



**Date:** 02.10.2022

# **Smart Contract Security Audit**

#### **KAWAII TOKEN**



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#### **Audit Result**

KAWAII TOKEN has PASSED the smart contract source code audit with below listed privileges

(Other unknown security vulnerabilities are not included in the audit responsibility scope)

Audit Result: **PASSED** 

Ownership: Not renounced yet

**KYC Verification:** NA At the date of report edition

Audit Date: November 02, 2022

Audit Team: CONTRACTCHECKER

#### **Findings**

# **Privileges of Ownership**

Owner can exclude an account from paying fees

Owner can change the fees but with limit of 10% at max

Trading must be enabled by the owner.

Owner can change swap settings

# Important Notice for Investors

As Contract Checker team we are mainly auditing the contract code to find out how it will be functioning, and risks which are hidden in the code if any.

There are many factors must be taken into consideration before investing to a project, like: ownership status, project team approach, marketing, general market condition, liquidity, token holdings etc.

Investors must always do their own research and manage their risk considering different factors which can affect the success of a project.



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#### **SUMMARY**

CONTRACTCHECKER received an application for smart contract security audit of KAWAII TOKEN on November 01, 2022, from the project team to discover if any vulnerability in the source codes of the KAWAII TOKEN as well as any contract dependencies. Detailed test has been performed using Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process focuses to the following considerations with collaboration of an expert team

- Functionality test of the Smart Contract to determine if proper logic has been followed throughout the whole process.
- Manually detailed examination of the code line by line by experts.
- Live test by multiple clients using Testnet.
- Analysing failure preparations to check how the Smart Contract performs in case of any bugs and vulnerabilities.
- Checking whether all the libraries used in the code are on the latest version.
- Analysing the security of the on-chain data.

#### **Project Summary**

Token Name KAWA<mark>II TO</mark>KEN

Web Site <a href="https://kawaiibsc.com">https://kawaiibsc.com</a>

Twitter https://twitter.com/kawaiitokenbsc

Telegram <a href="https://t.me/kawaiiglobal">https://t.me/kawaiiglobal</a>

Platform Binance Smart Chain

Token Type BEP20

Language Solidity

Platforms & Tools Remix IDE, Truffle, Truffle Team, Ganache, Solhint, VScode, Mythril, Contract Library

Contract Address 0xA0A0B86d3ae2E804F8aD45Fd0A2e5d3A96eC9886

Contract Link https://bscscan.com/token/0xa0a0b86d3ae2e804f8ad45fd0a2e5d3a96ec9886

Test Link https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x3909Dda262260cCf7751663ffb923b8e2a8F9Fa2





#### **OVERVIEW**

This Audit Report mainly focuses on overall security of KAWAII TOKEN smart contract. Contract Checker team scanned the contract and assessed overall system architecture and the smart contract codebase against vulnerabilities, exploitations, hacks, and back-doors to ensure its reliability and correctness.

#### **Auditing Approach and Applied Methodologies**

Contract Checker team has performed rigorous test procedures of the project

- ➤ Code design patterns analysis in which smart contract architecture is reviewed to ensure it is structured according to industry standards and safe use of third-party smart contracts and libraries.
- Line-by-line inspection of the Smart Contract to find any potential vulnerability like race conditions, transaction-ordering dependence, timestamp dependence, and denial of service attacks.
- Unit testing Phase, we coded/conducted custom unit tests written for each function in the contract to verify that each function works as expected.
- Automated Test performed with our in-house developed tools to identify vulnerabilities and security flaws of the Smart Contract.

The focus of the audit was to verify that the Smart Contract System is secure, resilient, and working according to the specifications. The audit activities can be grouped in the following three categories:

# Security

Identifying security related issues within each contract and the system of contract.

#### Sound Architecture

Evaluation of the architecture of this system through the lens of established smart contract best practices and general software best practices.

# Code Correctness and Quality

A full review of the contract source code. The primary areas of focus include:

- Accuracy
- Readability
- Sections of code with high complexity
- Quantity and quality of test coverage

#### Risk Classification

Vulnerabilities are classified in 3 main levels as below based on possible effect to the contract.



#### High level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level must be fixed immediately as they might lead to fund and data loss and open to manipulation. Any High-level finding will be highlighted with **RED** text

#### Medium level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level also important to fix as they have potential risk of future exploit and manipulation. Any Medium-level finding will be highlighted with **ORANGE** text

#### Low level vulnerability

Vulnerabilities on this level are minor and may not affect the smart contract execution. Any Low-level finding will be highlighted with **BLUE** text

# Vulnerability Checklist

Νō	Description.	Result
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Re-entrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in <mark>dat</mark> a delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Front running.	Passed
6	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11	Economy model.	Passed
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
18	Design Logic.	Passed
19	Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
20	Safe Zeppelin module.	Passed
21	Fallback function security.	Passed

# Manual Audit:

For this section the code was tested/read line by line by our developers. Additionally, Remix IDE's JavaScript VM and Kovan networks used to test the contract functionality.



# **Smart Contract SWC Attack Test**

SWC ID	Description				
SWC-100	Function Visibility	Passed			
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed			
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed			
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW			
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed			
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed			
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed			
SWC-107	Re-entrancy	Passed			
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed			
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed			
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed			
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed			
SWC-112	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed			
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed			
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed			
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed			
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed			
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed			
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed			
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed			
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	LOW			
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed			
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed			
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed			
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed			
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed			
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed			
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed			
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed			
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed			
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed			
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed			
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed			
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed			
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed			
SWC-135	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code)	Passed			
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed			





#### > SWC-103: A floating pragma is set

The current pragma Solidity directive is "^0.5.0", "^0.6.2", "^0.8.0". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

```
6 / // OpenZeppelin Contracts (last updated v4.6.0) (token/ERC20/IERC20.sol)
8 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
97 // OpenZeppelin Contracts v4.4.1 (token/ERC20/extensions/IERC20Metadata.sol)
99 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
125 // OpenZeppelin Contracts v4.4.1 (utils/Context.sol)
126
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
151 // OpenZeppelin Contracts (last updated v4.7.0) (token/ERC20/ERC20.sol)
     pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
     // File: @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router01.sol
570
     pragma solidity >=0.6.2;
732 // File: @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol
734 pragma solidity >=0.6.2;
783 // File: @uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol
819 // OpenZeppelin Contracts (last updated v4.7.0) (access/Ownable.sol)
821 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
     // File: contracts/Kawai.sol
```

#### SWC-103: Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coin base, gas limit, block number and time stamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

```
1012    tradingActive = true;
1013    swapEnabled = true;
1014    tradingBlock = block number;
1015  }
```



# **Automated Audit**

Manual test results verified with automated Hardhat test

Contract ·	Solc version: 0.8.4 Method	Min	abled: false Max	• Avg	Block limit: # calls	300000000 gas • usd (avg)
IgorRouter	addLiquidityETH	242704	3467452	1855084	22	· 12.00
IgorRouter	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	281231	281249	· 281237	3	. 1.82
IgorRouter	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	-	_	· 357405	2	· 2.31
IUSD	approve	-		· 47187	11	· 0.31
Kawaii	approve	-	_	· 47246	22	· 0.31
Kawaii	enableTrading	-	_	· 73230	11	· 0.47
Kawaii	excludeFromFees	26529	48441	41133	3	. 0.27
Kawaii	renounceOwnership	-		23507		. 0.15
Kawaii	transferOwnership	_		· 29108		. 0.19
Kawaii	updateBuyFees	_	_	45488	1	0.29
Kawaii	updateLiquidityWallet	-	_	· 30978	1	. 0.20
Kawaii	updateMarketingWallet	-	_	· 31001	1	· 0.20
Kawaii	updateSellFees	-		45510		· 0.29
Kawaii	updateSwapTokensAtAmount	-		· 32441		· 0.21
Kawaii	updateTeamWallet	-	_	· 31045		. 0.20
Deployments					% of limit	
IgorFactory		_		4186161	14 %	· 27.09
IgorRouter		5806039	5806063	5806061 - 5806061	19.4 %	· 37.57
IUSD		-		1379512	4.6 %	· 8.93
Kawaii		7511259	7511269	· 7511262	25 %	· 48.60
WIGOR		-	-	799493	2.7 %	5.17

# Remix Compiler Warnings

It throws warnings by Solidity's compiler. No issues found.





# Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. To get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us based on what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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