

# Ziqiao Weng

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## RESEARCH INTERESTS

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Machine Learning, Computer Vision, Medical Imaging, Neuroscience.

## EDUCATION BACKGROUND

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Zhejiang University City College, Hangzhou, P.R.China

Bachelor of Engineering in Electronics and Information Engineering

Sept. 2015 – Jun. 2019

GPA: 3.89/4 (Major: 3.96/4) Ranking: 1/113

## PUBLICATIONS

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- **Ziqiao Weng**, Jingjing Meng, Zhaohua Ding and Junsong Yuan. S3F: A Multi-view Slow-Fast Network for Alzheimer's disease Diagnosis. Accepted by *IEEE International Conference on Multimedia & Expo (ICME 2020)*.
- **Ziqiao Weng**. From conventional Machine Learning to AutoML. Accepted by *International Conference on Control Engineering and Artificial Intelligence (CCEAI 2019)*.

## RESEARCH EXPERIENCES

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### X-ray Scatter Correction using Deep Learning

Nov. 2020 – Now

The Chinese Academy of Sciences

Advisor: Prof. S.Kevin Zhou

- Exploring deep learning base method for scatter reduction in CT image .

### Spatio-Temporal Deep Learning for Medical Image Diagnosis

Mar. 2020 – Now

Advisor: Prof. Junsong Yuan & Prof. Jingjing Meng

Primary Framework: Pytorch, Matlab

- Embedded convGRU to our S3F network to learn temporal information of spatio-temporal rs-fMRI data by treating 3D volumes of continuous time points as a time series.
- The convGRU-S3F network reaches 84.71% accuracy, 4% higher than that of the S3F network, on EMCI classification task using fMRI data.
- Examined GRU-S3F network on the Autism Brain Imaging Data Exchange I (ABIDE I) dataset, which contains preprocessed resting-state 4D fMRI sequences of patients with ASD and healthy controls.

### Multi-view Slow-Fast Learning for Alzheimer's Disease Diagnosis

Jul. 2019 – Dec. 2019

Visual Computing Lab, CSE Department, University at Buffalo

Advisor: Prof. Junsong Yuan & Prof. Jingjing Meng

Primary Framework: Pytorch, Matlab

- Collected the structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) and resting-state functional MRI (rs-fMRI) data from the publicly accessible Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative (ADNI) database.
- Normalized MRI and fMRI data using Data Processing Assistant for Resting-State fMRI (DPARSF) toolbox and made grey matter and white matter masks to segment fMRI data.
- Proposed a multi-view framework (based on SlowFast) that can simultaneously operates rs-fMRI data as video from three perspectives, corresponding to three anatomical planes of human body, through two kind of pathways with different spatial and temporal capacity. Our model achieves state-of-the-art accuracy on Early Mild Cognitive Impairment (EMCI) classification task.
- Proposed the S3F network, which further improved the multi-view framework by integrating SE-Layer into backbone network and introducing more multi-view interactions, showing higher accuracy on EMCI classification task with lower parameters and GPU memories required.

- Improved the S3F network for the classification task over all clinical phases of Alzheimer's Disease, including six classes, by embedding the GHMC loss into the cross-entropy loss to address the imbalance problem of data distribution. Besides, the baseline benchmark provided by further experiments proved the superiority of the S3F over previous multi-view framework and SlowFast network.

### **Meta-Learning on Physics-Informed Neural Networks**

**School of Computing, University of Utah**

Oct. 2018 – Jan. 2019

Advisor: Prof. Shandian Zhe

Primary Framework: Tensorflow

- Applied four hyperparameter optimization algorithms, including bayesian optimization, genetic algorithm, hyperband and random search to learn the optimal fully connected structure of Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINN), a data-driven solution of nonlinear Partial Differential Equations (PDE).
- Examined the meta-learning based PINN on the solution of Burgers and Poisson PDE, where the best result (error rate) of Burgers is  $3.3e-4$  and that of Poisson is  $0.7e-4$ .
- Analyzed the data sampling error of PINN for Burgers and Poisson PDE.
- Explored the approximation power of the improved PINN on different physical functions, including Bessel and Branin functions.

### **Machine Learning on Mining Multifactor Models**

**IIIS, Tsinghua University**

Jun. – Oct. 2018

Advisor: Prof. Jian Li

Primary Framework: Pytorch

- Examined the IC (Information coefficient), i.e., the ability of a factor to predict stock returns, of 152 multifactor models using the data of existing 3500+ stocks and selected 33 factors with high performance where  $IC > 0.1$ .
- Proposed an MFC (Mutable Fully Connected) Network to learn explicable multifactor models (e.g. *Alpha model*) by replacing the activation function of each hidden unit with a factor function, automatically selected from a set factor functions based on the corresponding output of the hidden unit.
- Used two kinds of boosting algorithm, XGboost and LightGBM, to build the multi-factor model based on decision tree respectively and to analyze the importance of 104 factors on the market, where the model showed strong IC significance.

### **SERVICES**

**Invited Reviewer for IEEE Access**

### **AWARDS**

<b>Excellent graduation thesis, ZUCC</b>	2019
<b>Provincial Government Scholarship, Zhejiang Provincial Government</b>	2018
<b>First-class Scholarship in Academic Excellence, ZUCC (TOP 3%)</b>	2017 - 2018
<b>First-class Scholarship in Academic Excellence, ZUCC (TOP 3%)</b>	2016 - 2017
<b>First-class Scholarship in Academic Excellence, ZUCC (TOP 3%)</b>	2015 - 2016
<b>Scholarship in Student Exchange Program, ZUCC</b>	2016