

Date: 24.10.2022

Smart Contract Security Audit

MILK BOTTLE DOG TOKEN



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Audit Result

⊘ BABY BOTTLE DOG TOKEN has successfully PASSED the smart contract source code audit with below listed privileges

(Other unknown security vulnerabilities are not included in the audit responsibility scope)

Audit Result: **PASSED**

Ownership: Not renounced yet

KYC Verification: NA At the date of report edition

October 24, 2022 Audit Date:

Audit Team: CONTRACTCHECKER

Findings

Privileges of Ownership

Auto liquidity is going to an externally owned account

Owner can exclude an account from paying fees

Owner can change the fees but with limit of 25% at max

Owner can change swap settings

Important Notice for Investors

As Contract Checker team we are mainly auditing the contract code to find out how it will be functioning, and risks which are hidden in the code if any.

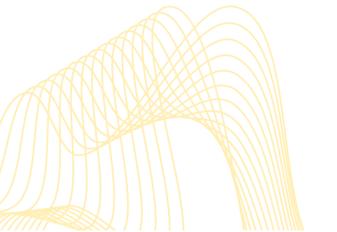
There are many factors must be taken into consideration before investing to a project, like: ownership status, project team approach, marketing, general market condition, liquidity, token holdings etc.

Investors must always do their own research and manage their risk considering different factors which can affect the success of a project.



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SUMMARY

CONTRACTCHECKER received an application for smart contract security audit of BABY BOTTLE DOG TOKEN on October 23, 2022, from the project team to discover if any vulnerability in the source codes of the BABY BOTTLE DOG TOKEN as well as any contract dependencies. Detailed test has been performed using Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process focuses to the following considerations with collaboration of an expert team

- Functionality test of the Smart Contract to determine if proper logic has been followed throughout the whole process.
- Manually detailed examination of the code line by line by experts.
- Live test by multiple clients using Testnet.
- Analysing failure preparations to check how the Smart Contract performs in case of any bugs and vulnerabilities.
- Checking whether all the libraries used in the code are on the latest version.
- Analysing the security of the on-chain data.

Project Summary

Token Name BABY BOTTLE DOG TOKEN

Web Site http://www.cetoapp.co/MBD/index.html?id=2

Twitter https://twitter.com/milkbottledog_1

Telegram https://t.me/milkbottledog

Platform Binance Smart Chain

Token Type BEP20

Language Solidity

Platforms & Tools Remix IDE, Truffle, Truffle Team, Ganache, Solhint, VScode, Mythril, Contract Library

Contract 0x6efd15a84ec6f545dfa08205af0625bd69f4be9b

Contract Link https://bscscan.com/token/0x6efd15a84ec6f545dfa08205af0625bd69f4be9b

Test Link https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0xe5F9c8586a56Ae5214Bf454df7003AF3f81058c5





OVERVIEW

This Audit Report mainly focuses on overall security of BABY BOTTLE DOG TOKEN smart contract. Contract Checker team scanned the contract and assessed overall system architecture and the smart contract codebase against vulnerabilities, exploitations, hacks, and back-doors to ensure its reliability and correctness.

Auditing Approach and Applied Methodologies

Contract Checker team has performed rigorous test procedures of the project

- Code design patterns analysis in which smart contract architecture is reviewed to ensure it is structured according to industry standards and safe use of third-party smart contracts and libraries.
- Line-by-line inspection of the Smart Contract to find any potential vulnerability like race conditions, transaction-ordering dependence, timestamp dependence, and denial of service attacks.
- Unit testing Phase, we coded/conducted custom unit tests written for each function in the contract to verify that each function works as expected.
- Automated Test performed with our in-house developed tools to identify vulnerabilities and security flaws of the Smart Contract.

The focus of the audit was to verify that the Smart Contract System is secure, resilient, and working according to the specifications. The audit activities can be grouped in the following three categories:

Security

Identifying security related issues within each contract and the system of contract.

Sound Architecture

Evaluation of the architecture of this system through the lens of established smart contract best practices and general software best practices.

