

ECE 470: Introduction to Robotics Homework 7

- 1) In Canny edge detection algorithm,
 - a) What happens if Gaussian filter is not applied in the first step?
 - b) Which steps cause the thinning effect of the edge? Explain.
 - c) What happens if the first and second thresholds are very close to each other in the hysteresis thresholding step?

(6 Points)

- 2) In trying to detect lines represented by equation $[y \ 1]^T = [A \ B] [x \ 1]^T$ in the cartesian space with coordinates (x, y) , we transform the points (x_i, y_i) to a parameter space (A, B) .
 - a) How will a point (x_i, y_i) look like when transformed to the (A, B) space? (1 Points)
 - b) How is a point on the (A, B) space represented in the (x, y) space? (1 Points)
 - c) Describe graphically how collinear points P1 to P4 can be identified in Fig. 1? (4 Points)
 - d) What will be the problem in detecting lines in Fig. 1 using (A, B) as parameter space? (2 Points)
 - e) Describe a method you learn in class that could deal with the problem. (6 Points)

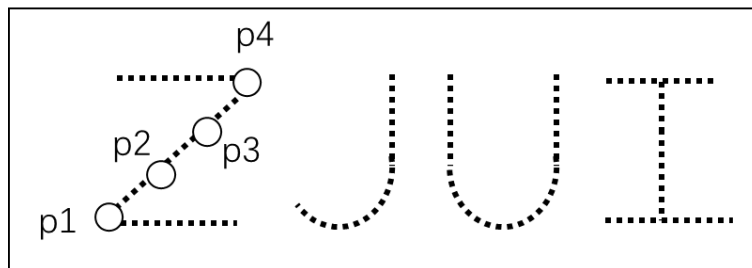


Fig. 2

- 3) Fig. 2 shows the orientation and position of a camera frame $\{C\}$ with respect to the world reference frame $\{W\}$.

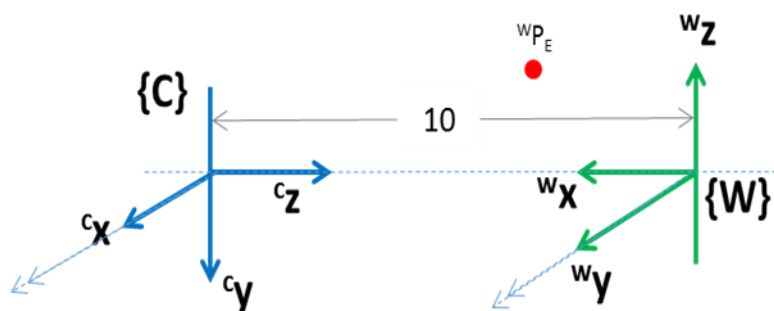


Fig. 2

- a) Write down the rotation matrix representing the orientation of the world frame {C} with respect to the camera frame {W} i.e. ${}^W R_C$. (1 Points)
- b) Write down the 3x4 extrinsic matrix of the camera. (1 Points)
- c) A point referenced from the world frame $(15, 30, 15)^T$ is observed to have image coordinates $(600, 300)$. Given that $f_x=f_y$ and $i_c=j_c$ and assuming skew coefficient $a=0$, solve for the intrinsic camera matrix

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} f_x & a & i_c \\ 0 & f_y & j_c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(8 Points)