Vue Player Tracker - Java Blue

Players:

https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190470/1_cxwinb.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190470/8_sbqriz.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/7_omvz9t.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/5_dm97cw.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/4_ec3vzk.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/2_hqe0ky.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/6_mdkfoj.webp https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/3_mgphn7.webp

Mystery Player

https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701191329/mystery_exnajf.webp

Logo

-white https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1711552221/logo ybymjr.png -transparent -

https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1711554775/logo-transparent_mj2yng.png https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1711552221/java-bluebirds-main_xabqpf.png

STEP 1: Let's build a site header component

```
data() {
    return {
        title: 'Java BlueBirds Baseball'
    }
}
</script>

<style scoped>
    #siteTitle {
    text-align: center;
}
</style>
```

STEP 2: Add the header component to App.vue

```
};
</script>

<style>
.main {
  font-family: "Avenir", Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
  -webkit-font-smoothing: antialiased;
  -moz-osx-font-smoothing: grayscale;
  text-align: center;
  color: #2c3e50;
  max-width: 800px;
  margin: 60px auto 0 auto;
}
</style>
```

After adding the component, we should have the Header added to the main page

STEP 3: Add a logo and clean up the header

In TheHeader.vue, add the following code just before the h1:

```
<img
src="https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1711554775/logo-
transparent_mj2yng.png" alt="">
```

Upon saving, we can see the image is WAY too big. Let's fix it through CSS

```
img {
  width: 10%;
  height:auto;
}
```

STEP 4: Let's align the header horizontally

Add an id attribute to the div and call it container and add the following CSS:

```
#container {
    display: flex;
    justify-content: space-around;
    align-items: center;
    width: 100%;
    border-bottom: 10px solid rgb(13, 21, 139);
    background-color: cornflowerblue;
}
```

STEP 5: Let's make the links look like buttons

```
nav a {
   margin: 5px;
   padding: 13px 25px;
   background-color: rgb(13, 21, 139);
   color: white;
   border-radius: 6px;
}
```

STEP 6: Let's clean up the footer

```
#container {
  border-top: 10px solid rgb(13, 21, 139);
  background-color: cornflowerblue;
  color: white;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
}

#copyright {
  text-align: center;
  padding-bottom: 10px;
}
```

STEP 7: Let's set up a Home page and basic routing

Create a HomeView.vue file...in the Views folder

```
}
</script>
<style scoped>
</style>
```

Go to App.vue and add a router view element

```
<template>
  <div class="main">
        <the-header />
        <router-view />
            <the-footer />
        </div>
</template>
```

Go to router config file (index.js) and add a route entry (don't forget to import it)

```
import HomeView from '../views/HomeView.vue';
```

```
path: '/',
name: 'home',
component: HomeView,
meta: {
   requiresAuth: true
}
},
```

App should now load the home page by default

STEP 8: Let's add a background image for our home page with text overlay

```
.big-image {
  height: 100vh;
  width: 100vw;
  position: relative;
  background-size: cover;
  background-position: 50% 50%;
  background-image:
url('https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1711552221/java-bluebirds-main_xabqpf.png');
}
```

```
.overlay {
   position: absolute;
   height: 100%;
   width: 100%;
   top: 0;
   left: 0;
   background: rgb(0,0,0,0.65);
   color: white;
   display: flex;
   align-items: center;
   justify-content: center;
   flex-direction: column;
}
```

STEP 9: Add an about page

Create an AboutView.vue file and then add the route to the router

```
path: '/about',
name: 'about',
component: AboutView
},
```

STEP 10: Add router links to the navigation to route between pages

```
<router-link v-bind:to="{ name: 'home' }">Home</router-link>
<router-link v-bind:to="{ name: 'about' }">About</router-link>
<router-link v-bind:to="{ name: 'home' }">Search Players</router-link>
```

Pages should now route accordingly

STEP 11: Adding a search page (view and component)

Create a component called PlayerSeach.vue

```
}
</script>
</style scoped>
</style>
```

