KERNEL

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Using FreeRTOS on RISC-V Microcontrollers

As noted on the Upgrading to FreeRTOS V10.3.0 page, the configCLINT_BASE_ADDRESS configuration setting has been deprecated and replaced by the configMTIME_BASE_ADDRESS and configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS settings described on this page. Legacy applications that still use configCLINT_BASE_ADDRESS will generate a compiler warning, but otherwise continue to build and function as before.

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Introduction The RISC-V instruction set architecture (ISA) is easily extensible and does not specify everything about physical RISC-V

microcontroller or system on chip (SoC) implementations. Accordingly, the FreeRTOS RISC-V port is also extensible – it provides a base port that handles the registers common to all RISC-V implementations, and a set of macros that must be implemented to handle hardware implementation specific features and extensions, such as additional registers.

The main body of this page provide detailed information on building FreeRTOS for RISC-V cores, but the simplest way to get

Quick start

```
    MiFive M2GL025 Creative Board and Renode using GCC and the SoftConsole IDE

    VEGAboard PULP RISCY Demo using GCC and Eclipse

   • SiFive sifive_e QEMU emulator using Freedom Studio and GCC
The example RISC-V projects are located in the sub-directories of FreeRT0S/Demo that start "RISC-V" in the main FreeRTOS zip
file download. These projects can be used directly, or simply as a worked example and reference for the source files, configuration
options, and compiler settings detailed below.
```

In summary, to build FreeRTOS for a RISC-V core you need to: 1. Include the core FreeRTOS source files and the FreeRTOS RISC-V port layer source files in your project. 2. Ensure the assembler's include path includes the path to the header file that describes any chip specific implementation details.

3. Define either a constant in FreeRTOSConfig.h or a linker variable to specify the memory to use as the interrupt stack. 4. Define configMTIME_BASE_ADDRESS and configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS in FreeRTOSConfig.h. 5. For the assembler, #define portasmHANDLE_INTERRUPT to the name of the function provided by your chip or tools vendor 6. Install the FreeRTOS trap handler.

Other links that may be helpful include: FreeRTOS kernel quick start guide Adapting a FreeRTOS demo to different hardware Creating a new FreeRTOS project

Source files FreeRTOSConfig.h settings

On this page:

- Interrupt (system) stack setup Required compiler command line options
- Installing the FreeRTOS interrupt handler
- Features of the FreeRTOS RISC-V port
- The FreeRTOS RISC-V port:

• Implements a separate interrupt stack, and in so doing, greatly reduces RAM usage on small microcontrollers by removing

- the need for every task to have a stack large enough for both interrupt and non-interrupt stack frames. Provides a base port that can be easily extended to accommodate RISC-V implementation specific architecture extensions.
- The FreeRTOS kernel source code organization page contains information on adding the FreeRTOS kernel to your project. In addition to the information on that page, the FreeRTOS RISC-V port requires one additional header file. The additional header file
- describes chip specific details, and is required because RISC-V chips often include chip specific architecture extensions. The additional header file is called freertos_risc_v_chip_specific_extensions.h. There is one implementation of this

header file for each supported architecture extension, with all implementations located in subdirectories of the /FreeRTOS

definitions to 0.

lines to FreeRTOSConfig.h:

#define configMTIME_BASE_ADDRESS

#define configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS

#define configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS

/Source/Portable/[compiler]/RISC-V/chip_specific_extensions directory. To include the correct freertos_risc_v_chip_specific_extensions.h header file for your chip simply add the path to that header file to the assembler's include path (note this is the **assembler's** include path, not the compiler's include path). For

 If your chip uses a PULP RI5KY core as implemented on the RV32M1RM Vega board, which includes six additional registers and does not include a a Core Local Interrupter (CLINT), then add /FreeRT0S/Source/Portable /[compiler]/RISC-V/chip_specific_extensions/**Pulpino_Vega_RV32M1RM** to the assembler's include path.

Also see the compiler and assembler command line options section below for information on setting assembler command line

register extensions, then add /FreeRTOS/Source/Portable/[compiler]/RISC-V/chip specific extensions

FreeRTOSConfig.h settings configMTIME_BASE_ADDRESS and configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS must be defined in FreeRTOSConfig.h. If the target

RISC-V chip includes a machine timer (MTIME) then set configMTIME BASE ADDRESS to the MTIME base address and configMTIMECMP_BASE_ADDRESS to the address of the MTIME's compare register (MTIMECMP). Otherwise set both

For example, if the MTIME base address is 0x2000BFF8 and the MTIMECMP address is 0x20004000, then add the following

(0x2000BFF8UL)

(0x20004000UL)

(0)

If there is no MTIME clock, then add the following lines to FreeRTOSConfig.h: #define configMTIME_BASE_ADDRESS

The FreeRTOS RISC-V port switches to a dedicated interrupt (or system) stack before any C functions are called from an interrupt service routine (ISR).

