

4. Conjugate Property

$$\mathcal{F}\{x(t)^*\} = X^*(-f)$$

$$X(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{j2\pi ft} dt$$

$$X(-f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)^* e^{-j2\pi ft} dt$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x(t)^*\} = X^*(-f)$$

if $x(t)$ is a real ft,

$$x(t) = x(t)^* \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} =$$

$$X(f)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x(t)^*\} = X^*(-f)$$

$$X(f) = X^*(-f)$$

5. Convolution / Multiplication

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$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \underline{x(t) * y(t)} \xrightarrow{f} X(f) Y(f) \\ x(t) y(t) \xrightarrow{f^{-1}} X(f) * Y(f) \end{array} \right)$$

(Proof) $\int (x(t) * y(t))$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\underline{x(t) * y(t)} \right) e^{-j2\pi f t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) \underline{y(t-\tau)} e^{-j2\pi f t} d\tau dt$$

$\swarrow \underline{t-\tau = l} \searrow$

Given τ , $d\tau = dt$.

$$t = (t - \tau) + \tau$$
$$= \underline{\underline{\tau}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) y(t - \tau) e^{-j2\pi f(t - \tau + \tau)} d\tau d\tau$$

1st, $\tau \rightarrow$ fixed, $t \rightarrow$ change

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(\tau) e^{-j2\pi f \tau} d\tau$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) e^{-j2\pi f \tau} d\tau$$

$$\Rightarrow X(f) \quad \checkmark(f)$$

6. Duality

$$\mathcal{F}(X(t)) = \mathcal{X}(-f)$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \underbrace{(X(t))}_{\text{yellow bar}} \longleftrightarrow \boxed{X(f)} \\ X(t) \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{X}(-f) \end{array}}$$

Proof)

$$\mathcal{X}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) e^{j2\pi f t} df$$

$$(t \rightarrow -f)$$

\mathcal{F} \rightarrow t'

$$\underline{\chi(-f)} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \boxed{\chi(t')} \boxed{e^{-j2\pi f t'}} \boxed{dt'}$$

$$e^{-j2\pi f t'}$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\chi(t)) = \chi(-f)$$

7. $\mathcal{F} / \text{Integ}$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{d^n \chi(t)}{dt^n}\right) = (j2\pi \boxed{f})^n \chi(f)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\boxed{-j2\pi t}^n \chi(t)\right) = \frac{d^n \boxed{\chi(f)}}{df^n}$$

Proof)

$$x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x(f)}_{\text{}} e^{j2\pi ft} df$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dx(t)}{dt}} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(f) \underbrace{\left(\frac{d}{dt} e^{j2\pi ft} \right)}_{\text{}} df$$

ft of t.

$$= (j2\pi f) e^{j2\pi ft}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{(j2\pi f) x(f)}_{\text{}} \underbrace{e^{j2\pi ft}}_{\text{}} df$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x(f)}_{\text{}} df$$

$$\frac{d^1 x(t)}{dt^1} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\underline{j2\pi f})^1 X(f) \underline{e^{j2\pi ft}} df$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{d^n x(t)}{dt^n}\right) = (j2\pi f)^n X(f)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau\right) = \frac{1}{2} X(0) \delta(f) + \frac{1}{j2\pi f} X(f)$$

P21, Cha 2
Prop. 3-c)

$$\int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau = x(t) * u(t)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\int_{-\infty}^+ x(\tau) d\tau\right)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(x(t) * u(t))$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(x(t)) \cdot \mathcal{F}(u(t))$$

$$= X(f) \cdot \left[\frac{1}{2} \delta(f) + \frac{1}{j2\pi f} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} X(0) \delta(f) + \frac{1}{j2\pi f} X(f)$$

if $X(0) = 0$.

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{j2\pi f} X(f)$$

8. Parseval's thm.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |X(f)|^2 df$$

Ex 4-2).

$$e^{-\alpha t} u(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha + j2\pi f}$$

$$e^{\alpha t} u(-t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha - j2\pi f}$$

$$\underline{e^{-\alpha t} u(t) - e^{\alpha t} u(-t)} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha + j2\pi f} \ominus \frac{1}{\alpha - j2\pi f}$$

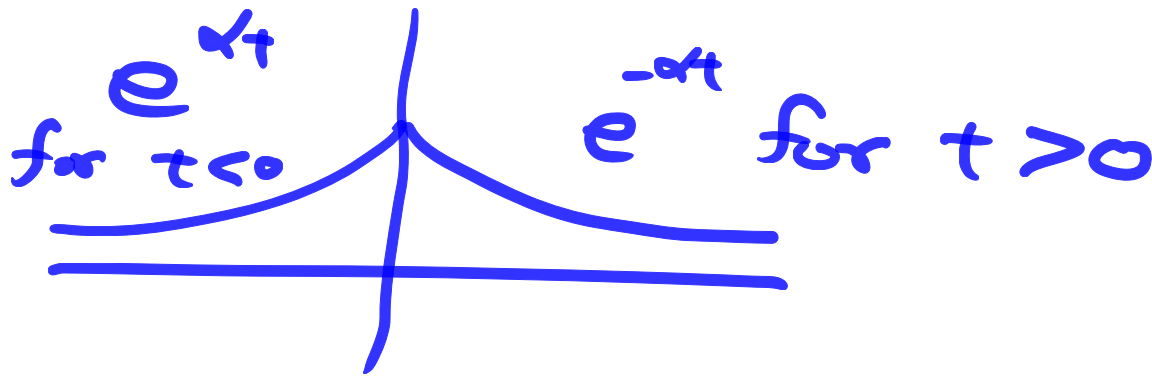
$$= \frac{-j4\pi}{\alpha^2 + 4(\pi f)^2}$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{sgn}(t) = \frac{1}{j\pi f}$$

$$U(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(t).$$

$$\mathcal{F}(e^{-\alpha t} U(t) + e^{\alpha t} U(-t)) = \frac{2\alpha}{\alpha^2 + 4(\pi f)^2}$$



$$e^{-\alpha|t|} = e^{-\alpha t} U(t) + e^{\alpha t} U(-t)$$

$$\mathcal{F}(e^{-\alpha|t|}) = \frac{2\alpha}{\alpha^2 + 4(\pi f)^2}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{2\alpha}{\alpha^2 + 4(\pi f)^2} \right\} = e^{-\alpha|f|}$$

$t \rightarrow -f$

$$\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{1}{\alpha^2 + 4(\pi t)^2}\right\} = \frac{1}{2\alpha} e^{-\alpha|f|}$$

Ex 4-3

$$\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} T \text{sinc}(fT)$$

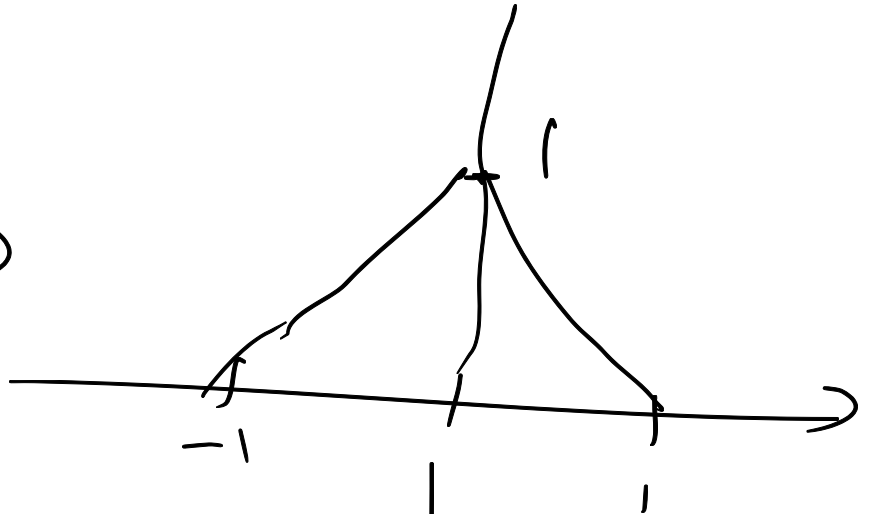
$$T \text{sinc}(tT) \longleftrightarrow \text{rect}\left(-\frac{f}{T}\right) \\ = \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{T}\right)$$

$$1) T = 2B, \quad 2) \frac{1}{2B}$$

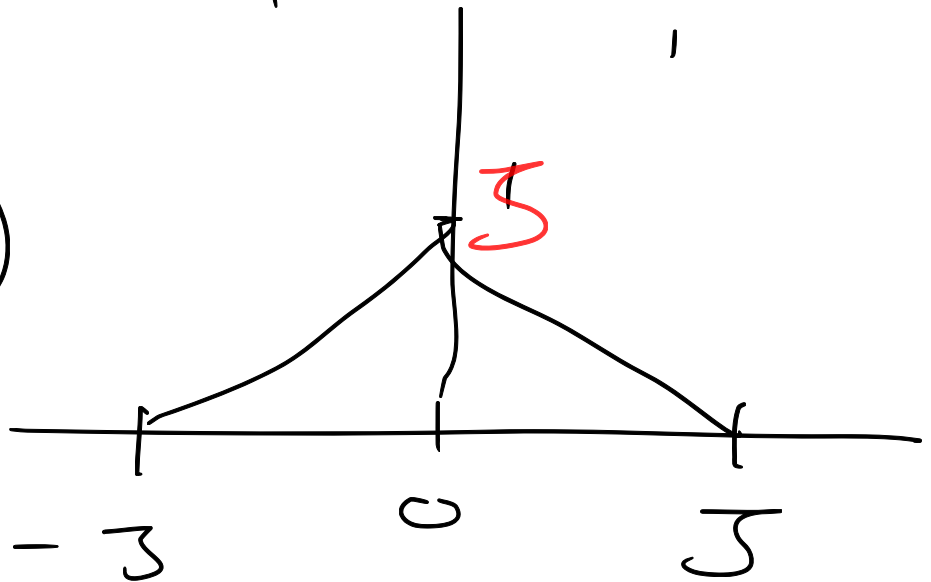
$$\text{sinc}(2Bt) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{2B} \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

