

Course Assignment 3

The idea, Bridgeville

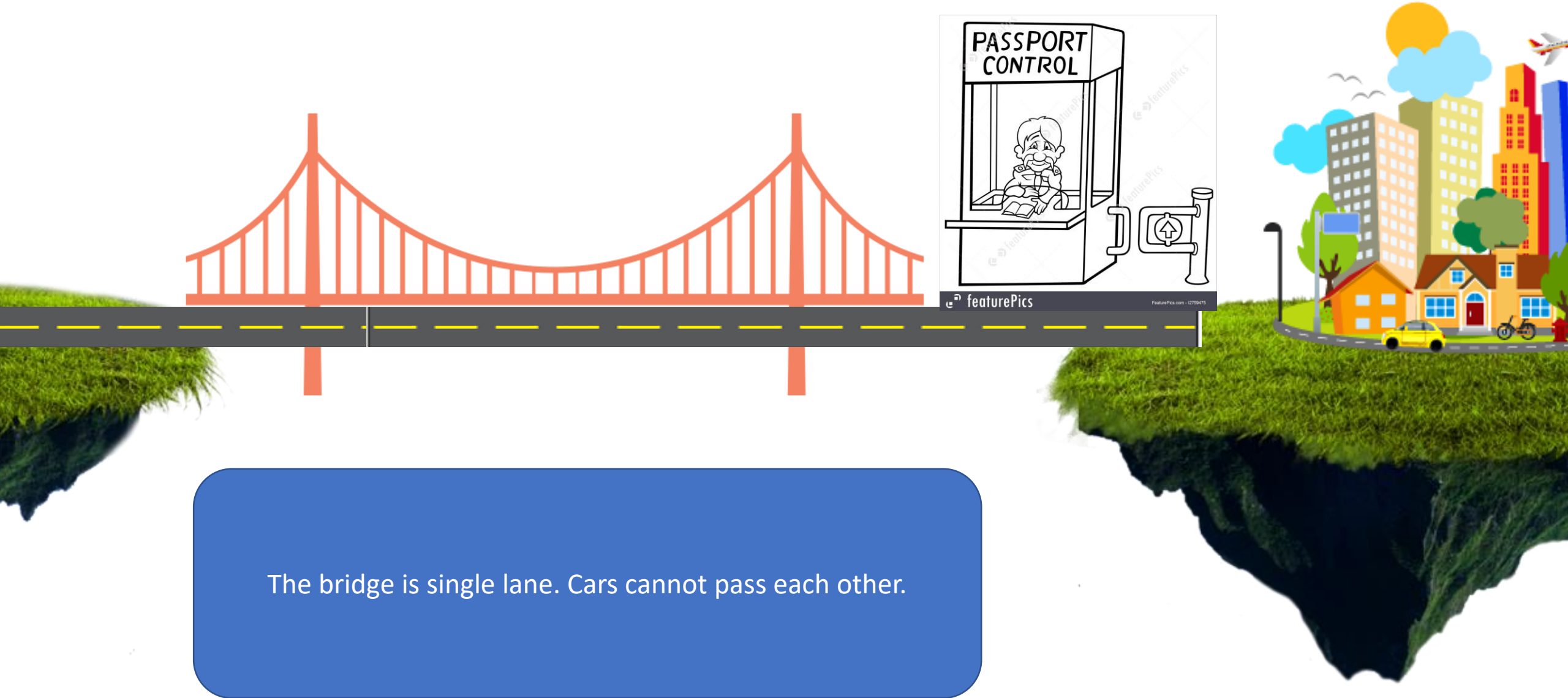


The idea



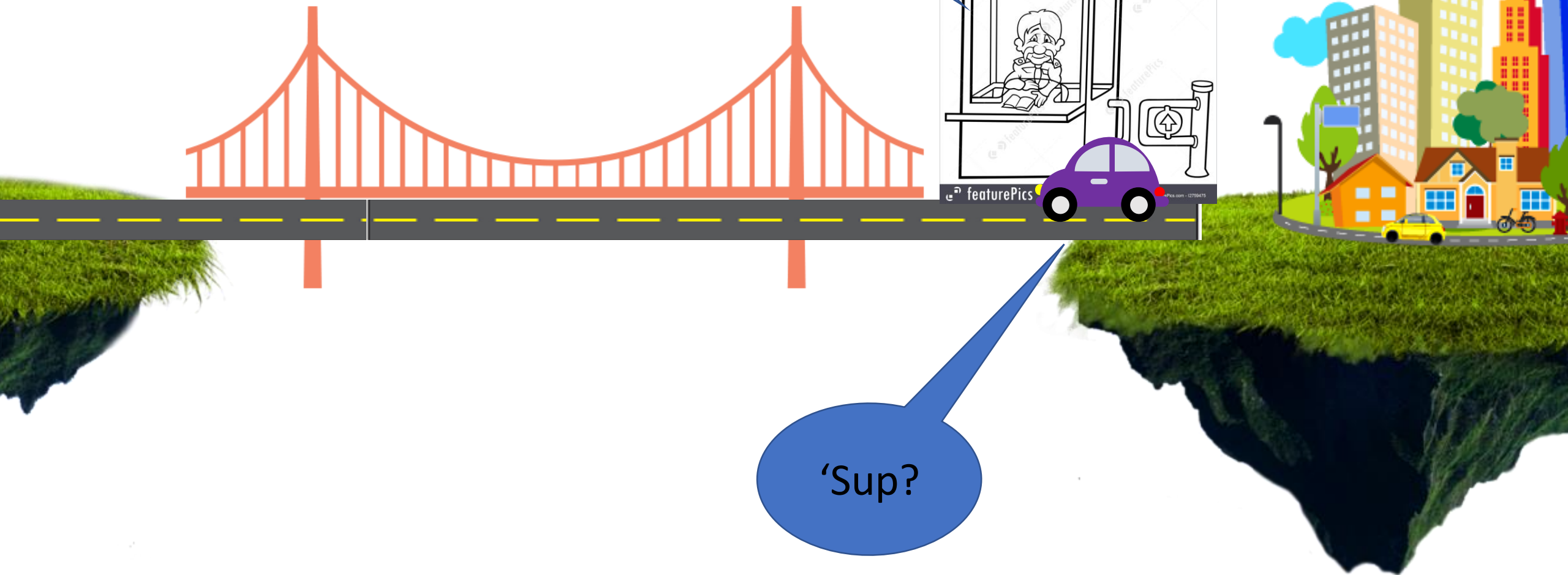
When you exit the city, you just say your ID.
When you enter again, the guy must validate more of your
info, to make sure only the right people come in.

The idea

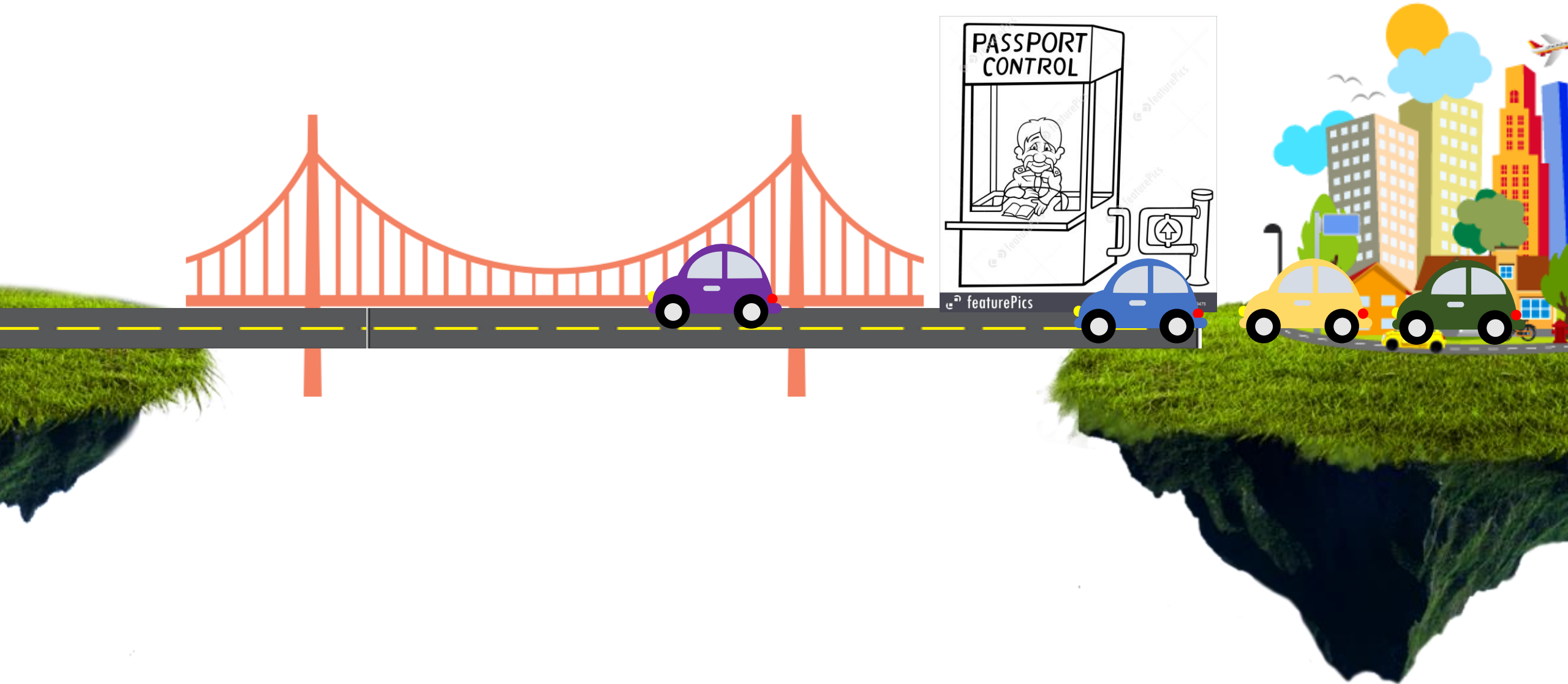


The idea

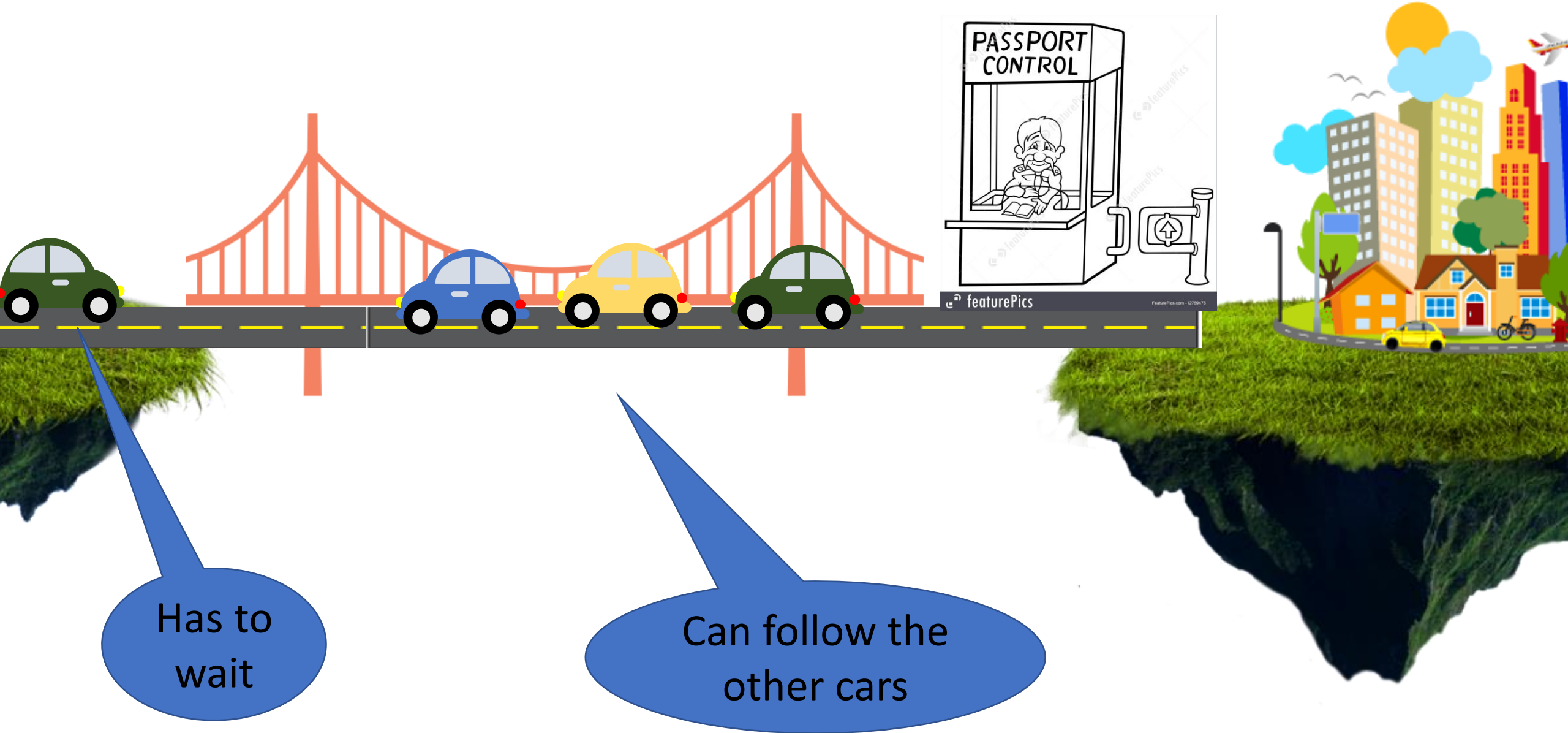
Go on



The idea



The idea



The idea



The idea



The idea



The idea



The idea

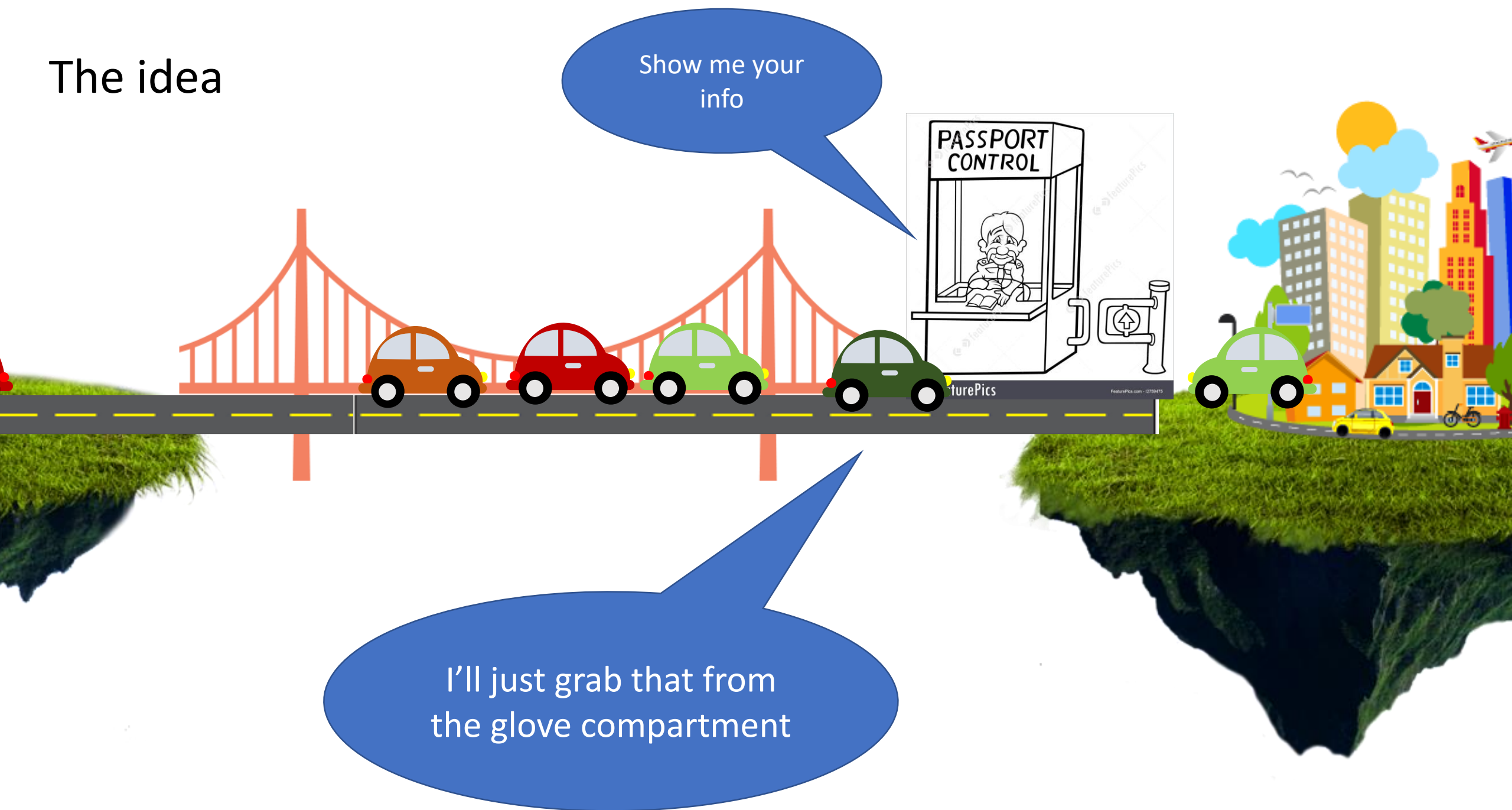


Road clear, left side can go

The idea



The idea



The idea



The idea



Road clear, right side can
go again

The idea



The idea

“shared resource”,
only one side can
use it at a time

When you exit you
just show ID.
When you enter
you show
information



Cars want to access
to the bridge. Only
one side can get
access at a time





Topics covered

- Readers & writers (red and blue car crossing bridge exercise)
- Proxy
- Flyweight
- Unit testing

Topics covered

- Readers & writers
 - Single lane bridge. Only one type of thread can get access at a time: Left side cars or right side cars. Your usual readers/writers, but there can be multiple writers. Either Readers have access, or Writers have access, but not at the same time
- Proxy
- Flyweight
- Unit testing

Topics covered

- Readers & writers
- Proxy
 - The Car is an interface. Initially a ProxyCar is used. When the Car reaches the border control, extra information is loaded from a file. We use lazy instantiation, so this information is loaded into the RealCar only when needed.
- Flyweight
- Unit testing

Topics covered

- Readers & writers
- Proxy
- Flyweight
 - Used to return RealCars. There are 10 different legal types of cars in the BridgeVille.
- Unit testing

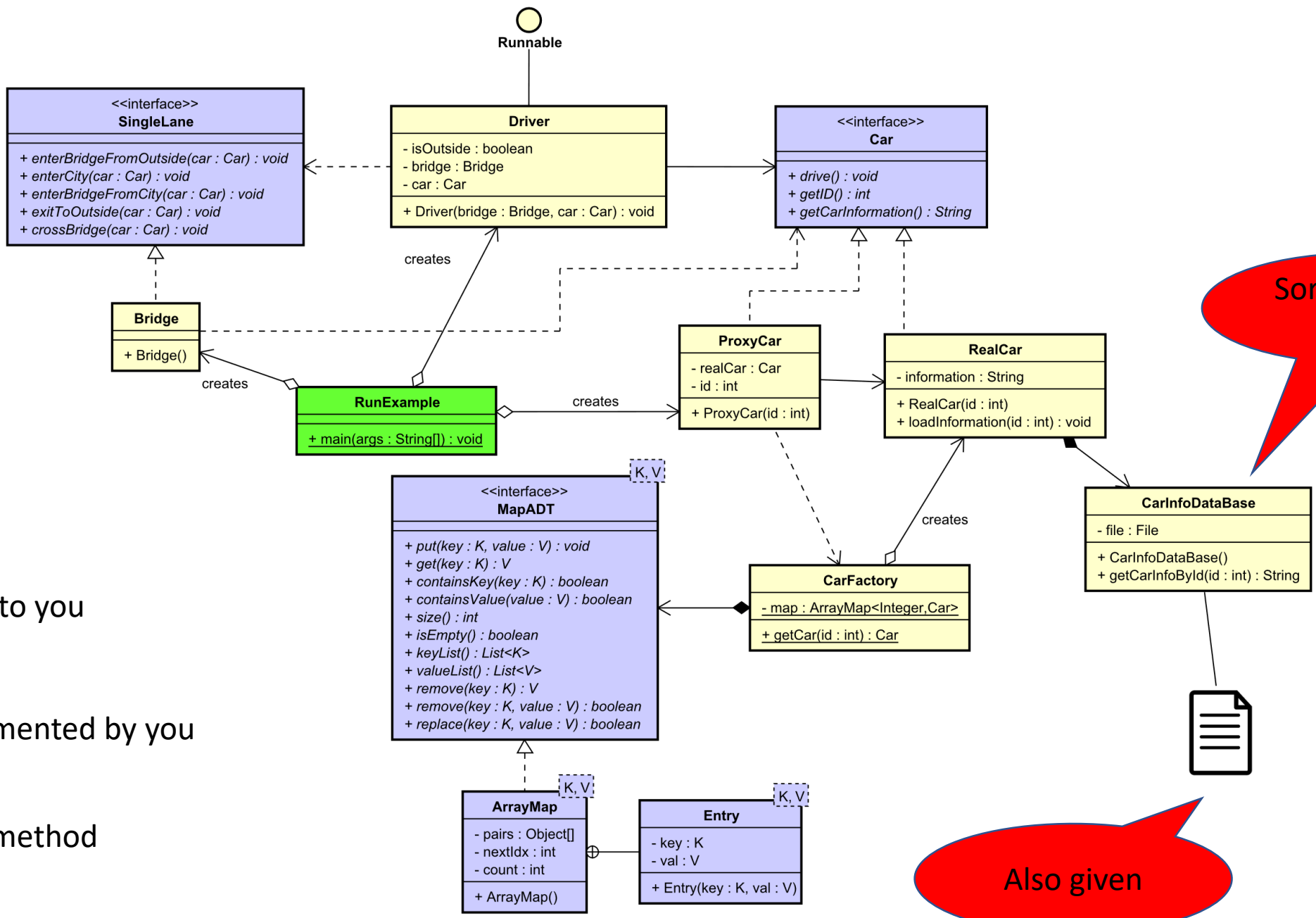
Topics covered

- Readers & writers
- Proxy
- Flyweight
- Unit testing
 - Do testing of the map collection used in the flyweight.

