

LIO on Wheels.

1. Assume odo's measurement is available in IMU frame:

that is, new measurement is available as

$$\begin{bmatrix} w_b \\ v_b \end{bmatrix}, \text{ in which:}$$

for diff. drive:

$$w_b = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ w_{b,z} \end{bmatrix} \quad v_b = \begin{bmatrix} v_{b,x} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. So the relative pose constraint, imposed by Odo-Pre-Integration, can be stated as:

$$p_{wb_i} = q_{wb_i} \cdot v_b = C_{wb_i} \cdot v_b$$

$$q_{wb_i} = q_{wb_i} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/2 w_b \end{bmatrix}, \quad C_{wb_i} = C_{wb_i} [w_b]^X$$

$$\Rightarrow: p_{wb_{k+1}} = p_{wb_k} + vT, \quad v = \frac{1}{2} [C_k v_{b_k} + C_{k+1} v_{b_{k+1}}]$$

$$C_{wb_{k+1}} = C_{wb_k} \exp(wT), \quad w = \frac{1}{2} [w_k + w_{k+1}]$$

3. For error propagation:

$$\therefore \dot{p} = C v_b$$

$$\therefore \dot{p} + \delta \dot{p} = C [I + \delta \theta^x] (v_b + n_v)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \delta \dot{p} &= C \delta \theta^x v_b + C n_v \\ &= -C v_b^x \delta \theta + C n_v\end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{C} = C w_b^x$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \dot{C} + \dot{C} \delta \theta^x + C \delta \theta^x &= C [I + \delta \theta^x] (w_b + n_w)^x \\ &= C w_b^x + C \delta \theta^x w_b^x + C n_w^x\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore C w_b^x \delta \theta^x + C \delta \theta^x = C \delta \theta^x w_b^x + C n_w^x$$

$$\therefore \delta \dot{\theta}^x = (\delta \theta^x w_b^x - w_b^x \delta \theta^x) + n_w^x$$

$$\therefore \delta \dot{\theta} = \delta \theta^x w_b + n_w$$

$$= -w_b^x \delta \theta + n_w$$

$$\Rightarrow : \quad \delta \dot{p} = -C v_b^x \delta \theta + C n_v$$

$$\delta \dot{\theta} = -w_b^x \delta \theta + n_w$$

4. Error Propagation, Discretized:

$$\delta \theta_{k+1} = (I - \bar{w}^X T) \delta \theta_k + \frac{1}{2} T \Pi_{w,k} + \frac{1}{2} T \Pi_{w,k+1}$$

$$\delta P_{k+1} = \delta P_k$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} T [C_k V_k^X + C_k V_{k+1}^X (I - \bar{w}^X T)] \delta \theta_k$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} T C_k \Pi_{w,k} + \frac{1}{2} T C_{k+1} \Pi_{w,k+1}$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} T^2 C_{k+1} V_{k+1}^X (\Pi_{w,k} + \Pi_{w,k+1})$$

5: Jacobian: NOT applicable to Odo pre-integration;

6: Residual:

$$r_\theta = \ln(C_{ij}^T C_{wi}^T C_{wj})$$

$$r_p = C_{wi}^T (p_j - p_i) - p_{ij}$$