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Blockchain Solutions



<https://t.me/contractchecker>

[contact@contractchecker.app](mailto:contact@contractchecker.app)

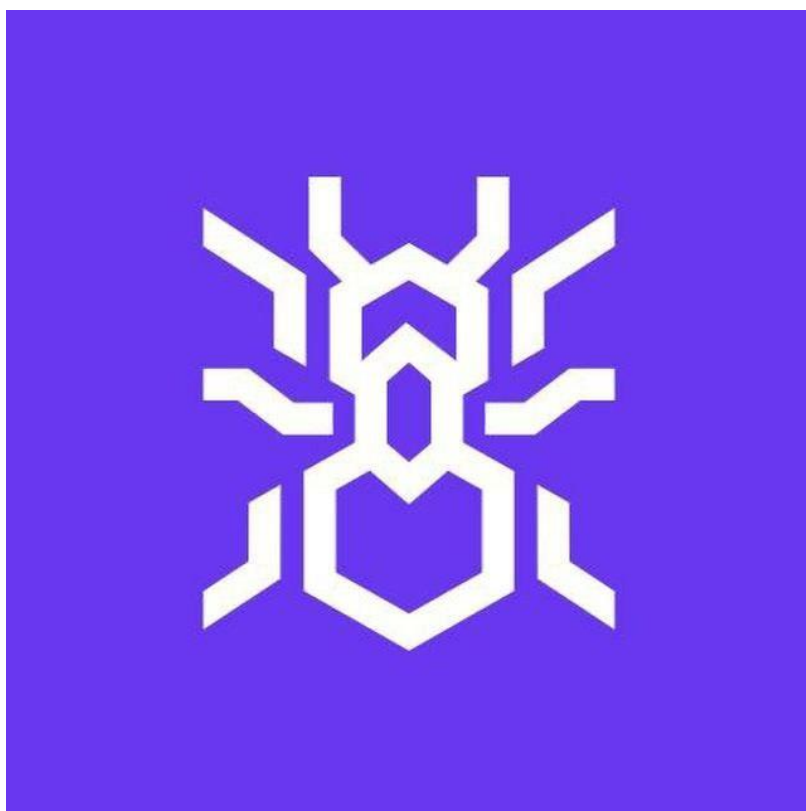
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Anywhere on the Blockchain

**Date:** 29.09.2022

# Smart Contract Security Audit

ANTNETWORKX TOKEN



*Harry K*

**Harry Kedelman**  
General Manager

## Audit Result

- 🔗 ANTNETWORKX TOKEN has **PASSED** the smart contract source code audit with below listed privileges

(Other unknown security vulnerabilities are not included in the audit responsibility scope)

Audit Result:	<b>PASSED</b>
Ownership:	Not renounced yet
KYC Verification:	NA at the date of report edition
Audit Date:	September 29, 2022
Audit Team:	CONTRACTCHECKER

## Findings

### Privileges of Ownership

- ⚠️ Owner can exclude an account from paying fees
- ⚠️ Owner can change the fees but with limit of 10% at max
- ⚠️ Trading must be enabled by the owner
- ⚠️ Owner can change max wallet token amount within reasonable limits
- ⚠️ Owner can change swap settings

## Important Notice for Investors

As Contract Checker team we are mainly auditing the contract code to find out how it will be functioning, and risks which are hidden in the code if any.

There are many factors must be taken into consideration before investing to a project, like: ownership status, project team approach, marketing, general market condition, liquidity, token holdings etc.

Investors must always do their own research and manage their risk considering different factors which can affect the success of a project.

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## SUMMARY

CONTRACTCHECKER received an application for smart contract security audit of ANTNETWORKX TOKEN on September 28, 2022, from the project team to discover if any vulnerability in the source codes of the ANTNETWORKX TOKEN as well as any contract dependencies. Detailed test has been performed using Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process focuses to the following considerations with collaboration of an expert team

- Functionality test of the Smart Contract to determine if proper logic has been followed throughout the whole process.
- Manually detailed examination of the code line by line by experts.
- Live test by multiple clients using Testnet.
- Analysing failure preparations to check how the Smart Contract performs in case of any bugs and vulnerabilities.
- Checking whether all the libraries used in the code are on the latest version.
- Analysing the security of the on-chain data.

## Project Summary

Token Name	ANTNETWORKX TOKEN
Web Site	<a href="https://www.antx.network/">https://www.antx.network/</a>
Twitter	<a href="https://twitter.com/AntNetworX">https://twitter.com/AntNetworX</a>
Telegram	<a href="https://t.me/antnetworkx">https://t.me/antnetworkx</a>
Platform	Binance Smart Chain
Token Type	BEP20
Language	Solidity
Platforms & Tools	Remix IDE, Truffle, Truffle Team, Ganache, Solhint, VScode, Mythril, Contract Library
Contract Address	0x114D1f34D5050a930dC8fAb30102c46B6Dc37a81
Contract Link	<a href="https://bscscan.com/token/0x114D1f34D5050a930dC8fAb30102c46B6Dc37a81">https://bscscan.com/token/0x114D1f34D5050a930dC8fAb30102c46B6Dc37a81</a>
Test Link	<a href="https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x0b4203a9d9c25ea7b26dabb6d9324848c90cea84">https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x0b4203a9d9c25ea7b26dabb6d9324848c90cea84</a>

## OVERVIEW

This Audit Report mainly focuses on overall security of ANTNETWORKX TOKEN smart contract. Contract Checker team scanned the contract and assessed overall system architecture and the smart contract codebase against vulnerabilities, exploitations, hacks, and back-doors to ensure its reliability and correctness.

## Auditing Approach and Applied Methodologies

Contract Checker team has performed rigorous test procedures of the project

- Code design patterns analysis in which smart contract architecture is reviewed to ensure it is structured according to industry standards and safe use of third-party smart contracts and libraries.
- Line-by-line inspection of the Smart Contract to find any potential vulnerability like race conditions, transaction-ordering dependence, timestamp dependence, and denial of service attacks.
- Unit testing Phase, we coded/conducted custom unit tests written for each function in the contract to verify that each function works as expected.
- Automated Test performed with our in-house developed tools to identify vulnerabilities and security flaws of the Smart Contract.

The focus of the audit was to verify that the Smart Contract System is secure, resilient, and working according to the specifications. The audit activities can be grouped in the following three categories:

### Security

Identifying security related issues within each contract and the system of contract.

### Sound Architecture

Evaluation of the architecture of this system through the lens of established smart contract best practices and general software best practices.

### Code Correctness and Quality

A full review of the contract source code. The primary areas of focus include:

- Accuracy
- Readability
- Sections of code with high complexity
- Quantity and quality of test coverage

### Risk Classification

Vulnerabilities are classified in 3 main levels as below based on possible effect to the contract.

## High level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level must be fixed immediately as they might lead to fund and data loss and open to manipulation. Any High-level finding will be highlighted with **RED** text

## Medium level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level also important to fix as they have potential risk of future exploit and manipulation. Any Medium-level finding will be highlighted with **ORANGE** text

## Low level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level are minor and may not affect the smart contract execution. Any Low-level finding will be highlighted with **BLUE** text

## Vulnerability Checklist

Nº	Description.	Result
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Re-entrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Front running.	Passed
6	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11	Economy model.	Passed
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
18	Design Logic.	Passed
19	Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
20	Safe Zeppelin module.	Passed
21	Fallback function security.	Passed

## Manual Audit:

For this section the code was tested/read line by line by our developers. Additionally, Remix IDE's JavaScript VM and Kovan networks used to test the contract functionality.



## Smart Contract SWC Attack Test

SWC ID	Description	Test Result
SWC-100	Function Visibility	Passed
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
SWC-107	Re-entrancy	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	LOW
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
SWC-112	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	LOW
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code)	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed

## ➤ SWC-103: A floating pragma is set

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.9.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

```
5 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
6 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.9.0;
7
8 interface IERC20 {
```

## ➤ SWC-108: State variable visibility is not set

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "lpPairs" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

```
104 mapping (address => uint256) private _tOwned;
105 mapping (address => bool) lpPairs;
106 uint256 private timeSinceLastPair = 0;
```

The default visibility for "inSwap" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

```
142 address public marketingWallet = payable(0x29224fC97Bc82Df0ceC8568C1E7b579708ffa3ea);
143
144 bool inSwap;
```

The default visibility for "antiSnipe" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

```
153 bool public tradingEnabled = false;
154 bool public _hasLiqBeenAdded = false;
155 AntiSnipe antiSnipe;
```

## ➤ SWC-115: Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control

The tx.origin environment variable has been found to influence a control flow decision. Note that using "tx.origin" as a security control might cause a situation where a user inadvertently authorizes a smart contract to perform an action on their behalf. It is recommended to use "msg.sender" instead.

```
407 && to != _owner
408 && tx.origin != _owner
409 && !_liquidityHolders[to]
```

## ➤ SWC-120: Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and time stamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

```
505 try antiSnipe.setLaunch(lpPair, uint32(block.number), uint64(block.timestamp), _decimals) {} catch {}
506 tradingEnabled = true;
507 allowedPresaleExclusion = false;
```



## Automated Audit

Manual audit results are verified with automated Hardhat test

Solc version: 0.8.4		Optimizer enabled: false		Runs: 200	Block limit: 30000000 gas	
Methods						
Contract	Method	Min	Max	Avg	# calls	gas (avg)
AntNetwork2	approve	29561	49461	39511	18	-
AntNetwork2	approveContractContingency	-	-	30351	9	-
AntNetwork2	enableTrading	-	-	80629	9	-
AntNetwork2	renounceOwnership	-	-	26981	1	-
AntNetwork2	setContractSwapEnabled	-	-	49919	1	-
AntNetwork2	setExcludedFromFees	24811	46723	39415	3	-
AntNetwork2	setMaxWalletSize	-	-	32664	1	-
AntNetwork2	setPriceImpactSwapAmount	-	-	28931	1	-
AntNetwork2	setSwapSettings	-	-	43905	1	-
AntNetwork2	setTaxes	-	-	99055	1	-
AntNetwork2	transferOwner	-	-	54574	1	-
IgorRouter	addLiquidityETH	280724	3467452	1874081	18	-
IgorRouter	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	192275	219797	201449	3	-
IgorRouter	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	-	-	167913	2	-
IUSD	approve	-	-	47187	9	-
Deployments					% of limit	
AntNetwork2		10148076	10148086	10148082	33.8 %	-
IgorFactory		-	-	4186161	14 %	-
IgorRouter		5806039	5806063	5806057	19.4 %	-
IUSD		-	-	1379512	4.6 %	-
WIGOR		-	-	799493	2.7 %	-
9 passing (10s)						

## Remix Compiler Warnings

It throws warnings by Solidity's compiler. No issues found.

## Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. To get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us based on what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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