The UML

- First the different parts, the overview
- Then details

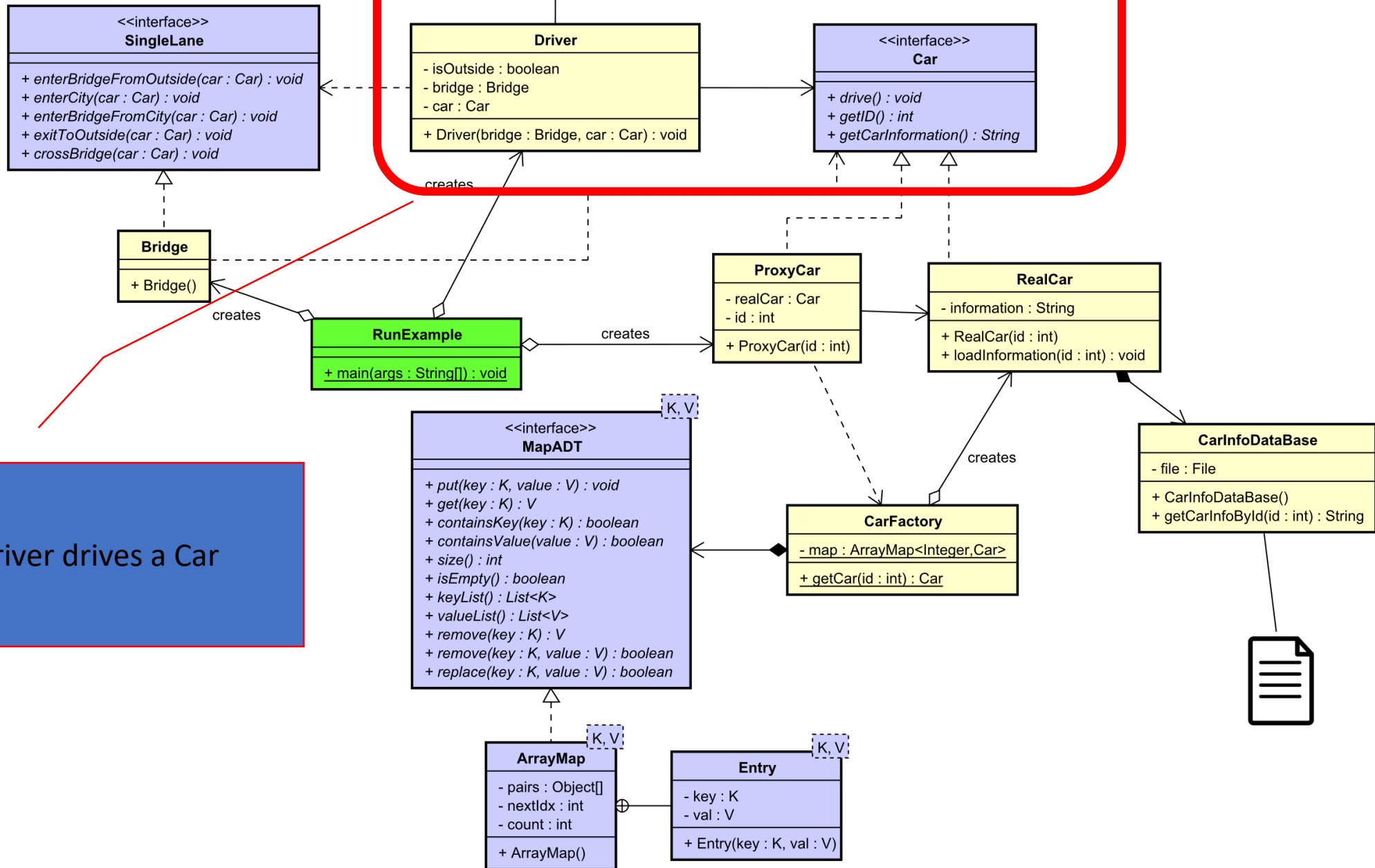
pkg



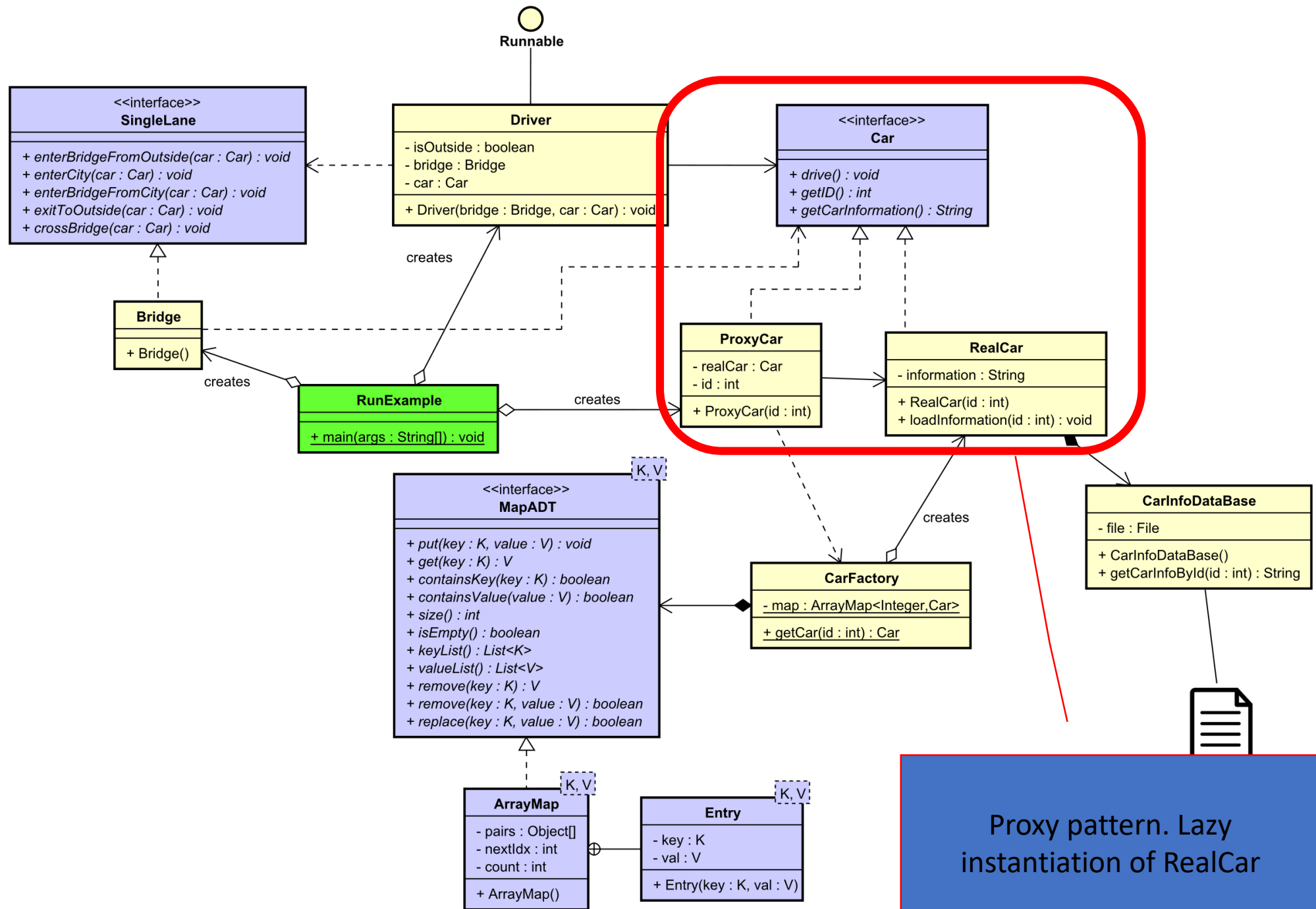
Sort of given here

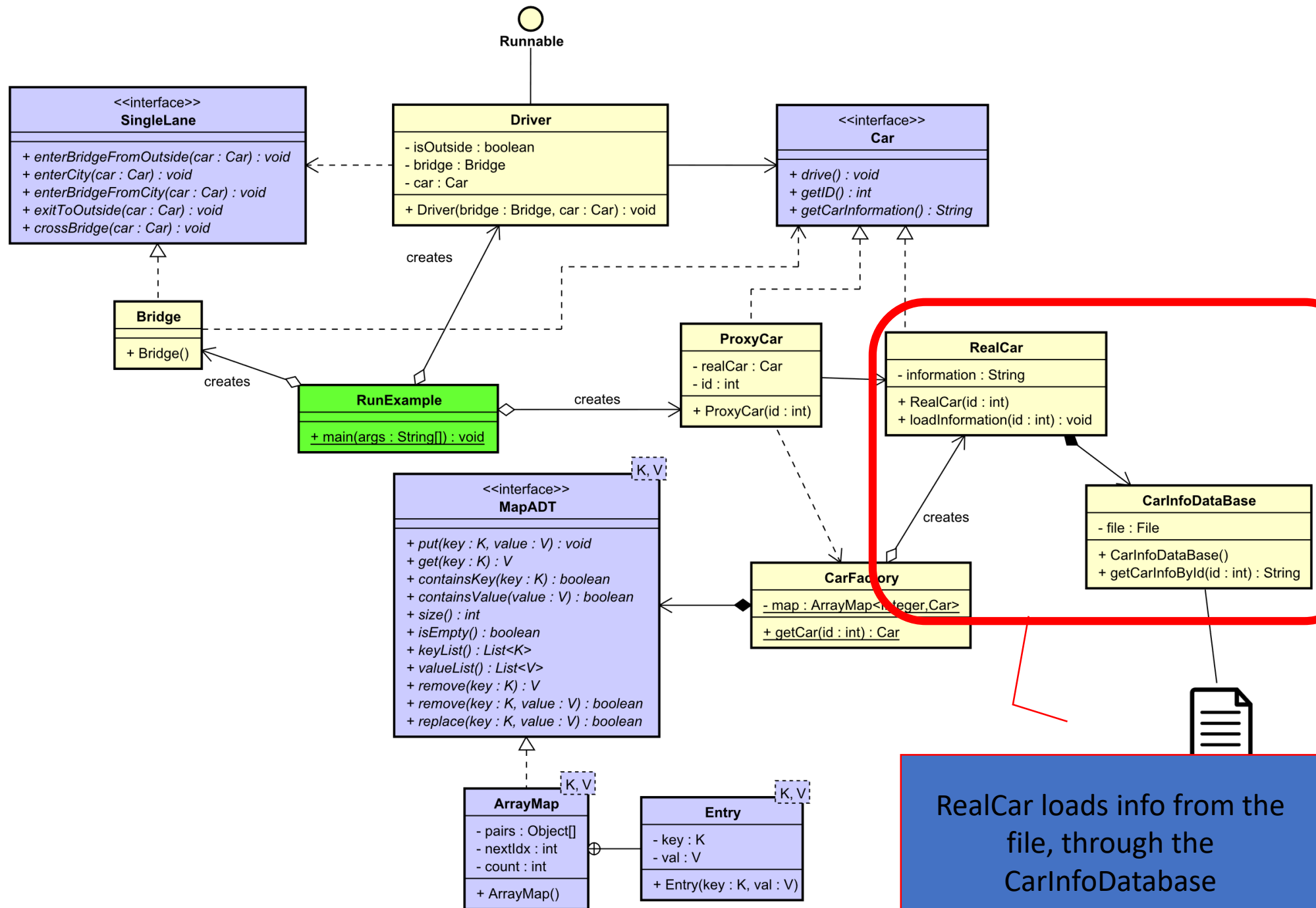
Also given

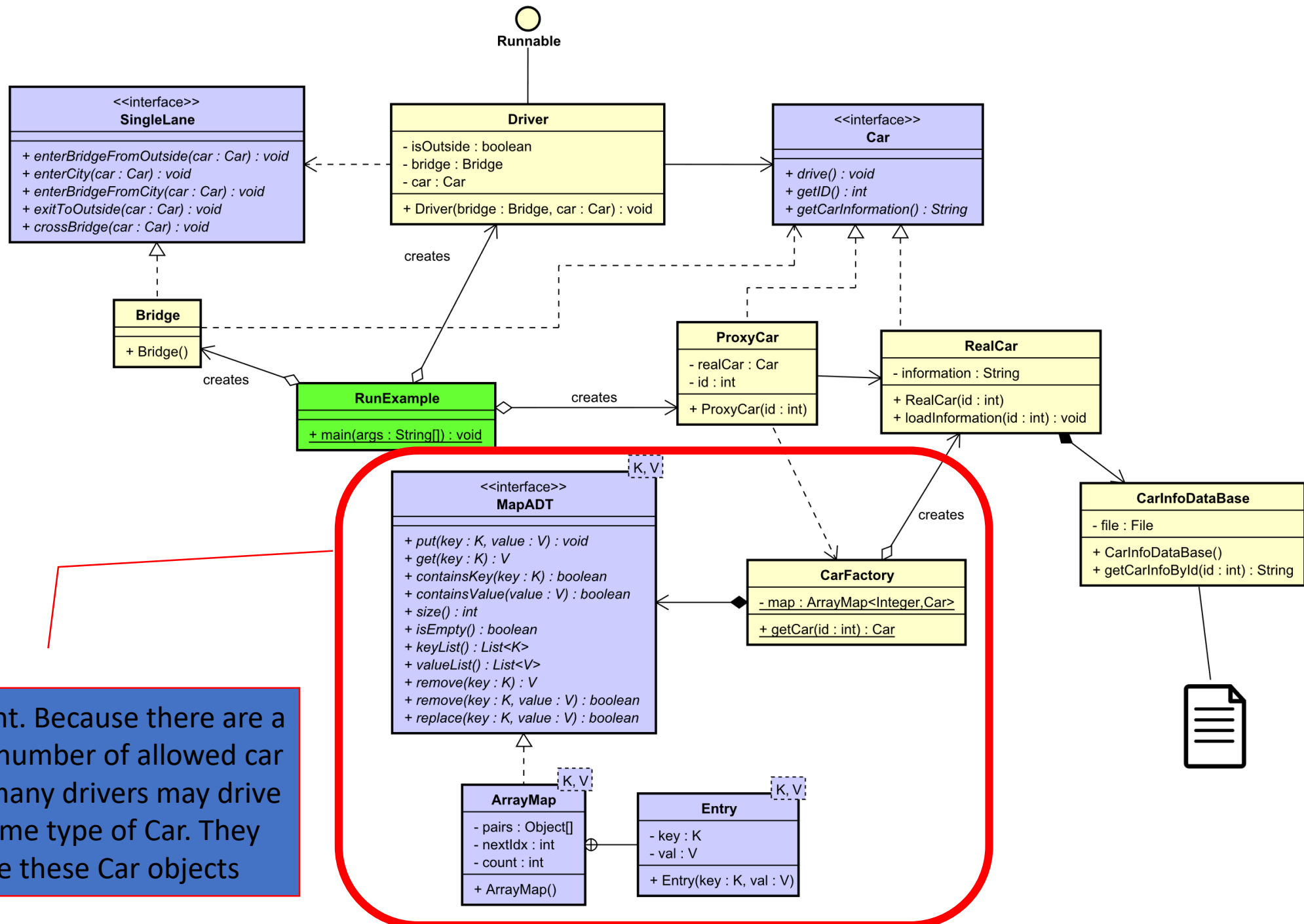




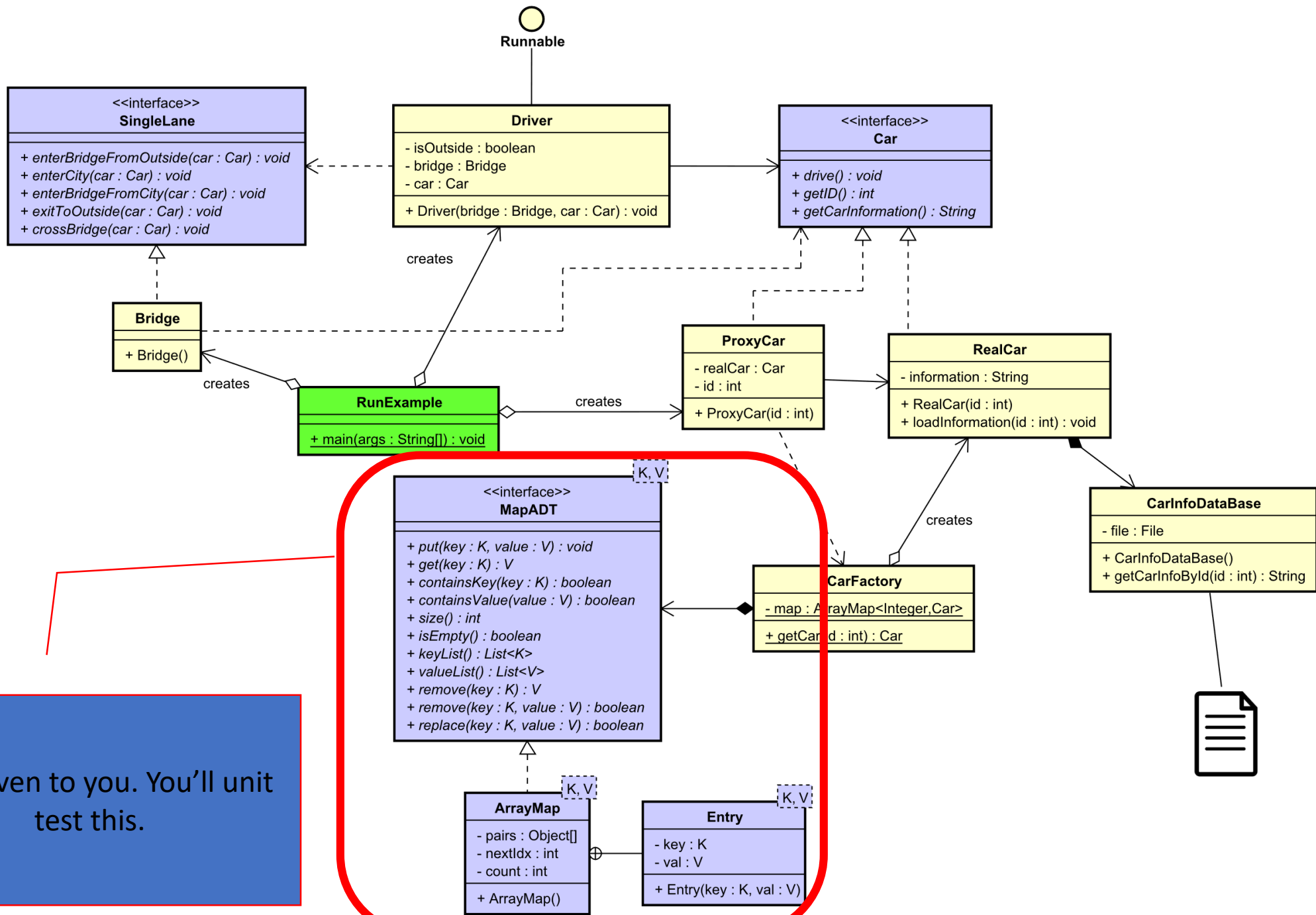
A driver drives a Car

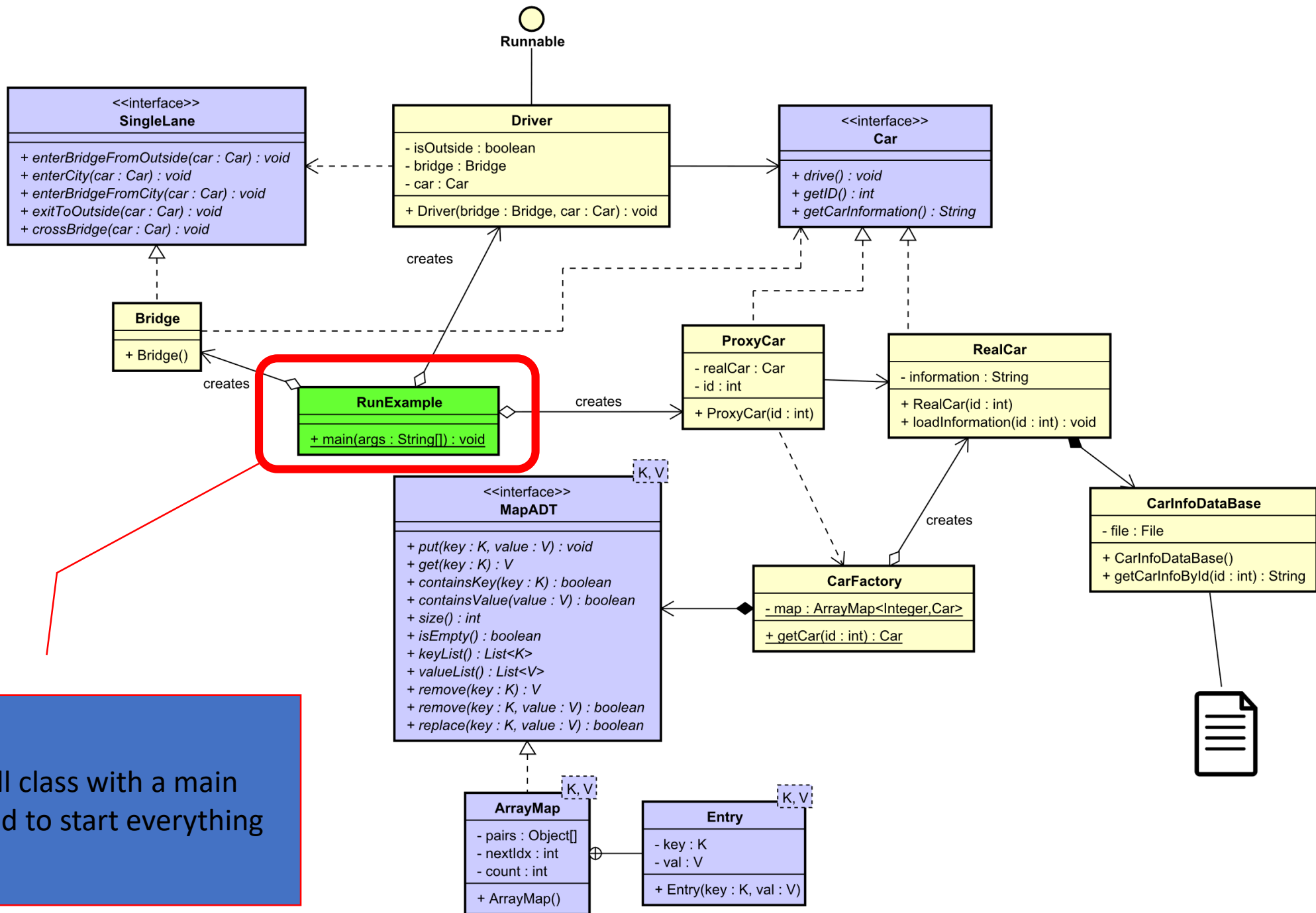




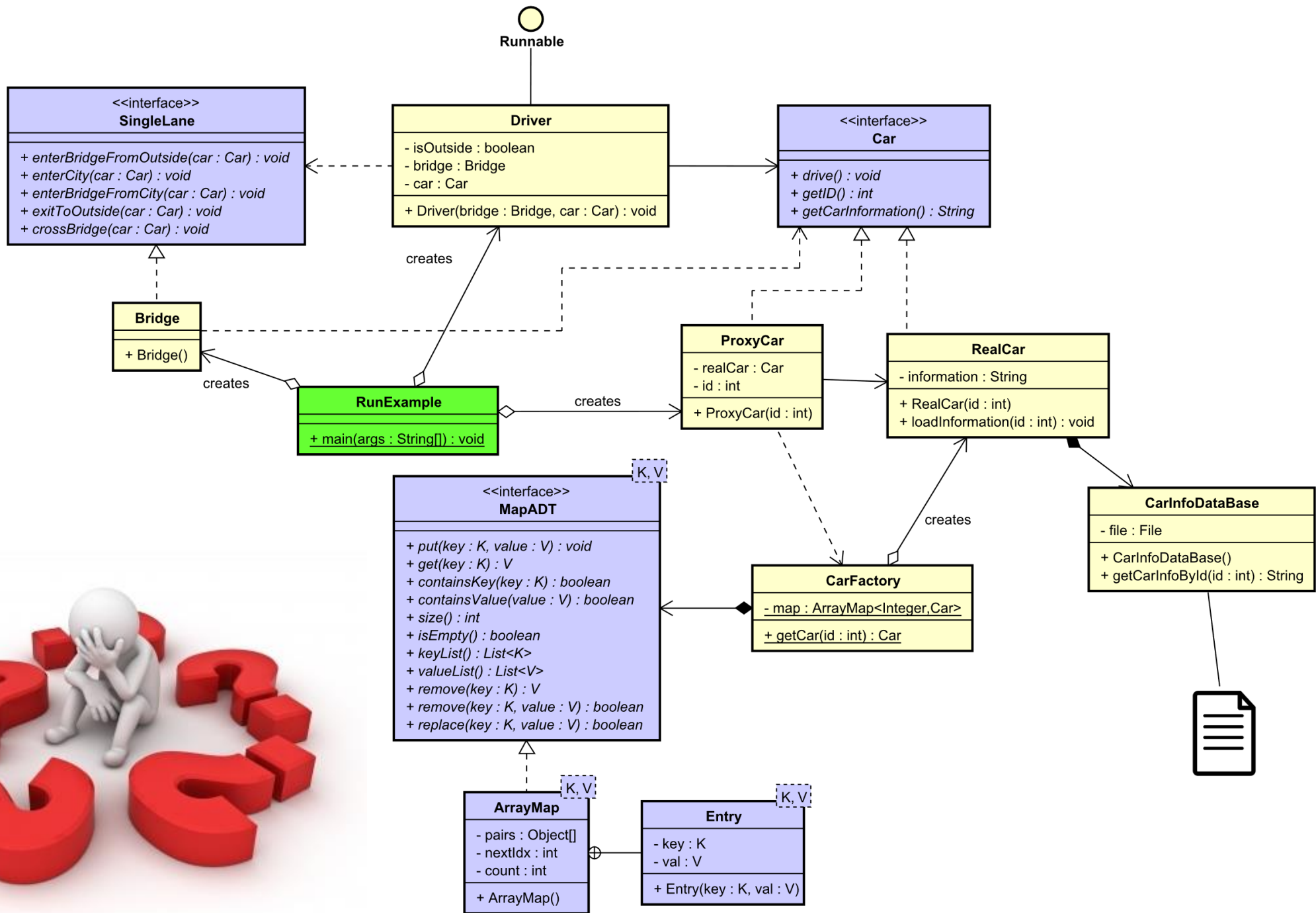


Flyweight. Because there are a limited number of allowed car types, many drivers may drive the same type of Car. They share these Car objects

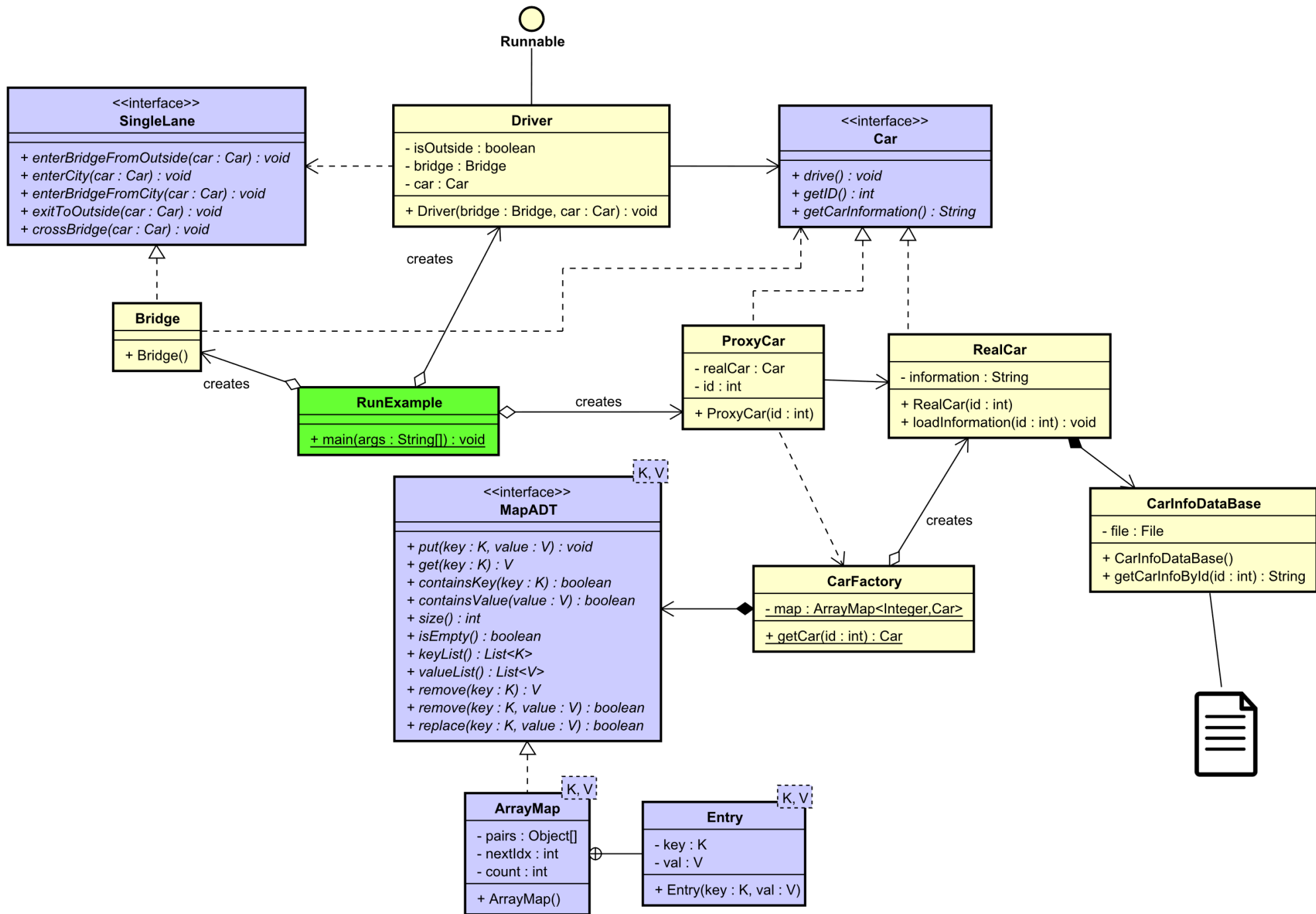




Small class with a main method to start everything

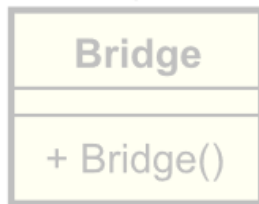
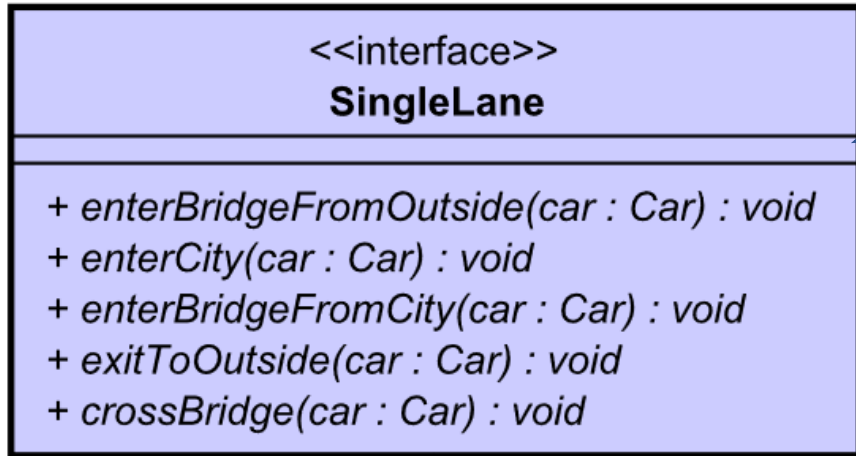


The details



Interface to define the Monitor. The Bridge is considered the shared resource.

Crossing the bridge is what we need to control, similar to controller read/write access

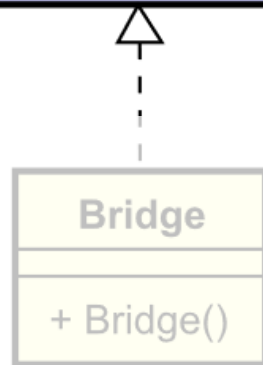
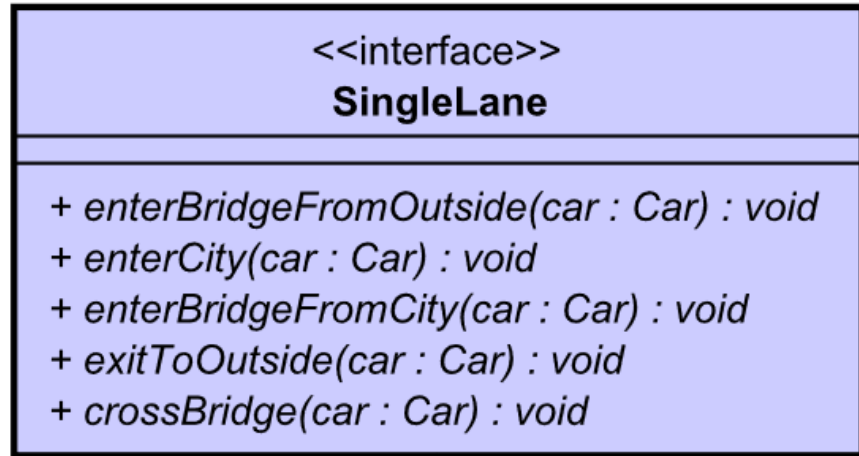


creates

```
public interface SingleLane {  
  
    void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car);  
    void enterCity(Car car);  
    void enterBridgeFromCity(Car car);  
    void exitToOutside(Car car);  
    void crossBridge(Car car);  
  
}
```

```
+ main(args : String[]) : void
```

Similar to acquireRead().
This will attempt to get access to the
Bridge. If not possible, the Driver will
wait.

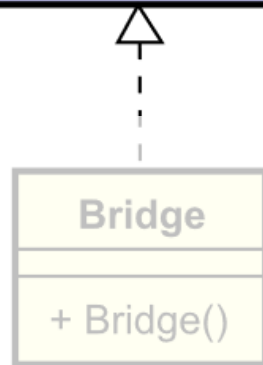
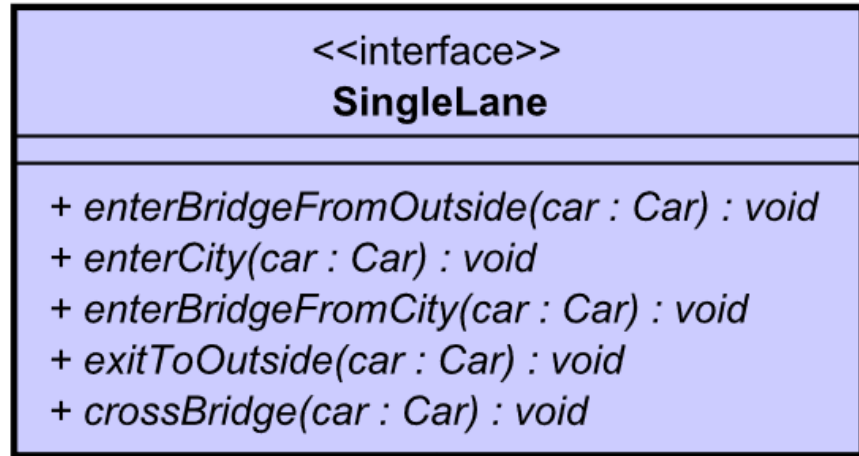


creates

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public interface SingleLane {  
  
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    void crossBridge(Car car);  
  
}
```

+ main(args : String[]) : void

Similar to releaseRead().
Will say that the Driver is no longer
using the Bridge, and others may access
it

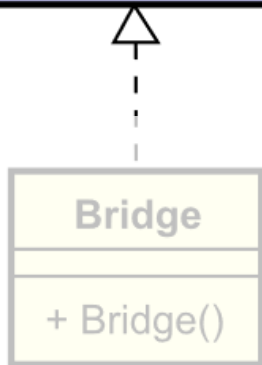
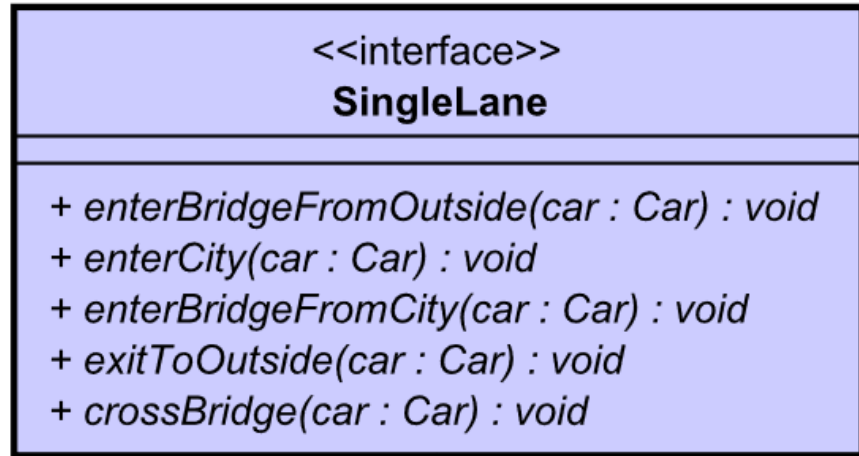


creates

```
public interface SingleLane {  
  
    void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car);  
    void enterCity(Car car);  
    void enterBridgeFromCity(Car car);  
    void exitToOutside(Car car);  
    void crossBridge(Car car);  
  
}
```

+ main(args : String[]) : void

enterBridgeFromCity and exitToOutside
is also acquire and release, just from
the other side

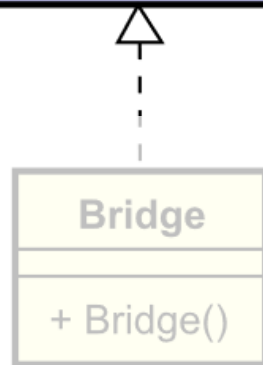
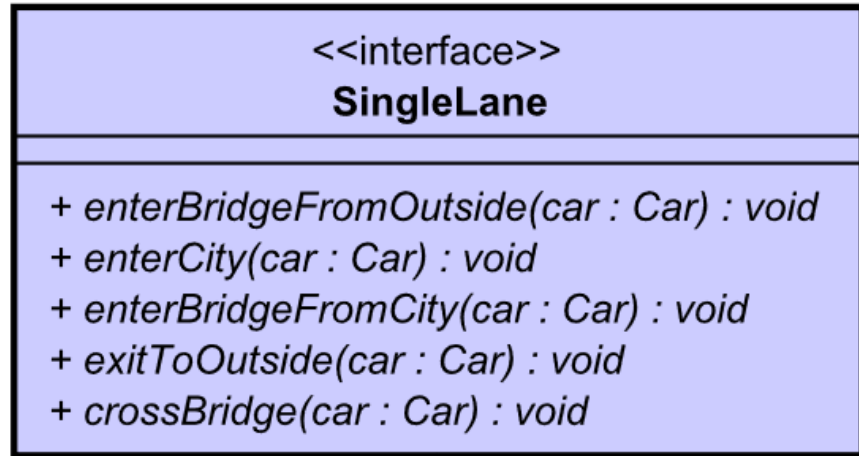


creates

```
public interface SingleLane {  
  
    void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car);  
    void enterCity(Car car);  
    void enterBridgeFromCity(Car car);  
    void exitToOutside(Car car);  
    void crossBridge(Car car);  
  