$$F\left(3 \operatorname{tri}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right) \quad \begin{matrix} (E_{x2-1}) \\ p_{23} \end{matrix}$$

$$\operatorname{tri}(t) \Rightarrow$$



$$3 \operatorname{tri}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)$$



c)

$$\begin{aligned} F\left(3 \operatorname{tri}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right) &= F\left(\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) * \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right) \\ &= F\left(\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right) \cdot F\left(\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right) \\ &= 3^2 \operatorname{sinc}^2(f 3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) * \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) * \dots * \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)}_{n\text{-th order convolution}}$$

n -th order convolution

$$= \int^n \left(\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \right)$$

$$= T^n \text{sinc}^n(fT)$$

$$\underbrace{3 \text{tri}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)} \leftrightarrow \underbrace{3^2 \text{sinc}^2(fT)}$$

d) $\text{sinc}^2(tT) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{T} \text{tri}\left(\frac{f}{T}\right)$

$$\text{sinc}^2(2Bt) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2B} \text{tri}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right)$$

$$e) \quad \mathcal{F}\left(\text{rect}\left(\frac{t-t_0}{\tau}\right)\right)$$

$$= \tau \text{sinc}(f\tau)$$

$$\times e^{-j2\pi f t_0}$$

Ex 4-4) $e^{j2\pi f_0 t} \leftrightarrow \delta(f-f_0)$

a) $\mathcal{F}(\cos(2\pi f_0 t))$

$$= \mathcal{F}\left\{ \frac{1}{2} (e^{j2\pi f_0 t} + e^{-j2\pi f_0 t}) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \{ \delta(f-f_0) + \delta(f+f_0) \}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad & \mathcal{F}(\sin(2\pi f_0 t)) \\
 &= \mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{1}{2j}(e^{j2\pi f_0 t} - e^{-j2\pi f_0 t})\right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j}(\delta(f-f_0) - \delta(f+f_0))
 \end{aligned}$$

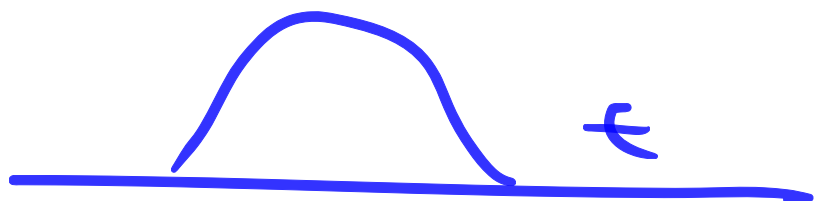
$$c) \quad \mathcal{F}(x(t)\cos(2\pi f_0 t))$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}(x(t)) * \mathcal{F}(\cos(2\pi f_0 t))$$

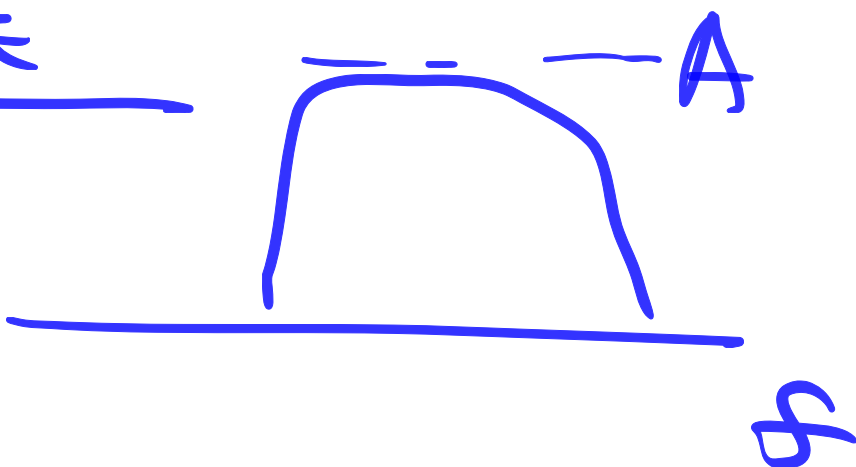
$$\underline{x(f)} * \left[\frac{1}{2}(\delta(f-f_0) + \delta(f+f_0)) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \{ x(f-f_0) + x(f+f_0) \}$$

