## [ Python List Comprehension ]

by Alex Kelin		
prompt	command	result
Concept	<pre>variable = [***result*** for element in entity if condition]</pre>	**entity could be range(), list, any iterable value
Multiply each number	<pre>lib = [4,8,2,4,0,3] double_nums = [num * 2 for num in lib]</pre>	>>> print(double_nums) [8, 16, 4, 8, 0, 6]
POW each number	lib = [4,8,2,4,0,3] pow_nums = [pow (x, 2) for x in lib]	>>> print(pow_nums) [16, 64, 4, 16, 0, 9]
Reverse a list	<pre>one = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e'] two = one[::-1] or three = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e'][::-1]</pre>	>>> print(two) ['e', 'd', 'c', 'b', 'a'] >>> print(three) ['e', 'd', 'c', 'b', 'a']
Traverse a list: every second value from indexes 1 to 6	<pre>one = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'] result = one[2:6:2] or result = [x for x in one[2:6:2]]</pre>	>>> print(result) ['c', 'e']
Operations with strings	<pre>names = ['Bob', 'Mike', 'John'] new_list = ["Hi, " + name for name in names] or new_list = [f 'Hi, {name}' for name in names]</pre>	<pre>&gt;&gt;&gt; print(new_list) ['Hi, Bob', 'Hi, Mike', 'Hi, John']</pre>
String call of the first char	<pre>names = ['Bob', 'Mike', 'John', 'Jerry'] new_list = [ x[0] for x in names]</pre>	>>> print(new_list) ['B', 'M', 'J', 'J']
Length of a string	<pre>names = ['Bob', 'Mike', 'John', 'Jerry'] lengths = [ len(x) for x in names]</pre>	>>> print(lengths) [3, 4, 4, 5]
Unique values only	<pre>values = ['h',1,'b','b',4,'l','a',4] option_1 = list({x for x in values}) or option_2 = list(set(values)) or option_3 = [x for x in set(values)] or option_4 = [] [option_4.append(x) for x in values if x not in option_4]</pre>	>>> print(option_1) [1, 'h', 4, 'a', 'b', '1'] >>> print(option_2) [1, 'h', 4, 'a', 'b', '1'] >>> print(option_3) [1, 'h', 4, 'a', 'b', '1'] >>> print(option_4) ['h', 1, 'b', 4, '1', 'a']
Common values	<pre>one = ['a', 1, 'b', 'b', 4, '1'] two = ['h', 'l', 1, 'a', 'j', 'l'] common = [x for x in one if x in two]</pre>	>>> print(common) ['a', 1, '1']
Unite two lists	<pre>a = [5,1,6] b = [3,2,4] united = [ x for y in [a, b] for x in y] or united = [x for x in a + b]</pre>	>>> print(united) [5, 1, 6, 3, 2, 4]

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one = ['Jack', 'Brit', 'Lucas', 'Ben']
                                                                                 >>> print(nl)
                       two = [10, 15, 4, 6]
                                                                                 [['Jack', 10], ['Brit',
Create nested list
                       nl = [[name, age] for name, age in zip(one, two)]
                                                                                 15], ['Lucas', 4],
                                                                                 ['Ben', 6]]
                       nl = [[one[i], two[i]] for i in range(len(one))]
                       nl = [[4, 8], [15, 2], [23, 42]]
                       sum = [x + y for x, y in nl]
                                                                                 >>> print(sum)
Nested list sum
                                                                                 [12, 31, 65]
                       or
                       sum = [x + y for (x, y) in nl]
                       nl = [[4, 8], [15, 2], [23, 42]]
                       check = [x > y for x, y in nl]
                                                                                 >>> print(check)
Nested list check
                                                                                 [False, True, False]
                       or
                       check = [x > y \text{ for } (x, y) \text{ in nl}]
                       a = [5, 1, 6]
                                                                                 >>> print(new)
Sum integers two
                       b = [3, 2, 4]
lists
                                                                                 [8, 3, 10]
                       new = [x + y \text{ for } x, y \text{ in } zip(a, b)]
Conditional
                       one = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
                                                                                 >>> print(new)
comprehension I,
                       \underline{\text{new}} = [x \text{ if } x \% 2 == 0 \text{ else } x * 2 \text{ for } x \text{ in one}]
                                                                                 [2, 2, 6, 4, 10, 6, 14]
ternery operator
                       a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
                                                                                 >>> print(b)
Conditional
comprehension II
                       b = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in } a \text{ if } x > 5 \text{ and } x \% 2 == 0]
                                                                                 [6, 8]
                       sent = 'it is I, Kai, Jack, and Brit'
                                                                                 >>> print(c)
Multiple Condition
                       c = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in sent.split() if } x[0].isupper() and
comprehension I
                                                                                 ['Brit']
                       len(x) > 1 if ',' not in x]
                       all_clients = [{'name': 'Jack', 'age': 10,
                       'balance': 100}, {'name': 'Brit', 'age': 15,
                       'balance': 200}, {'name': 'Lucas', 'age': 4,
                                                                                 >>> print(checked)
Multiple Condition
                        'balance': 300}, {'name': 'Ben', 'age': 6,
comprehension II
                                                                                 ['Lucas', 'Ben']
                        'balance': 400}]
                       checked = [x['name'] for x in all_clients if
                       x['balance'] >= 300 \text{ or } x['age'] > 20]
                       booleans = [True, False, True]
                                                                                 >>> print(result)
Opposite boolean
                       result = [not x for x in booleans]
                                                                                 [False, True, False]
                                                                                 >>> print(check)
                       names = ['Bob', 'Mike', 'John', 'Jerry']
Check for value I
                                                                                 [False, False, True,
                       check = [x == 'John' for x in names]
                                                                                 False]
                       lib = [4, 8, 2, 4]
                                                                                 >>> print(check)
Check for value II
                       check = [x > 3 for x in lib]
                                                                                 [True, True, False, True]
                       names = ['Bob', 'Mike', 'John', 'Jerry', 'John']
                                                                                 >>> print(check)
Search for value
                       check = [i for i, x in enumerate(names) if x ==
index
                                                                                 [2, 4]
                        'John']
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