}
```

+ main(args : String[]) : void

Instead of readers and writers, you should just consider that we have "Reader type 1" and "Reader type 2".



creates

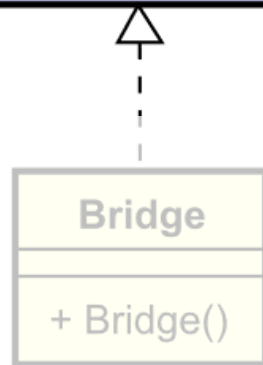
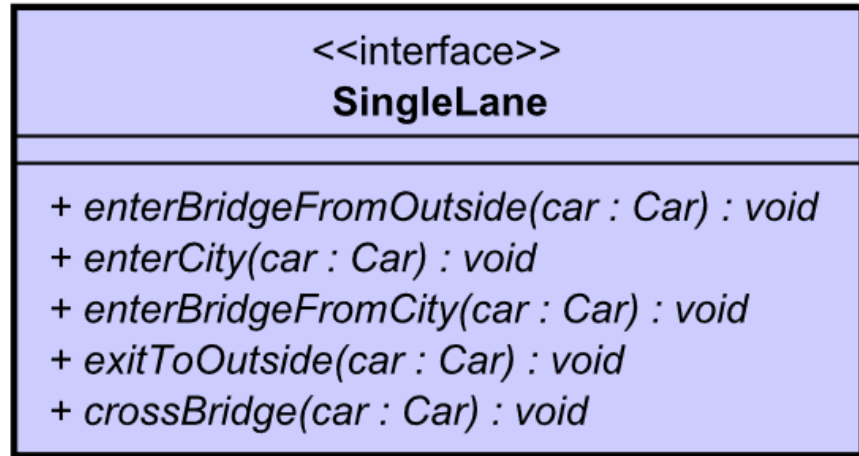
```
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    void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car);
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    void enterBridgeFromCity(Car car);
    void exitToOutside(Car car);
    void crossBridge(Car car);

}
```

```
+ main(args : String[]) : void
```

Called when cars crosses the Bridge.
Just include a print out:
"Car " + car.getID + " crosses the
bridge" ...
And maybe include a sleep to spent
some time crossing.



creates

```
public interface SingleLane {

    void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car);
    void enterCity(Car car);
    void enterBridgeFromCity(Car car);
    void exitToOutside(Car car);
    void crossBridge(Car car);

}
```

+ main(args : String[]) : void

The shared Resource.

Runnable

Driver

- isOutside : boolean
- bridge : Bridge
- car : Car

+ Driver(bridge : Bridge, car : Car) : void

<<

+ drive() :
+ getID() :
+ getCarIn

creates

Bridge

+ Bridge()

creates

RunExample

+ main(args : String[]) : void

creates

ProxyCar

- realCar : Car
- id : int

+ ProxyCar(id : int)

K, V

Suggestion:

We keep track waiting Drivers
from both side.

We keep track of Drivers using
the Bridge from both sides.
Only one side can have access at
a time

Runnable

```
public class Bridge implements SingleLane {
```

```
    private int crossingFromOutside;  
    private int crossingFromCity;  
    private int waitingFromOutside;  
    private int waitingFromCity;
```

```
    public Bridge() {  
    }  
}
```

Bridge

+ Bridge()

creates

RunExample

+ main(args : String[]) : void

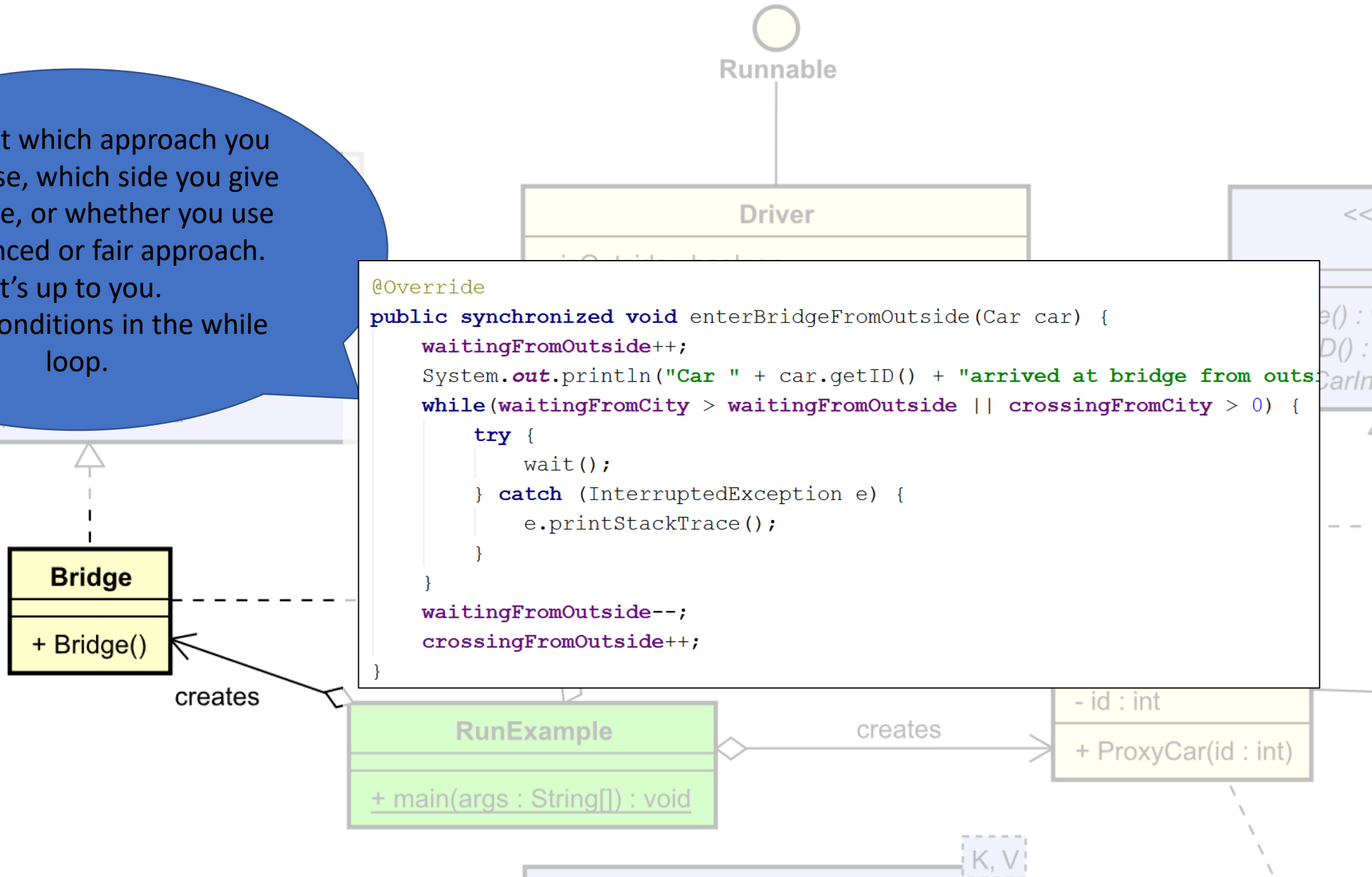
creates

- realCar : Car
- id : int

+ ProxyCar(id : int)

K, V

Figure out which approach you want to use, which side you give preference, or whether you use the balanced or fair approach. It's up to you. Put the conditions in the while loop.



```
@Override
public synchronized void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car) {
    waitingFromOutside++;
    System.out.println("Car " + car.getID() + "arrived at bridge from outside");
    while(waitingFromCity > waitingFromOutside || crossingFromCity > 0) {
        try {
            wait();
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    waitingFromOutside--;
    crossingFromOutside++;
}
```

Print out what's going on

Runnable

Driver

```
Override
public synchronized void enterBridgeFromOutside(Car car) {
    waitingFromOutside++;
    System.out.println("Car " + car.getID() + "arrived at bridge from outside");
    while(waitingFromCity > waitingFromOutside || crossingFromCity > 0) {
        try {
            wait();
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    waitingFromOutside--;
    crossingFromOutside++;
}
```

Bridge

+ Bridge()

creates

RunExample

+ main(args : String[]) : void

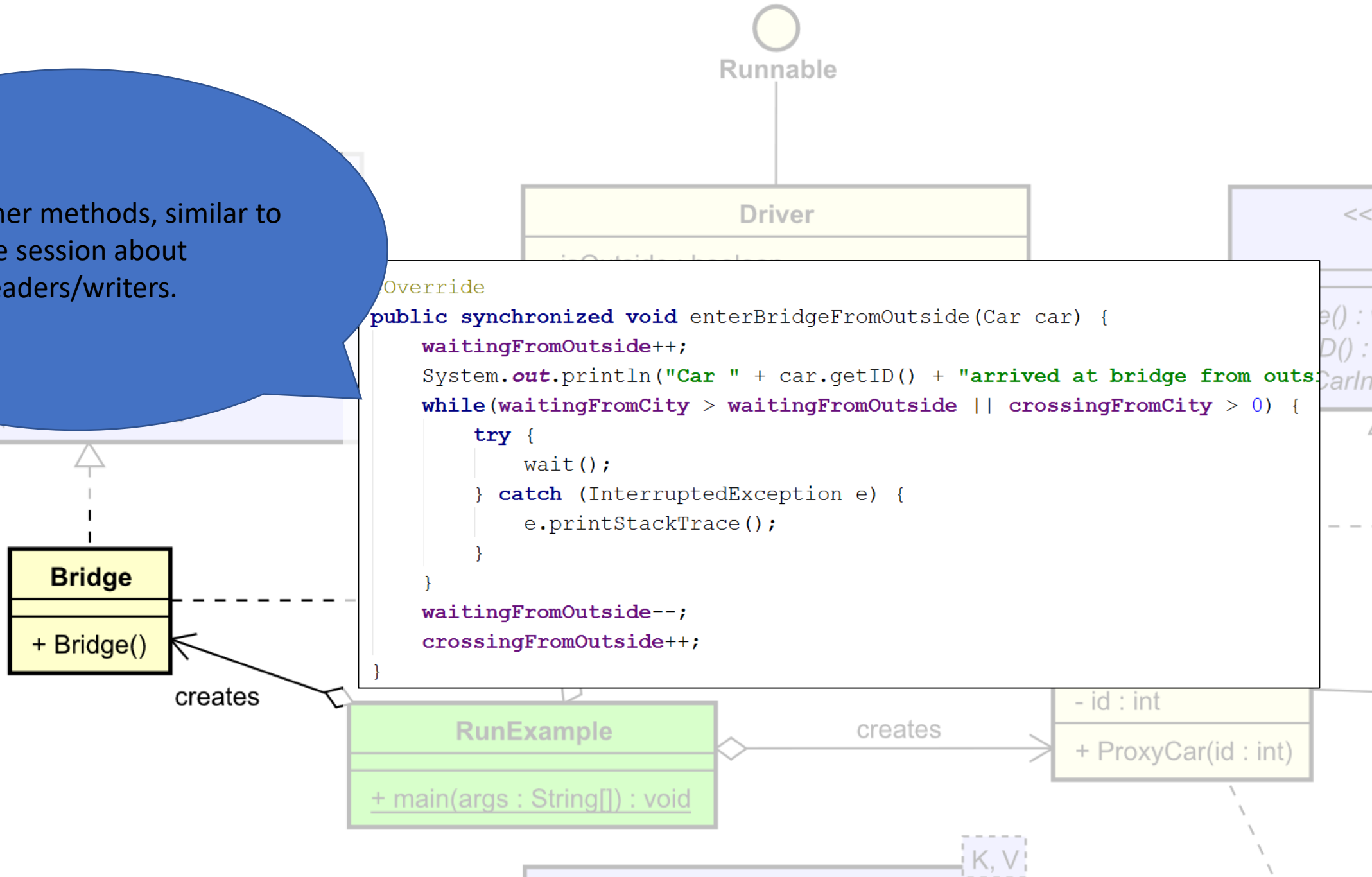
creates

- id : int

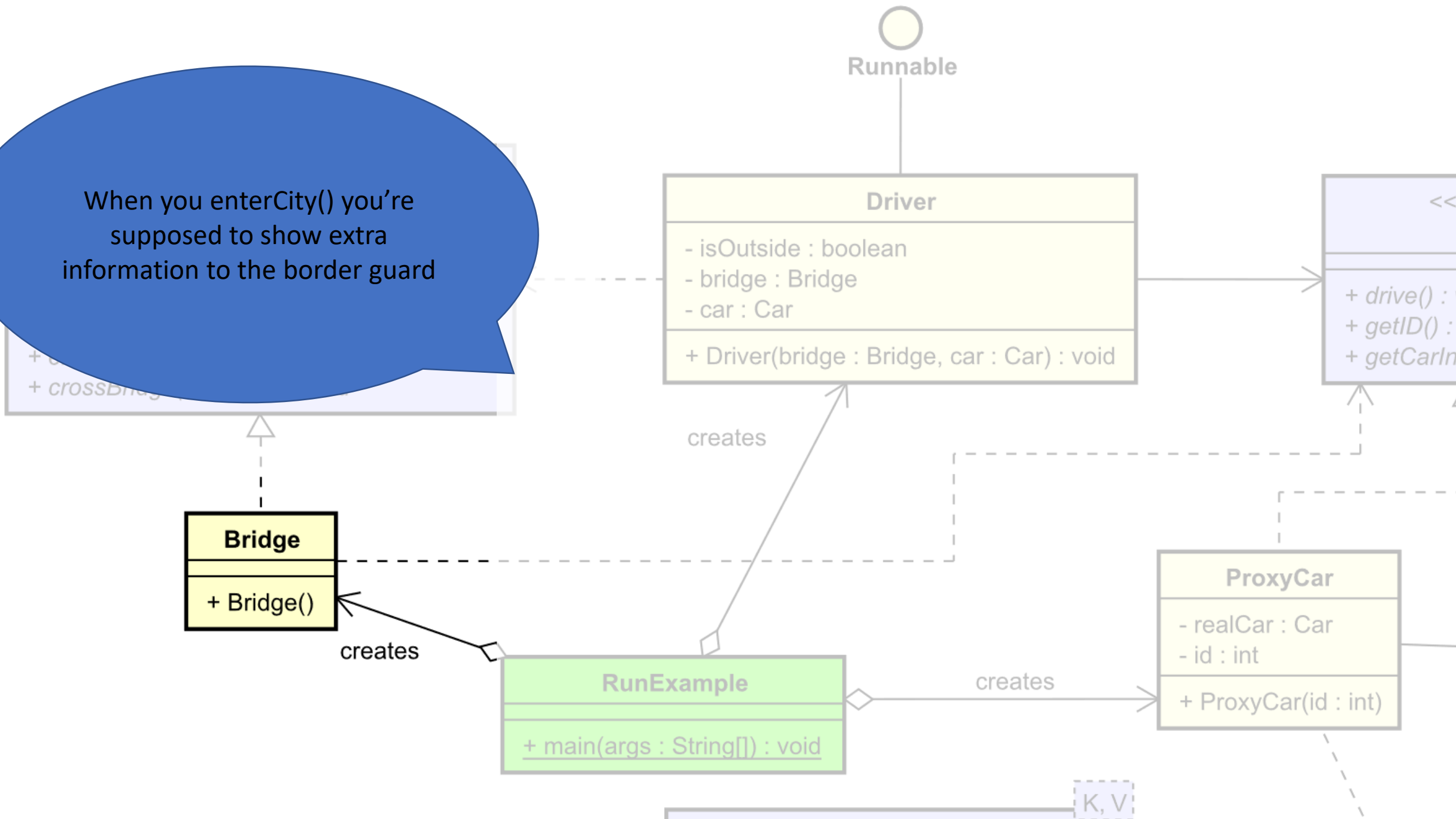
+ ProxyCar(id : int)

K, V

Do the other methods, similar to the session about readers/writers.



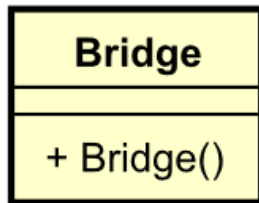
When you enterCity() you're supposed to show extra information to the border guard



When you enterCity() you're supposed to show extra information to the border guard

Runnable

```
@Override
public synchronized void enterCity(Car car) {
    crossingFromOutside--;
    System.out.println("The following car entered the city: " +
        car.getCarInformation());
    if(crossingFromOutside == 0)
        notifyAll();
}
```



creates

RunExample

+ main(args : String[]) : void

creates

ProxyCar

- realCar : Car
- id : int

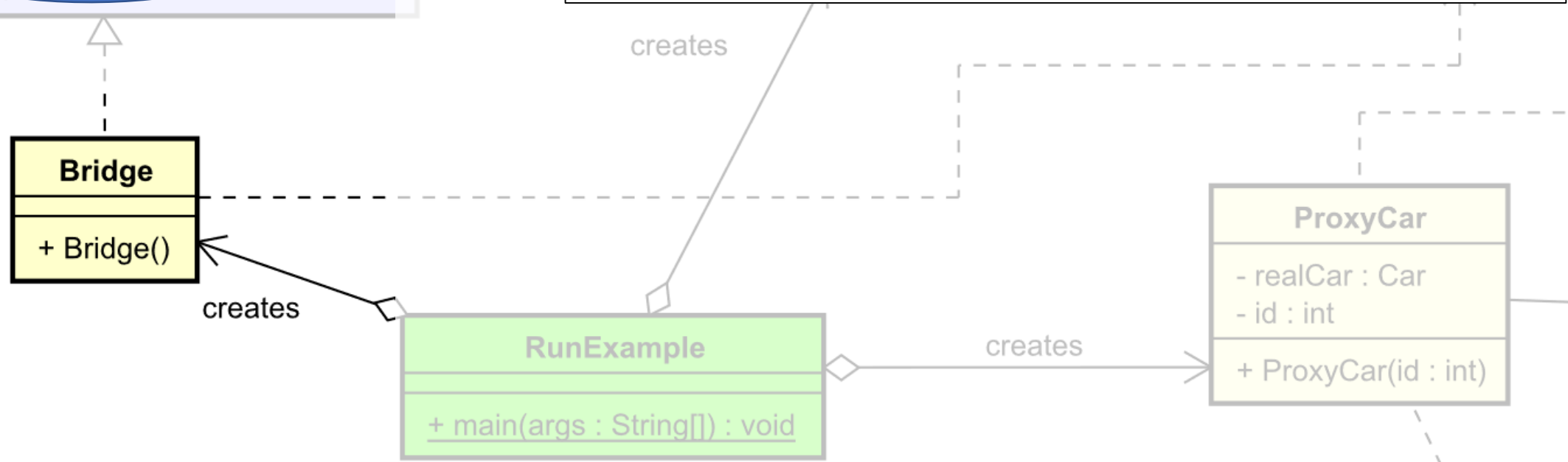
+ ProxyCar(id : int)

K, V



```
@Override
public synchronized void enterCity(Car car) {
    crossingFromOutside--;
    System.out.println("The following car entered the city: " +
        car.getCarInformation());
    if(crossingFromOutside == 0)
        notifyAll();
}
```

car.getCarInformation() will cause the ProxyCar to lazy load the RealCar, in order to get this information (from the file)



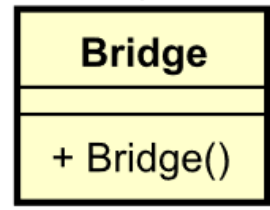
K, V



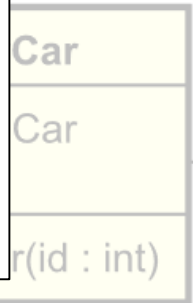
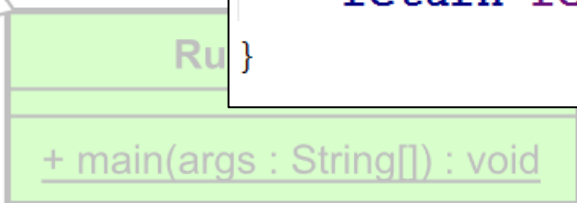
Runnable

```
@Override
public synchronized void enterCity(Car car) {
    crossingFromOutside--;
    System.out.println("The following car entered the city: " +
        car.getCarInformation());
    if(crossingFromOutside == 0)
        notifyAll();
}
```

```
@Override
public String getCarInformation() {
    if(realCar == null) {
        realCar = CarFactory.getCar(id);
    }
    return realCar.getCarInformation();
}
```



creates

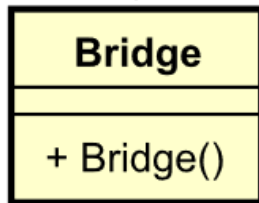


car.getCarInformation() will cause the ProxyCar to lazy load the RealCar, in order to get this information (from the file)

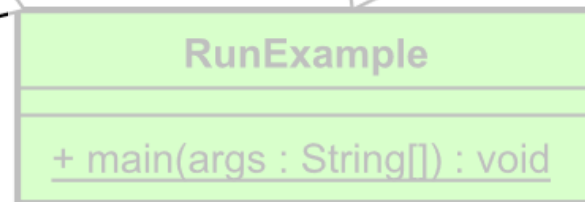
If the bridge is not being used by drivers from the outside, we notify all waiting drivers on the city side.

Runnable

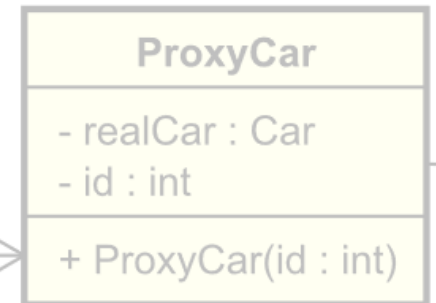
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public synchronized void enterCity(Car car) {
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    System.out.println("The following car entered the city: " +
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    if(crossingFromOutside == 0)
        notifyAll();
}
```



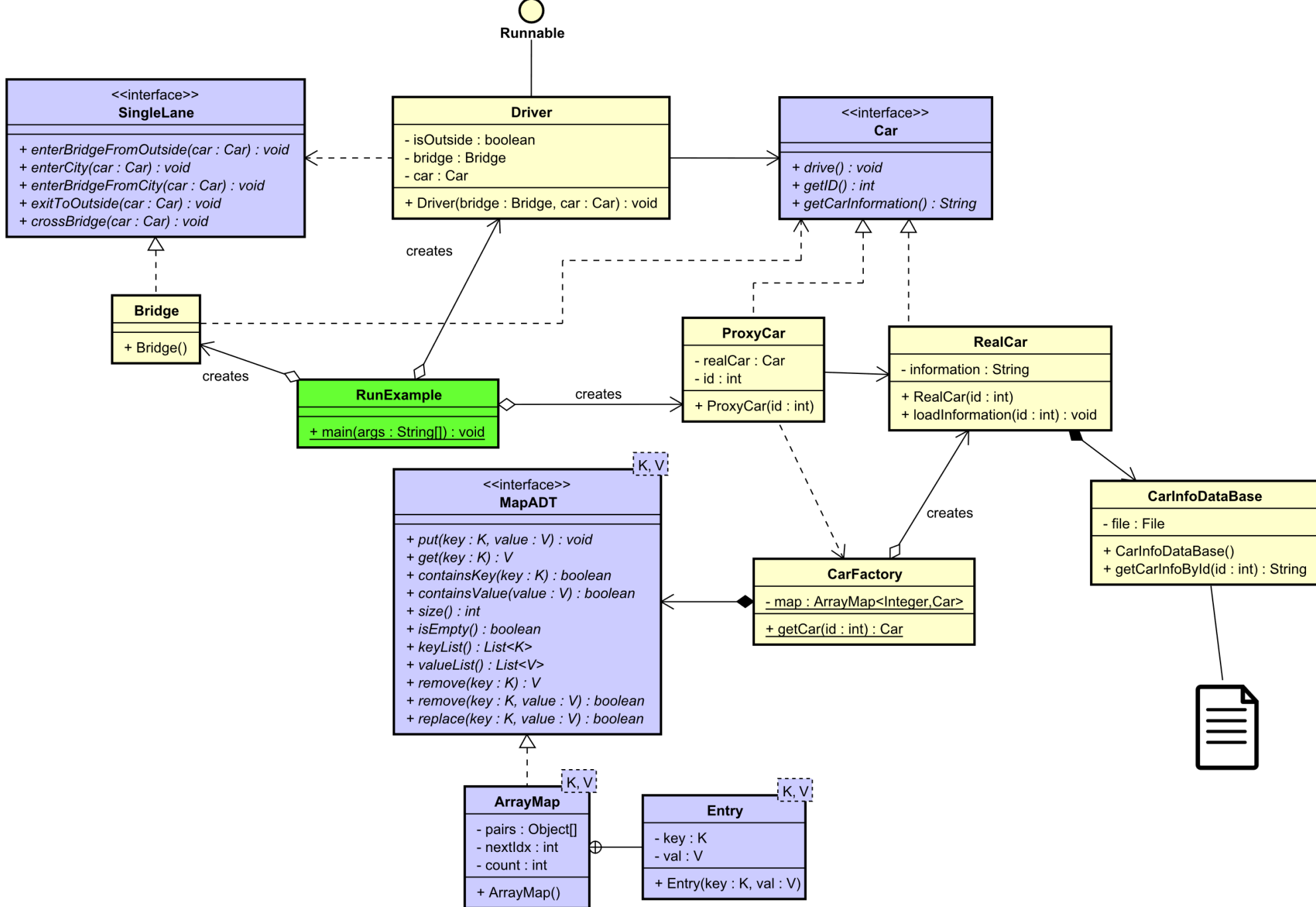
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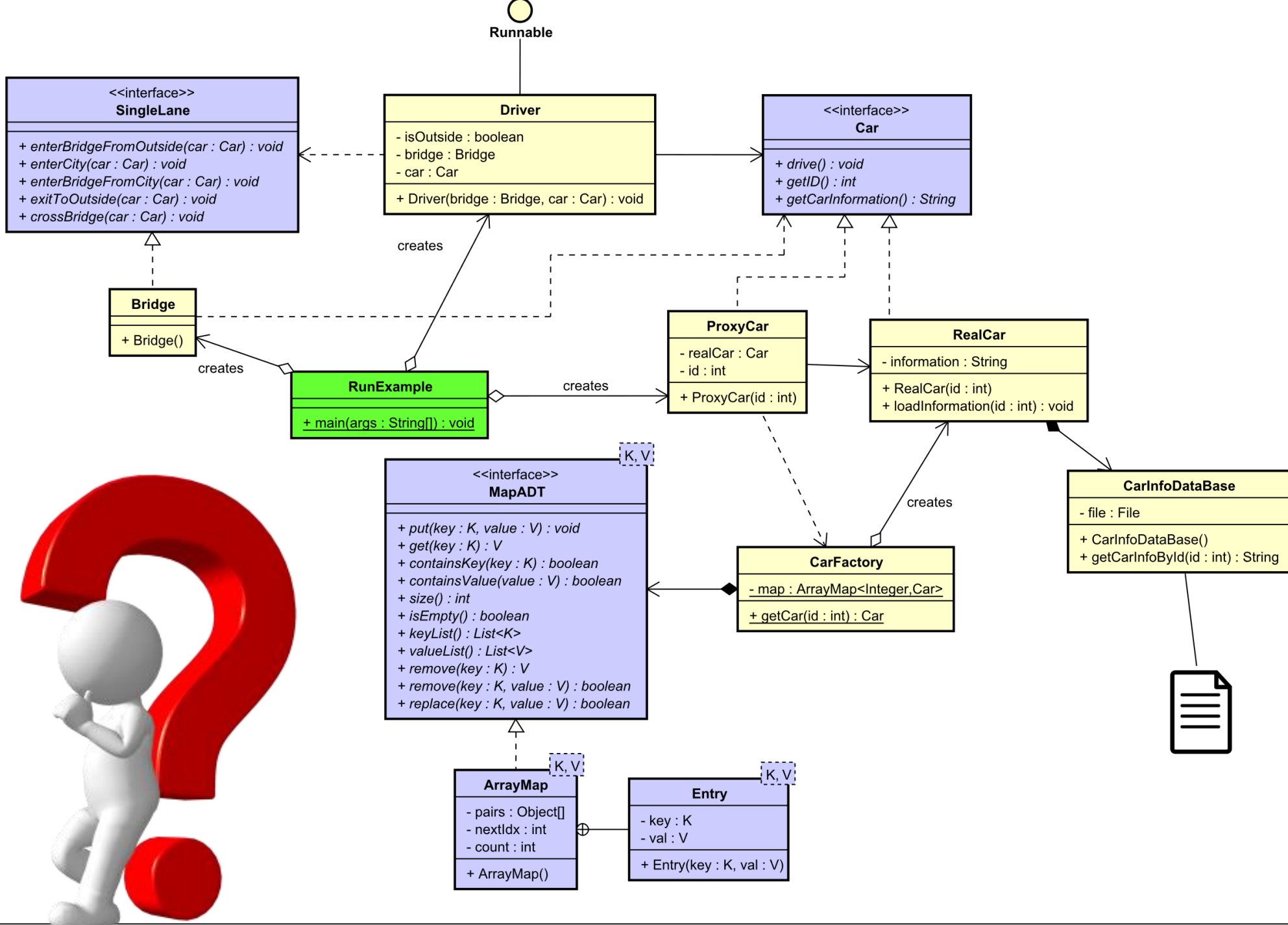


creates

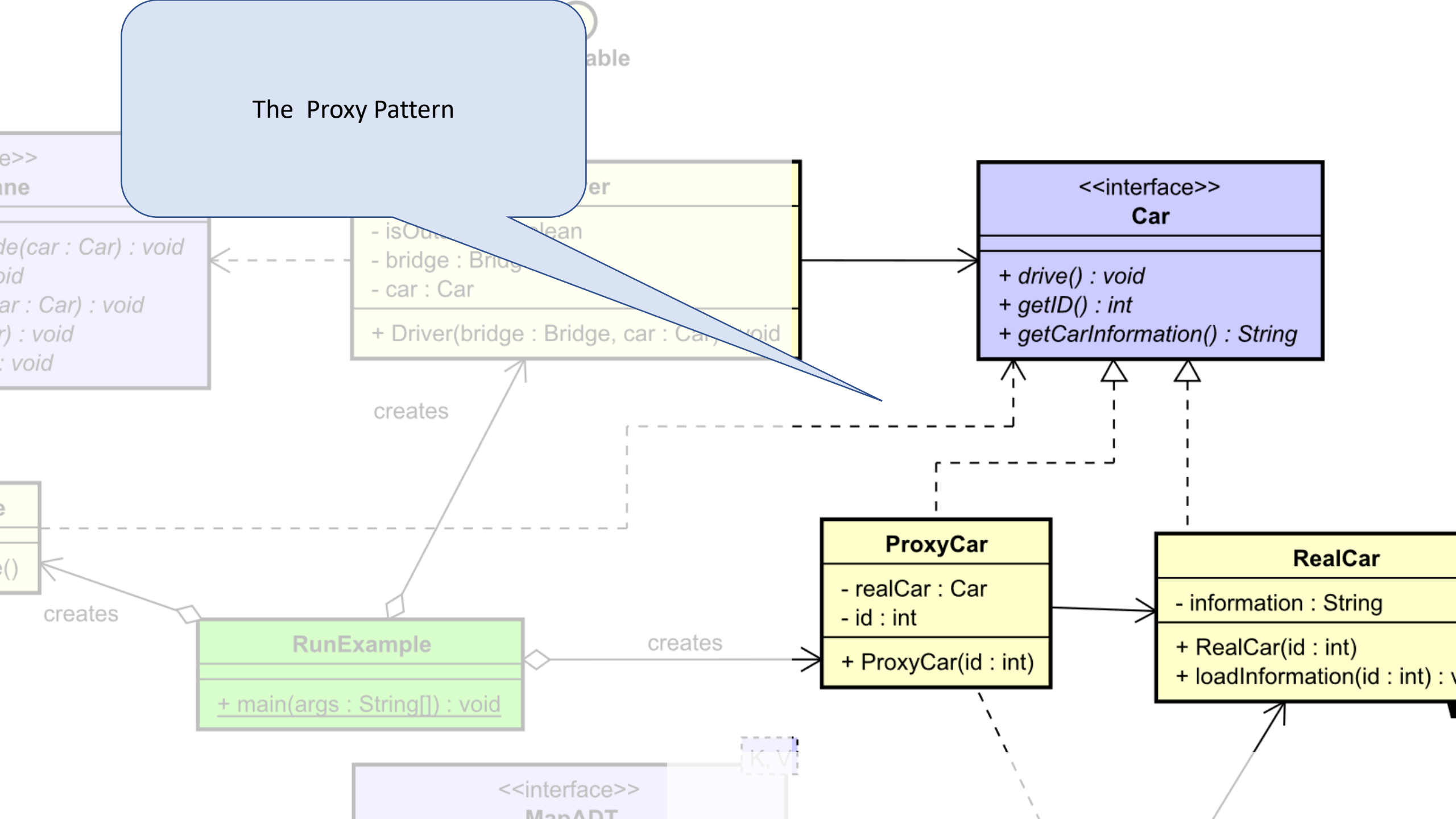


K, V

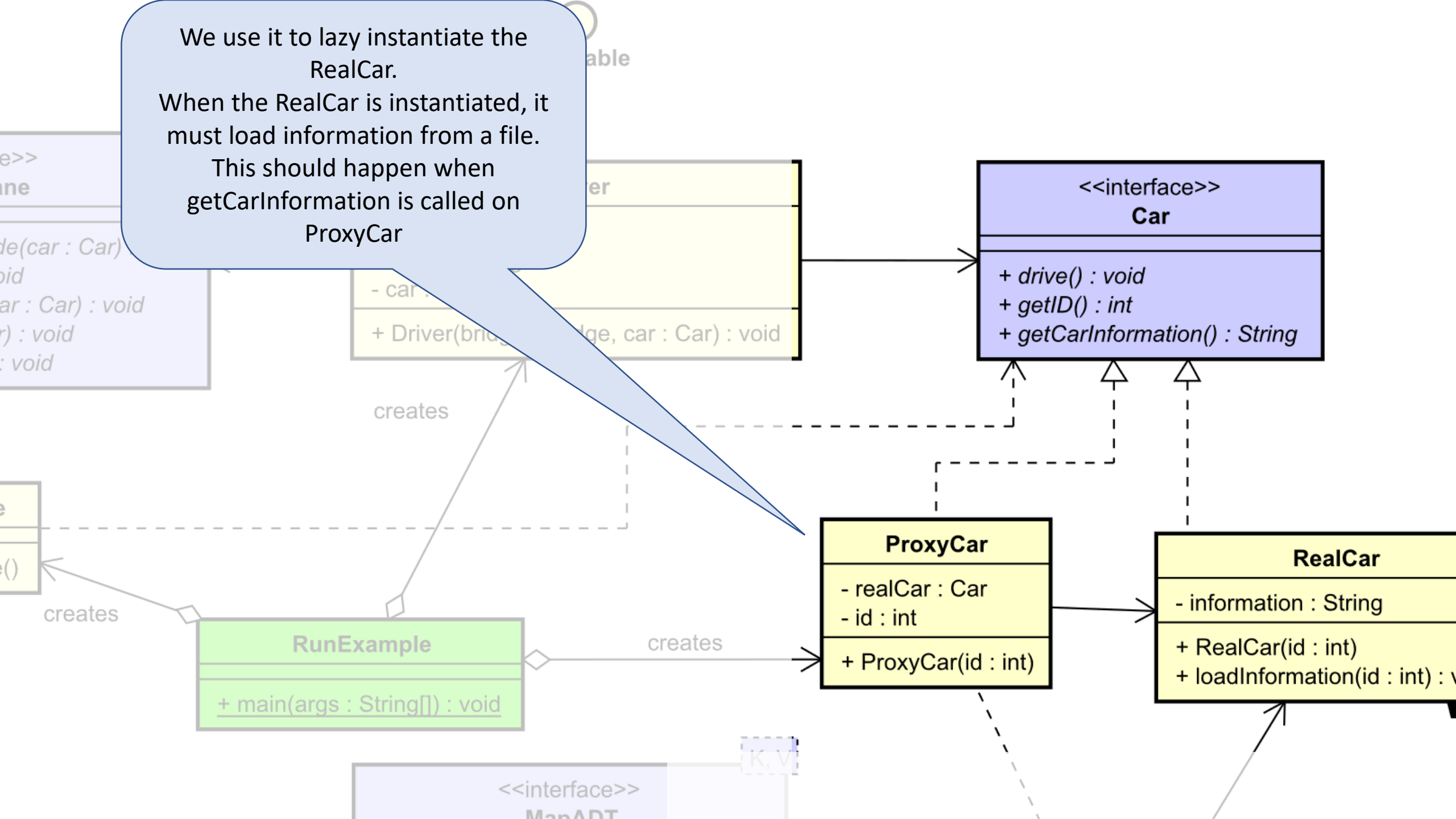




The Proxy Pattern

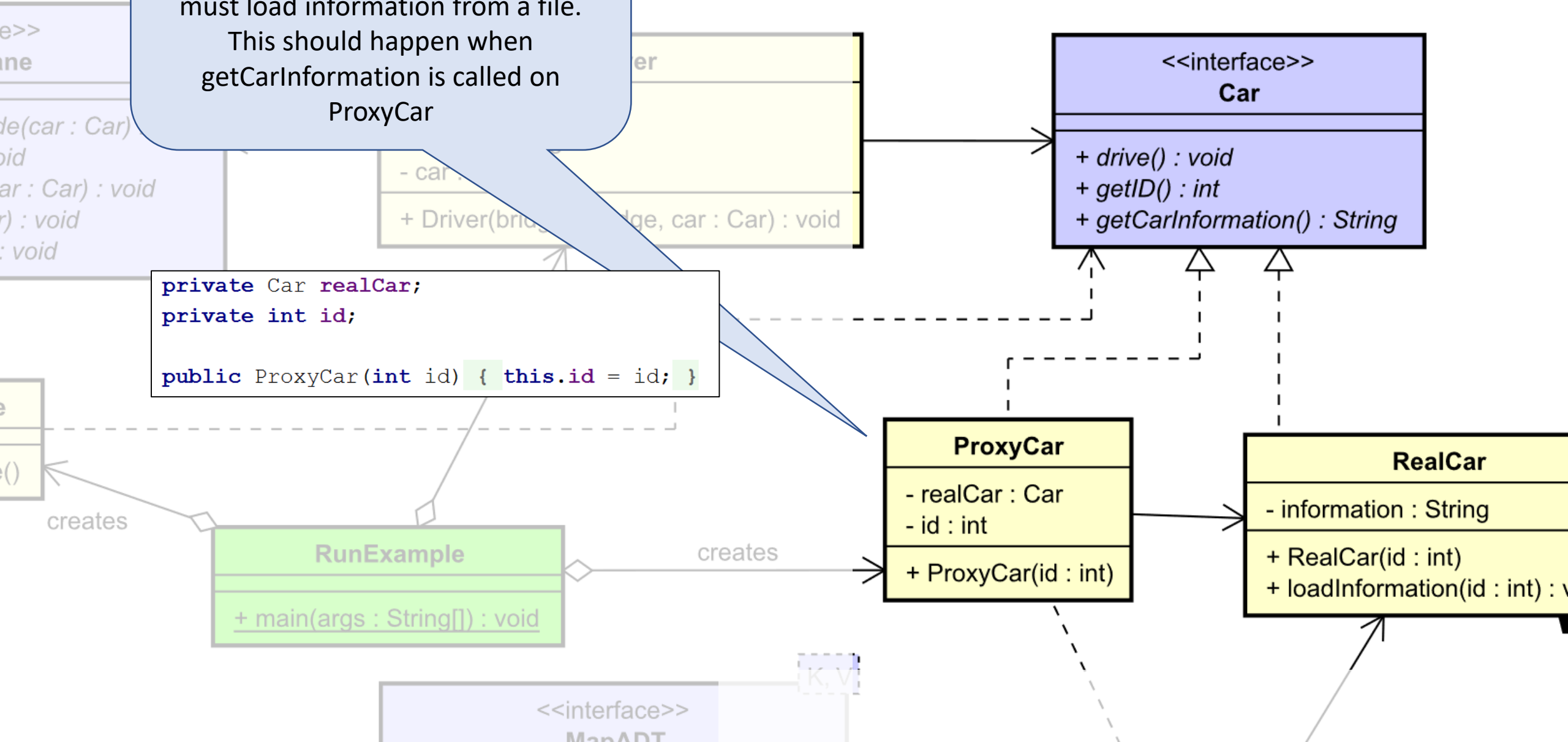


We use it to lazy instantiate the RealCar.
When the RealCar is instantiated, it must load information from a file.
This should happen when
getCarInformation is called on
ProxyCar

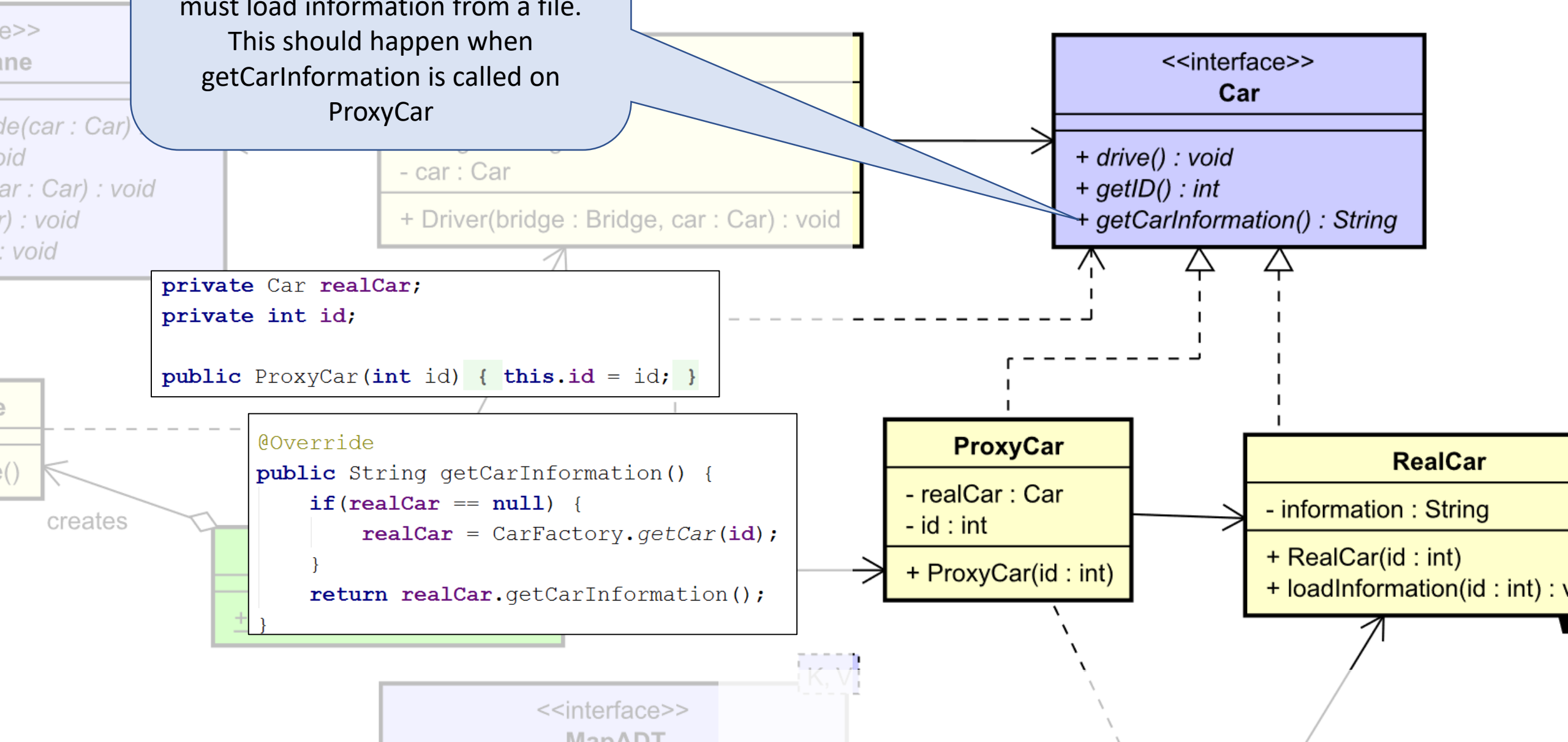


We use it to lazy instantiate the RealCar.
When the RealCar is instantiated, it must load information from a file.
This should happen when getCarInformation is called on ProxyCar

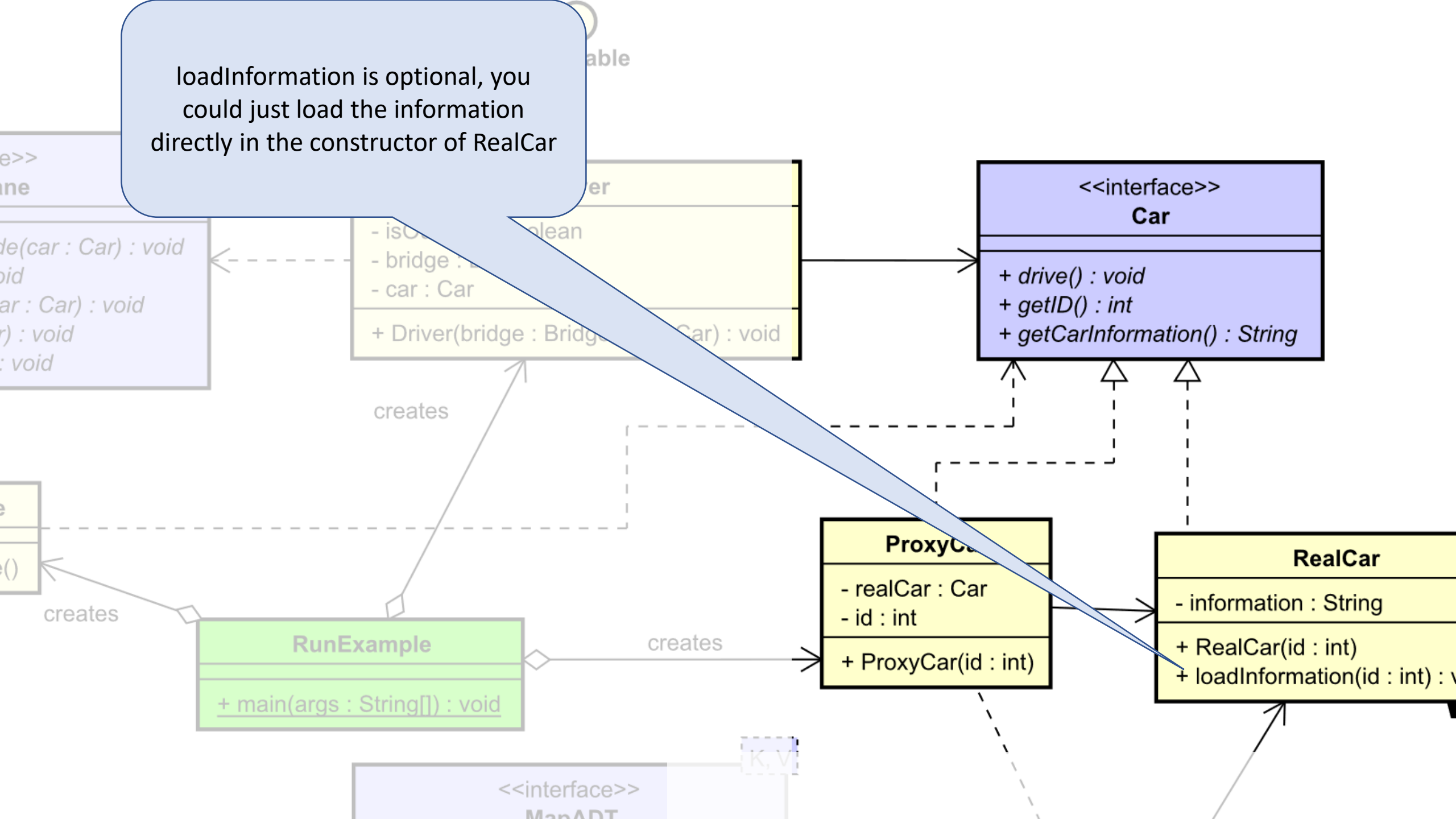
```
private Car realCar;  
private int id;  
  
public ProxyCar(int id) { this.id = id; }
```

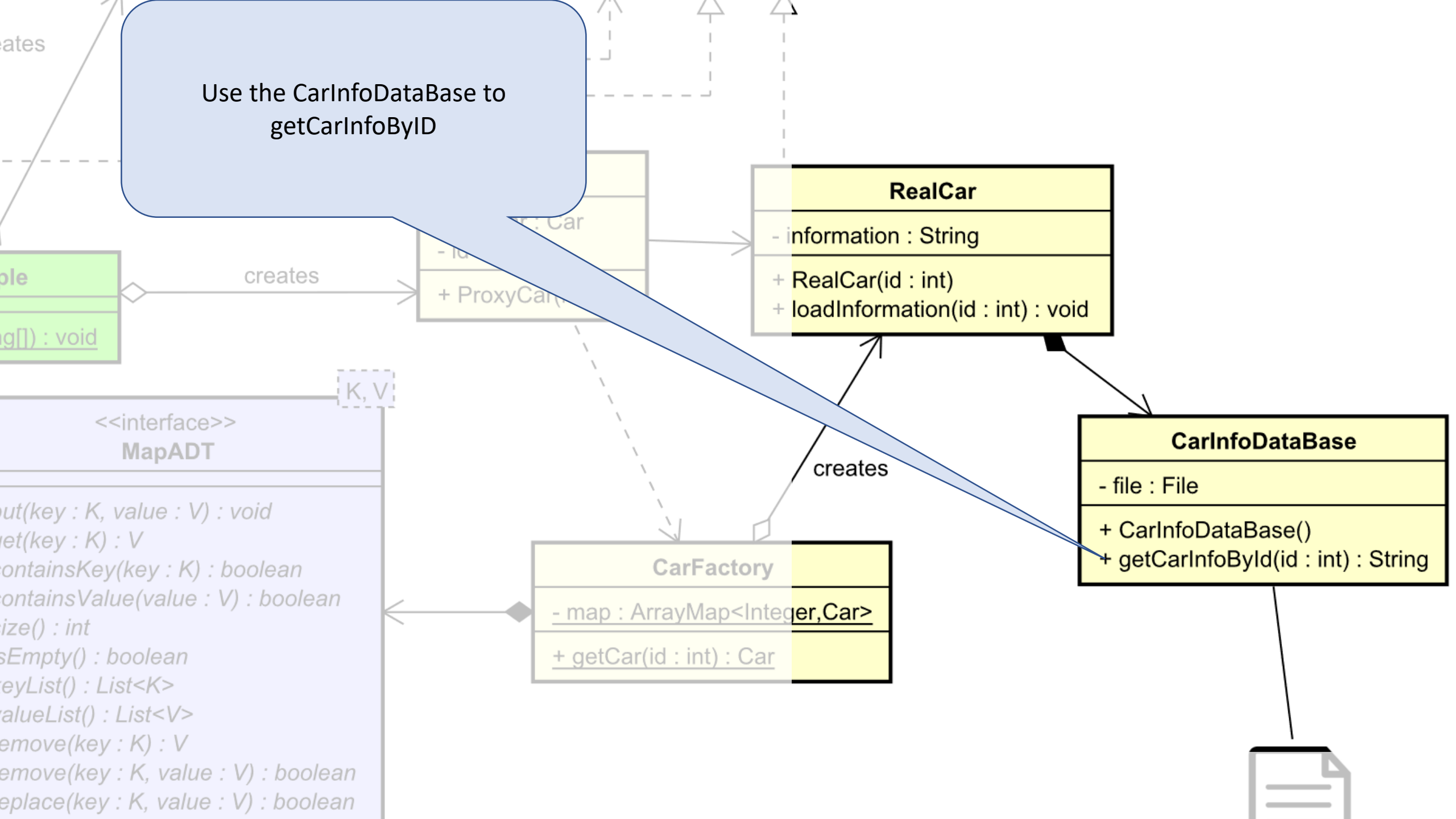


We use it to lazy instantiate the RealCar.
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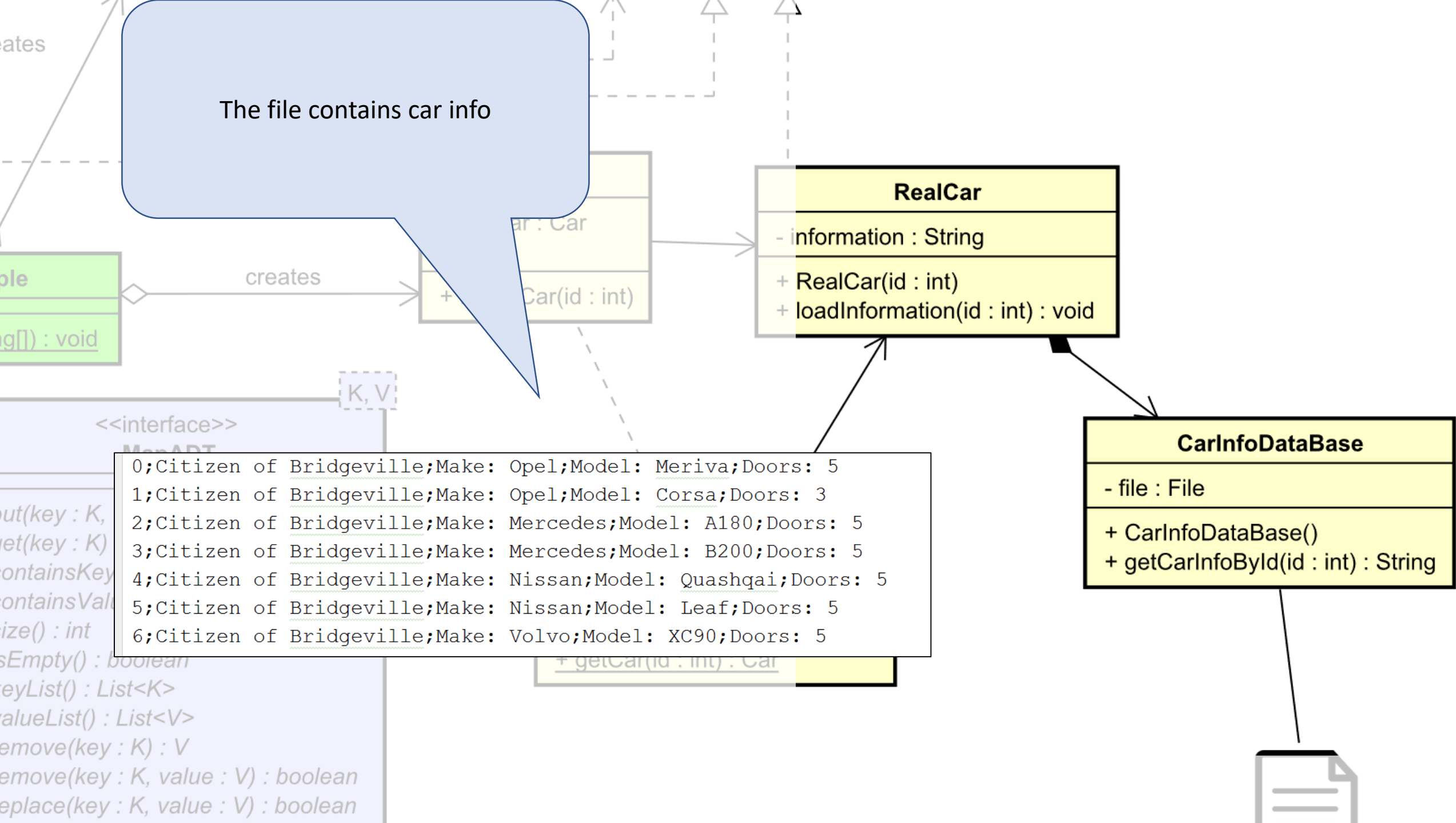


loadInformation is optional, you could just load the information directly in the constructor of RealCar





The file contains car info



Load the info from file.

```
public CarInfoDataBase() { file = new File("CarInfo.txt"); }

public String getCarInfoById(int id) {
    try (BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file))) {
        String line;
        while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
            String[] split = line.split(";");
            if(Integer.valueOf(split[0]) == id) {
                return line;
            }
        }
    } catch (Exception e) {

    }

    return null;
}
```

RealCar

- information : String

+ RealCar(id : int)

+ loadInformation(id : int) : void

CarInfoDataBase

- file : File

+ CarInfoDataBase()

+ getCarInfoById(id : int) : String

Load the info from file.
You may need to specify the absolute
path of the file

```
public CarInfoDataBase() { file = new File("CarInfo.txt"); }

public String getCarInfoById(int id) {
    try (BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file))) {
        String line;
        while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
            String[] split = line.split(";");
            if(Integer.valueOf(split[0]) == id) {
                return line;
            }
        }
    } catch (Exception e) {

    }

    return null;
}
```

RealCar

- information : String

+ RealCar(id : int)

+ loadInformation(id : int) : void

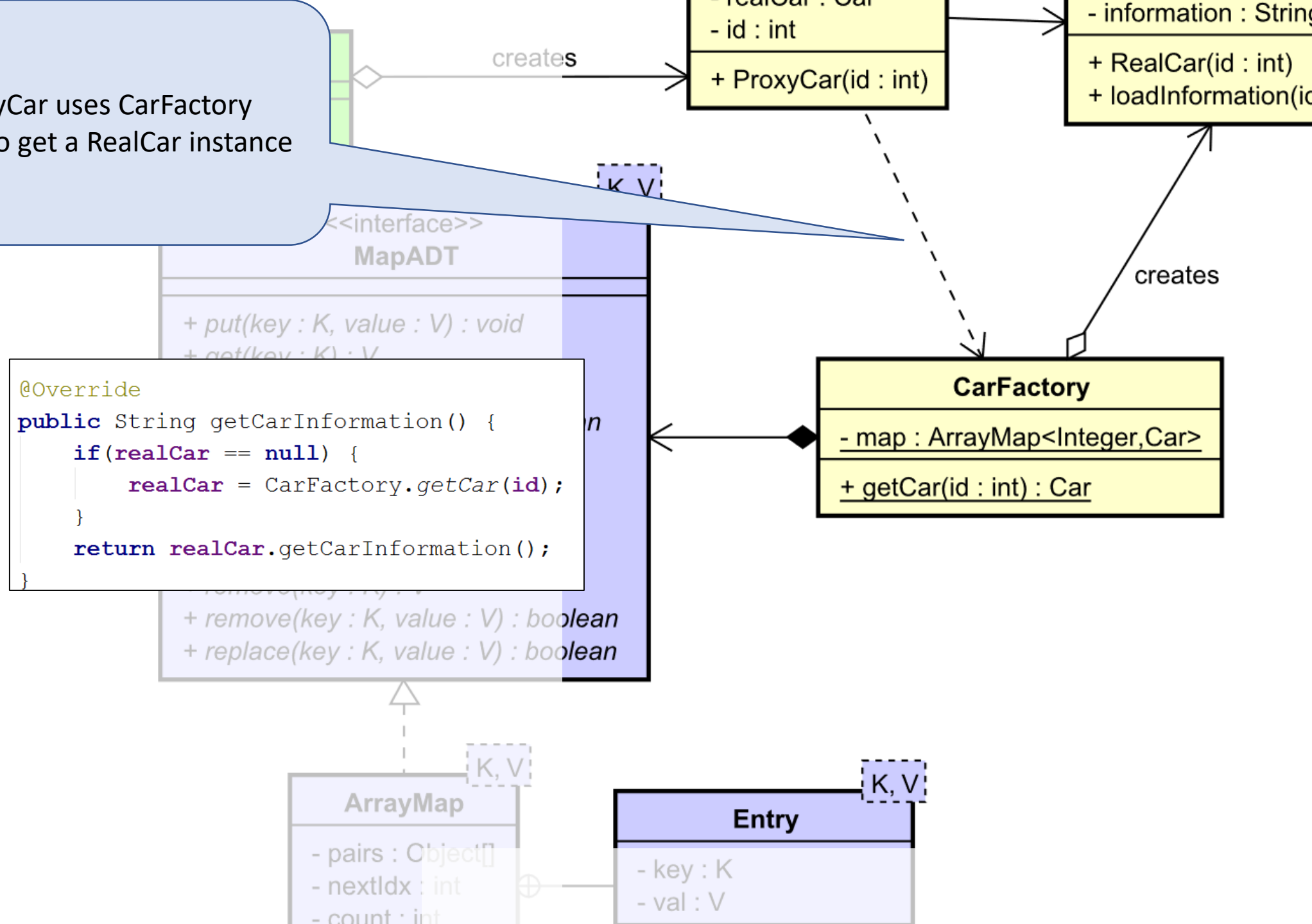
CarInfoDataBase

- file : File

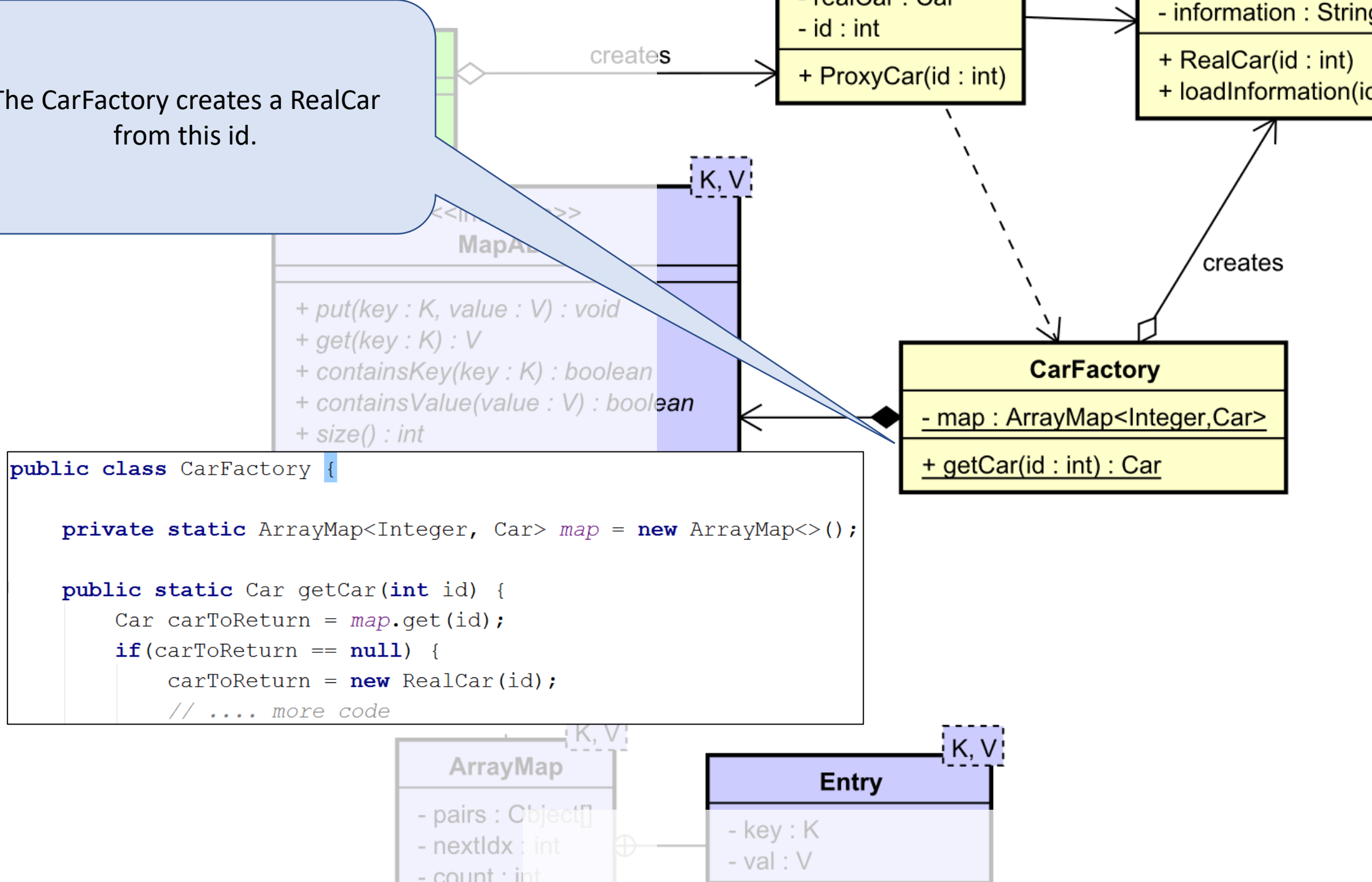
+ CarInfoDataBase()