Code Correctness and Quality

A full review of the contract source code. The primary areas of focus include:

- Accuracy
- Readability
- Sections of code with high complexity
- Quantity and quality of test coverage



Risk Classification

Vulnerabilities are classified in 3 main levels as below based on possible effect to the contract.

High level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level must be fixed immediately as they might lead to fund and data loss and open to manipulation. Any High-level finding will be highlighted with **RED** text

Medium level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level also important to fix as they have potential risk of future exploit and manipulation. Any Medium-level finding will be highlighted with **ORANGE** text

Low level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level are minor and may not affect the smart contract execution. Any Low-level finding will be highlighted with **BLUE** text

Manual Audit:

For this section the code was tested/read line by line by our developers. Additionally, Remix IDE's JavaScript VM and Kovan networks used to test the contract functionality.





Smart Contract SWC Attack Test

SWC ID	Description		
SWC-100	Function Visibility	Passed	
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed	
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW	
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed	
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed	
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed	
SWC-107	Re-entrancy	Passed	
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed	
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed	
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed	
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed	
SWC-112	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed	
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed	
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed	
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW	
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed	
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed	
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed	
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed	
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed	
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed	
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed	
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed	
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed	
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed	
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed	
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed	
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed	
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed	
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed	
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed	
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed	
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed	
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed	
SWC-135	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code)	Passed	
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed	





> SWC-103: A floating pragma is set

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

```
5 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
6 pragma solidity ^0.8.0
```

SWC-115: Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control

Using "tx.origin" as a security control can lead to authorization bypass vulnerabilities. Consider using "msg.sender" unless you really know what you are doing.

```
function processDividendTracker(uint256 gas) external {

(uint256 iterations, uint256 claims, uint256 lastProcessedIndex) = dividendTracker.process(gas);

emit ProcessedDividendTracker(iterations, claims, lastProcessedIndex, false, gas, tx.origin);

try dividendTracker.process(gas) returns (uint256 iterations, uint256 claims, uint256 lastProcessedIndex) {

emit ProcessedDividendTracker(iterations, claims, lastProcessedIndex, true, gas, tx.origin);

2287

}
```

Automated Audit

Manual test results verified with Hardhat test

		ı			ı	
	Solc version: 0.8.4	· Optimizer enabled: false · R		Runs: 200		
Methods						
	Method	Min	Max	Avg		usd (avg)
BABYTOKEN :	approve			47300	22	
BABYTOKEN •	excludeFromDividends		· -	66792	. 2	
BABYTOKEN	excludeFromFees	26772	48622	34059	3	
BABYTOKEN :	renounceOwnership			23572	1	
BABYTOKEN	setBuyTaxes		-	45852	2	
BABYTOKEN	setDeadWallet		-	29284	1	
BABYTOKEN	setMarketingWallet		-	29262	1	-
BABYTOKEN	setSelTaxes		-	· 43030	2	-
BABYTOKEN	setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled		-	24244	1	-
BABYTOKEN	setSwapTokensAtAmount		· -	28988	2	-
BABYTOKEN	transferOwnership		-	29018	· 1	-
BABYTOKEN	updateUniswapV2Router	-	 	3286526	1	-
IgorRouter •	addLiquidityETH	277897	3467125	1872509	22	-
IgorRouter	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	176104	367859	262539	7 	-
IUSD	approve		-	47187	- 11 -	-
Deployments					% of limit	
BABYTOKEN		10305554	10305564	10305561	34.4 %	
BABYTOKENDivi	.dendTracker	3970997	3971069	3971062	13.2 %	
IgorFactory			 	4186161	14 %	
IgorRouter		5806039	5806063	5806062	19.4 %	
IterableMappi	ng	-	 - -	659918	2.2 %	
IUSD			-	1379512	4.6 %	
WIGOR		-	 	799493	2.7 %	
11 passing (15						

Remix Compiler Warnings

It throws warnings by Solidity's compiler. No issues found.



Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. To get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us based on what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed. If you have any doubt about the Genuity for this document, please check QR code:

