

# PHY 831: Statistical Mechanics

## Exam 1

October 2nd, 2020

Possibly useful results

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-ax^2+bx} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{\frac{b^2}{4a}} \text{ (for } a > 0\text{)}$$
$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1)! = \int_0^{\infty} dx x^{n-1} e^{-x}$$
$$\ln N! \approx N \ln N - N \text{ (for } N \gg 1\text{)}$$

1. (a) (2 points) Prove the relationship

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_{T,N} = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_{V,N}$$

- (b) (4 points) Using only the properties  $P = NT/V$  and  $C_V = T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial T}\right)_{N,V} = \frac{3}{2}N$  for an ideal gas, find the adiabatic sound speed squared

$$c_s^2 = -\frac{V^2}{Nm} \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_{S,N}$$

in terms of  $T$ ,  $N$ , and  $V$  using partial derivative relations. Here,  $m$  is the mass of the particles in the gas. The result of part (a) should be useful.

2. Consider a classical, non-interacting gas of  $N$  indistinguishable particles that can only move in one-dimension and obey the single-particle dispersion relation  $\epsilon = |\vec{p}|c$  (i.e. the Hamiltonian is given by  $H = \sum_{i=1}^N |\vec{p}_i|c$ ) and are confined to a length  $L$ .

- (a) (8 points) Find the canonical partition function when  $N = 1$ .  
(b) (2 points) Find the canonical partition function for arbitrary  $N$ .  
(c) (2 points) Calculate the entropy of the  $N$  particle system.

3. (8 points) Consider a systems with an equation of state given by

$$P = \frac{E}{V} \left(\frac{V}{V_0}\right)^{\lambda} \left(\frac{E}{E_0}\right)^{\lambda}$$

and a temperature given by

$$T = E \left(\frac{E}{E_0}\right)^{\lambda},$$

where  $E_0$ ,  $V_0$ , and  $\lambda$  are constants. Given the entropy at  $E_0$  and  $V_0$  is  $S(E_0, V_0) = 0$ , find the entropy at arbitrary energy  $E$  and volume  $V$ .