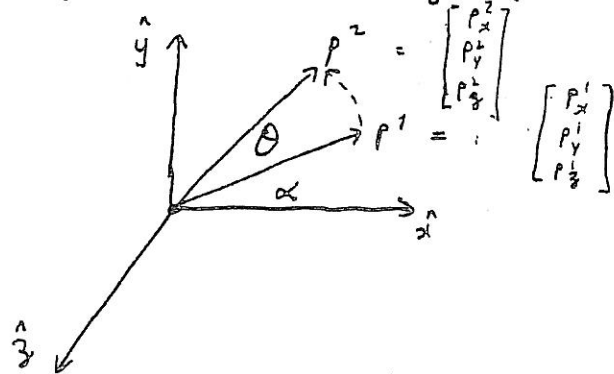


E.G.2.2 Rotation of θ about \hat{z} (i.e. in \hat{x} - \hat{y} plane)



$$\text{Let } \|P^1\| = P = \|P^2\|$$

$$P_x^1 = P \cos \alpha \quad P_y^1 = P \sin \alpha$$

$$P_x^2 = P \cos(\alpha + \theta) \quad P_y^2 = P \sin(\alpha + \theta)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= P [\cos \alpha \cos \theta - \sin \alpha \sin \theta] &= P [\sin \alpha \cos \theta + \cos \alpha \sin \theta] \\ &= P_x^1 \cos \theta - P_y^1 \sin \theta &= P_y^1 \cos \theta + P_x^1 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Now } P_z^2 = P_z^1 \quad P^2 = R \cdot P^1$$

$$\Rightarrow R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Rot}(\hat{z}, \theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

If, instead, the robot had been rotated by 90° about its base.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.866 & 0 \\ 0.866 & -0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 \\ 1.433 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\theta_1 = 90^\circ, \theta_2 = 30^\circ, \theta_4 = 0^\circ, \ell_1 = 0.5, \ell_2 = 1.0, \ell_3 = 0.5, \ell_4 = 0.25)$$

If the gripper is rotated by 90° (about the axis of deflection), and is the new ^{first} base

$$R_{\text{rot}}(\vec{g}, \vec{g}^0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & - \\ 0 & 0 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & - & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} T_{\text{bond}}^{\text{tool}} \\ T_{\text{bond}}^{\text{new}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} T_{\text{bond}}^{\text{old}} \\ T_{\text{bond}}^{\text{old}} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{Rot}(\hat{z}, 90^\circ)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.866 & 0 & 0.25 \\ 0.866 & -0.5 & 0 & 1.433 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.866 & -0.5 & 0 & 0.75 \\ -0.5 & 0.866 & 0 & 1.431 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(T_{base}^{cool} \right)_{new} = Rot(\hat{z}, 90^\circ) (T_{base}^{cool})_{old}$$

Base (old) relative to base (new)

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.86 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0.86 & 0 \\ -1.43 & 0.2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

