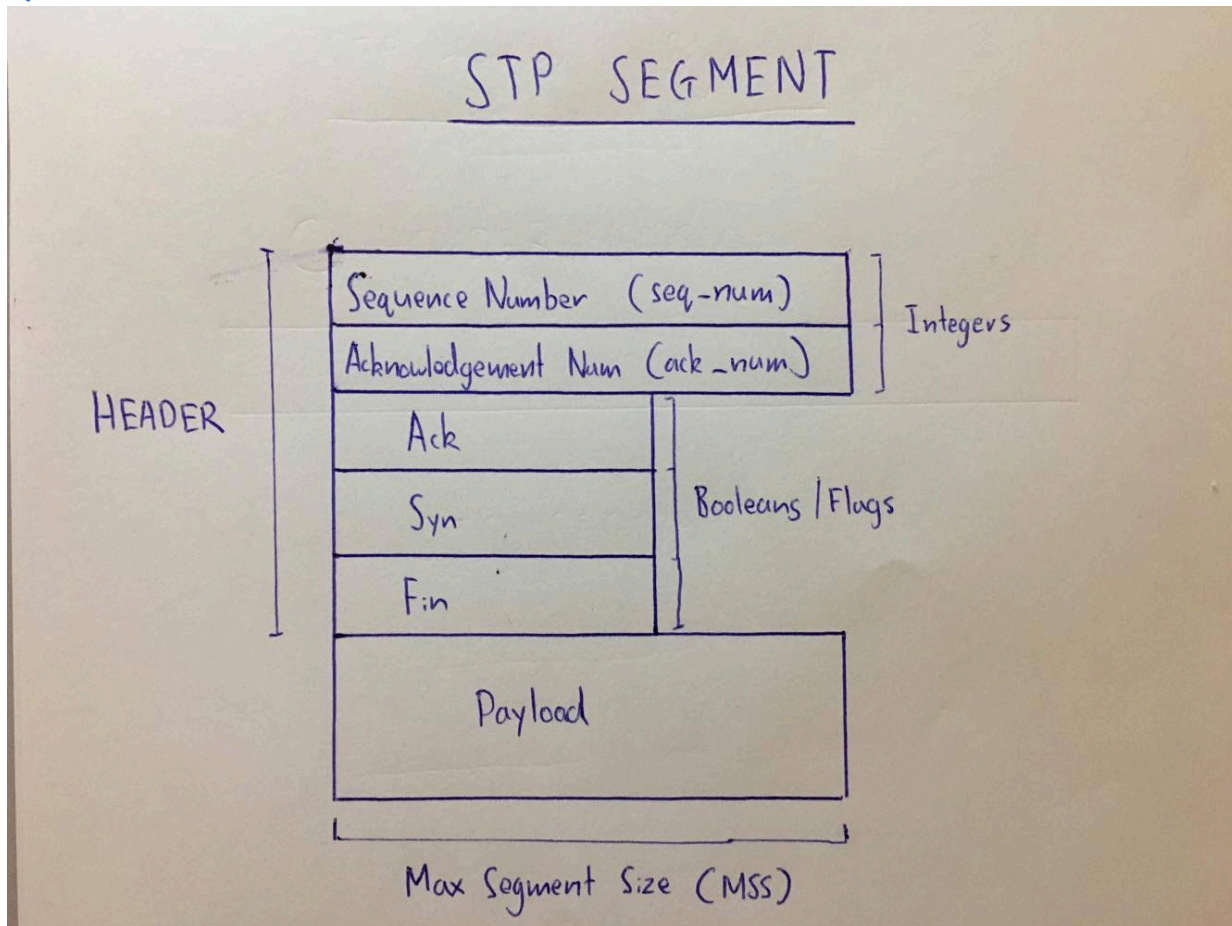
- Sender states: CLOSED, SYN_SENT, TIMEOUT, ESTABLISHED, END
Receiver states: LISTEN, SYN_RECV, SYNACK_SENT, ESTABLISHED, END
- On the both Sender / Receiver sides, they will go through the **3-way-handshake** before moving to an **ESTABLISHED CONNECTION** state.
- During the established connection state, the Sender will grab data from the app-layer file, create new packets based on MSS, parse it through the PLD system, transmit to the Receiver for processing.
- Likewise, the Receiver will be **listening for any Data segments** and as soon as it receives them, it will **generate a corresponding ACK**

SENDER: App-layer file → cut out MSS bytes → create segment → parse segment through PLD → send over UDP → wait for ACK

RECEIVER: Listen for packet → receive packet → determine if correct seq_num → send ACK → extract payload → append to file

Implemented Features	Not Implemented
Both: Three-way-handshake (SYN SYNACK ACK)	Sender: Fast retransmit
Both: Four-segment cnnt termination (FIN ACK FIN ACK)	Sender: Maximum Window Size (MWS)
Sender: Single-timer for timeout operation	
Sender: Simple timeout retransmit	
Receiver: Immediate acknowledgement / ACKs	
Both: Sequence Numbers, Acknowledgement Numbers	
Sender: Maximum Segment Size (MSS)	
Sender: Packet Loss and Delay (PLD)	
Sender: Constant timeout	

Question 2



Question 3

- (a)
A suitable timeout value is $2 * \text{the average Round-Trip Time}$, which is calculated based off running average RTT.