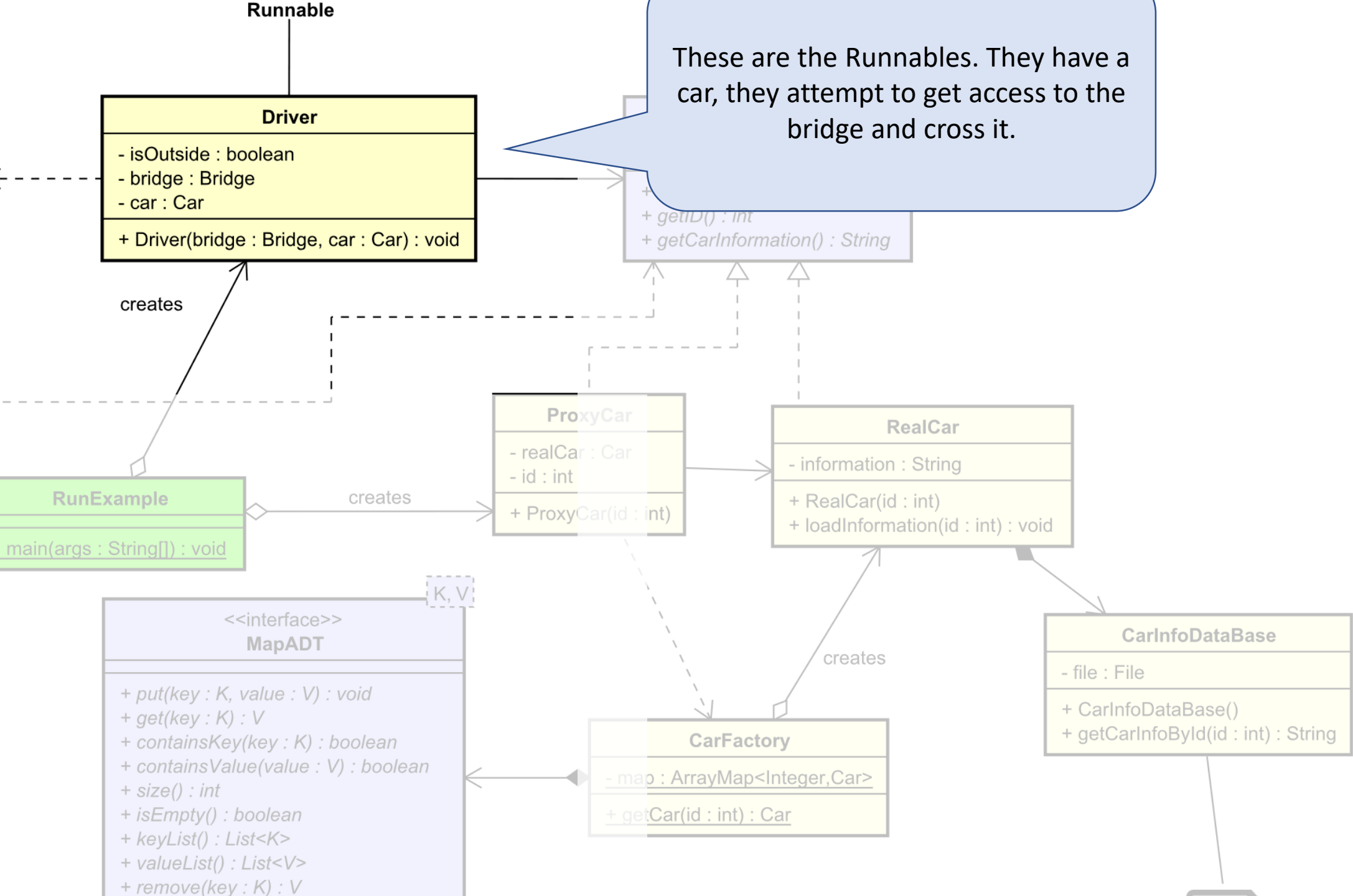
+ getCarInfoById(id : int) : String

The ProxyCar uses CarFactory (flyweight) to get a RealCar instance

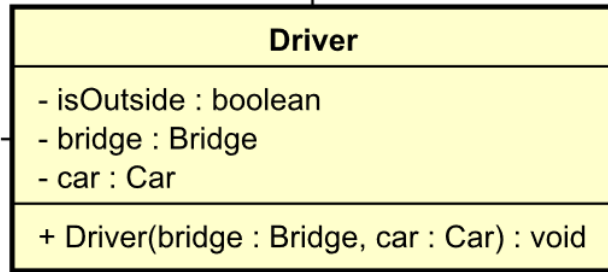


The CarFactory creates a RealCar from this id.





Runnable



These are the Runnables. They have a car, they attempt to get access to the bridge and cross it.

+ `getId() : int`
+ `getCarInformation() : String`

creates

```
public class Driver implements Runnable{

    private boolean fromLeft;
    private Bridge bridge;
    private Car car;

    public Driver(boolean fromLeft, Bridge bridge, Car car) {
        this.fromLeft = fromLeft;
        this.bridge = bridge;
        this.car = car;
    }
}
```

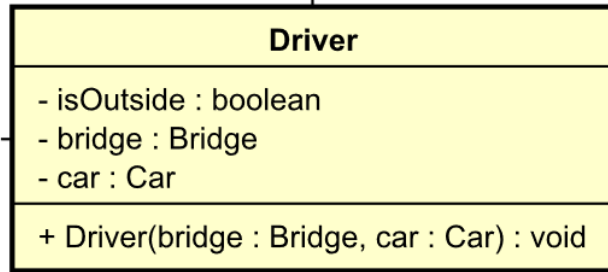
ase

int) : String

+ `isEmpty() : boolean`
+ `keyList() : List<K>`
+ `valueList() : List<V>`
+ `remove(key : K) : V`

+ `getCar(id : int) : Car`

Runnable



Must know about the Bridge

```
public class Driver implements Runnable{

    private boolean fromLeft;
    private Bridge bridge;
    private Car car;

    public Driver(boolean fromLeft, Bridge bridge, Car car) {
        this.fromLeft = fromLeft;
        this.bridge = bridge;
        this.car = car;
    }
}
```

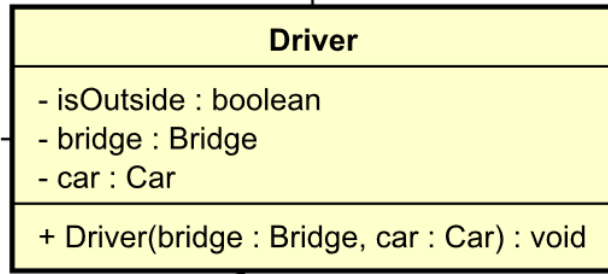
ase

(int) : String

+ isEmpty() : boolean
+ keyList() : List<K>
+ valueList() : List<V>
+ remove(key : K) : V

+ getCar(id : int) : Car

Runnable



A driver drives a car



creates

```
public class Driver implements Runnable {

    private boolean fromLeft;
    private Bridge bridge;
    private Car car;

    public Driver(boolean fromLeft, Bridge bridge, Car car) {
        this.fromLeft = fromLeft;
        this.bridge = bridge;
        this.car = car;
    }
}
```

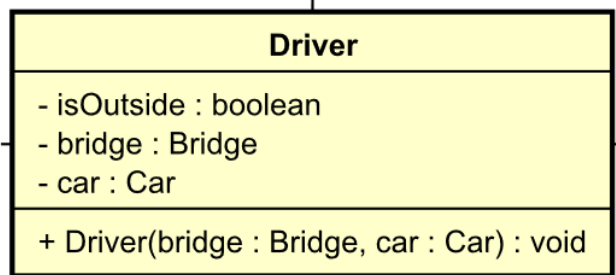
ase

(int) : String

+ isEmpty() : boolean
+ keyList() : List<K>
+ valueList() : List<V>
+ remove(key : K) : V

+ getCar(id : int) : Car

Runnable



I use this, it's optional

```
public class Driver implements Runnable{

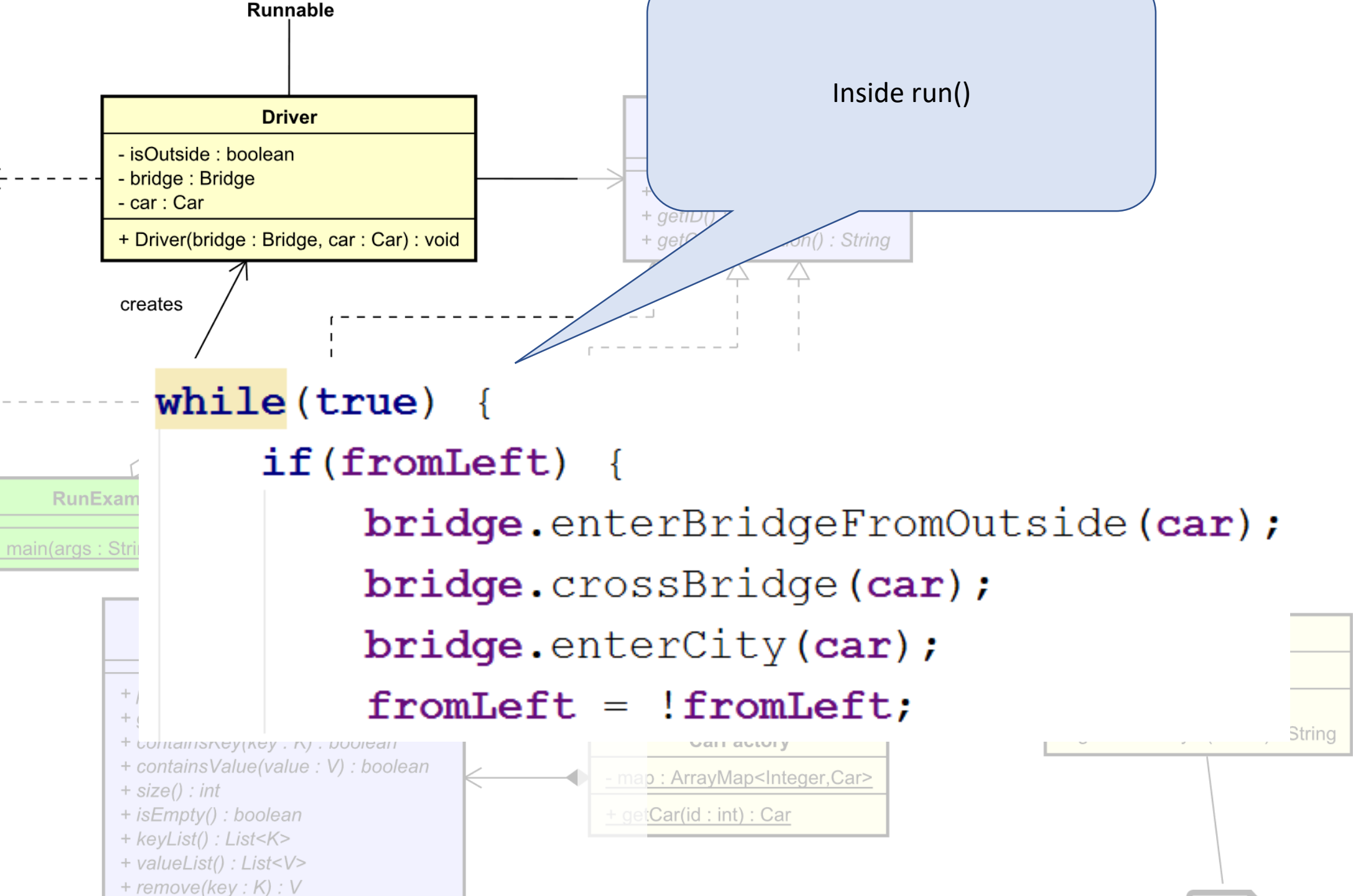
    private boolean fromLeft;
    private Bridge bridge;
    private Car car;

    public Driver(boolean fromLeft, Bridge bridge, Car car) {
        this.fromLeft = fromLeft;
        this.bridge = bridge;
        this.car = car;
    }
}
```

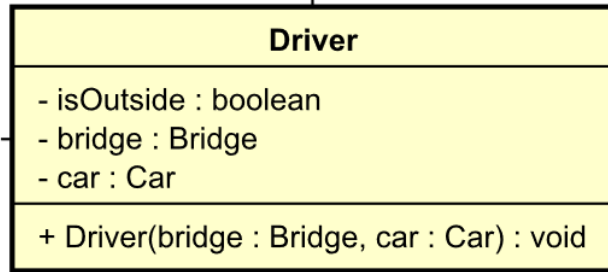
+ isEmpty() : boolean
+ keyList() : List<K>
+ valueList() : List<V>
+ remove(key : K) : V

+ getCar(id : int) : Car

ase
int) : String



Runnable

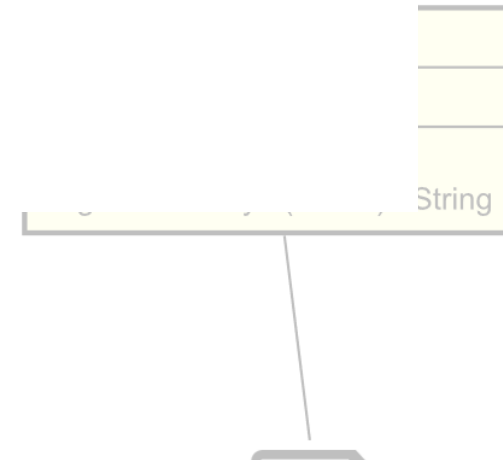
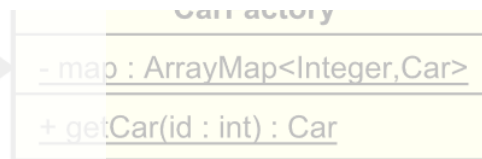
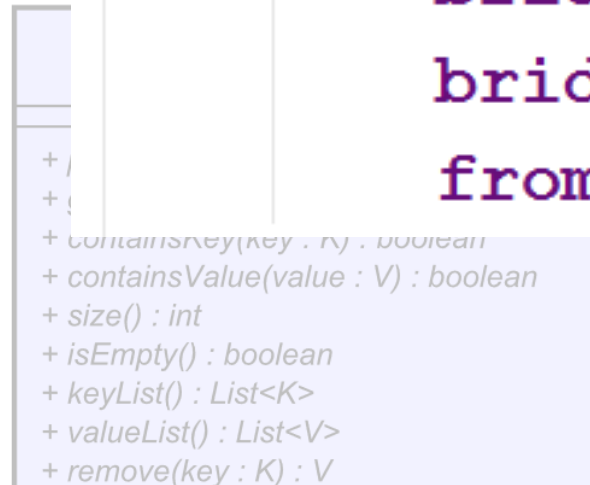
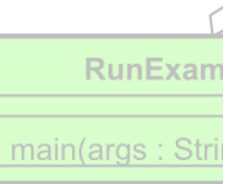


First approach from one side

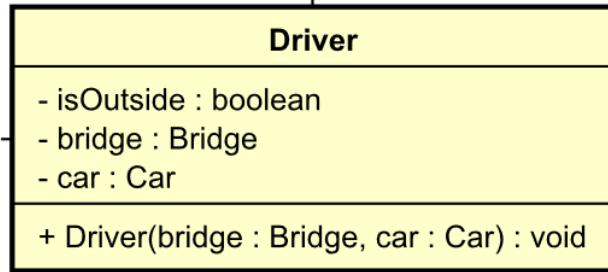


creates

```
while(true) {
    if(fromLeft) {
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
        bridge.enterCity(car);
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
    }
}
```



Runnable



creates

```
while (true) {
```

```
    if (fromLeft) {
```

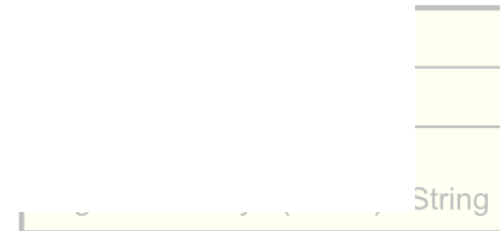
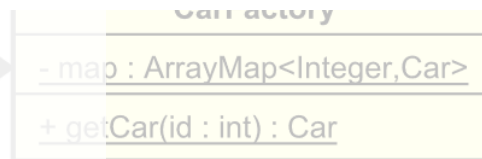
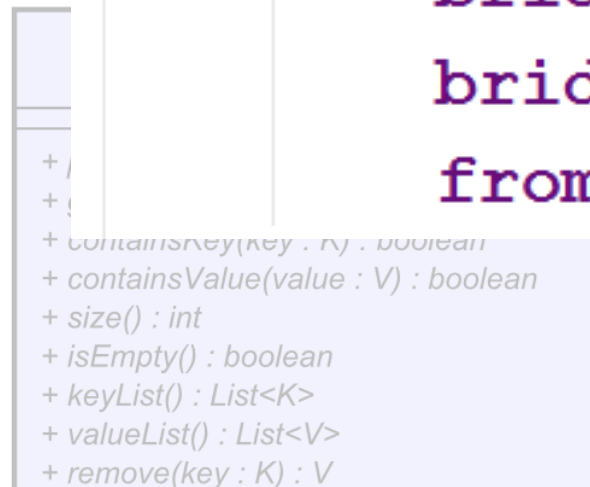
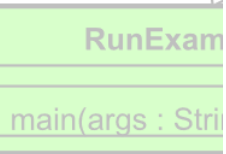
```
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
```

```
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
```

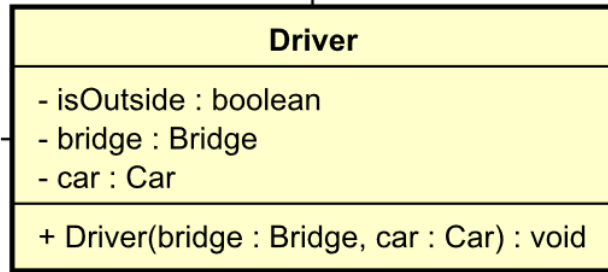
```
        bridge.enterCity(car);
```

```
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
```

Attempt to enter the bridge. If there are no drivers in the opposite direction, get access. Otherwise wait().