To use a statically allocated array as the interrupt stack:

re-purposed as the interrupt stack.

Define configISR_STACK_SIZE_WORDS in FreeRT0SConfig.h to the size of the interrupt stack to be allocated. Note the size is defined in words, not bytes.

The memory to use as the interrupt stack can either be defined in the linker script or declared within the FreeRTOS port layer as a statically allocated array. The linker script method is preferred on memory constrained MCUs as it allows the stack that was used by main() prior to the scheduler being started (which is no longer used for that purpose after the scheduler has been started) to be

the following to FreeRTOSConfig.h: #define configISR STACK SIZE WORDS (500) • To defined the interrupt stack in the linker script – note at the time of writing this method is only supported in the GCC port:

Ensure configISR_STACK_SIZE_WORDS is **not** defined. Using this method requires editing the linker script. If you are not familiar with linker scripts then it is important to know, when

using GCC at least, that '.' is what is known as the location counter, and holds the value of the memory address at that point

in the linker script. There is no need to understand the fine details of linker scripts though, just copy the example below. The stack that was used by main() before the scheduler is started is no longer required after the scheduler is started, so ideally reuse that stack by setting __freertos_irq_stack_top to equal the value of the highest address of the stack

__stack_bottom = .; . += STACK SIZE; __stack_top = .; } > ram Then __stack_top (example name only) is a linker variable, the value of which equals the highest address of the stack

.stack : ALIGN(0x10) __stack_bottom = .; . += STACK_SIZE; __stack_top = .; __freertos_irq_stack_top= .; /* ADDED THIS LINE. */

void external_interrupt_handler(uint32_t cause); 2. Define an assembler macro (note this is an assembler macro, not a compiler macro) called portasmHANDLE_INTERRUPT to equal the name of the interrupt handler.

-DportasmHANDLE_INTERRUPT=external_interrupt_handler If using IAR this can be achieved by opening the project options dialog box and adding the following line as a defined symbol within the Assembler category, assuming the interrupt handler is called vApplicationHandleTrap.

(sample name only, use the correct name for your software):

Static Analysis

Assembler

Custom Build **Build Actions**

Linker

I-jet

Debugger

Simulator

C/C++ Compiler

Output Converter

portasmHANDLE INTERRUPT=vApplicationHandleTrap X Options for node "RTOSDemo"

Defined symbols: (one per line) RUPT=vApplicationHandleTrap Preserve comments Generate #line directives OK Cancel **Setting the IAR assembler options** It is also necessary to add the path to the correct freertos_risc_v_chip_specific_extensions.h header file for the RISC-V chip in use to the assembler's include path (note this is the assembler's include path, not the compiler's include path). The FreeRTOS trap handler is called freertos_risc_v_trap_handler() and is the central entry point for all interrupts and exceptions. The FreeRTOS trap handler calls the external interrupt handler when the source of a trap is an external interrupt. 1. If the RISC-V core in use includes a Core Local Interrupter (CLINT) then portasmHAS_SIFIVE_CLINT can be defined to 1 in 2. In all other cases it is necessary to install freertos_risc_v_trap_handler() manually. That can be done by editing the startup

Read the FreeRTOS RISC-V source files section above before reading this section. The freertos_risc_v_chip_specific_extensions.h file contains the following macros that must be defined:

If the chip has a machine timer (MTIME) then set portasmHAS_MTIME to 1, otherwise set portasmHAS_MTIME to 0.

#define portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE to the number of additional registers that exist on the target chip — which

portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS is an **assembly** macro (not a #define) that must be implemented to save any

If there are no chip specific extension registers (portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is set to zero) then

freertos_risc_v_chip_specific_extensions.h provided for use with that chip includes the following line: #define portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE 6 portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS

might be zero. For example, the RI5CY core on the Vega board includes six additional registers, so the

If there are chip specific extension registers (portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is greater than zero) then portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS must: 1. Decrement the stack pointer to create enough stack space for the additional registers, then... 2. Save the additional registers into the created stack space.

For example, if the chip has three additional registers then portasmSAVE ADDITIONAL REGISTERS must be implemented as follows (where the names of the registers will be dependent on the chip, and not as shown here): .macro portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS /* Use the portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE and portWORD_SIZE

is already defined elsewhere. */ addi sp, sp, -(portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE * portWORD_SIZE) /* Next save the additional registers, which here are assumed to be called xx0 to xx2, but will be called something different

is set correctly. Note the minus sign ('-'). portWORD_SIZE

sw xx2, 3 * portWORD_SIZE(sp) .endm portasmRESTORE ADDITIONAL REGISTERS

If there are chip specific extension registers (portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is greater than zero) then portasmRESTORE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS must: 1. Read the additional registers from the stack locations used by portasmSAVE ADDITIONAL REGISTERS, then...