Create a view page called: PlayerView.vue. And add the component to it

STEP 12: Hook up Search Page to Router

In the router config file (index.js), add a route to the new search page

```
import PlayerView from '../views/PlayerView.vue';
```

```
path: '/search',
name: 'search',
component: PlayerView
}
```

STEP 13: update the router link in the header

```
<router-link v-bind:to="{ name: 'search' }">Search Players/router-link>
```

STEP 14: Add temporary data to the Vuex Store. (This will come from web service on another day)

```
players: [
            "playerId": 1,
                "Pitcher"
webp",
            "fullName": "Derek Jibberish"
           "playerId": 2,
webp",
            "fullName": "Baxter Bubbleworth"
            "playerId": 3,
```

```
"https://res.cloudinary.com/drr6cwmiz/image/upload/v1701190469/3 mgphn7.
            "firstName": "Ziggy",
            "fullName": "Ziggy Zipperton"
            "playerId": 5,
            "jerseyNumber": 4,
                "Shortstop"
```

```
"firstName": "Dexter",
                "Pitcher"
webp",
                "Shortstop"
            "firstName": "Gilbert",
            "jerseyNumber": 29,
```

STEP 15: Build and style the basic data table skeleton

https://divtable.com/table-styler/

```
<div class="divTable paleBlueRows">
       <div class="divTableRow">
           <div class="divTableHead">head1</div>
           <div class="divTableHead">head2</div>
           <div class="divTableHead">head3</div>
           <div class="divTableHead">head4</div>
           <div class="divTableHead">head5</div>
           <div class="divTableHead">head6</div>
   <div class="divTableBody">
       <div class="divTableRow">
           <div class="divTableCell">cell1 1</div>
           <div class="divTableCell">cell2 1</div>
           <div class="divTableCell">cell3 1</div>
           <div class="divTableCell">cell4 1</div>
           <div class="divTableCell">cell5 1</div>
           <div class="divTableCell">cell6 1</div>
```

```
div.paleBlueRows {
   font-family: Tahoma, Geneva, sans-serif;
   border: 1px solid #FFFFFF;
   text-align: left;
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableCell,
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableHead {
   border: 1px solid #FFFFFF;
   padding: 2px 2px;
   font-size: 13px;
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableRow:nth-child(even) {
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableHeading {
   border-bottom: 5px solid #FFFFFF;
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableHeading .divTableHead {
   font-weight: bold;
   color: #FFFFFF;
   border-left: 2px solid #FFFFFF;
```

```
.divTable.paleBlueRows .divTableHeading .divTableHead:first-child {
   border-left: none;
.paleBlueRows .tableFootStyle {
   font-size: 14px;
   display: table;
.divTableRow {
   display: table-row;
   display: table-header-group;
.divTableHead {
   display: table-cell;
.divTableHeading {
   display: table-header-group;
.divTableFoot {
   display: table-footer-group;
   display: table-row-group;
```

STEP 16: Add a computed property to pull data

```
computed: {
    filteredPlayers() {
        const players = this.$store.state.players;
        //todo add filtering later
        return players;
    }
}
```

STEP 17: Add a v-for to display the correct number of rows

STEP 18: Update the column headers and bind the data

```
<div class="divTableRow">
```

```
#thumbnail {
    width: 100px;
    height: auto;
}
```

STEP 19: Add a search box and filter to filter the player list

First, we need to add a data property to hold the value in the search

```
data() {
    return {
        nameFilter: ""
    }
},
```

Next, we add the form to the template:

After testing to see if the data is being two-way data-binded in the Vue tools extension, we now modify the filteredPlayers function to use the nameFilter

```
filteredPlayers() {
    const players = this.$store.state.players;

    return players.filter( player => {
        return this.nameFilter == '' ? true :
player.fullName.includes(this.nameFilter);
    })
}
```

STEP 20: Final CSS clean up

```
input[type=text] {
    margin: 10px;
    width: 20%;
    padding: 8px 16px;
    border: 2px solid green;
    border-radius: 5px;
}
```