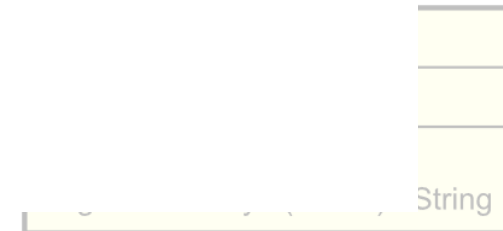
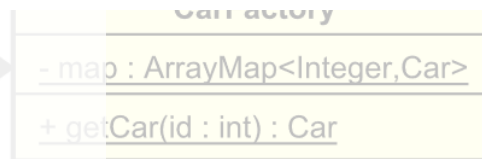
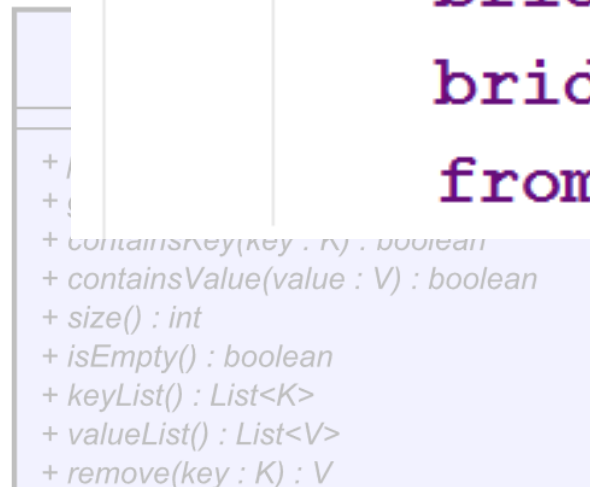
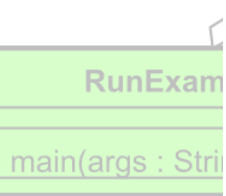
Runnable



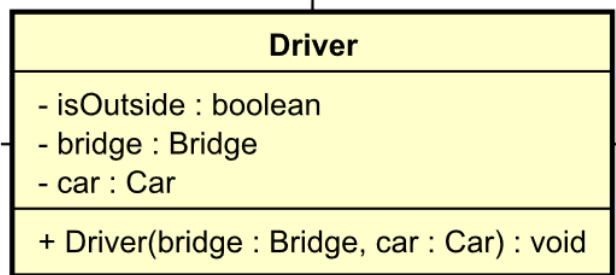
creates

```
while (true) {
    if (fromLeft) {
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
        bridge.enterCity(car);
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
    }
}
```

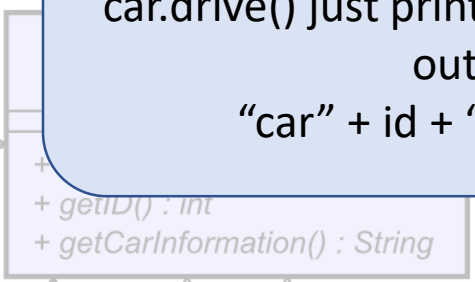
Do the actual crossing.



Runnable



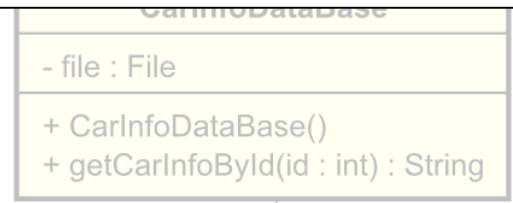
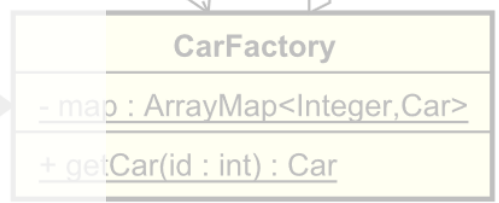
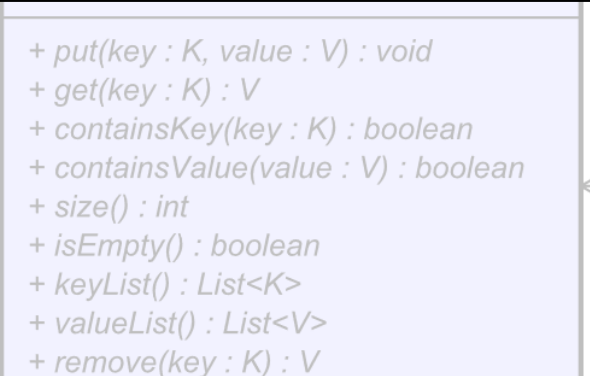
Just sleep to simulate it takes time to cross the bridge.
car.drive() just prints some message out:
"car" + id + " drives..."



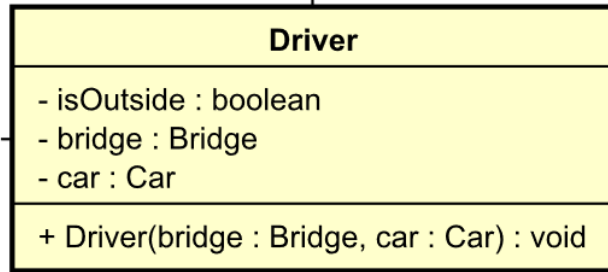
creates

```
while(true) {
    if(fromLeft) {
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
        bridge.enterCity(car);
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
    }
}
```

```
@Override
public void crossBridge(Car car) {
    car.drive();
    try {
        Thread.sleep(100);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {}
}
```



Runnable

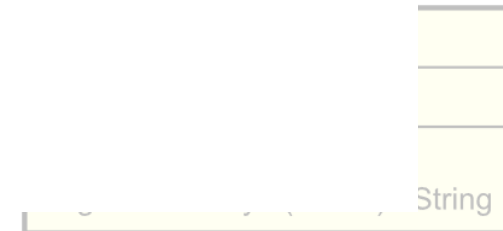
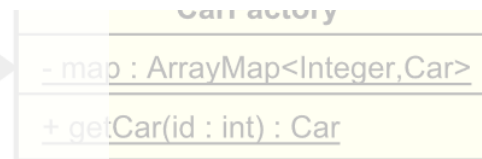
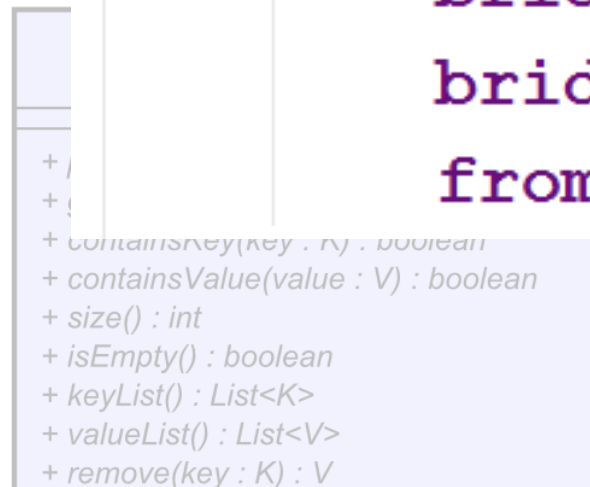


creates

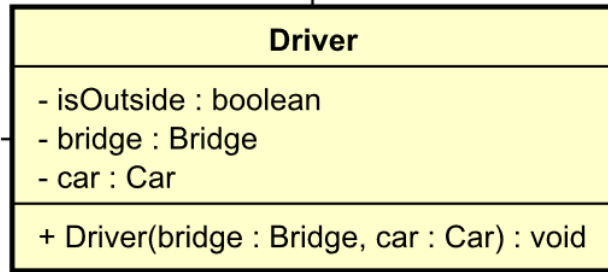
```
while (true) {
    if (fromLeft) {
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
        bridge.enterCity(car);
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
    }
}
```

Say we're done using the Bridge. In `enterCity` method, you must call `car.getCarInformation()`

RunExam
main(args : String[])



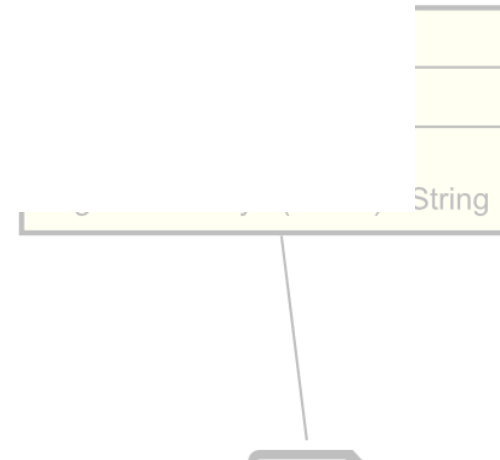
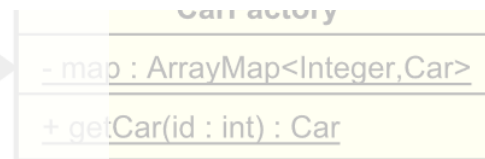
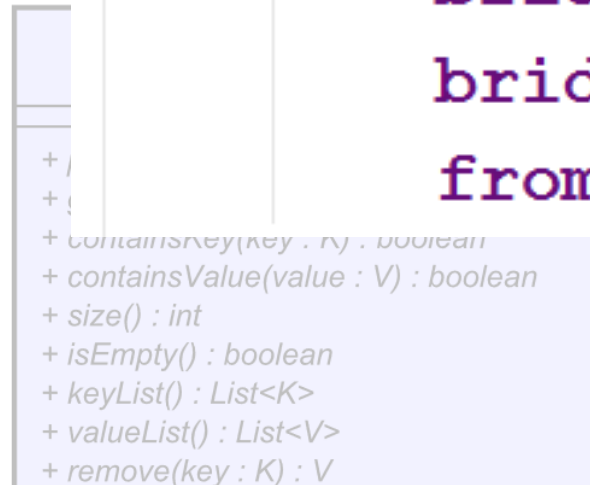
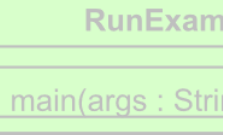
Runnable

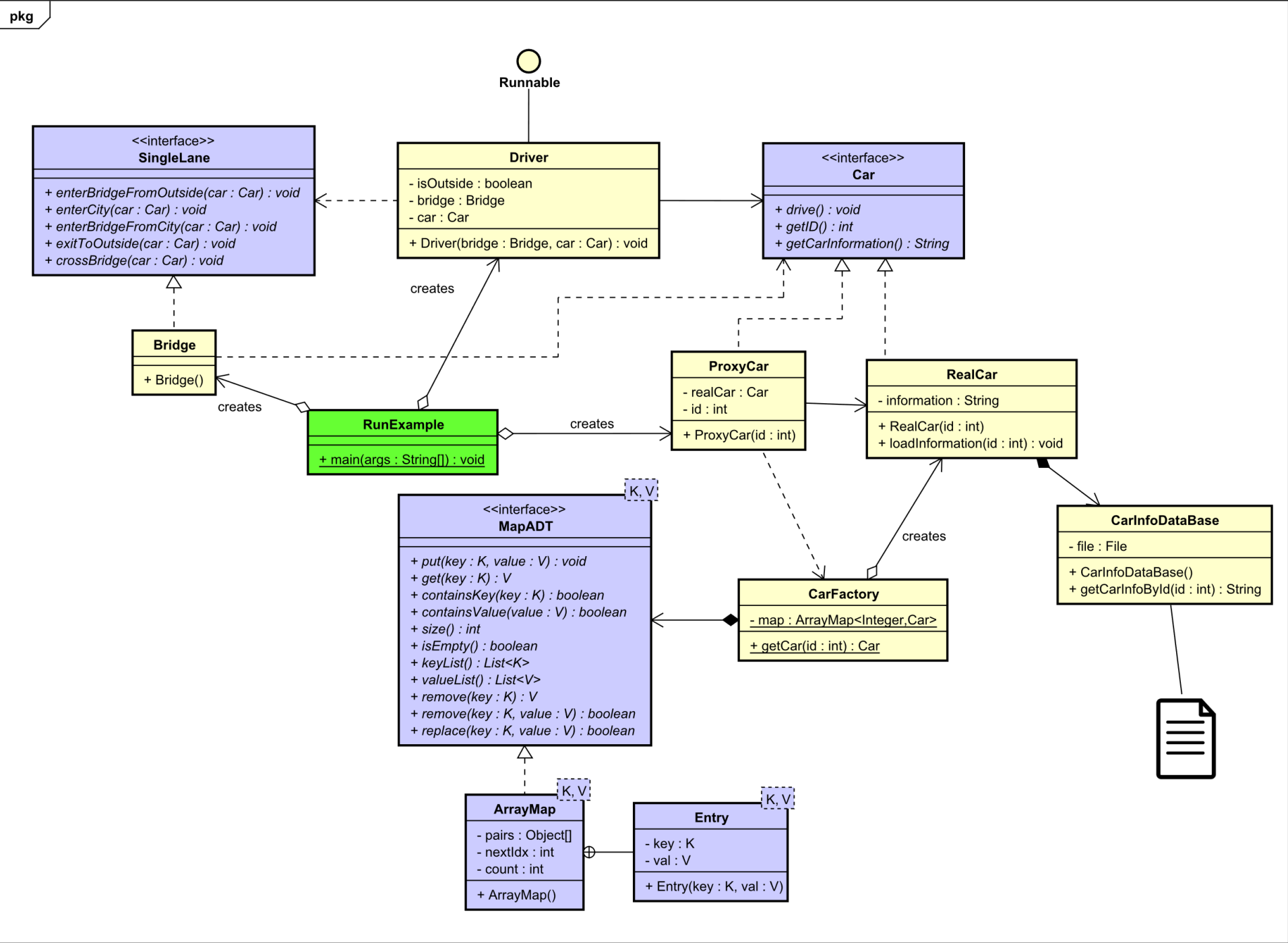


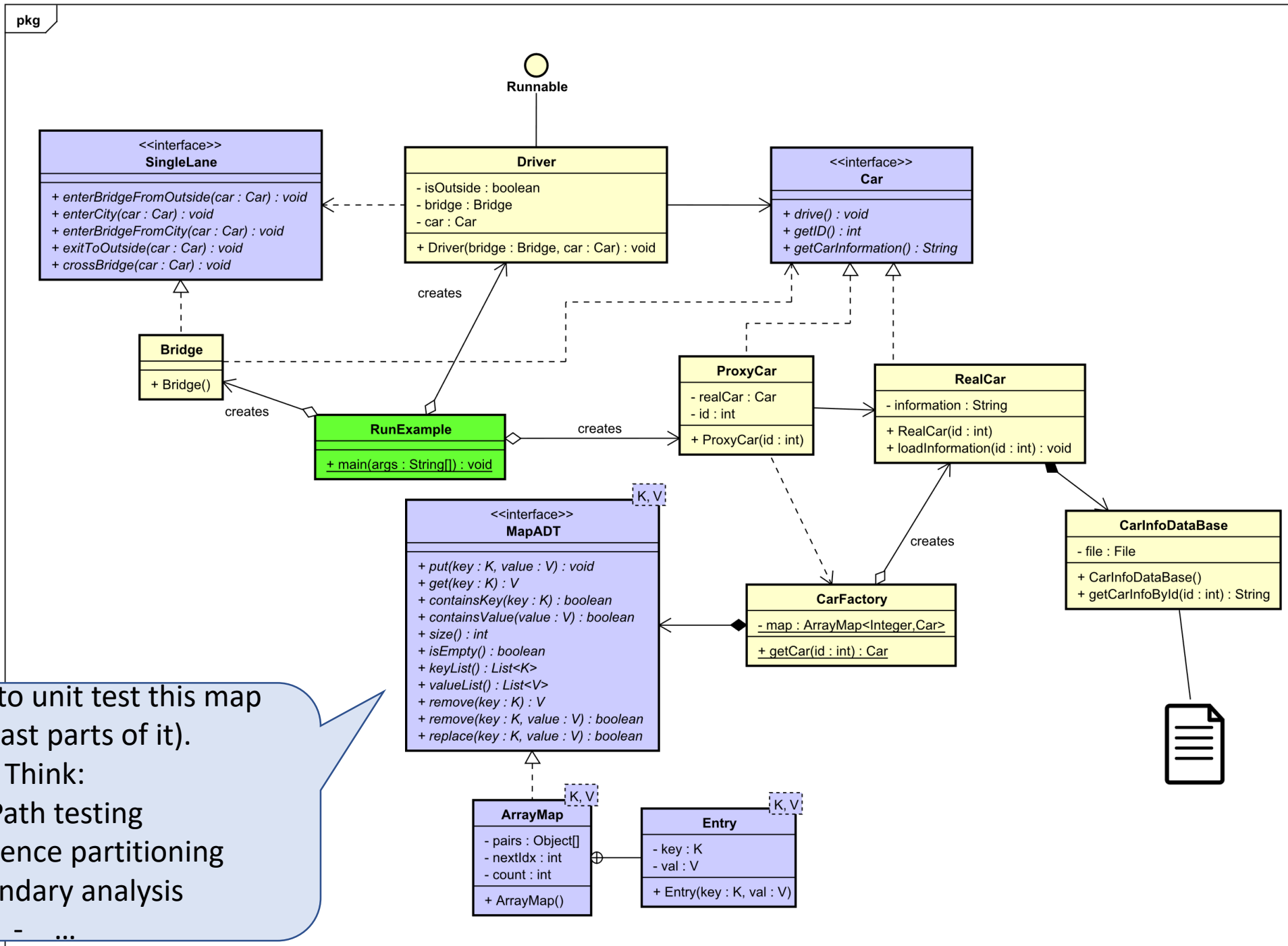
creates

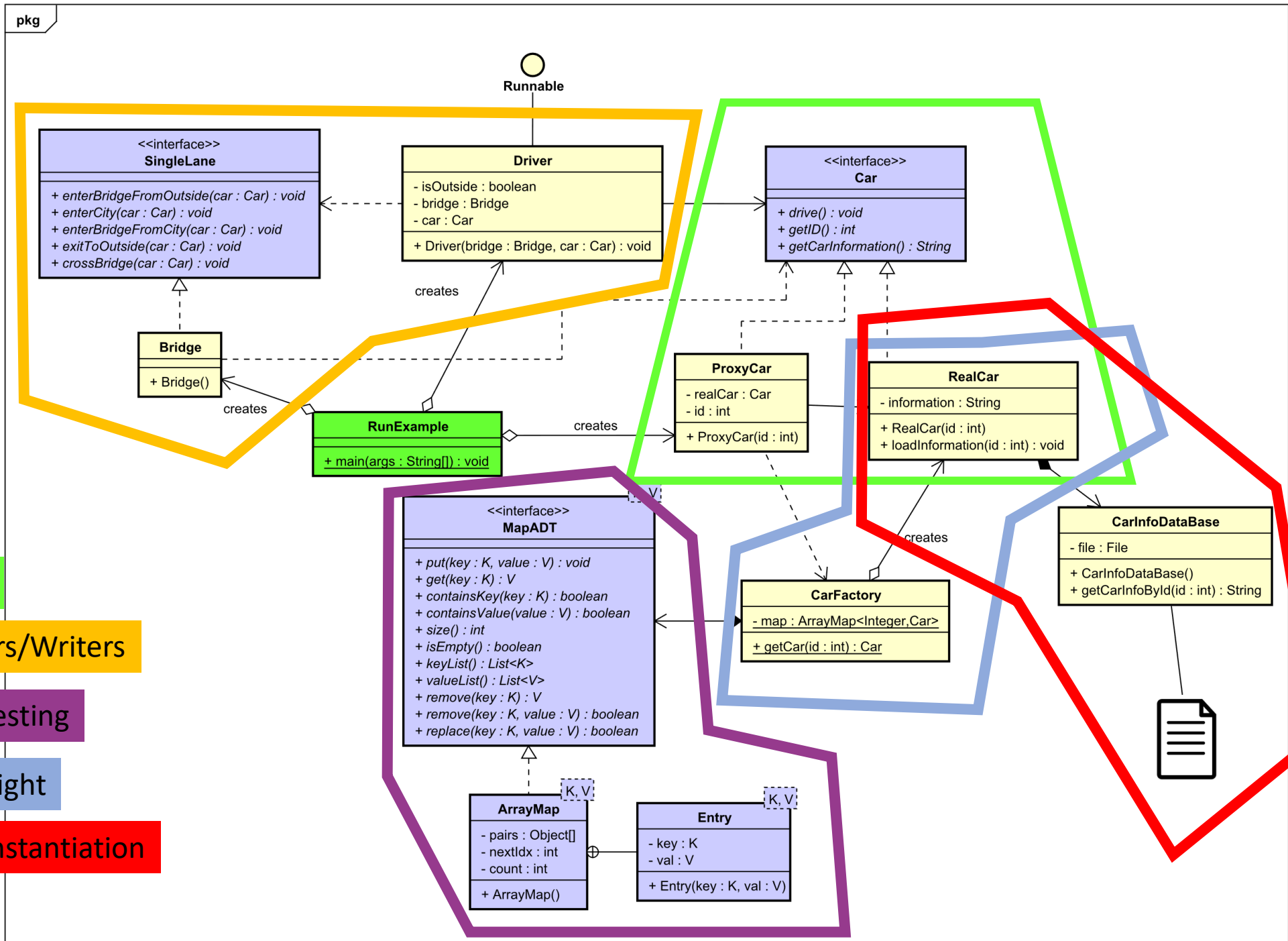
```
while (true) {
    if (fromLeft) {
        bridge.enterBridgeFromOutside(car);
        bridge.crossBridge(car);
        bridge.enterCity(car);
        fromLeft = !fromLeft;
    }
}
```

Flip Boolean, so in the next loop we go into the else part.









Proxy

Readers/Writers

Unit testing

Flyweight

Lazy instantiation