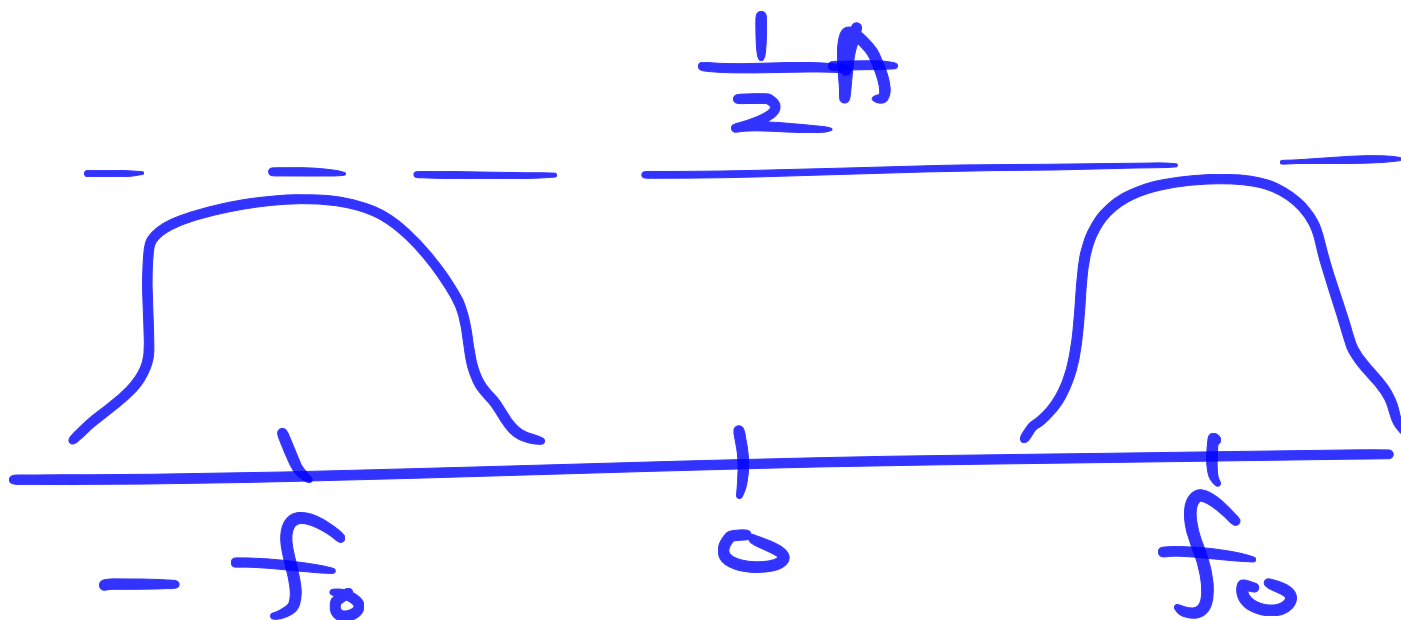
$x(t)$



$X(f)$



$\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\cos(2\pi f_0 t)\}$



$$c) \quad \mathcal{F}(\cos(2\pi f_0 t) u(t))$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(\cos(2\pi f_0 t)) * \mathcal{F}(u(t))$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{2} (\delta(f-f_0) + \delta(f+f_0)) \right\} * \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \delta(f) + \frac{1}{j2\pi f} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (\delta(f-f_0) + \delta(f+f_0)) \left(\frac{2f}{f^2 - f_0^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{j4\pi} \left\{ \frac{1}{f-f_0} + \frac{1}{f+f_0} \right\}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{4} (\delta(f-f_0) + \delta(f+f_0)) + \frac{j2\pi f}{(2\pi f_0)^2 - (2\pi f)^2} \right]$$

g)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mathcal{F}\left(\underbrace{e^{-\alpha t}}_{u(t)} \underbrace{\cos(2\pi f t)}_{\cos(2\pi f t)}\right) \\
 &= \underbrace{\mathcal{F}(e^{-\alpha t} u(t))}_{\left(\frac{1}{\alpha + j2\pi f}\right)} * \mathcal{F}(\cos(2\pi f t)) \\
 & \quad * \frac{1}{2} \left(\delta(f - f_0) + \delta(f + f_0) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\alpha + j2\pi(f - f_0)} + \frac{1}{\alpha + j2\pi(f + f_0)} \right] \\
 &= \left[\frac{\alpha + j2\pi f}{(\alpha + j2\pi f)^2 + 4(\pi f_0)^2} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$