SOLUTION

1) There are 24 beers in a case and you're about to drink two of them. How many ways could you choose those two

Formulae:

$$P\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r! (n-r)!}$$

means combinations

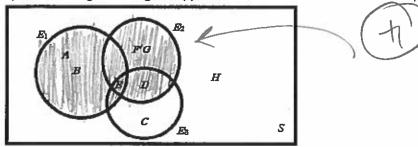








 $_{\perp}$ 52) The following Venn diagram applies to outcomes and events in the sample space S.



Perform the following set operations. Determine the outcomes associated with each operation.

 $E_1 \cap E_3$

E₂ U E₃

EINES'

E3 = { ABFGH} (T)

Explicitly show this step,
15 long as answer is

correct

ABFAN { ABFGH} = { ABF}N { ABFGH} = { ABF}N { ABFGH}

 $(E_1 \cap E_3') \cup E_2$

Additionally, shade this operation on the Venn diagram.

3) The following is a sample of ISE 2211 exam scores from last summer. Compute the sample mean, sample variance, sample standard deviation, and sample range. Include a unit with each answer.

Hint:
$$s^2 = \frac{\sum x_i^2 - \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{n}}{n-1}$$

$$X = \frac{\sum_{xi}}{y} = \frac{262}{16} = \frac{16.375}{10}$$
 Points

$$\Gamma = \chi_{\text{Max}} - \chi_{\text{min}} = 22 - 8.5$$

$$= 13.5 \text{ points} \qquad (10)$$

Draw a histogram that displays the frequency distribution of exam scores. Choose the number of bins and bin width appropriately. Label all axes.

of bins:
$$\sqrt{16} = 4$$
 (1)

bin width = $\frac{\sqrt{16}}{4} = \frac{13.5}{4} = 3.375$

bin 1: up to 8.5 + 3.375 = 11.875

bin 2: up to 11.875 + 3.375 = 15.25

bin 3:

bin 4:

