```
(a) AF=-SaT-pdV+ mdN
                                                                                                                                                                      = \left(\frac{\partial^{F}}{\partial T}\right)_{r,N} dT + \left(\frac{\partial^{F}}{\partial V}\right)_{T,N} dV + \left(\frac{\partial^{F}}{\partial N}\right)_{T,N} dN
                                                                                            \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial V} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial T}\right)_{V,N}\right)_{T,N} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial V}\right)_{T,N}\right)_{V,N}
                                                                                                                                       -\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_{T/N} = -\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_{V/N}
                                                                                                                                                           = \rangle \quad \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial S}\right)^{L/N} = \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial b}\right)^{N/N} \quad \Box
                 (b) dE = TdS - pdV + pdN = TdS - \frac{NT}{V}dV + pdN

=> dS = \frac{dE}{T} + \frac{N}{V}dV - \frac{M}{T}dN
                        \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial \Gamma}\right)_{V,N} = \frac{N}{V} = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_{T,N} \qquad \left(\text{because } P = \frac{NT}{V}\right) \qquad C_{S}^{2} = -\frac{NT}{NT} \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}\right)_{S,N} = +\frac{NT}{NT} \left(\frac{2^{N}E}{\partial V^{2}}\right)_{S,N}
                                 => 5 = N (a (V) + const (T) Not holpful ...
C_{V} = T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_{N_{1}N} = \frac{3}{2}N
P = \frac{NT}{V} = \sum_{N_{1}N_{2}} \frac{\partial P}{\partial N}_{T_{1}N} = -\frac{NT}{V} \quad \text{and} \quad \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_{N_{1}N_{2}} = \frac{N}{V}
Oh \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial N} \right)_{S_{1}N_{2}} = -\frac{N^{2}}{V} \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial N} \right)_{T_{1}N_{2}} - \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial N} \right)_{V_{1}N_{2}} = \frac{N}{V}
= -\frac{V^{2}}{Nn} \left[ -\frac{NT}{V^{2}} - \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_{V,N} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial S} \right)_{V,N} \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_{T,N} \right] = \frac{V^{2}}{Nn} \left[ \frac{NT}{V^{2}} + \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_{V,N} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial S} \right)_{V,N} \right]
= \frac{V^{2}}{Nn} \left[ -\frac{NT}{V^{2}} - \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_{V,N} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial S} \right)_{V,N} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial S} \right)_{V,N} \right]
                                                                               =\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)
=\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}
=\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}
                                                                                        -\frac{1}{m} + \frac{2}{3m} + \frac{1}{3m} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{3} = \frac
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Alexander Harnisch (harnisch)

troslem 1

$$N=1 \Rightarrow H= E$$
and
$$Z_{1} = \frac{1}{h^{2} \cdot 1!} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}}} dx dp$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}} dx}{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}}} dp$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}} dx}{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}}} dp$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}} dx}{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{pH(x,p)}{h^{2}}} dx}{e^{-\frac{pH$$

$$=$$
 $\geq_{N} = \left(\frac{L}{\rho ch}\right)^{N}$

Pro6(en 3

At= TUS-PAV (+ MdN) => ds= fdE+ pdV mig p= E(V) (E) $= E'(\frac{E}{E})^{\lambda} dE + \frac{1}{V}(\frac{V}{V_0})^{\lambda} dV \qquad T = E(\frac{E}{E})^{\lambda}$ $S(E_1, V_1) = \int_{E_1}^{E_1} \left(\frac{25}{2E}\right)_V dE + \int_{V_0}^{V_1} \left(\frac{25}{2V}\right)_E dV$ = E^> SE E^> dE + VO SVO V >-1 dV $= E^{\lambda} \left[-\frac{1}{\lambda} E^{-\lambda} \right]_{E_{0}}^{E_{1}} + V_{0}^{-\lambda} \left[\frac{1}{\lambda} V^{\lambda} \right]_{V_{0}}^{V_{1}}$ $=\frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{V_{1}^{2}-V_{0}^{2}}{V_{1}^{2}}-E_{0}^{2}\left(E_{1}^{-2}-E_{0}^{-2}\right)\right]$ $= \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\left(\frac{V_{\ell}}{V_{0}} \right)^{\lambda} - \right) - \left(\frac{E_{0}}{E_{\ell}} \right)^{\lambda} + 1 \right]$ $=\frac{1}{\lambda}\left[\left(\frac{V_{i}}{V_{i}}\right)^{\lambda}-\left(\frac{E_{o}}{E_{i}}\right)^{\lambda}\right]$ So $S(E,V) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left[\left(\frac{V}{V} \right)^{\lambda} - \left(\frac{E_0}{E} \right)^{\lambda} \right]$ and 5 (Eo, Vo) = 1 [1-1] =0