Test1.txt with timeout = 100ms

FINAL RECEIVER LOG

```
rcv 52.608 S 0 0 0
snd 53.391 SA 0 0 1
rcv 53.929 A 1 0 1
snd 54.624 A 1 0 51
rcv 54.908 D 1 50 1
snd 55.498 A 51 0 101
rcv 55.732 D 51 50 1
snd 56.287 A 101 0 151
rcv 56.542 D 101 50 1
snd 57.108 A 151 0 201
rcv 57.354 D 151 50 1
snd 57.916 A 201 0 251
rcv 58.155 D 201 50 1
snd 58.742 A 251 0 301
rcv 58.981 D 251 50 1
snd 59.706 A 301 0 351
rcv 60.271 D 301 50 1
snd 61.075 A 351 0 401
rcv 61.352 D 351 50 1
snd 61.946 A 401 0 451
rcv 62.204 D 401 50 1
snd 62.787 A 451 0 501
rcv 63.042 D 451 50 1
snd 63.607 A 501 0 551
rcv 63.842 D 501 50 1
snd 64.405 A 551 0 601
rcv 64.648 D 551 50 1
snd 65.207 A 601 0 651
rcv 65.438 D 601 50 1
snd 65.932 A 651 0 701
rcv 66.162 D 651 50 1
snd 66.7 A 701 0 751
rcv 66.954 D 701 50 1
snd 67.5 A 751 0 801
```

```

rcv 67.73 D 751 50 1
snd 68.282 A 801 0 851
rcv 68.508 D 801 50 1
snd 69.057 A 851 0 901
rcv 69.299 D 851 50 1
snd 69.855 A 901 0 951
rcv 70.096 D 901 50 1
snd 70.699 A 951 0 1001
rcv 70.929 D 951 50 1
snd 71.494 A 1001 0 1051
rcv 71.737 D 1001 50 1
snd 72.281 A 1051 0 1101
rcv 72.516 D 1051 50 1
snd 72.993 A 1101 0 1151
rcv 73.193 D 1101 50 1
snd 73.697 A 1151 0 1201
rcv 73.912 D 1151 50 1
snd 74.601 A 1201 0 1251
rcv 74.943 D 1201 50 1
snd 75.577 A 1251 0 1301
rcv 75.812 D 1251 50 1
snd 76.418 A 1301 0 1351
rcv 76.66 D 1301 50 1
snd 77.203 A 1351 0 1401
rcv 77.443 D 1351 50 1
snd 78.012 A 1401 0 1451
rcv 78.24 D 1401 50 1
snd 78.794 A 1451 0 1501
rcv 79.017 D 1451 50 1
snd 79.54 A 1501 0 1551
rcv 79.779 D 1501 50 1
snd 80.397 A 1551 0 1594
rcv 80.693 D 1551 43 1
rcv 81.228 F 1594 0 1
snd 82.173 FA 1594 0 1595
rcv 82.876 A 1594 0 2

```

Test1.txt with timeout = 100ms with pdrop = 0.3

```

### FINAL RECEIVER LOG ###
rcv 80.197 S 0 0 0
snd 80.591 SA 0 0 1
rcv 80.989 A 1 0 1
snd 81.572 A 1 0 51
rcv 81.792 D 1 50 1
snd 82.181 A 51 0 101
rcv 82.405 D 51 50 1
snd 82.936 A 101 0 151
rcv 83.158 D 101 50 1
snd 83.689 A 151 0 201
rcv 83.893 D 151 50 1
snd 84.397 A 201 0 251
rcv 84.606 D 201 50 1
snd 85.134 A 251 0 301
rcv 85.384 D 251 50 1
snd 85.884 A 301 0 351
rcv 86.1 D 301 50 1
snd 86.605 A 351 0 401
rcv 86.841 D 351 50 1
snd 87.372 A 401 0 451
rcv 87.611 D 401 50 1
snd 88.103 A 451 0 501
rcv 88.316 D 451 50 1
snd 88.79 A 501 0 551
rcv 89.018 D 501 50 1
snd 89.521 A 551 0 601
rcv 89.754 D 551 50 1
snd 90.299 A 601 0 651
rcv 90.52 D 601 50 1
snd 91.122 A 651 0 701
rcv 91.45 D 651 50 1
snd 92.048 A 701 0 751
rcv 92.546 D 701 50 1
snd 93.274 A 751 0 801
rcv 93.513 D 751 50 1
snd 94.033 A 801 0 851
rcv 94.277 D 801 50 1
snd 94.812 A 851 0 901
rcv 95.051 D 851 50 1
snd 95.604 A 901 0 951
rcv 95.871 D 901 50 1
snd 96.441 A 951 0 1001
rcv 96.7 D 951 50 1
snd 97.217 A 1001 0 1051
rcv 97.44 D 1001 50 1
snd 98.143 A 1051 0 1101

```

```

rcv 98.547 D 1051 50 1
snd 99.176 A 1101 0 1151
rcv 99.531 D 1101 50 1
snd 100.241 A 1151 0 1201
rcv 100.508 D 1151 50 1
snd 101.136 A 1201 0 1251
rcv 101.454 D 1201 50 1
snd 102.074 A 1251 0 1301
rcv 102.31 D 1251 50 1
snd 102.847 A 1301 0 1351
rcv 103.073 D 1301 50 1
snd 103.657 A 1351 0 1401
rcv 103.955 D 1351 50 1
snd 104.609 A 1401 0 1451
rcv 104.971 D 1401 50 1
snd 105.729 A 1451 0 1501
rcv 106.001 D 1451 50 1
snd 106.668 A 1501 0 1551
rcv 106.939 D 1501 50 1
snd 107.679 A 1551 0 1594
rcv 108.224 D 1551 43 1
rcv 108.6 F 1594 0 1
snd 109.08 FA 1594 0 1595
rcv 109.553 A 1594 0 2

```

(b)

TCurrent	36/40 transmitted, 120.41 – 84.474 = 35ms
4 * TCurrent	35/40 transmitted, 119.783 – 85.928 = 33.85ms
Tcurrent / 4	38/40 transmitted, 82.323 – 50.282 = 32.041ms