

1. Students working at individual PCs in a computer laboratory send their files to be printed by a server that spools the files on its hard disk, where it is buffered before being transferred to the printer.
  - a) Describe how the four conditions for deadlock apply to the spooling system if the disk space for the print spool is limited.
  - b) Which of the four conditions would be violated if a user could remove jobs from a spooling system?
  
2.
  - a) A system has two processes and three identical resources. Each process needs a maximum of two resources. Is deadlock possible?
  - b) Hence, with  $p$  processes each needing a maximum of  $m$  resources and a total of  $r$  resources available, what condition must hold to make the system deadlock free?
  
3. Consider three threads (T1, T2, and T3) that are created from the following code.

```
semaphore s1 = 1, s2 = 1, s3 = 1;
```

<pre>void T1() {     ...     semWait(s3);     ...     semWait(s1);     ...     semSignal(s3);     ...     semSignal(s1); }</pre>	<pre>void T2() {     ...     semWait(s2);     ...     semWait(s3);     ...     semSignal(s2);     ...     semSignal(s3); }</pre>	<pre>void T3() {     ...     semWait(s1);     ...     semWait(s2);     ...     semSignal(s1);     ...     semSignal(s2); }</pre>
--	--	--

```
void main()
{
    parbegin (T1, T2, T3);
}
```

- a) Show a case in which deadlock will occur.
- b) Draw a resource allocation graph that shows the deadlock state.
- c) Will deadlock occur if the order of resource requests of T1 is changed as follows?

```
void T1()
{
    ...
    semWait(s1);
    ...
    semWait(s3);
    ...
    semSignal(s3);
    ...
    semSignal(s1);
}
```

**Self-test**

1. A set of processes is \_\_\_\_\_ when each process in the set is blocked awaiting an event that can only be triggered by another blocked process in the set.
  - A. spinlocked
  - B. stagnant
  - C. preempted
  - D. deadlocked
  
2. With \_\_\_\_\_ only one process may use a resource at a time and no process may access a resource unit that has been allocated to another process.
  - A. hold and wait
  - B. mutual exclusion
  - C. no preemption
  - D. circular wait
  
3. A closed chain of processes exists, such that each process holds at least one resource needed by the next process in the chain is the condition of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. no preemption
  - B. mutual exclusion
  - C. circular wait
  - D. hold and wait
  
4. A condition of policy that must be present for a deadlock to be possible is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. mutual exclusion
  - B. hold and wait
  - C. no preemption
  - D. All of the above
  
5. Which of the following is an example of reusable resources?
  - A. Messages
  - B. Memory
  - C. Files
  - D. Interrupts
  
6. There must be a deadlock if the resource allocation graph contains a cycle.
  - A. True
  - B. False.