/* No additional registers to restore, so this macro does nothing. */

For example, if the chip has three additional registers then portasmRESTORE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS must be implemented as follows (where the names of the registers will be dependent on the chip, not as shown here): .macro portasmRESTORE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS /* Restore the additional registers, which here are assumed to be called xx0 to xx2, but will be called something different

on your chip from the stack. Assumes portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is 3. */ lw xx0, 1 * portWORD_SIZE(sp) lw xx1, 2 * portWORD_SIZE(sp) lw xx2, 3 * portWORD_SIZE(sp)

portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is set correctly. portWORD_SIZE

/* Use the portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE and portWORD_SIZE macros to calculate how much space to remove from the stack.

is already defined elsewhere. */ addi sp, sp, (portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE * portWORD_SIZE) .endm

.macro portasmRESTORE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS

.endm

• portasmHAS_SIFIVE_CLINT If the target RISC-V chip includes a Core Local Interrupter (CLINT) then #define portasmHAS_SIFIVE_CLINT to 1 if you want the FreeRTOS RISC-V trap handler to be installed automatically.

Preamble

started is to use one of the following pre-configured example projects (list correct at the time of writing):

Detailed information

Features of the FreeRTOS RISC-V port

- Porting to new 32-bit RISC-V or 64-bit RISC-V implementations
- Is provided for both the GCC and IAR compilers.
- Supports machine mode integer execution on 32-bit and 64-bit RISC-V cores only, but is under active development, and future FreeRTOS releases will add features and functionality as required by our users.

Source files

/RV32I_CLINT_no_extensions to the assembler's include path.

• If your chip implements the base RV32I or RV64I architecture, includes a Core Local Interrupter (CLINT), but has no other

options, and the porting FreeRTOS to new RISC-V implementations section for information on creating your own freertos risc v chip specific extensions.h header files.

Interrupt (system) stack setup

For example, to use a 500 word (2000 bytes on an RV32, where each word is 4 bytes) statically allocated interrupt stack add

1. Declare a linker variable called freertos irq stack top that holds the highest address of the interrupt stack,

allocated for use by main(). For example, if your linker script contains something like the below (the actual linker scripts in use will vary): .stack : ALIGN(0x10)

used by main() (recall '.' holds the value of the memory address at any given place in the linker script). In this case, to give __freertos_irq_stack_top the same value as __stack_top, just define __freertos_irq_stack_top immediately after <u>__stack_top</u>. See the example below:

Required compiler and assembler command line options Different RISC-V implementations provide different handlers for external interrupts, so it is necessary to tell the FreeRTOS kernel which external interrupt handler to call. To set the name of the external interrupt handler: 1. Locate the name of the external interrupt handler provided by your RISC-V run-time software distribution – this is normally

the software provided by the chip vendor. The interrupt handler **must** have one parameter, which is the value of the RISC-V cause register at the time the interrupt was entered. For example, the prototype of the interrupt handler is expected to be

Note: at the time of writing, unlike with task stacks, the kernel does not check for overflows in the interrupt stack.

If using GCC this can be achieved by adding the following to the assembler's command line, assuming the interrupt handler is called external_interrupt_handler:

Category: Factory Settings General Options

Ignore standard include directories

Additional include directories: (one per line)

\$PROJ_DIR\$\..\..\Source\portable\IAR\RISC-V\chip_specific_exte

Language Output List

Preinclude file:

Preprocessor Diagnostics Extra Options

See the source files section above. **Installing the FreeRTOS trap handler** To install the trap handler: freertos risc v chip specific extensions.h, which results in the automatic installation of freertos_risc_v_trap_handler(), so no other specific actions are required. code provided by your chip provider. **Note:** If the RISC-V chip uses a vectored interrupt controller then install freertos_risc_v_trap_handler() as the handler for each vector. Porting to new 32-bit or 64-bit RISC-V implementations

portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE The RISC-V Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) is extensible, so RISC-V chips may include additional registers over and above those required by the base architecture specification.

chip specific additional registers.

• portasmHAS MTIME

portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS must be an empty assembly macro as follows: .macro portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS /* No additional registers to save, so this macro does nothing. */ .endm

macros to calculate how much additional stack space is needed, and subtract that from the stack pointer. This line can just be copied from here provided portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE

on your chip, to the stack. Assumes portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is 3. */ sw xx0, 1 * portWORD SIZE(sp) sw xx1, 2 * portWORD SIZE(sp)

portasmRESTORE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS is the reverse of portasmSAVE_ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS. If there are no chip specific extension registers (portasmADDITIONAL_CONTEXT_SIZE is set to zero) then portasmRESTORE ADDITIONAL_REGISTERS must be an empty assembly macro as follows:

2. Remove the stack space used to hold the additional registers by incrementing the stack pointer by the correct amount.

The freertos risc v chip specific extensions.h file can also optinally include:

This line can just be copied from here provided

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